CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



HARALSON COUNTY, GEORGIA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

INCLUDING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY

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SECTION I

FINANCIAL

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
City of Bremen Board of Education

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bremen Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 30, 2020



INTRODUCTION

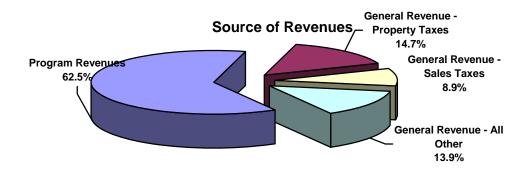
The School District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 includes a series of basic financial statements that report financial information for the School District as a whole, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide financial information about all of the School District's activities and present both a short-term and long-term view of the School District's finances on a global basis. The fund financial statements provide information about all of the School District's funds. Information about these funds, such as the School District's general fund, is important in its own right, but will also give insight into the School District's overall soundness as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

On the government-wide financial statements:

- The School District's net position at June 30, 2019 was \$4.1 million. Net position reflects the difference between all assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District (including capital assets, net of depreciation) and all liabilities, both short-term and long-term, and deferred inflows of resources. The net position at June 30, 2019 of \$4.1 million represented an increase of \$2.4 million when compared to the prior year. The increase in net position is due to the current year activity related to the GASB No. 75 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability and the GASB No. 68 Pension Liability.
- The School District had \$24.6 million in expenses relating to governmental activities; \$16.9 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. However, general revenues (primarily property and sales taxes) of \$10.1 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
- As stated above, general revenues accounted for \$10.1 million or about 37.5% of all revenues totaling almost \$27.0 million. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants, and contributions accounted for the balance of these revenues. (Percentages in table below have been rounded to one decimal place.)



On the fund financial statements:

• Among major funds, the general fund had \$24.3 million in revenues and \$23.3 million in expenditures. The general fund balance of \$3.9 million at June 30, 2019 increased by \$0.2 million from the prior year. This increase in general fund balance resulted primarily because of an increase in state revenue compared to the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements consist of three parts; management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements including notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the 'Statement of Net Position' and 'Statement of Activities'. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The 'Governmental Funds' statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The 'Fiduciary Funds' statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. In the case of the City of Bremen School District, the general fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund are all considered to be major funds. The School District has no funds reported as nonmajor funds as defined by generally accepted accounting principles.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

Since City of Bremen School District has no operations that have been classified as "business activities", the government-wide financial statements are basically a consolidation of all of the School District's operating funds into one column called governmental activities. In reviewing the government-wide financial statements, a reader might ask the question, are we in a better financial position now than last year? The 'Statement of Net Position' and the 'Statement of Activities' provides the basis for answering this question. These financial statements include all School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and uses the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and any changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the results of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs, student-teacher ratios, and other factors.

When analyzing government-wide financial statements, it is important to remember these statements are prepared using an economic resources measurement focus (accrual accounting) and involve the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets.
- Depreciate capital assets.
- Report long-term debt, including pension and OPEB obligations, as a liability.
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- Allocate net position as follows:
 - Net Investment in capital assets,
 - o Restricted net position is amounts with constraints placed on the use by external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations,
 - o Unrestricted for no specific use.

Fund Financial Statements

The School District uses many funds or sub-funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions during the fiscal year. The fund financial statements presented in this report provide detail information about the School District's significant or major funds. As discussed previously, the School District has no nonmajor funds as defined by generally accepted accounting principles.

The School District has two kinds of funds as discussed below:

Governmental Funds – Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The differences between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to clubs, organizations and others within the principals' accounts. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position, which is the difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources, and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one indicator of the financial condition of the School District. When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. The relationship between revenues and expenses can be thought of as the School District's operating results. The School District's net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position is one way to measure the School District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as measured in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the School District's goal and mission is to provide success for each child's education, not to generate profits as private corporations do. For this reason, many other nonfinancial factors should be considered in assessing the overall health of the School District.

In the case of the City of Bremen School District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4.1 million at June 30, 2019. To better understand the School District's actual financial position and ability to deliver services in future periods, it is necessary to review the various components of the net position category. For example, of the \$4.1 million of net position, \$1.6 million was restricted for debt service and ongoing capital projects. Accordingly, these funds were not available to meet the School District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

In addition, the School District had just under \$30.3 million (net of related debt) invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment). The School District uses these capital assets to provide educational services to students within geographic boundaries served by the School District. Because of the very nature and on-going use of the assets being reported in this component of net position, it must be recognized that this portion of the net position is *not* available for future spending.

Because of the restrictions on net position as discussed above and because of implementation of GASB No. 68, GASB No. 71, and GASB No. 75, the School District had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$27.9 million at June 30, 2019. However, the School District's overall net position can also be viewed in the following manner:

Pension/OPEB related net position	\$ (31,369,209.94)
Non Pension related net position	 35,463,506.09
	 _
Net Position, June 30, 2019	\$ 4,094,296.15

The above analysis reflects, despite pension obligations, the School District's net position is a positive \$4.1 million and management believes the School District's financial position is sound.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for this fiscal year as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 1
Net Position

		Governmental Activities					
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year			
	_	2019	_	2018			
Assets							
Current and Other Assets	\$	8,675,523	\$	8,280,719			
Capital Assets, Net	_	41,957,558	_	41,609,679			
Total Assets		50,633,081		49,890,398			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	5,601,408	-	4,003,695			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	56,234,489	-	53,894,093			
Liabilities							
Current and Other Liabilities		3,062,247		2,952,707			
Long-Term Liabilities	_	44,932,976	-	47,098,351			
Total Liabilities		47,995,223		50,051,058			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	4,144,970	-	2,162,196			
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	52,140,193	-	52,213,254			
Net Position							
Net Invested in Capital Assets		30,289,528		28,374,127			
Restricted		1,678,921		1,572,792			
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(27,874,153)	_	(28,266,080)			
Total Net Position	\$_	4,094,296	\$	1,680,839			

Table 2 provides a summary of the School District's change in net position for this fiscal year as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 2 Change in Net Position

		Governmental Activities			
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	
		2019		2018	
Revenues					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	2,046,440	\$	2,005,439	
Operating Grants and Contributions		14,492,256		13,865,531	
Capital Grants and Contributions		315,921		-	
Total Program Revenues	_	16,854,617	_	15,870,970	
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes		3,952,251		3,818,238	
Sales Taxes		2,410,419		2,123,524	
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs		2,202,173		2,215,678	
Investment Earnings		20,116		8,771	
Miscellaneous		1,527,323	_	1,645,205	
Total General Revenues		10,112,282	_	9,811,416	
Total Revenues	_	26,966,899	_	25,682,386	
Program Expenses:					
Instruction		16,354,848		15,436,962	
Support Services					
Pupil Services		674,241		625,493	
Improvement of Instructional Services		143,636		231,282	
Educational Media Services		346,676		364,554	
General Administration		865,415		776,994	
School Administration		1,549,145		1,550,246	
Business Administration		239,621		239,140	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,898,218		1,704,429	
Student Transportation Services		255,647		150,331	
Central Support Services		12,562		12,529	
Other Support Services		363,898		486,737	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services					
Enterprise Operations		752,102		685,411	
Food Services		832,812		925,286	
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt		264,621	_	312,177	
Total Expenses	_	24,553,442	_	23,501,571	
Increase in Net Position	\$	2,413,457	\$_	2,180,815	

Cost of Providing Services

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting these services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 3
Cost of Services

		Total Cost of Services			Net Cost	ervices		
	_	Fiscal Year 2019	_	Fiscal Year 2018	_	Fiscal Year 2019	_	Fiscal Year 2018
Instruction	\$	16,354,848	\$	15,436,962	\$	3,284,780	\$	3,014,666
Support Services:								
Pupil Services		674,241		625,493		505,356		485,504
Improvement of Instructional Services		143,636		231,282		73,007		165,074
Educational Media Services		346,676		364,554		50,315		72,983
General Administration		865,415		776,994		268,050		187,794
School Administration		1,549,145		1,550,246		807,176		885,075
Business Administration		239,621		239,140		234,431		239,140
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,898,218		1,704,429		1,110,905		1,021,812
Student Transportation Services		255,647		150,331		238,550		136,658
Central Support Services		12,562		12,529		12,226		12,529
Other Support Services		363,898		486,737		303,162		438,237
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:								
Enterprise Operations		752,102		685,411		586,834		522,426
Food Services		832,812		925,286		(40,587)		136,526
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt		264,621	-	312,177		264,620	_	312,177
Total Expenses	\$	24,553,442	\$_	23,501,571	\$_	7,698,825	\$_	7,630,601

Expenses increased by almost \$1.1 million from the prior year and net costs increased by almost \$0.07 million.

The chart below shows a functional summary of the expenses made by the School District during fiscal year 2019. The percentages are rounded to one decimal place.

Instructional 66.6% Support Services 25.8% All Others 3.1% Food Services

Governmental Activities -- Cost of Services

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Information about the School District's governmental funds is presented starting on Exhibit "C" of this report. Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds had total revenues of \$27.0 million and total expenditures of \$27.4 million in fiscal year 2019. Total governmental fund balances of almost \$5.5 million at June 30, 2019, increased \$0.3 million from the prior year. This increase in fund balance resulted primarily because of an increase in state revenue.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia Law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. During the course of fiscal year 2019, the School District amended its general fund budget as needed.

The School District budget is adopted at the aggregate level and maintained at the program, function, object, and site levels to facilitate budgetary control. The budgeting systems are designed to control the total budget, but provide flexibility to meet the ongoing programmatic needs. The budgeting systems are also designed to control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management as well.

For the general fund, the final actual revenues of \$24.3 million exceeded the final budgeted revenues by \$2.0 million. This variance was primarily due to revenues from charges for services exceeding the final budgeted amount by \$0.5 million and miscellaneous revenues exceeding final budget by \$1.5 million.

The general fund's final actual expenditures of \$23.3 million exceeded the final budget amount of \$21.5 million by roughly \$1.8 million. This variance was primarily because actual expenditures for instruction exceeded the final budgeted amount by \$0.6 million and expenditures for enterprise operations exceeded the final budget by \$0.7 million.

Additionally, the School District did not include expenditures in the final budget for school activity accounts, the family connections program, and the after-school care program, which accounted for some of the budget variances above.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the School District had \$30.3 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, all in governmental activities. These assets are made up of a broad range of items including buildings; land; land improvements; and food service, transportation and maintenance equipment. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances, net of accumulated depreciation, as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities					
	_	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year				
	_	2019		2018			
Land Construction In Progress Land Improvements Building and Improvements Equipment	\$	1,891,743 1,895,081 557,378 36,912,635 700,721	\$	1,891,743 1,145,147 594,270 37,279,535 698,984			
	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total	\$_	41,957,558	\$_	41,609,679			

Additional information about the School District's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$12.3 million in total debt outstanding which consisted of just over \$10.9 million in bond debt, \$0.7 million in unamortized bond premiums and \$0.7 million in capital lease debt. Table 5 summarizes the School District's debt as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 5
Change in Long-Term Debt

		Governmental Activities				
	_	Fiscal Year Fiscal Ye				
	_	2019 2018				
	_		_			
General Obligation Bonds	\$	10,945,000	\$	12,455,000		
Unamortized Bond Premium		657,316		763,085		
Capital Leases	_	679,632	_	127,784		
	_		_			
Total	\$_	12,281,948	\$	13,345,869		

Additional information about the School District's debt can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Currently known circumstances that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position or results of operations in future years are as follows:

- The School District is financially stable. The School District's operating millage for fiscal year 2019 was 14.95, which produced over \$266,000 per mill. The School District is growing at a rate of about 10 students per year. The School District has future plans to construct additional facilities to accommodate the growth at various schools if needed. The School District plans to fund additional capital outlays with the one percent local sales tax revenue and state capital outlay grants.
- The economy continues to improve. General fund revenues from the State of Georgia increased by 6.1% from the prior year, although federal revenues and property tax revenues showed virtually no change from the prior year. The general fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$3.2 million at June 30, 2019, which is an increase of almost \$0.5 million from the prior year. The Board anticipates significant financial challenges going forward due to expected continued higher health insurance and benefit costs for employees. In spite of these challenges, the School District will continue to be a good steward of tax dollars while providing a quality educational opportunity.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Allen Pullen, Director of Finance, 501 Pacific Avenue, Bremen, Georgia 30110. You may also email your questions to Mr. Pullen at allen.pullen@bremencs.com.



CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables, Net Taxes State Government	5,529,248.26 588,930.26 505,508.39 1,869,955.83 132,153.92 23,463.81 26,262.27
Investments Receivables, Net Taxes State Government	588,930.26 505,508.39 1,869,955.83 132,153.92 23,463.81
Receivables, Net Taxes State Government	505,508.39 1,869,955.83 132,153.92 23,463.81
Taxes State Government	1,869,955.83 132,153.92 23,463.81
State Government	1,869,955.83 132,153.92 23,463.81
	132,153.92 23,463.81
Federal Government	23,463.81
Other	
Inventories	
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	3,786,824.12
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	38,170,734.64
Total Assets	50,633,081.50
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charge on Debt Refunding	174,619.30
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	4,178,523.06
Related to OPEB Plan	1,248,266.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,601,408.36
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	189,063.10
Salaries and Benefits Payable	2,569,499.64
Interest Payable	85,850.00
Contracts Payable	199,680.52
Retainages Payable	18,153.91
Net Pension Liability	18,364,826.00
Net OPEB Liability	14,286,203.00
Long-Term Liabilities	4 704 F00 20
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year	1,781,522.39 10,500,425.15
Due in More man One real	10,500,425.15
Total Liabilities	47,995,223.71
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	1,068,125.00
Related to OPEB Plan	3,076,845.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,144,970.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	30,289,528.11
Restricted for	00.040.00
Continuation of Federal Programs Debt Service	28,940.68 1,055,850,00
Capital Projects	1,055,850.00 594,129.86
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(27,874,152.50)
Total Net Position \$	4,094,296.15

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Instruction	\$	16,354,847.82 \$	1,415,001.95
Support Services			
Pupil Services		674,240.80	-
Improvement of Instructional Services		143,636.42	-
Educational Media Services		346,675.85	-
General Administration		865,415.46	-
School Administration		1,549,145.29	-
Business Administration		239,621.14	-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,898,217.91	-
Student Transportation Services		255,646.83	-
Central Support Services		12,562.00	-
Other Support Services		363,898.37	-
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Enterprise Operations		752,102.24	165,267.32
Food Services		832,812.12	466,171.13
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	264,620.93	<u> </u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$	24,553,443.18 \$	2,046,440.40

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes

For Maintenance and Operations

Sales Taxes

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax

For Capital Projects

Other Sales Tax

Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

F	ROGRAM REVENUES	3			NET (EXPENSES)
	OPERATING		CAPITAL		REVENUES
	GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND		AND CHANGES IN
	CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS		NET POSITION
-				-	
\$	11,367,031.90	\$	288,034.37	\$	(3,284,779.60)
	168,885.25		-		(505,355.55)
	70,629.72		-		(73,006.70)
	296,361.00		-		(50,314.85)
	594,100.51		3,264.89		(268,050.06)
	735,933.81		6,035.62		(807,175.86)
	5,190.58		-		(234,430.56)
	780,342.72		6,970.34		(1,110,904.85)
	17,096.54		-		(238,550.29)
	335.50		-		(12,226.50)
	60,736.39		-		(303,161.98)
	_		_		(586,834.92)
	395,612.55		11,615.76		40,587.32
	-		-		(264,620.93)
•					
\$	14,492,256.47	\$	315,920.98	: -	(7,698,825.33)
					2.052.251.49
					3,952,251.48
					2,338,835.21
					71,583.44
					2,202,173.00
					20,116.25
				-	1,527,322.98
				_	10,112,282.36
				_	2,413,457.03
					1,680,839.12
				-	, , 3
				\$	4,094,296.15

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	 GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables, Net	\$ 4,008,242.11 \$ 588,930.26	1,520,757.46 \$ -	248.69 \$	5,529,248.26 588,930.26
Taxes State Government Federal Government	302,422.47 1,869,955.83 132,153.92	203,085.92 - -	- - -	505,508.39 1,869,955.83 132,153.92
Other Inventories	 11,726.02 26,262.27	11,737.79 		23,463.81 26,262.27
Total Assets	\$ 6,939,692.88 \$	1,735,581.17 \$	248.69 \$	8,675,522.74
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Contracts Payable Retainages Payable	\$ 166,563.10 \$ 2,569,499.64	22,500.00 \$ - 199,680.52 18,153.91	- \$ - - -	189,063.10 2,569,499.64 199,680.52 18,153.91
Total Liabilities	 2,736,062.74	240,334.43	<u> </u>	2,976,397.17
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	 215,393.07	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	215,393.07
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	 26,262.27 2,678.41 1,126,285.58 2,833,010.81	- 1,495,246.74 - -	- 248.69 - -	26,262.27 1,498,173.84 1,126,285.58 2,833,010.81
Total Fund Balances	 3,988,237.07	1,495,246.74	248.69	5,483,732.50
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 6,939,692.88 \$	1,735,581.17 \$	248.69 \$	8,675,522.74
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 6,939,692.88 \$	1,735,581.17 \$	248.69_\$	8,675,522.7

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C") 5,483,732.50 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Land \$ 1,891,743.36 Construction in progress 1,895,080.76 Land improvements 901,503.37 44,995,868.20 Buildings and improvements 1,677,655.55 Equipment Accumulated depreciation (9,404,292.48)41,957,558.76 Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability (18,364,826.00) **Net OPEB liability** (14,286,203.00) (32,651,029.00)Deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future periods and are therefore not reported in the funds and are amortized over the life of the new debt. 174,619.30 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Related to pensions \$ 3,110,398.06 Related to OPEB (1,828,579.00)1,281,819.06 Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. 215,393.07 Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (10,945,000.00)Bonds payable Accrued interest payable (85,850.00)Capital leases payable (679,632.04)Unamortized bond premiums (657,315.50)(12,367,797.54)

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")

4,094,296.15

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES				
Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 3,982,175.07 \$ 71,583.44 15,492,509.49 1,180,340.05 2,046,440.40 20,116.25 1,527,322.97	5 - \$ 454,479.96 315,920.98 - - - -	- \$ 1,884,355.25	3,982,175.07 2,410,418.65 15,808,430.47 1,180,340.05 2,046,440.40 20,116.25 1,527,322.97
Total Revenues	24,320,487.67	770,400.94	1,884,355.25	26,975,243.86
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current				
Instruction Support Services	15,374,519.74	209,997.50	-	15,584,517.24
Pupil Services Improvement of Instructional Services Educational Media Services General Administration School Administration Business Administration Maintenance and Operation of Plant Student Transportation Services Central Support Services Other Support Services Enterprise Operations Food Services Operation Capital Outlay Debt Services	703,555.65 145,837.20 360,480.03 872,707.54 1,578,830.71 194,348.04 1,917,901.07 175,722.16 12,562.00 469,293.49 755,197.30 765,612.55	- - - - 45,927.48 - - - - - 1,749,022.04	- - - - - - - - - - -	703,555.65 145,837.20 360,480.03 872,707.54 1,578,830.71 240,275.52 1,917,901.07 175,722.16 12,562.00 469,293.49 755,197.30 765,612.55 1,749,022.04
Principal Dues and Fees Interest	- - -	225,661.46 - 6,470.81	1,510,000.00 3,311.25 371,044.00	1,735,661.46 3,311.25 377,514.81
	02 202 527 42		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Expenditures	23,326,567.48	2,237,079.29	1,884,355.25	27,448,002.02
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	993,920.19	(1,466,678.35)	<u>-</u> -	(472,758.16)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capital Leases Transfers In Transfers Out	- (761,401.39)	777,509.36 761,401.39 -	- - -	777,509.36 761,401.39 (761,401.39)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(761,401.39)	1,538,910.75	<u> </u>	777,509.36
Net Change in Fund Balances	232,518.80	72,232.40	-	304,751.20
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,755,718.27	1,423,014.34	248.69	5,178,981.30
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,988,237.07	S <u>1,495,246.74</u> \$	248.69 \$	5,483,732.50

EXHIBIT "F"

304,751.20

\$

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. 1,298,424.56 Capital outlay Depreciation expense (950,544.44)347,880.12 Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current (29,923.59)financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Capital leases issued (777,509.36)(53,729.01)Amortization of deferred charge on refunding of bonds 1,510,000.00 Bond principal retirements Capital lease payments 225,661.46 105,769.13 1,010,192.22 Amortization of bond premiums District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Pension expense 814,714.08 **OPEB** expense (44,593.00)770,121.08 Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest on issuance of bonds 10,436.00 Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B") 2,413,457.03

EXHIBIT "G"

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	AGENCY FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$_	59,741.66
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Funds Held for Others	\$	59,741.66



NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Bremen Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations
 related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended
 for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in
 capital assets.
- Restricted net position consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general

long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2019, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. The adoption of this statement does not have an impact on the School District's financial statement.

In fiscal year 2019, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The School District included additional information in the Long-term Liabilities note disclosures.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

INVESTMENTS

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Due to other funds and due from other funds consist of activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Estimated	
	Policy		Useful Life	
Land		All	N/A	
Land Improvements	\$	10,000.00	10 to 60 years	
Buildings and Improvements	\$	50,000.00	10 to 60 years	
Equipment	\$	10,000.00	5 to 30 years	
Intangible Assets	\$	250,000.00	Individually determined	

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND BOND DISCOUNTS/PREMIUMS

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY TAXES

The City of Bremen adopted the property tax levy for the 2018 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 10, 2018 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2018. Taxes were due on December 1, 2018 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2018 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2019. The Bremen City Clerk bills and collects the property taxes for the School District and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$3,630,243.95.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2018 tax year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations

14.95 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$351,599.64 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The School district also receives property tax revenues from both Haralson and Carroll Counties, for motor vehicle taxes, mobile home taxes, Alternative Ad Valorem taxes, and Title Ad Valorem taxes, which are included in the property tax revenues shown above.

SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$2,338,835.21 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be reauthorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, the family connection program, and the after school program, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary

and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

The Superintendent is authorized by the Board to approve adjustments of no more than 10% of the amount budgeted for expenditures in any budget function for any fund, with the exception of personnel area. The Superintendent shall report any such adjustments to the Board. If expenditure of funds in any budget function for any fund is anticipated to be more than 10% of the budgeted amount, the Superintendent shall request Board approval for the budget amendment. In such case, the expenditure shall be reported to the Board at its regularly scheduled meeting. Under no circumstance is the Superintendent or other staff person authorized to spend funds that exceed the total budget without approval by the Board.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

The School District participates in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. The Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST) sets the collateral requirements and pledging level for each covered depository. There are four tiers of collateralization levels specifying percentages of eligible securities to secure covered Deposits: 25%, 50%, 75%, and 110%. The SDP also provides for collateral levels to be increased in amount of up to 125% if economic or financial conditions warrant. The program lists the types of eligible collateral. The OST approves authorized custodians.

In accordance with the SDP, if a covered depository defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the covered depository's collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments made against the other participating covered depositories. Therefore, for disclosure purposes, all deposits of the SDP are considered to be fully collateralized.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2019, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$6,177,920.18, and a bank balance of \$6,616,225.45. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$750,000.00 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$5,295,180.41. The bank balances included in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP) were \$571,054.04.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents		
Statement of Net Position	\$	5,529,248.26
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	_	59,741.66
Total cash and cash equivalents		5,588,989.92
Add: Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investments	-	588,930.26
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2019	\$	6,177,920.18

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	Balances July 1, 2018	Increases	Dec	reases		Balances June 30, 2019
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:						
Land \$	1,891,743.36		\$	-	\$	1,891,743.36
Construction in Progress	1,145,147.20	1,146,722.18	396	,788.62	-	1,895,080.76
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,036,890.56	1,146,722.18	396	,788.62	. <u>-</u>	3,786,824.12
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings and Improvements	44,599,079.20	396,789.00		-		44,995,868.20
Equipment	1,545,153.55	132,502.00		-		1,677,655.55
Land Improvements	882,303.37	19,200.00		-		901,503.37
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements	7,319,544.29	763,688.44		-		8,083,232.73
Equipment	846,169.75	130,765.00		-		976,934.75
Land Improvements	288,034.00	56,091.00				344,125.00
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	38,572,788.08	(402,053.44)				38,170,734.64
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net \$	41,609,678.64	\$ 744,668.74	\$ 396	,788.62	\$	41,957,558.76
Current year depreciation expense by f	unction is as fo	ollows:				
Instruction			\$	8	38	,459.44
Support Services						
General Administration	\$	8,100.00)			
School Administration		14,974.00)			
Maintenance and Operation of Pla	ant	17,293.00				
Student Transportation Services		42,900.00			83	,267.00
Food Services	_	42,300.00	_			,818.00
1 000 Services					20,	,010.00
			9	9	50	,544.44

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

		Transfers From			
	_	General			
Transfers to		Fund			
Capital Projects Fund	\$	761,401.39			

Transfers are used to move property tax revenues collected by the general fund to the capital projects fund as required match or supplemental funding source for capital construction projects.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
	_	Balance						Balance		Due Within
	_	July 1, 2018	_	Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2019		One Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	\$	12,455,000.00	\$	-	\$	1,510,000.00	\$	10,945,000.00	\$	1,480,000.00
Unamortized Bond Premiums		763,084.63		-		105,769.13		657,315.50		105,769.13
Capital Leases		127,784.14		777,509.36		225,661.46		679,632.04		195,753.26
	-		-						_	
	\$	13,345,868.77	\$	777,509.36	\$	1,841,430.59	\$	12,281,947.54	\$_	1,781,522.39

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2019. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds of the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from the general fund or from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

The School District's bonded debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding
General Government - Refunding - Series 2014	2.00 - 3.00%	10/30/2014	10/1/2022 \$	5,885,000.00	\$	4,070,000.00
General Government - Series 2015	2.00 - 4.00%	12/29/2015	4/1/2028	7,110,000.00	-	6,875,000.00
			\$	12,995,000.00	\$	10,945,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

		General Obli		Unamortized Bond	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	_	Principal	Interest	_	Premium
2020	\$	1,480,000.00	\$ 328,850.00	\$	105,769.13
2021		1,525,000.00	284,000.00		105,769.16
2022		1,565,000.00	237,725.00		105,769.16
2023		1,610,000.00	190,325.00		69,201.26
2024		900,000.00	158,000.00		57,012.00
2025 - 2029		3,865,000.00	349,900.00		213,794.79
	-			_	
Total Principal and Interest	\$	10,945,000.00	\$ 1,548,800.00	\$_	657,315.50

CAPITAL LEASES

The School District has acquired lighting equipment and computer equipment under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

During the current fiscal year, the School District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of computer equipment at a cost of \$777,509.36 with a down payment of \$209,997.50. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

Capital leases currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Amount Issued	_	Amount Outstanding
Musco - Lighting Equipment DELL - Computers	4.95% 5.40%	12/15/2014 7/1/2018	12/15/2024 7/1/2022	\$ 170,390.00 777,509.36	\$ 	112,120.19 567,511.85
				\$ 947,899.36	\$	679,632.04

The following is a schedule of total capital lease payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		 Interest
2020	\$	195,753.26	\$ 36,379.01
2021		206,286.24	25,846.03
2022		217,386.14	14,746.14
2023		19,086.00	3,048.77
2024		20,052.49	2,082.28
2025		21,067.91	 1,066.85
			 _
Total Principal and Interest	\$	679,632.04	\$ 83,169.08

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

INSURANCE

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System (the System), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the System for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the System with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the System varies by line of coverage.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its Workers' Compensation insurance coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Fund with the Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to \$2.0 million. In addition to the \$550,000.00 per occurrence retention, the Fund also retains an additional \$200,000.00 per year corridor retention.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. A premium is charged when needed by the general fund to each user program on the basis of the percentage of that fund's payroll to total payroll in order to cover estimated claims budgeted by management based on known claims and prior experience. The School District accounts for claims with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The School District has not had any unemployment compensation claims in the past two fiscal years.

SURETY BOND

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount						
Superintendent	\$ 50,000.00						

NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2019:

Nonspendable			
Inventories		\$	26,262.27
Restricted			
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 2,678.41		
Capital Projects	353,795.43		
Debt Service	1,141,700.00		1,498,173.84
Assigned		•	
After School Program	\$ 269,068.66		
School Activity Accounts	857,216.92		1,126,285.58
Unassigned		-	2,833,010.81
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019		\$	5,483,732.50

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain a committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 5% of expenditures, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year, in compliance with O.C.G.A. § 20-2-167(a)5. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

COMMITMENTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2019:

	Unearned		Payments		
	Executed		through		
Project	 Contracts (1)		June 30, 2019 (2)		
Bremen High School Cafeteria Renovation	\$ 93,422.38	\$	41,270.67		
Jones Elementary School HVAC Project	282,472.91		194,062.54		
Bremen High School HVAC Project	 151,019.19	_	21,209.08		
		•			
	\$ 526,914.48	\$	256,542.29		

- (1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.
- (2) Payments include contracts and retainages payable at year end.

OPERATING LEASES

The School District leases copiers and a modular building under the provisions of one or more long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating leases totaled \$24,239.43 for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The following future minimum lease payments were required under operating leases at June 30, 2019:

	(Governmental
Year Ending		Funds
2020	\$	35,490.84
2021		35,490.84
2022		35,490.84
2023		14,679.41
Total	\$	121,151.93

NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

NOTE 12: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$612,754.00 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$14,286,203.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.112404%, which was an increase of 0.001872% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$657,047.00. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	OPEB				
	_	Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
	_	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	324,955.00		
Changes of assumptions		-		2,420,151.00		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		19,329.00		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		616,183.00		331,739.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	612,754.00		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$_	1,248,266.00	\$	3,076,845.00		

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

OPEB				
\$	(476,059.00)			
\$	(476,059.00)			
\$	(476,059.00)			
\$	(477,213.00)			
\$	(390,340.00)			
\$	(145,603.00)			
	\$ \$ \$			

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.75%					
Salary increases	3.25% - 9.00%, including inflation					
Long-term expected rate of return	7.30%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including					
Healthcare cost trend rate	inflation					
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.50%					
Medicare Eligible	5.50%					
Ultimate trend rate						
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%					
Medicare Eligible	4.75%					
Year of Ultimate trend rate						
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2028					
Medicare Eligible	2022					

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. During fiscal year 2018, the School OPEB fund updated their investment strategy to a more long-term approach. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
30.00%	(0.50)%
37.20%	9.00%
3.40%	12.00%
1.40%	13.50%
17.80%	8.00%
5.20%	12.00%
5.00%	10.50%
100.00%	
	30.00% 37.20% 3.40% 1.40% 17.80% 5.20% 5.00%

^{*}Net of Inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 3.58% to 3.87%. In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.87% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.87% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2018. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.87% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.87%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.87%)			Current Discount Rate (3.87%)	_	1% Increase (4.87%)	
School District's proportionate	-		-		•		
share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	16,681,806.00	\$	14,286,203.00	\$	12,354,400.00	

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare					
	1% Decrease			Cost Trend Rate	į	1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of							
the Net OPEB Liability	\$	12,010,526.00	\$	14,286,203.00	\$	17,194,435.00	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

NOTE 13: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2019. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 20.90% of annual School District payroll, of which 20.79% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.11% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$2,539,246.06 and \$12,581.06 from the School District and the State, respectively.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Plan description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.00, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$12,433.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$18,364,826.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	18,364,826.00
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the School District		96,894.00
Total	\$_	18,461,720.00

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.098937%, which was an increase of 0.000886% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2019, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$81,381.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$1,724,531.00 for TRS and \$18,843.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$27,751.00 for TRS and \$18,843.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		TRS			
	_	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	_	Resources	_	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,215,777.00	\$	37,850.00	
Changes of assumptions		277,119.00		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		502,130.00	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		146,381.00		528,145.00	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	2,539,246.06	_	<u>-</u>	
Total	\$_	4,178,523.06	\$_	1,068,125.00	

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS			
	_			
2020	\$	747,150.00		
2021	\$	310,014.00		
2022	\$	(525,419.00)		
2023	\$	18,980.00		
2024	\$	20.427.00		

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25% – 9.00%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75%
Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*	
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.50)%	
Domestic large stocks	39.80%	37.20%	9.00%	
Domestic mid stocks	3.70%	3.40%	12.00%	
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.40%	13.50%	
International developed market stocks	19.40%	17.80%	8.00%	
International emerging market stocks	5.60%	5.20%	12.00%	
Alternative		5.00%	10.50%	
Total	100.00%	100.00%		

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.50%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 30,656,154.00	\$ 18,364,826.00	\$ 8,236,147.00

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.html.



CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	pro	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		ate of Georgia's rtionate share of the t pension liability ated with the School District	nate share of the nsion liability I with the School		School Distr Total covered pay		School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2019	0.098937%	\$	18,364,826.00	\$	96,894.00	\$	18,461,720.00	\$	11,846,282.90	155.03%	80.27%
2018	0.098051%	\$	18,223,080.00	\$	89,953.00	\$	18,313,033.00	\$	11,341,774.11	160.67%	79.33%
2017	0.099162%	\$	20,458,226.00	\$	-	\$	20,458,226.00	\$	10,877,097.23	188.09%	76.06%
2016	0.103781%	\$	15,799,627.00	\$	-	\$	15,799,627.00	\$	10,954,646.39	144.23%	81.44%
2015	0.105974%	\$	13,388,417.00	\$	-	\$	13,388,417.00	\$	10,834,959.28	123.57%	84.03%

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	propo	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District		Total		Total		chool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	81,381.00	\$	81,381.00	\$	209,037.69	N/A	85.26%		
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	73,517.00	\$	73,517.00	\$	198,935.97	N/A	85.69%		
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	86,510.00	\$	86,510.00	\$	197,652.46	N/A	81.00%		
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	52,014.00	\$	52,014.00	\$	180,693.14	N/A	87.00%		
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	47,925.00	\$	47,925.00	\$	191,265.69	N/A	88.29%		

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	pro	School District's portionate share of e net OPEB liability	proportion net Ol associated	of Georgia's late share of the PEB liability I with the School District	Total	School District's overed-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2019	0.112404%	\$	14,286,203.00	\$	-	\$ 14,286,203.00	\$ 12,043,007.53	118.63%	2.93%
2018	0.110532%	\$	15,529,702.00	\$	-	\$ 15,529,702.00	\$ 11,388,204.57	136.37%	1.61%

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Con	tractually required contribution	butions in relation to ontractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)			School District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2019	\$	2,539,246.06	\$ 2,539,246.06	\$	-	\$	12,211,728.12	20.79%	
2018	\$	1,980,900.98	\$ 1,980,900.98	\$	-	\$	11,846,282.90	16.72%	
2017	\$	1,611,285.99	\$ 1,611,285.99	\$	-	\$	11,341,774.11	14.21%	
2016	\$	1,552,161.00	\$ 1,552,161.00	\$	-	\$	10,877,097.23	14.27%	
2015	\$	1,440,536.00	\$ 1,440,536.00	\$	-	\$	10,954,646.39	13.15%	
2014	\$	1,330,533.00	\$ 1,330,533.00	\$	-	\$	10,834,959.28	12.28%	
2013	\$	1,197,770.00	\$ 1,197,770.00	\$	-	\$	10,497,546.01	11.41%	
2012	\$	1,070,048.00	\$ 1,070,048.00	\$	-	\$	10,409,027.24	10.28%	
2011	\$	1,042,284.00	\$ 1,042,284.00	\$	-	\$	10,138,949.42	10.28%	
2010	\$	993,162.00	\$ 993,162.00	\$	-	\$	10,196,735.11	9.74%	

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	ractually required contribution	outions in relation to ntractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)			School District's overed-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2019	\$ 612,754.00	\$ 612,754.00	\$	-	\$	11,986,336.11	5.11%	
2018	\$ 582,578.00	\$ 582,578.00	\$	-	\$	12,043,007.53	4.84%	
2017	\$ 576,324.00	\$ 576,324.00	\$	-	\$	11,388,204.57	5.06%	

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: June 30, 2017 valuation: the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was revised, for various factors, including the methodology used to determine how employees and retirees were assigned to each of the OPEB Funds and anticipated participation percentages. Current and former employees of State organizations (including technical colleges, community service boards and public health departments) are now assigned to the State OPEB fund based on their last employer payroll location: irrespective of retirement affiliation.

The discount rate was updated from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018.

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	NONAPPROPRI	ATED BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 3,721,507.00	\$ 3,816,347.00		
Sales Taxes	-	-	71,583.44	71,583.44
State Funds	15,277,854.00	15,719,372.00	15,492,509.49	(226,862.51)
Federal Funds	1,207,924.00	1,184,728.00	1,180,340.05	(4,387.95)
Charges for Services	1,566,000.00	1,566,000.00	2,046,440.40	480,440.40
Investment Earnings	120.00	10,000.00	20,116.25	10,116.25
Miscellaneous	73,500.00	73,500.00	1,527,322.97	1,453,822.97
Total Revenues	21,846,905.00	22,369,947.00	24,320,487.67	1,950,540.67
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	14,721,700.00	14,746,700.00	15,374,519.74	(627,819.74)
Support Services				
Pupil Services	690,894.00	690,894.00	703,555.65	(12,661.65)
Improvement of Instructional Services	112,548.00	126,839.00	145,837.20	(18,998.20)
Educational Media Services	332,523.00	332,523.00	360,480.03	(27,957.03)
General Administration	871,662.00	871,662.00	872,707.54	(1,045.54)
School Administration	1,521,116.00	1,528,266.00	1,578,830.71	(50,564.71)
Business Administration	207,366.00	207,366.00	194,348.04	13,017.96
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,650,980.00	1,650,980.00	1,917,901.07	(266,921.07)
Student Transportation Services	124,544.00	124,544.00	175,722.16	(51,178.16)
Central Support Services	12,562.00	12,562.00	12,562.00	(01,170.10)
Other Support Services	583,151.00	373,151.00	469,293.49	(96,142.49)
Enterprise Operations	383,131.00	373,131.00	755,197.30	(755,197.30)
Food Services Operation	817,859.00	817,859.00	765,612.55	52,246.45
Capital Outlay	388,565.00	617,659.00	705,012.55	32,240.43
Capital Outlay	366,303.00		· -	
Total Expenditures	22,035,470.00	21,483,346.00	23,326,567.48	(1,843,221.48)
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(188,565.00)	886,601.00	993,920.19	107,319.19
OTHER SOURCES (USES)				
Other Sources	-	58,139.00	-	(58,139.00)
Other Uses		(1,133,305.00)	(761,401.39)	371,903.61
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,075,166.00)	(761,401.39)	313,764.61
Net Change in Fund Balances	(188,565.00)	(188,565.00)	232,518.80	421,083.80
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,188,565.00	3,500,527.25	3,755,718.27	255,191.02
Adjustments		(21,492.12)	<u> </u>	21,492.12
Fund Balances - Ending	\$2,000,000.00	\$ 3,290,470.13	\$ 3,988,237.07	\$ 697,766.94

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the funds below. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various funds omitted from the budget are as follows:

		Revenues	_	Expenditures
School Principal Accounts	\$	1,626,106.26	\$	1,572,410.39
Family Connection Program	·	50,000.00	•	50,000.00
After School Program		165,267.32	_	151,389.68
	\$	1,841,373.58	\$	1,773,800.07

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FUNDING AGENOV	OFD.	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY	EVENDITUES
FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	195GA324N1099	\$ 56,904.39
National School Lunch Program	10.555	195GA324N1099	664,486.04
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			721,390.43
Education, U. S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A180073	415,400.00
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A180081	27,739.00
Total Special Education Cluster			443,139.00
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A180010	10,098.00
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A180011	23,547.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A170001	247.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A180001	34,345.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A180010	378,994.00
Total Other Programs			447,231.00
Total U. S. Department of Education			890,370.00
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,611,760.43

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Bremen Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GOVERNMEN'	TAL FUI	ND TYPES		
ENCY/FUNDING	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		TOTAL
GRANTS					
Bright From the Start:					
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning					
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 306,163.00	\$	-	\$	306,163.0
Education, Georgia Department of					
Quality Basic Education					
Direct Instructional Cost					
Kindergarten Program	634,857.00		-		634,857.0
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	248,315.00		-		248,315.0
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	1,165,151.00		-		1,165,151.0
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	766,961.00		-		766,961.0
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	663,661.00		_		663,661.0
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	232,467.00		_		232,467.0
Middle School (6-8) Program	1,506,860.00		_		1,506,860.0
High School General Education (9-12) Program	1,554,245.00		_		1,554,245.0
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	352,356.00		_		352,356.0
• • • • •			-		
Students with Disabilities	1,561,941.00		-		1,561,941.0
Gifted Student - Category VI	1,508,009.00		-		1,508,009.0
Remedial Education Program	182,784.00		-		182,784.0
Alternative Education Program	116,564.00		-		116,564.0
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	9,545.00		-		9,545.0
Media Center Program	271,983.00		-		271,983.0
20 Days Additional Instruction	79,430.00		-		79,430.0
Staff and Professional Development	47,154.00		-		47,154.0
Principal Staff and Professional Development	1,127.00		-		1,127.0
Indirect Cost					
Central Administration	520,680.00		_		520,680.0
School Administration	632,265.00		_		632,265.0
Facility Maintenance and Operations	615,432.00		_		615,432.0
SHBP Contribution Holiday	(115,290.00)		_		(115,290.0
Categorical Grants	(113,230.00)				(110,200.0
Pupil Transportation					
·	13,312.00				12 210 (
Regular			-		13,312.0
Nursing Services	45,772.00		-		45,772.0
Education Equalization Funding Grant	2,202,173.00		-		2,202,173.0
Other State Programs					
Food Services	22,730.00		-		22,730.
Math and Science Supplements	11,807.43		-		11,807.
Preschool Disability Services	45,923.00		-		45,923.0
School Safety Grant	39,973.00		-		39,973.
Teachers Retirement	12,581.06		-		12,581.0
Vocational Education	23,145.00		-		23,145.0
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission					
Reimbursement on Construction Projects	-		315,920.98		315,920.9
Office of the State Treasurer					
Public School Employees Retirement	12,433.00		-		12,433.0
CONTRACT					
Human Resources, Georgia Department of Family Connection	50,000.00		-		50,000.0
OTHER	150,000.00		_		150,000.0
O THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRA	 100,000.00			_	100,000.0
	\$ 15,492,509.49	\$	315,920.98	\$	15,808,430.4



CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION - HARALSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PROJECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
HARALSON COUNTY V ALL PROJECTS	\$ 8,022,000.00 \$	12,000,000.00 \$	- \$	- \$	- :	\$ -	
i) the payment of previously incurred general obligation debt of the City of Bremen incurred for the Bremen School District in the maximum amount of \$2,570,000.00;	-	-	407,000.00	875,000.00	-	-	6/30/2022
ii) the cost of acquiring, constructing, and equipping a new gymnasium;	-	-	-	7,337,401.32	-	-	6/30/2022
iii) renovations and improvements to the stadium at Bremen High School;	-	-	22,134.77	992,719.26	-	-	6/30/2022
iv) construction and renovations of athletic facilities; acquisition and construction of maintenance and transportation equipment and facilities;	-	-	636,143.05	355,934.60	-	-	6/30/2022
v) acquisition of real and personal property, including technology;	-	-	45,927.48	335,167.12	-	-	6/30/2022
Interest on Bonds, Bond Issuance Fees and Bond Administrative Fees;		<u> </u>	364,812.50	445,418.05			6/30/2022
Total Haralson County SPLOST V Projects	8,022,000.00	12,000,000.00	1,476,017.80	10,341,640.35		<u>-</u>	
CARROLL COUNTY V ALL PROJECTS							
Payment of certain outstanding debt of the Bremen School District, including, but not limited to, payment of a portion of the debt service relating to the City of Bremen School District General Obligation Bond, Series 2011 and the City of Bremen School District General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (together, the "Bremen Previously Incurred Debt"), the maximum cost of such Bremen Previously Incurred Debt to be funded from the one percent sales and use tax in an amount not to exceed \$3,871,000.00.	3,871,000.00	3,871,000.00	877,542.75				12/31/2022
Total Carroll County SPLOST V Projects	3,871,000.00	3,871,000.00	877,542.75	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
	\$ <u>11,893,000.00</u> \$	15,871,000.00 \$	2,353,560.55 \$	10,341,640.35	:	\$	

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

⁽²⁾ The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

⁽³⁾ The voters of Haralson County, Carroll County, and the City of Bremen approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above project(s) and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

SECTION II COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
City of Bremen Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Bremen Board of Education (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Duff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
City of Bremen Board of Education

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bremen Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Duff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 30, 2020

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION – HARALSON COUNTY AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

CITY OF BREMEN BOARD OF EDUCATION – HARALSON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Debt Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?Significant deficiency identified?

No None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

Material weakness identified?

No

Significant deficiency identified?
None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553, 10.555

Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.