

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT · FISCAL YEAR 2021

Mitchell County Board of Education Camilla, Georgia

Including Independent Auditor's Report

Greg S. Griffin | State Auditor Kristina A. Turner | Deputy State Auditor



Mitchell County Board of Education	Mitchell	County	Board	ot	Edu	catior
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Tab]	le of	Contents
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H	n	a	n	a

Independent Auditor's Report

Required Supplementary Information

Requi	red Supplementary Information	
M	anagement's Discussion and Analysis	i
Exhib	its	
Ba	sic Financial Statements	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements	
A	Statement of Net Position	1
В	Statement of Activities	2
	Fund Financial Statements	
C	Balance Sheet	
	Governmental Funds	3
D	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	4
E	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	4
	Balances	
	Governmental Funds	5
F	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of	
	Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
	to the Statement of Activities	6
G	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
	Fiduciary Funds	7
Н	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds	8
	Fiduciary Funds	0
I	Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	10
Sched	lules	
Requi	red Supplementary Information	
1	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
	Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	39
2	Schedule of Contributions – Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	40
3	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public	
	School Employees Retirement System of Georgia	41

Mitchell County Board of Education

Table of Contents

Section I

Schedules

Required Supplementary Information

4	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
	School OPEB Fund	42
5	Schedule of Contributions – School OPEB Fund	43
6	Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	44
7	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund	45
Suppl	ementary Information	
8	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	46
9	Schedule of State Revenue	48

50

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports

10 Schedule of Approved Local Option Sales Tax Projects

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section I

Financial



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Rowland Cummings, Superintendent and Members of the
Mitchell County Board of Education

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Mitchell County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the School District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 14, 2022 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

they S. Lligg

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

July 14, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the Mitchell County Board of Education's (School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$7.7 million from fiscal year 2020. This total increase is due to expenditure savings, increased revenues, building improvements, and reduction in debt.
- General revenues accounted for \$14.4 million in revenue or 45% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$17.6 million or 55% of total revenues of \$32.0 million.
- The School District had \$24.3 million in expenses related to governmental activities; however, \$17.6 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$14.4 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the general fund had \$29.9 million in revenues and \$22.3 million in expenditures. Additionally, \$4.1 million was transferred to capital projects. The general fund's fund balance increased from \$2.1 million to \$5.7 million which is 19% of fiscal year revenues.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Mitchell County Board of Education as a financial whole, or as an entire operating entity.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds. The general fund, capital projects fund and debt service fund are the School District's significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While these documents contain the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School System as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2021?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District has one distinct type of activity:

Governmental Activities - All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service, school activity accounts and various others.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Although the School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of transactions, the fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds - The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The School District as a Whole

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2021, compared to fiscal year 2020.

Table 1
Net Position

	_	Governmental Activities		
	_	Fiscal Year 2021		Fiscal Year 2020
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$	12,384,253	\$	6,168,220
Capital Assets, Net	_	34,256,224		33,316,824
Total Assets	_	46,640,477		39,485,044
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	9,128,018		5,915,653
Liabilities				
Current and Other Liabilities		1,418,271		2,359,462
Long-Term Liabilities		11,452,392		11,705,229
Net Pension Liability		19,911,331		17,750,267
OPEB Liability	_	18,153,080		14,802,294
Total Liabilities	_	50,935,074	•	46,617,252
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	6,124,958	•	7,765,386
Net Position				
Net Investments in Capital Assets		29,204,914		26,946,233
Restricted		2,645,656		2,538,032
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(33,142,107)		(38,466,206)
Total Net Position	\$_	(1,291,537)	\$	(8,981,941)

The deficit in unrestricted net position for fiscal year 2021 is due primarily to net pension and net OPEB liabilities amounting to \$19,911,331 and \$18,153,080, respectively.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2021, compared to fiscal year 2020. The increase in net position was \$7.7 million compared to a \$2.3 million increase for fiscal year 2020.

Table 2 provides a summary of the School District's Activities for fiscal year 2021.

Table 2 Change in Net Position

Operating Grants and Contributions 16,442,241 12,139,057			Governmental Activities		
Program Revenues: Charges for Services \$ 65,471 \$ 184,978 Operating Grants and Contributions 16,442,241 12,139,057		_			
Charges for Services \$ 65,471 \$ 184,978 Operating Grants and Contributions 16,442,241 12,139,057	Revenues				
Operating Grants and Contributions 16,442,241 12,139,057	Program Revenues:				
	Charges for Services	\$	65,471	\$	184,978
·			16,442,241		12,139,057
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,066,860		77,220
Total Program Revenues	Total Program Revenues	_	17,574,572	_	12,401,255
General Revenues:	General Revenues:				
Taxes	Taxes				
Property Taxes	Property Taxes				
For Maintenance and Operations 9,683,853 9,405,887	For Maintenance and Operations		9,683,853		9,405,887
			23,877		23,735
Sales Taxes					
					899,845
					633,922
					2,064,936
					89,770
					48,852
Miscellaneous 782,638 503,441	Miscellaneous	_	782,638		503,441
Total General Revenues <u>14,400,744</u> <u>13,670,388</u>	Total General Revenues	_	14,400,744	_	13,670,388
Total Revenues <u>31,975,316</u> <u>26,071,643</u>	Total Revenues	_	31,975,316	_	26,071,643
Expenses	Expenses				
·	•		12,998,626		12,534,579
Support Services	Support Services		, ,		, ,
			986,877		1,081,552
Improvement of Instruction 1,539,096 1,819,924	Improvement of Instruction		1,539,096		1,819,924
Educational Media Services 229,934 360,143	Educational Media Services		229,934		360,143
	General Administration				402,556
					1,637,217
					328,447
					1,870,342
					1,470,068
					317,682
			163,701		164,756
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	•				466
			1 623 57/		466 1,517,484
					257,356
	_	_		_	23,762,572
		\$ <u>-</u>	7,690,404	\$	2,309,071

Governmental Activities

Instruction comprises 54% of governmental program expenses. Interest expense comprises only 2% of governmental program expenses. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bonds for capital projects.

Although program revenues make up a majority of the revenues, the School District is still dependent upon tax revenues for governmental activities. 32% of instructional activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues; for all governmental activities general revenue support is 28% percent.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, total cost of services and the net cost of services.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	_	Total Cost of Services				Net Cost of Services		
	Fiscal Year			Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
	_	2021	_	2020		2021	2020	
Program Expenses								
Instruction	\$	12,998,626	\$	12,534,579	\$	4,101,878 \$	5,098,279	
Support Services	Ψ	12,000,020	Ψ	12,004,010	Ψ	4,101,070 φ	3,030,213	
Pupil Services		986,877		1,081,552		513,826	729,429	
Improvement of Instructional Services		1.539.096		1,819,924		560,163	1,547,336	
Educational Media Services		229,934						
				360,143		(4,916)	114,463	
General Administration		708,506		402,556		(31,629)	(213,133)	
School Administration		1,723,616		1,637,217		576,113	726,571	
Business Administration		359,522		328,447		258,241	324,198	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,843,096		1,870,342		(186,223)	1,293,379	
Student Transportation Services		1,361,298		1,470,068		139,741	808,441	
Central Support Services		354,423		317,682		307,636	311,485	
Other Support Services		163,701		164,756		158,172	148,830	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services								
Community Services		-		466		-	466	
Food Services		1,623,574		1,517,484		(75,305)	214,217	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	_	392,643	_	257,356		392,643	257,356	
Total Expenses	\$	24,284,912	\$	23,762,572	\$	6,710,340 \$	11,361,317	

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues of \$32.1 million, \$7.1 million in other financing sources, and expenditures of \$31.8 million. The general fund had an overall increase of \$3.6 million due to the School District's modest budgeting during preparation and response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The capital projects fund had an overall increase of \$3.5 million due to the School District's preparation for upcoming capital projects. The debt service fund had an increase of \$233 thousand due to SPLOST funds recorded in debt service for future debt payments.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2021, the School District amended its general fund budget as needed. The School District uses site-based budgeting. The budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, the final budgeted revenues of \$27.6 million exceeded the original budgeted amount of \$22.4 million by \$5.2 million. The actual revenues and other sources reported of \$30.0 million were more than the final budgeted amount by \$2.4 million due to tax collections exceeding conservative budgeting.

The final budgeted expenditures and other uses of \$28.2 million exceeded the original budgeted amount of \$22.0 million by \$6.2 million due to budgeting of additional revenues. The actual expenditures and other uses of \$26.4 million were under the final budgeted amount by \$1.8 million due to conservative budgeting.

General fund revenues and other sources were \$3.6 million more than expenditures and other uses mostly due to conservative budgeting in response and preparation for the COVID-19 pandemic. The general fund balance at June 30 was \$5.7 million. The School District had made a concerted effort to raise fund balance to a responsible amount and this result is evidence of their work.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the School District had \$34.3 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, all in governmental activities. Table 4 indicates balances at June 30, 2021.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities				
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		
	_	2021		2020		
Land	\$	4,974,959	\$	4,974,959		
Land Improvements		431,862		519,094		
Construction In Progress		-		3,016,355		
Building and Improvements		27,501,081		23,925,748		
Equipment	_	1,348,322		880,668		
	_		,			
Total	\$_	34,256,224	\$	33,316,824		

Long-Term Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Board had \$11.5 million in long-term liabilities with \$101.2 thousand due within one year. This reduction is due to payments made as set in the bond debt service schedule.

Table 5
Debt at June 30

		Governmental Activities					
	•	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year			
		2021		2020			
Revenue Bonds	\$	5,940,000	\$	-			
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds		4,500,000		4,500,000			
Unamortized Bond Premiums		1,012,392		-			
Energy Efficiency Leases		-		7,205,229			
Total	\$	11,452,392	\$	11,705,229			

Current Issues

The Mitchell County School District has faced severe financial challenges in past years but has remained relatively stable and financially sound. The financial challenges have included rising costs in employee benefits, state formula allotment reductions, and a slow decline in student enrollment (FTE). In 2021, the School District continued to see a decline in enrollment.

The School District's current millage rate is 16.086 which was .08 mills more than the prior year due to the required roll-back in the previous year.

Student enrollment is a factor in the State's education funding formula. In 2020, the Baconton Community Charter School was no longer a part of the school system thus reducing the enrollment numbers further. According to the State's funding formula, student enrollment is converted to a "Full Time Equivalent (FTE)" count. As student enrollment and FTE decrease so does State funding. The School District has reduced the number of faculty and staff through normal attrition and non-tenured positions to help with the budget shortfall. The student enrollment for fiscal year 2021 and the three years prior is as follows:

FY 2018	2174
FY 2019	2128
FY 2020	1273
FY 2021	1243

The Mitchell County School District recognizes its responsibility to the taxpayers in overseeing the spending of federal, state and local funds. The School District is striving to maintain sound fiscal management while emphasizing student achievement.

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mrs. Luci Conine, Director of Business/Finance at the Mitchell County Board of Education, 108 S Harney Street, Camilla, GA 31730.



MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	_	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,179,159.55
Accounts Receivable, Net		
Taxes		607,988.59
State Government		983,281.83
Federal Government		988,117.99
Local		42,496.84
Inventories		60,818.72
Restricted Assets		
Cash with Fiscal Agent or Trustee		9,166.11
Investments with Fiscal Agent or Trustee		513,223.24
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		4,974,958.89
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		29,281,265.57
Total Assets	_	46,640,477.33
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		5,293,015.71
Related to OPEB Plan		3,835,002.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>	9,128,017.71
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		370,375.34
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,046,371.36
•		1,524.30
Contracts Payable		· ·
Net Pension Liability		19,911,331.00
Net OPEB Liability		18,153,080.00
Long-Term Liabilities		101 220 20
Due Within One Year		101,239.20
Due in More Than One Year		11,351,153.10
Total Liabilities	_	50,935,074.30
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		924,361.00
Related to OPEB Plan		5,200,597.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	6,124,958.00
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		29,204,914.39
Restricted for		
Bus Replacement		155,041.00
Continuation of Federal Programs		290,434.84
Debt Service		585,873.52
Capital Projects		1,614,306.79
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(33,142,107.80)
Total Net Position	\$	(1,291,537.26)

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			PROGRAM REVENUES							NET (EXPENSES)
	=	EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	12,998,625.98	\$	-	\$	8,896,748.04	\$	-	\$	(4,101,877.94)
Support Services										
Pupil Services		986,876.64		54,952.23		418,098.54		-		(513,825.87)
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,539,095.70		-		978,932.89		-		(560,162.81)
Educational Media Services		229,934.22		-		234,849.91		-		4,915.69
General Administration		708,506.06		-		740,134.73		-		31,628.67
School Administration		1,723,615.55		-		1,147,502.45		-		(576,113.10)
Business Administration		359,522.25		-		101,281.15		-		(258,241.10)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,843,096.43		7,751.00		1,186,368.61		835,200.00		186,223.18
Student Transportation Services		1,361,298.32		-		989,897.12		231,660.00		(139,741.20)
Central Support Services		354,423.54		-		46,787.75		-		(307,635.79)
Other Support Services		163,700.65		-		5,529.00		-		(158,171.65)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services										
Food Services		1,623,574.20		2,768.10		1,696,110.78		-		75,304.68
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	392,643.32		-	-	-	-			(392,643.32)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	24,284,912.86	\$	65,471.33	\$	16,442,240.97	\$	1,066,860.00	: -	(6,710,340.56)
		General Revenue	s							
		Taxes								
		Property ¹	Tax	ces						
		For Mai	nte	enance and Opera	atio	ns				9,683,853.05
		Railroad	d C	Cars						23,876.98
		Sales Tax	es							
		Special	Pu	rpose Local Option	on S	Sales Tax				
		Fo	r D	ebt Services						878,568.06
		Fo	r C	Capital Projects						733,124.36
		Local C	pti	ion Sales Tax						2,146,678.73
		Other S	ale	es Tax						117,897.23
		Investment I	ar	nings						34,108.40
		Miscellaneou	IS							782,638.04
		Total	G	eneral Revenues					-	14,400,744.85
		Chan	ge	in Net Position						7,690,404.29
		Net Position	- E	Beginning of Year					_	(8,981,941.55)
		Net Position	- E	End of Year					\$_	(1,291,537.26)

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

		GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	
	_	FUND	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS		5 007 533 50 ¢	4.0.40.27440	42.254.02	0.470.450.55
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	5,087,533.50 \$	4,048,371.12 \$	43,254.93 \$	9,179,159.55
Taxes		467,507.04	140,481.55		607,988.59
State Government		983,281.83	140,461.55	-	983,281.83
Federal Government		488,117.99	500,000.00	_	988,117.99
Local		42,496.84	-	_	42,496.84
Inventories		60,818.72	_	_	60,818.72
Restricted					,
Cash with a Fiscal Agent or Trustee		-	-	9,166.11	9,166.11
Investments with a Fiscal Agent or Trustee		-	-	513,223.24	513,223.24
Total Assets	\$ _	7,129,755.92 \$	4,688,852.67 \$	565,644.28 \$	12,384,252.87
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts Payable	\$	338,113.93 \$	32,261.41 \$	- \$	370,375.34
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,046,371.36	-	-	1,046,371.36
Contracts Payable			1,524.30		1,524.30
Total Liabilities	_	1,384,485.29	33,785.71		1,418,271.00
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		53,433.82	-	-	53,433.82
	_				
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		60,818.72	-	-	60,818.72
Restricted		384,657.12	1,634,536.03	565,644.28	2,584,837.43
Assigned		109,934.25	3,020,530.93	-	3,130,465.18
Unassigned	_	5,136,426.72	<u> </u>	-	5,136,426.72
Total Fund Balances	_	5,691,836.81	4,655,066.96	565,644.28	10,912,548.05
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	7,129,755.92 \$	4,688,852.67 \$	565,644.28 \$	12,384,252.87

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")	\$	10,912,548.05
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
·	74,958.89	
· ·	635,181.24	
• •	46,223.42	
,	93,295.34	
Accumulated depreciation (26,09)	93,434.43)	34,256,224.46
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability \$ (19,5	911,331.00)	
Net OPEB liability (18,15	53,080.00)	(38,064,411.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions \$ 4,3	368,654.71	
Related to OPEB (1,36	65,595.00)	3,003,059.71
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		53,433.82
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore are not reported in the funds.		
·	.0,000.00)	
	12,392.30)	(11,452,392.30)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	\$	(1,291,537.26)

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Property Taxes	\$	9,671,927.11 \$	- \$	- \$	9,671,927.11
Sales Taxes		2,417,221.30	847,707.35	878,568.06	4,143,496.71
State Funds		8,482,566.03	-	-	8,482,566.03
Federal Funds		8,543,336.90	500,000.00	-	9,043,336.90
Charges for Services		65,471.33	-	-	65,471.33
Investment Earnings		33,148.40	902.82	57.18	34,108.40
Miscellaneous	_	652,638.04	- -	-	652,638.04
Total Revenues	_	29,866,309.11	1,348,610.17	878,625.24	32,093,544.52
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		11,058,449.33	-	-	11,058,449.33
Support Services					
Pupil Services		954,111.13	-	-	954,111.13
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,518,844.51	-	-	1,518,844.51
Educational Media Services		218,486.85	-	-	218,486.85
General Administration		611,211.04	-	-	611,211.04
School Administration		1,656,765.13	-	-	1,656,765.13
Business Administration		346,274.83	-	-	346,274.83
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,941,567.47	-	-	1,941,567.47
Student Transportation Services		1,806,875.86	-	-	1,806,875.86
Central Support Services		349,440.54	-	-	349,440.54
Other Support Services		157,863.84	-	-	157,863.84
Food Services Operation		1,646,421.14	-	-	1,646,421.14
Capital Outlay		-	1,923,103.62	-	1,923,103.62
Debt Services					
Principal		-	-	7,203,650.54	7,203,650.54
Bond Issuance Costs		-	-	195,287.83	195,287.83
Dues and Fees		-	-	1,120.00	1,120.00
Interest	_		- -	214,687.15	214,687.15
Total Expenditures	_	22,266,311.67	1,923,103.62	7,614,745.52	31,804,160.81
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	7,599,997.44	(574,493.45)	(6,736,120.28)	289,383.71
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds		-	-	5,940,000.00	5,940,000.00
Premiums on Bonds Sold		-	-	1,029,265.50	1,029,265.50
Sale of Capital Assets		130,000.00	-	-	130,000.00
Transfers In		-	4,094,646.91	-	4,094,646.91
Transfers Out	_	(4,094,646.91)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(4,094,646.91)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(3,964,646.91)	4,094,646.91	6,969,265.50	7,099,265.50
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,635,350.53	3,520,153.46	233,145.22	7,388,649.21
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	2,056,486.28	1,134,913.50	332,499.06	3,523,898.84
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	5,691,836.81 \$	4,655,066.96 \$	565,644.28 \$	10,912,548.05

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")

\$ 7,388,649.21

252,836.70

(659,056.79)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

 Capital outlay
 \$ 2,392,747.69

 Depreciation expense
 (1,367,687.91)
 1,025,059.78

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets

(i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to increase/decrease net position.

(85,659.20)

Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (231,425.41)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Refunding bonds issued, including a premium of \$1,029,265.50 \$ (6,969,265.50)

Amortization of deferred charge on refunding of bonds 16,873.20

Amortization of deferred gain on refunding of bonds 1,578.46

Lease liability payments 7,203,650.54

District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.

 Pension expense
 \$ (755,539.79)

 OPEB expense
 96,483.00

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B") \$ 7,690,404.29

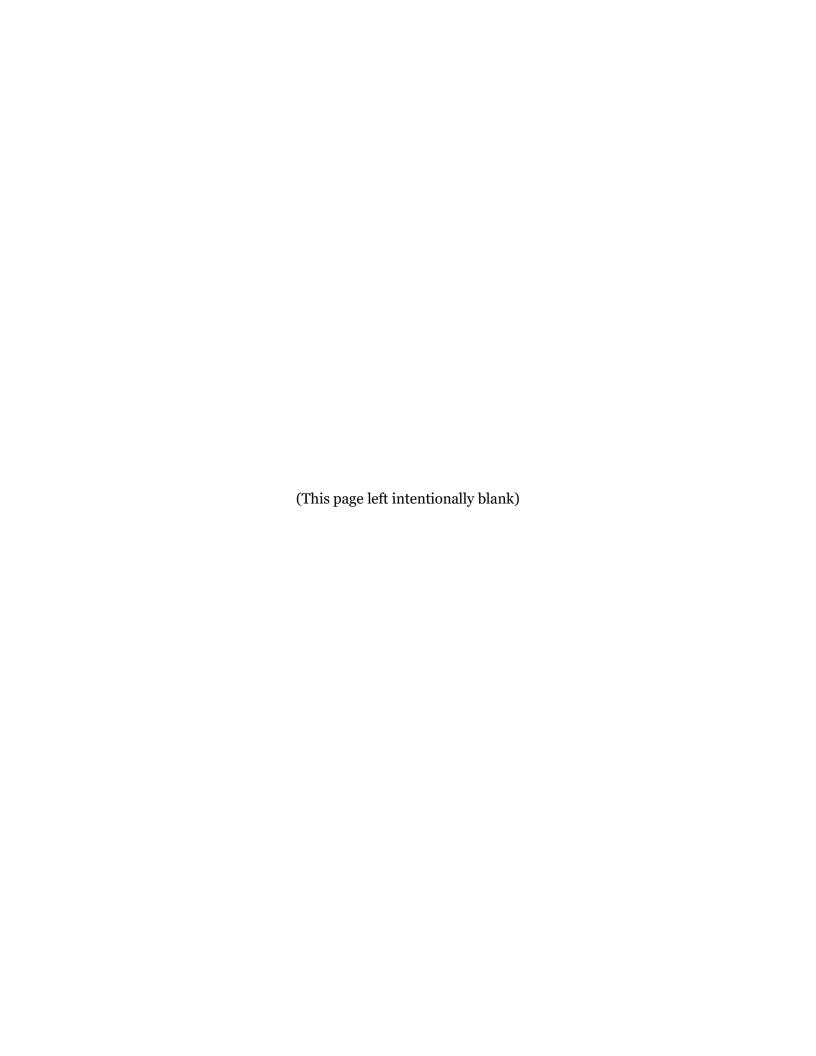
MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	 PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS	. <u>-</u>	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 14,210.41	\$	-
Investments	10,000.00		-
Receivables, Net			
Local	-		10,000.00
Total Assets	 24,210.41		10,000.00
LIABILITIES			
Cash Overdraft	 -	_	8,648.17
NET POSITION			
Restricted			
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ 24,210.41	\$	1,351.83

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDCUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS		CUSTODIAL FUNDS
<u>ADDITIONS</u>			
Contributions			
Donors	\$ 1,000.00	\$	-
Investment Earnings			
Interest	79.91		-
Other Additions	-		119,729.78
Total Additions	1,079.91	-	119,729.78
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>			
Other Deductions	 -	_	119,684.79
Change in Net Position	1,079.91		44.99
Net Position - Beginning	23,130.50	-	1,306.84
Net Position - Ending	\$ 24,210.41	\$	1,351.83



NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Mitchell County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
 management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and bond proceeds that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general longterm principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

- Private purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly
 reported elsewhere, in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or
 other governments.
- Custodial funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are

levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2021, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that majority equity interest in a legal separate organization should be reported as an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the School District's financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Investments

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Inventories

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds.

Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		Capitalization	Estimated
		Policy	Useful Life
	_	_	
Land	\$	50,000.00	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	50,000.00	15 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	50,000.00	15 to 40 years
Equipment	\$	50,000.00	4 to 12 years
Intangible Assets	\$	50,000.00	15 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

The Mitchell County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2020 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 30, 2020 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2020. Taxes were due on December 23, 2020 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2020 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2021. The Mitchell County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$8,614,564.56.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2020 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 16.086 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$1,033,485.57 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Sales Taxes

Local Option Sales Tax revenue, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year amounted to \$2,299,324.07 and was recorded in the general fund. Local Option Sales Tax is to be used for the maintenance and operation of the School District.

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$1,726,275.41 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School

District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Collateralization of Deposits

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Categorization of Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2021, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$7,666,181.98, and a bank

balance of \$9,449,461.70. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$526,562.40 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$8,275,441.64.

At June 30, 2021, \$647,457.66 of the School District's bank balances was exposed to custodial credit risk. This balance was in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP).

The School District participates in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. The Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST) sets the collateral requirements and pledging level for each covered depository. There are four tiers of collateralization levels specifying percentages of eligible securities to secure covered deposits: 25%, 50%, 75%, and 110%. The SDP also provides for collateral levels to be increased in the amount of up to 125% if economic or financial conditions warrants. The program lists the types of eligible criteria. The OST approves authorized custodians.

In accordance with the SDP, if a covered depository defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the covered depository collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments made against the other participating covered depositories. Therefore, for disclosure purposes, all deposits of the SDP are considered to be fully collateralized.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents		
Statement of Net Position	\$	9,188,325.66
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	_	5,562.24
Total cash and cash equivalents		9,193,887.90
Add:		
Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investment	S	10,000.00
Less: Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents		
		1 527 705 02
Georgia Fund 1	_	1,537,705.92
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2021	\$	7,666,181.98

Categorization of Cash Equivalents

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$1,537,705.92 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2021 was 36 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

Categorization of Investments

At June 30, 2021, the School District had the following investments:

		l	Investment Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	_	Less Than 1 Year
Debt Securities			
Fidelity Investments Money Market Treasury Fund \$	513,223.24	\$_	513,223.24

Fair Value of Investments

The School District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At June 30, the School District had the following investments by fair value level:

Money Market Treasury Funds of \$513,223.24 are valued using quoted market prices. (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investment will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing interest rate risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School District will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2021, \$513,223.24 of the School District's applicable investments were held by the investment's counterparty, not in the School District's name.

Credit Quality Risk

Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments to those prescribed O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. The School District does not have a formal policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

The investments subject to credit quality risk are reflected below:

			Quality Ratings
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Value	_	AAA
Debt Securities Fidelity Investments Money Market Treasury Fund	\$ 513,223.24	\$	513,223.24

NOTE 5: RESTRICTED ASSETS

The restricted assets represent the investment balance totaling \$513,223.24 for the QZAB Bond Sinking Fund. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$9,166.11 for the refunded cash for new debt.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances July 1, 2020		Increases		Decreases	Balances June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities	•						
Capital Assets,							
Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	4,974,958.89	\$	-	\$	- \$	4,974,958.89
Construction in Progress		3,016,354.80	_	-		3,016,354.80	
Total Capital Assets							
Not Being Depreciated		7,991,313.69	-	-		3,016,354.80	4,974,958.89
Capital Assets,							
Being Depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements		44,990,878.75		4,644,302.49		-	49,635,181.24
Equipment		2,788,497.42		764,800.00		107,074.00	3,446,223.42
Land Improvements		2,293,295.34		-		-	2,293,295.34
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings and Improvements		21,065,131.47		1,068,969.10		-	22,134,100.57
Equipment		1,907,828.95		211,486.86		21,414.80	2,097,901.01
Land Improvements		1,774,200.90	_	87,231.95		-	1,861,432.85
Total Capital Assets,							
Being Depreciated, Net		25,325,510.19	_	4,041,414.58		85,659.20	29,281,265.57
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets - Net	\$	33,316,823.88	\$	4,041,414.58	\$	3,102,014.00 \$	34,256,224.46
Current year depreciation expense by	fun	ction is as follo	DW	s:			
Instruction					\$	1,119,537.96	5
Support Services							
General Administration	า	\$		58,994.94			
Student Transportatio	n S	ervices		189,155.01	_	248,149.95	5
					\$	1,367,687.9	<u>1</u>

NOTE 7: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	_	Transfers From
Transfers to	_	General Fund
Capital Projects Fund	\$	4,094,646.91

Transfers are used to move property tax revenues collected by the general fund to the capital projects fund as required match or supplemental funding source for capital construction projects.

NOTE 8: SHORT-TERM DEBT

The School District issues tax anticipation notes and obtains temporary loans in advance of property tax collections, depositing the proceeds in its general fund. This short-term debt is to provide cash for operations until property tax collections are received by the School District. Article IX, Section V, Paragraph V of the Constitution of the State of Georgia limits the aggregate amount of short-term debt to 75% of the total gross income from taxes collected in the preceding year and requires all short-term debt to be repaid no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the debt was incurred.

Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year is as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending
	E	Balance		Issued		Redeemed		Balance
Temporary Loans	\$	-	\$_	3,050,000.00	\$	3,050,000.00	\$	

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities								
		Balance				Balance	Due Within			
	-	July 1, 2020		Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2021	One Year			
Unamortized Bond Premiums	\$	-	\$	1,029,265.50 \$	16,873.20 \$	1,012,392.30 \$	101,239.20			
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds		4,500,000.00		-	-	4,500,000.00	-			
Energy Effiency Leases		7,205,229.00		-	7,205,229.00	-	-			
Revenue Bonds		-		5,940,000.00	-	5,940,000.00	-			
	-									
	\$	11,705,229.00	\$	6,969,265.50 \$	7,222,102.20 \$	11,452,392.30 \$	101,239.20			

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB)

Section 226 of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997 (Public Law 105-34) provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by School Districts in connection with the establishment of special academic programs, in partnership with the business community. The School District, in agreement with South Georgia Governmental Services Authority, has entered into such an arrangement.

This agreement establishes a method of repayment for qualified interest-free debt instrument. The agreement requires the School District to deposit funds annually into a sinking fund account on or before March 15, 2039. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2021 was \$513,223.24.

The School District's outstanding Qualified Zone Academy Bonds of \$4,500,000.00 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts may become immediately due if the School District is unable to make payment.

Debt currently outstanding under Qualified Zone Academy Bonds is as follows:

	Interest				Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Series 2015 Issue	1.37%	7/31/2015	3/15/2039	\$ 4,500,000.00	4,500,000.00

The following schedule reports the annual Qualified Zone Academy Bond payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal			Interest
2022	\$	-	\$	61,650.00
2023		-		61,650.00
2024		-		61,650.00
2025		-		61,650.00
2026		-		61,650.00
2027 - 2031		-		308,250.00
2032 - 2036		-		308,250.00
2037 - 2039		4,500,000.00		184,950.00
Total Principal and Interest	\$	4,500,000.00	\$	1,109,700.00
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	4,500,000.00	\$	1,109,700.00

Revenue Bonds

The School District entered into a contract with the South Georgia Governmental Services Authority, dated April 16, 2021, for the issuance of revenue bonds to provide funds for Bond Refunding capital outlay projects of the School District. Under the terms of the contract, the South Georgia Governmental Services Authority issued \$5,940,000.00 in revenue bonds on behalf of the School District to currently refund \$7,356,687.69 of outstanding energy efficient lease. The bond issue of \$5,940,000.00 less underwriters and bond issuance cost of \$195,287.83 provided net proceeds of \$5,744,712.17. The total net proceeds plus additional debt service funds of \$591,918.06 were used to pay the energy efficient

lease. The School District refunded the aforementioned energy efficient lease to reduce its total debt service payments over 11 years beginning subsequent to fiscal year 2021 by \$377,379.58 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of total debt service payments and the old and new debt) of \$1,265,229.00. The obligation of the School District is absolute and unconditional so long as any of the bonds remain outstanding. Under the contract, the School District will exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required to be paid by the contract.

The School District's outstanding Revenue Bonds of \$5,940,000.00 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts may become immediately due if the School District is unable to make payment.

Debt currently outstanding under Revenue Bonds is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount
Purpose	Rates	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Debt Refunding (Energy)	2.0% - 4.0%	4/21/2021	7/1/2032	\$ 5,940,000.00	\$ 5,940,000.00

The following is a schedule of total revenue bond payments:

				Unamortized
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest		Bond Premium
			•	
2022	\$ -	\$ 149,340.28	\$	101,239.20
2023	90,000.00	214,150.00		101,239.20
2024	440,000.00	206,650.00		101,239.20
2025	470,000.00	193,000.00		101,239.20
2026	490,000.00	178,600.00		101,239.50
2027 - 2031	3,000,000.00	574,825.00		506,196.00
2032 - 2033	1,450,000.00	58,400.00	_	
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 5,940,000.00	\$ 1,574,965.28	\$	1,012,392.30

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against

members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

Workers' Compensation

Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program to reduce the risk of loss from employee accidents. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. The Fund provides statutory limits of coverage for Workers' Compensation coverage and a \$2,000,000 limit per occurrence for Employers' Liability coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement between the Fund and the Safety National Casualty Corporation to limit the Fund's exposure to large losses.

Unemployment Compensation

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

		Beginning		Claims and			
		of Year		Changes in		Claims	End of Year
		Liability		Estimates		Paid	Liability
	_		•				
2020	\$	-	\$	9,449.00	\$	9,449.00	\$
2021	\$	-	\$	47,957.01	\$	47,957.01	\$ -

Surety Bond

The School District purchased surety bonds to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered		Amount		
		_		
Superintendent	\$	30,000.00		
Finance Director	\$	5,000.00		
Principals	\$	5,000.00		
Bookkeepers	\$	5,000.00		
School Food Cashiers	\$	5,000.00		

NOTE 11: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2021:

Nonspendable				
Inventories			\$	60,818.72
Restricted				
Bus Replacement	\$	155,041.00		
Continuation of Federal Programs		229,616.12		
Capital Projects		1,614,306.79		
Debt Service		585,873.52		2,584,837.43
Assigned	_			
Local Capital Outlay Projects	\$	3,020,530.93		
School Activity Accounts		109,934.25		3,130,465.18
Unassigned			_	5,136,426.72
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021			\$	10,912,548.05

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 12: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Operating Leases

The School District leases copiers under the provisions of one or more long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating lease totaled \$84,289.08 for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The following future minimum lease payments were required under operating leases at June 30, 2021:

	Governme					
Year Ending	Activities					
2022	\$	28,096.36				

NOTE 13: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 14: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$412,802.00 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported a liability of \$18,153,080.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the School District's proportion was 0.123594%, which was an increase of 0.002977% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$316,319.00. At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB				
	Deferred			Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual				_		
experience	\$	-	\$	1,981,753.00		
Changes of assumptions		3,002,116.00		1,615,234.00		
Net difference between a resident dead and a strell						
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on OPEB plan investments		47,314.00		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between						
School District contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		272 770 00		1 (02 (10 00		
share of contributions		372,770.00		1,603,610.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		412,802.00		-		
	_	•	_			
Total	\$_	3,835,002.00	\$	5,200,597.00		

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 OPEB
2022	\$ (765,565.00)
2023	\$ (766,835.00)
2024	\$ (626,738.00)
2025	\$ (106,042.00)
2026	\$ 356,583.00
Thereafter	\$ 130,200.00

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% - 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.30%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.00%
Medicare Eligible	5.25%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029
Medicare Eligible	2023

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS members: The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2019 projection scale (set forward one year and adjusted 106%) is used for death prior to retirement and for service retirements and beneficiaries. The Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees projected generationally with MP-2019 Projection scale (set forward one year and adjusted 106%) is used for disability retirements. For both, rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB. There is a margin for future morality improvement in the tables used by the plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
30.00%	0.50%
70.00%	9.20%
100.00%	
	30.00% 70.00%

^{*} Net of Inflation

Discount Rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB, a single equivalent interest rate of 2.22% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 3.58%. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (2.21% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 2.22%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.22%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.22%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	 (1.22%)	_	(2.22%)	 (3.22%)
School District's proportionate				
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 21,326,874.00	\$	18,153,080.00	\$ 15,614,931.00

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers, as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare					
	1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase	
School District's proportionate			_			
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 15,114,264.00	\$	18,153,080.00	\$	22,087,465.00	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 15: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and

death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2021. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 19.06% of annual School District payroll, of which 18.73% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.33% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$1,895,412.71 and \$32,682.96 from the School District and the State, respectively.

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan Description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits Provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.50, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$45,890.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported a liability of \$19,911,331.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the School District		385,402.00
	•	
Total	\$	20,296,733.00

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2020, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.082197%, which was a decrease of 0.000352% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2021, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$254,025.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School District recognized pension expense of \$2,654,390.00 for TRS and \$51,118.00 for PSERS and revenue of (\$10,653.00) for TRS and \$51,118.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		TRS				
		Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	867,145.00	\$	-		
Changes of assumptions		2,050,890.00		-		
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		479,568.00		-		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between School District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		-		924,361.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date	_	1,895,412.71	. <u> </u>	-		
Total	\$_	5,293,015.71	\$	924,361.00		

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS		
2022	\$	227,543.00	
2023	\$	738,580.00	
2024	\$	1,059,233.00	
2025	\$	447.886.00	

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.30%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014, with the exception of the assumed investment rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	TRS	PSERS	Long-Term
	Target	Target	Expected Real
Asset class	Allocation	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.10)%
Domestic large stocks	51.00%	46.20%	8.90%
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.30%	13.20%
International developed market stocks	12.40%	12.40%	8.90%
International emerging market stocks	5.10%	5.10%	10.90%
Alternative		5.00%	12.00%
	100.00%	100.00%	

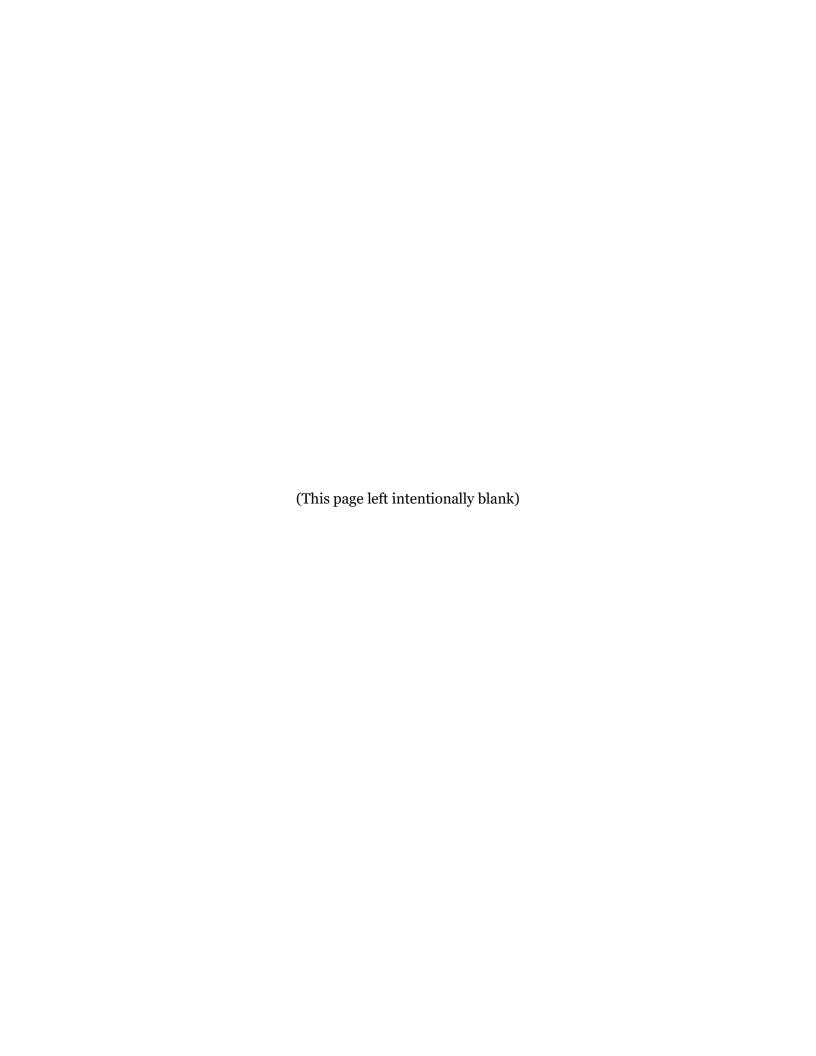
^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation with the exception of TRS, which assumed a rate of 2.50% rate of inflation.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Curre	nt Discount Rate	1% Increase
Teachers Retirement System:	_	(6.25%)		(7.25%)	(8.25%)
School District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$	31,574,617.00	\$	19,911,331.00	\$ 10,350,780.00

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/financials.



MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

									Plan fiduciary
	School		Sta	te of Georgia's				School District's	net position
	District's		р	roportionate				proportionate	as a
For the	proportion		sh	are of the NPL				share of the NPL	percentage
Year	of the	School District's	as	sociated with				as a percentage	of the total
Ended	Net Pension	proportionate		the School		S	chool District's	of its covered	pension
June 30	Liability (NPL)	share of the NPL		District	Total	C	overed payroll	payroll	liability
		1							
2021	0.082197%	\$ 19,911,331.00	\$	385,402.00	\$ 20,296,733.00	\$	10,836,736.89	183.74%	77.01%
2020	0.082549%	\$ 17,750,267.00	\$	352,859.00	\$ 18,103,126.00	\$	10,274,689.07	172.76%	78.56%
2019	0.083156%	\$ 15,435,535.00	\$	303,677.00	\$ 15,739,212.00	\$	10,105,516.23	152.74%	80.27%
2018	0.092545%	\$ 17,199,773.00	\$	416,683.00	\$ 17,616,456.00	\$	10,903,511.10	157.75%	79.33%
2017	0.094509%	\$ 19,498,260.00	\$	571,276.00	\$ 20,069,536.00	\$	10,668,051.92	182.77%	76.06%
2016	0.102566%	\$ 15,614,655.00	\$	476,968.00	\$ 16,091,623.00	\$	11,157,138.00	139.95%	81.44%
2015	0.105104%	\$ 13,278,504.00	\$	429,798.00	\$ 13,708,302.00	\$	10,728,761.50	123.77%	84.03%

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	ractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Contr	ibution deficiency (excess)	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2021	\$ 1,895,412.71	\$	1,895,412.71	\$	-	\$ 10,117,578.98	18.73%
2020	\$ 2,247,531.50	\$	2,247,531.50	\$	-	\$ 10,836,736.89	20.74%
2019	\$ 2,105,556.66	\$	2,105,556.66	\$	-	\$ 10,274,689.07	20.49%
2018	\$ 1,665,981.38	\$	1,665,981.38	\$	-	\$ 10,105,516.23	16.49%
2017	\$ 1,519,194.01	\$	1,519,194.01	\$	-	\$ 10,903,511.10	13.93%
2016	\$ 1,478,993.29	\$	1,478,993.29	\$	-	\$ 10,668,051.92	13.86%
2015	\$ 1,423,670.23	\$	1,423,670.23	\$	-	\$ 11,157,168.00	12.76%

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

	School									School District's	Plan fiduciary
	District's			Stat	te of Georgia's					proportionate	net position as
For the	proportion of			рі	roportionate					share of the NPL	a percentage
Year	the Net	Scho	ol District's	sha	are of the NPL					as a percentage	of the total
Ended	Pension	pro	oortionate	associated with				Sch	ool District's	of its covered	pension
June 30	Liability (NPL)	share	of the NPL	the	School District		Total	covered payroll		payroll	liability
2021	0.00%	\$	-	\$	254,025.00	\$	254,025.00	\$	649,781.29	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	243,372.00	\$	243,372.00	\$	627,246.37	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	239,620.00	\$	239,620.00	\$	593,586.99	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	224,635.00	\$	224,635.00	\$	609,591.32	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	275,751.00	\$	275,751.00	\$	571,802.51	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	190,721.00	\$	190,721.00	\$	576,524.63	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	152,762.00	\$	152,762.00	\$	542,739.55	N/A	88.29%

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

						School District's	
			State of			proportionate	
			Georgia's			share of the	Plan fiduciary
	School		proportionate			NOL as a	net position
For the	District's		share of the			percentage of	as a
Year	proportion of	School District's	NOL associated		School District's	its covered-	percentage
Ended	the Net OPEB	proportionate	with the School		covered-	employee	of the total
June 30	Liability (NOL)	share of the NOL	District	Total	employee payroll	payroll	OPEB liability
2024	0.42250.40/	f 40.453.000.00	¢	f 40.453.000.00	ф 40 032 F42 20	100.040/	2,000/
2021	0.123594%	\$ 18,153,080.00	\$ -	\$ 18,153,080.00	\$ 10,032,513.38	180.94%	3.99%
2020	0.120617%	\$ 14,802,294.00	\$ -	\$ 14,802,294.00	\$ 9,365,399.44	158.05%	4.63%
2019	0.121035%	\$ 15,383,177.00	\$ -	\$ 15,383,177.00	\$ 9,053,611.86	169.91%	2.93%
2018	0.137290%	\$ 19,289,190.00	\$ -	\$ 19,289,190.00	\$ 9,965,135.65	193.57%	1.61%

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

			6	de italia ta labara i			c	de ed Dia talla	Contribution as a	
For the Year	Con	tractually required		ibutions in relation to ontractually required	Contri	bution deficiency	-	chool District's ered-employee	percentage of covered-employee	
Ended June 30		contribution	contribution		(excess)		payroll		payroll	
2021	\$	412,802.00	\$	412,802.00	\$	-	\$	9,330,281.09	4.42%	
2020	\$	417,965.00	\$	417,965.00	\$	-	\$	10,032,513.38	4.17%	
2019	\$	649,603.00	\$	649,603.00	\$	-	\$	9,365,399.44	6.94%	
2018	\$	627,313.00	\$	627,313.00	\$	-	\$	9,053,611.86	6.93%	
2017	\$	715,843.00	\$	715,843.00	\$	-	\$	9,965,135.65	7.18%	

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: The member contribution rate was increased from \$4.00 to \$10.00 per month for members joining the System on or after July 1, 2012. The monthly benefit accrual rate was increased from \$14.75 to \$15.00 per year of credible service effective July 1, 2017. The monthly benefit accrual was increased from \$15.00 to \$15.25 per year of credible service effective July 1, 2018. The monthly benefit accrual was increased from \$15.25 to \$15.50 per year of credible service effective July 1, 2019. A 2% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2016, another July 2017, and another July 2018. Two 1.5% COLAs were granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2019 and January 2020.

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. The assumed investment rate of return remained at 7.30% for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was revised, for various factors, including the methodology used to determine how employees and retirees were assigned to each of the OPEB Funds and anticipated participation percentages. Current and former employees of State organizations (including technical colleges, community service boards and public health departments) are now assigned to State OPEB fund based on their last employer payroll location; irrespective of retirement affiliation.

The June 30, 2019 decremental valuation were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement Systems experience study.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS			ACTUAL	VARIANCE	
		ORIGINAL		FINAL	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER	
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	8,462,000.00	\$	8,462,000.00 \$	9,671,927.11 \$	1,209,927.11	
Sales Taxes	•	1,750,000.00	•	1,750,000.00	2,417,221.30	667,221.30	
State Funds		7,857,551.48		7,935,922.48	8,482,566.03	546,643.55	
Federal Funds		4,297,282.05		8,808,405.80	8,543,336.90	(265,068.90)	
Charges for Services		29,095.00		176,095.00	65,471.33	(110,623.67)	
Investment Earnings		2,350.00		2,450.00	33,148.40	30,698.40	
Miscellaneous		30,711.00		456,215.00	652,638.04	196,423.04	
Total Revenues		22,428,989.53		27,591,088.28	29,866,309.11	2,275,220.83	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction Support Services		11,526,139.13		13,357,993.19	11,058,449.33	2,299,543.86	
Pupil Services		752,786.02		1,364,032.74	954,111.13	409,921.61	
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,381,573.85		1,897,956.20	1,518,844.51	379,111.69	
Educational Media Services		200,278.20		238,799.69	218,486.85	20,312.84	
General Administration		417,500.00		702,353.85	611,211.04	91,142.81	
School Administration		1,271,131.83		1,759,501.84	1,656,765.13	102,736.71	
Business Administration		350,150.16		429,487.01	346,274.83	83,212.18	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,889,568.15		2,776,374.97	1,941,567.47	834,807.50	
Student Transportation Services		1,633,100.07		2,211,097.01	1,806,875.86	404,221.15	
Central Support Services		392,073.83		453,778.28	349,440.54	104,337.74	
Other Support Services		19,750.00		167,279.00	157,863.84	9,415.16	
Enterprise Operations		300.00		107,273.00	107,000.01	3,1.30	
Food Services Operation		1,441,645.23		1,704,133.01	1,646,421.14	57,711.87	
Total Expenditures		21,275,996.47		27,062,786.79	22,266,311.67	4,796,475.12	
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	_	1,152,993.06		528,301.49	7,599,997.44	7,071,695.95	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)							
Other Sources		_		_	130,000.00	130,000.00	
Other Uses		(700,000.00)		(1,094,646.91)	(4,094,646.91)	(3,000,000.00)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(700,000.00)		(1,094,646.91)	(3,964,646.91)	(2,870,000.00)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		452,993.06		(566,345.42)	3,635,350.53	4,201,695.95	
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,008,119.37		2,008,119.37	2,056,486.28	48,366.91	
Adjustments		22,158.19		41,761.02		(41,761.02)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,483,270.62	\$_	1,483,534.97	5,691,836.81 \$	4,208,301.84	

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	Expenditures In Period
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services	40.552	2450 4 22 4 14400 - #	
School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.555	215GA324N1199 \$ 215GA324N1199	
National School Lunch Program Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	195GA350N8103	827,068.44 16,013.09
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.075	.550, .550, .6.05	1,334,229.25
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education Food Services			
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	215GA324L1603	19,861.59
Warehouse Delivery Grant	10.560	205GA904N2533	3,071.65
Total Other Programs			22,933.24
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,357,162.49
Education, U. S. Department of			
Education Stabilization Fund Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D200012	1,348,999.12
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D210012	3,736,571.08
Total Education Stabilization Fund			5,085,570.20
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education	84.027A	H027A190073	102 022 00
Grants to States Grants to States	84.027A	H027A190073	182,033.00 228,670.83
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A200081	16,198.00
Total Special Education Cluster			426,901.83
·			
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education	040404	\(\alpha\) 40.40.00040	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A 84.011	V048A200010 S011A190011	46,532.00
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A200011	4,313.00
Migrant Education - State Grant Program Rural Education	84.358B	S365B190010	3,507.46 509.00
Rural Education	84.358B	S365B200010	36,732.47
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A190011	6,684.24
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A200011	116,642.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A190001	6,083.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A200001	170,162.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A190010	230,460.75
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A200010	980,568.03
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287C	S287C180010	3,530.44
Total Other Programs			1,605,724.39
Total U. S. Department of Education			7,118,196.42
Health and Human Services, U. S. Department of			
Pass-Through From Bright From the Start			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	20110GACCC5	6,087.00
·			
Justice, U. S. Department of			
Pass-Through From Children and Youth Coordinating Council	16 710	20206//4/20160	F00 000 05
COPS Office School Violence Prevention Program	16.710	2020SVWX0160	500,000.00
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	8,981,445.91

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Mitchell County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

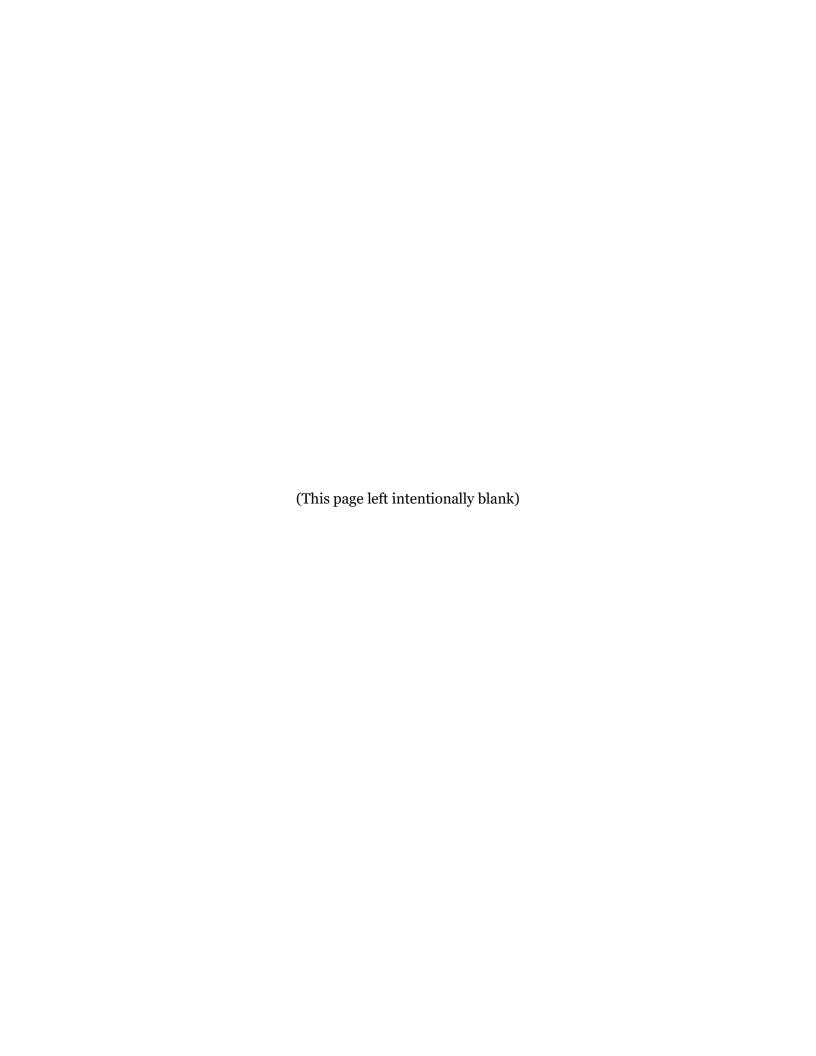
Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NCY/FUNDING GRANTS Bright From the Start:	_	GENERAL FUND
GRANTS	_	
		FOND
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning		
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	308,057.98
Education, Georgia Department of	•	300,037.90
Quality Basic Education		
Direct Instructional Cost		
Kindergarten Program		50,463.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		518,074.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		175,376.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		1,304,748.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		162,162.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		824,204.00
Middle School (6-8) Program		758,178.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program		634,808.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		270,845.00
Students with Disabilities		796,003.00
Alternative Education Program		470,296.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		55,969.00
Media Center Program		31,473.00
20 Days Additional Instruction		144,401.00
Staff and Professional Development		47,713.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development		25,003.00
Indirect Cost		1,227.00
Central Administration		329,746.00
School Administration		521,038.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations		273,853.00
Amended Formula Adjustment		(239,190.00
Categorical Grants		
Pupil Transportation		
Regular		463,235.00
Bus Replacement		154,440.00
Nursing Services		45,000.00
Sparsity		76,079.00
Other State Programs		
Food Services		34,368.49
Hygiene Products		1,151.00
Math and Science Supplements		2,066.00
Preschool Disability Services		12,038.00
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds		77,220.00
School Security Grant		33,656.69
Teachers Retirement		32,682.90
Vocational Education		20,084.00
Georgia Emergency Management Agency		-,
Donations to LEA for COVID		20,206.9
Office of the State Treasurer		20,200.9
Public School Employees Retirement		45,890.00
	\$	8,482,566.0



MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PROJECT SPLOST V	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
The retiring outstanding general obligation debt of the Mitchell County School District previously incurred and issued with respect to capital outlay projects in the maximum principal and interest amount of \$2,291,750.00 comprised of portions of the Mitchell County School District's Series 2008 general obligation bonds coming due in the years 2017 through 2019; and \$1,208,250.00 comprised of portions of the Mitchell County Board of Education's Qualified Zone Academy Bonds coming due in the years 2018 through 2023;	\$ 3,500,000.00 \$	3,500,000.00	6/30/2023
Capital outlay projects at an estimated cost of \$4,915,900.00 consisting of adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, furnishing, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities; making system-wide technology improvements, including but not limited to, the acquisition and installation of instruction technology, security, and systems hardware and associated software and accessories, and infrastructure at all schools and selected other facilities; and replacing, purchasing, upgrading or supplementing capital equipment including, but not limited to, desks, chairs, copiers, tables, school buses, security equipment and laboratory equipment.	4,915,900.00	4,915,900.00	6/30/2022
Total	\$ 8,415,900.00 \$	8,415,900.00	

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PROJECT SPLOST V	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
The retiring outstanding general obligation debt of the Mitchell County School District previously incurred and issued with respect to capital outlay projects in the maximum principal and interest amount of \$2,291,750.00 comprised of portions of the Mitchell County School District's Series 2008 general obligation bonds coming due in the years 2017 through 2019; and \$1,208,250.00 comprised of portions of the Mitchell County Board of Education's Qualified Zone Academy Bonds coming due in the years 2018 through 2023;	\$	286,650.00 \$	2,290,555.06	-	-
Capital outlay projects at an estimated cost of \$4,915,900.00 consisting of adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, furnishing, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities; making system-wide technology improvements, including but not limited to, the acquisition and installation of instruction technology, security, and systems hardware and associated software and accessories, and infrastructure at all schools and selected other facilities; and replacing, purchasing, upgrading or supplementing capital equipment including, but not limited to, desks, chairs, copiers, tables, school buses, security equipment and laboratory equipment.	_	591,918.06	1,430,049.77		
Total	\$ <u></u>	878,568.06 \$	3,720,604.83	· · · · · ·	<u> </u>

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

⁽²⁾ The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects includes all cost from project inception to completion.

⁽³⁾ The voters of Mitchell County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.

Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Rowland Cummings, Superintendent and Members of the
Mitchell County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Mitchell County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 14, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lieg S. Lligg

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

July 14, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Rowland Cummings, Superintendent and Members of the
Mitchell County Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Mitchell County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lufy

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

July 14, 2022

Section III Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

MITCHELL COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund, and Fiduciary Activities

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified? • Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

No None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

No None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title

84.425

Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.