

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT · FISCAL YEAR 2022

Montgomery County Board of Education Mount Vernon, Georgia

Including Independent Auditor's Report



Montgomery County Board of Education

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Stanley Rentz, Superintendent and Members of the
Montgomery County Board of Education

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Montgomery County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or

historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2023 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

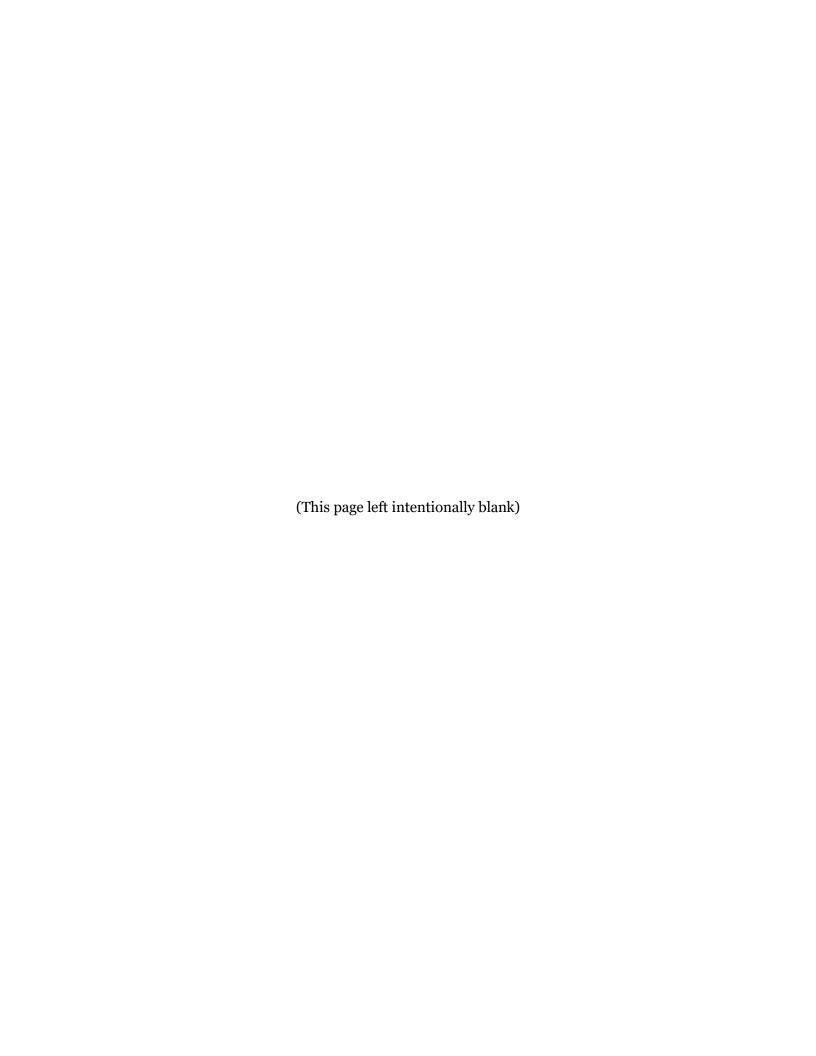
A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

November 27, 2023



INTRODUCTION

The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Montgomery County Board of Education's (School District) financial performance as a whole. The reader should review the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance. The School District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 include a series of basic financial statements that report financial information for the School District as a whole and for each major fund. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide financial information about all of the School District's activities and present both short-term and long-term views of the School District's finances. The fund financial statements provide information about all of the School District's funds.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- Government-wide net position at June 30, 2022 was approximately \$15.9 million. Net position reflects the difference between all assets of the School District (including capital assets, net of depreciation), all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities, and all deferred inflows of resources. The net position at June 30, 2022 of \$15.9 million represented an increase of approximately \$3.2 million when compared to the prior year. The increase in net position resulted from an increase in assets and decrease in deferred outflows of resources of approximately \$1.6 million and a decrease in liabilities and increase in deferred inflows of resources of approximately \$1.6 million.
- The School District had approximately \$12.0 million in expenses relating to governmental activities which were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions totaling \$9.8 million. The School District's general revenues, consisting primarily of local property taxes and sales taxes, totaling \$5.4 million offset expenses not covered by program revenues.
- As stated above, general revenues accounted for \$5.4 million or about 35% of all revenues totaling approximately \$15.2 million. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for the balance of these revenues.
- Among major funds, the general fund had approximately \$14.3 million in revenues and approximately \$13.0 million in expenditures. The general fund balance of approximately \$5.6 million at June 30, 2022 increased by approximately \$1.3 million from the prior year fund balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements consist of three parts; management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The governmental fund financial statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. In the case of the Montgomery County School District, the general fund and capital projects fund are considered to be major funds. The School District has no non-major funds as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for purposes of this report.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

Since the Montgomery County School District has no operations that have been classified as business-type activities, the government-wide financial statements are basically a consolidation of the entire School District's operating funds into one column called governmental activities. In reviewing the government-wide financial statements, a reader might ask the question, are we in a better financial position now than last year? The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provides the basis for answering this question. These financial statements include all School District assets and liabilities and use the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and any changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the results of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs, student-teacher ratios, and other factors.

When analyzing government-wide financial statements, it is important to remember these statements are prepared using an economic resources measurement focus (accrual accounting) and involve the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets
- Depreciate capital assets
- Report long-term debt as a liability
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting
- Allocate net position as follows:
 - Net Investment in Capital Assets
 - Restricted Net Position is net position with constraints placed on the use by external sources, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations.
 - Unrestricted Net Position is net position that does not meet any of the above restrictions.

Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and some by bond requirements. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the capital projects fund.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position, which is the difference between total assets, deferred outflows of resources, total liabilities and inflows of resources, is one indicator of the financial condition of the School District. When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. The relationship between revenues and expenses can be thought of as the School District's operating results. The School District's net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, can be one way to measure the School District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position as measured in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the School District's goal and mission is to provide success for each child's education, not to generate profits as private corporations do. For this reason, many other non-financial factors should be considered in assessing the overall health of the School District.

In the case of the Montgomery County School District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by approximately \$15.9 million at June 30, 2022. To better understand the School District's actual financial position and ability to deliver services in future periods, it is necessary to review the various components of the net position category.

The deficit balance of unrestricted net position of approximately \$10.0 million reflects the pension liability adjustments as required by GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71 and the OPEB liability adjustments as required by GASB No. 75.

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for this fiscal year as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 1
Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		
		2022		2021		
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$	8,186,640	\$	6,697,842		
Capital Assets, Net		25,034,753		24,470,753		
Total Assets	_	33,221,393		31,168,595		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		2,824,691		2,926,907		
Related to OPEB Plan		1,804,417		2,196,533		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,629,108		5,123,440		
Linkillaloo						
Liabilities		4 504 705		4 440 470		
Current and Other Liabilities		1,564,735		1,440,479		
Net Pension Liability		3,540,298		9,769,262		
Net OPEB Liability		6,949,600		9,549,189		
Long-Term Liabilities	_	373,767		43,882		
Total Liabilities	_	12,428,400		20,802,812		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		5,476,825		628,679		
Related to OPEB Plan		4,026,128		2,140,784		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	9,502,953		2,769,463		
Not Beatiles						
Net Position		04.000.005		04.070.000		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		24,660,985		24,373,686		
Restricted		1,300,992		1,231,493		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(10,042,829)		(12,885,419)		
Total Net Position	\$_	15,919,148	\$	12,719,760		

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$1.6 million. Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$1.6 million. The combination of the increase in assets and decrease in deferred outflows of resources and the decrease in total liabilities and increase in deferred inflows of resources yielded an increase in net position of approximately \$3.2 million.

Table 2 also shows the change in net position as compared to the prior year fiscal year.

Table 2 Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	_	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year
		2022		2021
Revenues	_		_	
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	193,193	\$	156,469
Operating Grants and Contributions		9,633,726		9,710,289
Capital Grants and Contributions		-		231,660
Total Program Revenues		9,826,919	_	10,098,418
General Revenues:				
Taxes				
Property Taxes				
For Maintenance and Operations		3,400,904		3,083,620
Railroad Cars		17,755		17,255
Sales Taxes				
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax				
For Capital Projects		947,506		799,031
Other Sales Tax		48,362		48,376
Grants and Contributions not				
Restricted to Specific Programs		700,220		472,661
Investment Earnings		11,125		13,040
Miscellaneous		278,833		301,913
Total General Revenues		5,404,705	_	4,735,896
Total Revenues		15,231,624		14,834,314
Program Expenses:				
Instruction		6,475,855		7,173,896
Support Services				
Pupil Services		546,265		629,893
Improvement of Instructional Services		601,905		714,211
Educational Media Services		197,227		177,547
General Administration		287,166		332,460
School Administration		717,355		807,928
Business Administration		117,438		143,899
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,221,274		930,188
Student Transportation Services		735,835		709,244
Central Support Services		27,992		-
Other Support Services		7,632		15,281
Operations of Non-Instructional Services				
Enterprise Operations		250,492		198,595
Food Services		845,279		740,041
Interest on Long-Term Debt		521	_	868
Total Expenses	_	12,032,236	_	12,574,051
Increase in Net Position	\$_	3,199,388	\$	2,260,263

Program revenues, in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions decreased by approximately \$271 thousand for governmental activities.

General revenues increased by \$669 thousand during fiscal year 2022.

Cost of Providing Services

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting these services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services			Net Cost	of S	of Services		
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	_	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	
	_	2022	_	2021	_	2022	_	2021	
Instruction	\$	6,475,855	\$	7,173,896	\$	567,439	\$	1,062,844	
Support Services:									
Pupil Services		546,265		629,893		280,139		299,242	
Improvement of Instructional Services		601,905		714,211		353,275		350,953	
Educational Media Services		197,227		177,547		9,428		5,253	
General Administration		287,166		332,460		(164,465)		(133,405)	
School Administration		717,355		807,928		105,786		198,122	
Business Administration		117,438		143,899		104,330		103,539	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,221,274		930,188		623,054		472,865	
Student Transportation Services		735,835		709,244		413,176		98,473	
Central Support Services		27,992		-		908		-	
Other Support Services		7,632		15,281		(1,695)		4,527	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:									
Enterprise Operations		250,492		198,595		96,173		78,341	
Food Services		845,279		740,041		(182,752)		(65,989)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	_	521	_	868	· <u>-</u>	521	_	868	
Total Expenses	\$_	12,032,236	\$	12,574,051	\$_	2,205,317	\$	2,475,633	

Expenses decreased \$542 thousand from the prior year, the net cost of providing services decreased \$270 thousand.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Information about the School District's governmental funds is presented starting on Exhibit "E" of this report. Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$15.8 million and total expenditures of \$14.4 million in fiscal year 2022. Total governmental fund balances of approximately \$6.5 million at June 30, 2022, increased approximately \$1.4 million from the prior year.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia Law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. During the course of fiscal year 2022, the School District amended its general fund budget as needed.

The School District budget is adopted at the aggregate level and maintained at the program, function, object, and site levels to facilitate budgetary control. The budgeting systems are designed to control the total budget, but provide flexibility to meet the ongoing programmatic needs. The budgeting systems are also designed to control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management as well.

During fiscal year 2022, the general fund had final actual revenues totaling \$14.3 million, which represented a decrease from the final budgeted amount of \$17.7 million by \$3.4 million. This is primarily due to receiving \$3.5 million less in federal revenues than budgeted. The general fund had final actual expenditures totaling \$13.0 million, which represented a decrease from the final budgeted amount of \$17.7 million by \$4.7 million primarily due to expending \$3.5 million less than budgeted for federal programs.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the School District had approximately \$25.0 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, all in governmental activities. These assets are made up of a broad range of items including buildings; land; land improvements; and food service, transportation and maintenance equipment. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances, net of accumulated depreciation, as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Table 4
Capital Assets
Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	_	Governmental Activities						
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year				
	_	2022	_	2021				
Land	\$	373,803	\$	373,803				
Construction in Progress		-		10,737				
Buildings and Improvements		21,973,767		22,114,489				
Equipment		1,257,988		1,023,989				
Land Improvements	_	1,429,195	_	947,735				
	\$_	25,034,753	\$	24,470,753				

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During fiscal year 2022, the School District entered into a financed purchase agreement for the acquisition of field lighting for the athletic facilities at a cost of \$545 thousand. At June 30, 2022, the School District had \$374 thousand in long-term liabilities outstanding with \$128 thousand due within one year. Table 5 summarizes long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Table 5
Long-Term Liabilities at June 30

	Governme	ntal	Activities		
	Fiscal Year 2022		Fiscal Year 2021		
Financed Purchases	\$ 373,767	\$	43,882		

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Currently known circumstances that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position or results of operations in future years are as follows:

• The School District is financially stable. The School District's operating millage for fiscal year 2022 was 15.00, which produced approximately \$185,605 per mill.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mrs. Nesbeth Blaxton, Financial Director, Montgomery County School District, 703 Dobbins Street, Mount Vernon, Georgia 30445. You may also email your questions to Mrs. Blaxton at nblaxton@montgomery.k12.ga.us.



MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,107,857.23
Accounts Receivable, Net		
Taxes		321,773.30
State Government		780,290.43
Federal Government		941,316.01
Other		27,082.46
Inventories		8,320.92
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		373,803.00
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		24,660,949.75
Total Assets		33,221,393.10
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		2,824,691.00
Related to OPEB Plan		1,804,417.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,629,108.00
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts Payable		280,649.06
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,104,519.37
Payroll Withholdings Payable		179,565.74
Net Pension Liability		3,540,298.00
Net OPEB Liability		6,949,600.00
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		128,361.38
Due in More Than One Year		245,406.07
Total Liabilities		12,428,399.62
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		5,476,825.00
Related to OPEB Plan		4,026,128.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	9,502,953.00
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		24,660,985.30
Restricted for		
Continuation of Federal Programs		406,985.12
Capital Projects		894,007.44
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(10,042,829.38)
Total Net Position	\$ _	15,919,148.48

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				PROGRAM REVENUES			NET (EXPENSES)	
		EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES	_	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$	6,475,854.96	\$	-	\$	5,908,415.96 \$	(567,439.00)	
Support Services								
Pupil Services		546,264.83		-		266,125.75	(280,139.08)	
Improvement of Instructional Services		601,904.99		-		248,630.35	(353,274.64)	
Educational Media Services		197,226.65		-		187,798.42	(9,428.23)	
General Administration		287,166.31		-		451,631.29	164,464.98	
School Administration		717,354.55		-		611,568.63	(105,785.92)	
Business Administration		117,437.94		-		13,107.98	(104,329.96)	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,221,274.52		14,811.93		583,407.96	(623,054.63)	
Student Transportation Services		735,835.48		-		322,659.74	(413,175.74)	
Central Support Services		27,991.64		-		27,083.57	(908.07)	
Other Support Services		7,631.81		-		9,326.72	1,694.91	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services								
Enterprise Operations		250,491.92		154,319.22		-	(96,172.70)	
Food Services		845,279.39		24,061.80		1,003,969.93	182,752.34	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		521.21		-	_		(521.21)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	12,032,236.20	\$	193,192.95	\$	9,633,726.30	(2,205,316.95)	
	Gen	eral Revenues						
		Taxes						
		Property Taxes						
			ance ar	nd Operations			3,400,903.69	
		Railroad Cars					17,754.70	
		Sales Taxes					=:,:=:=	
			ose Loc	al Option Sales Tax				
		For Capita					947,505.86	
		Other Sales T					48,361.90	
				not Restricted to Spec	ific Pr	ograms	700,220.00	
		Investment Earning					11,125.72	
		Miscellaneous	,-				278,833.13	
		Total Gene	eral Re	venues			5,404,705.00	
		Change in	Net Po	osition			3,199,388.05	
		Net Position - Begin	nning c	of Year			12,719,760.43	
		Net Position - End	of Year			\$	15,919,148.48	

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

				CAPITAL		
		GENERAL		PROJECTS		
	_	FUND		FUND		TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,281,130.10	\$	826,727.13	\$	6,107,857.23
Accounts Receivable, Net						
Taxes		239,589.44		82,183.86		321,773.30
State Government		780,290.43		-		780,290.43
Federal Government		941,316.01		-		941,316.01
Other		27,082.46		-		27,082.46
Inventories	-	8,320.92	_	-	_	8,320.92
Total Assets	\$ =	7,277,729.36	\$	908,910.99	\$	8,186,640.35
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts Payable	\$	265,745.51	\$	14,903.55	\$	280,649.06
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,104,519.37		-		1,104,519.37
Payroll Withholdings Payable		179,565.74		-		179,565.74
Total Liabilities	-	1,549,830.62	_	14,903.55	=	1,564,734.17
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	80,815.74		-	_	80,815.74
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		8,320.92		-		8,320.92
Restricted		398,664.20		894,007.44		1,292,671.64
Assigned		172,061.39		-		172,061.39
Unassigned		5,068,036.49		-		5,068,036.49
Total Fund Balances	_	5,647,083.00		894,007.44	_	6,541,090.44
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$_	7,277,729.36	\$	908,910.99	\$	8,186,640.35

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")	\$	6,541,090.44
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 373,803.00	
Buildings and improvements	29,206,641.48	
Equipment	3,025,969.65	
Land improvements	2,178,166.11	
Accumulated depreciation	 (9,749,827.49)	25,034,752.75
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability	\$ (3,540,298.00)	
Net OPEB liability	 (6,949,600.00)	(10,489,898.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions	\$ (2,652,134.00)	
Related to OPEB	 (2,221,711.00)	(4,873,845.00)
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		80,815.74
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Financed purchase arrangement payable		(373,767.45)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	\$	15,919,148.48

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				CAPITAL	
		GENERAL		PROJECTS	
	-	FUND	_	FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	3,425,863.99	Ś	- \$	3,425,863.99
Sales Taxes	*	48,361.90	Ÿ	947,505.86	995,867.76
State Funds		7,328,736.86		-	7,328,736.86
Federal Funds		3,025,453.44		_	3,025,453.44
Charges for Services		193,192.95		_	193,192.95
Investment Earnings		9,254.48		1,871.24	11,125.72
Miscellaneous		278,833.13		-	278,833.13
Total Revenues	-	14,309,696.75	-	949,377.10	15,259,073.85
Total referees	-	1,,563,636.75	_	3.3,077.120	13,233,073.03
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		7,173,280.62		7,425.97	7,180,706.59
Support Services					
Pupil Services		640,952.99		3,068.24	644,021.23
Improvement of Instructional Services		720,464.69		-	720,464.69
Educational Media Services		223,857.59		-	223,857.59
General Administration		291,238.28		6,051.40	297,289.68
School Administration		820,429.52		-	820,429.52
Business Administration		137,337.53		5,359.32	142,696.85
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,054,081.82		297,749.45	1,351,831.27
Student Transportation Services		827,540.18		153,030.88	980,571.06
Central Support Services		27,991.64		-	27,991.64
Other Support Services		10,506.88		-	10,506.88
Enterprise Operations		250,491.92		-	250,491.92
Food Services Operation		864,053.76		-	864,053.76
Capital Outlay		-		701,777.06	701,777.06
Debt Services					
Principal		-		215,130.63	215,130.63
Interest		-		521.21	521.21
Total Expenditures		13,042,227.42		1,390,114.16	14,432,341.58
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		1,267,469.33		(440,737.06)	826,732.27
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Financed Purchase Arrangement Proceeds	-	-	_	545,015.99	545,015.99
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,267,469.33		104,278.93	1,371,748.26
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	4,379,613.67	_	789,728.51	5,169,342.18
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,647,083.00	\$ _	894,007.44 \$	6,541,090.44

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

\$ 1,371,748.26 Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E") Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. \$ 1,274,521.13 Capital outlay Depreciation expense (710,211.16) 564.309.97 The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position. (310.62) Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (7,205.60)The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities (545,015.99) Financed purchase arrangement proceeds \$ Financed purchase arrangement payments 215,130.63 (329,885.36) District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported ${\tt net\ pension/OPEB\ liability\ is\ measured\ a\ year\ before\ the\ District's\ report\ date}.$ Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. 1,278,602.40 Pension expense OPEB expense 322,129.00 1,600,731.40 Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B") 3,199,388.05

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Montgomery County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
 management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all

intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under financed purchases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2022, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the School District's financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Inventories

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue

when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	 Policy	Useful Life
Land	Any Amount	N/A
Land Improvements	\$ 10,000.00	15 to 80 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 10,000.00	50 to 80 years
Equipment	\$ 5,000.00	5 to 50 years
Construction in Progress	\$ 10,000.00	N/A
Intangible - Software	\$ 150,000.00	10 years
All Other Intangibles	\$ 100,000.00	20 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt as other financing sources.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

The Montgomery County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2021 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 21, 2021 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2021. Taxes were due on January 20, 2022 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2021 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2022. The Montgomery County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$2,862,463.78.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2021 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations

15.00 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$545,645.51 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Sales Taxes

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$947,505.86 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The

approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS

Collateralization of Deposits

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Categorization of Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$6,107,857.23, and a bank balance of \$6,483,050.01. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$500,000.00 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the School District's name were \$5,983,050.01.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances			Balances
	_	July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets,					
Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$	373,803.00 \$	- \$	- \$	373,803.00
Construction in Progress	_	10,736.98	22,529.54	33,266.52	<u> </u>
Total Capital Assets					
Not Being Depreciated	_	384,539.98	22,529.54	33,266.52	373,803.00
Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated					
Buildings and Improvements		28,888,602.70	318,038.78	-	29,206,641.48
Equipment		2,651,394.12	395,203.34	20,627.81	3,025,969.65
Land Improvements		1,650,855.04	572,015.99	44,704.92	2,178,166.11
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements		6,774,113.70	458,760.23	-	7,232,873.93
Equipment		1,627,405.19	160,894.10	20,317.19	1,767,982.10
Land Improvements	_	703,119.55	90,556.83	44,704.92	748,971.46
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated, Net	_	24,086,213.42	575,046.95	310.62	24,660,949.75
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets - Net	\$_	24,470,753.40 \$	597,576.49 \$	33,577.14 \$	25,034,752.75

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		Ş	\$	513,865.45
Support Services				
General Administration	\$	1,491.80		
School Administration		8,949.72		
Maintenance and Operations		89,236.97		
Student Transportation	_	72,565.03		172,243.52
School Nutrition				24,102.19
Total Depreciation Expense		\$	<u> </u>	710,211.16

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

			Gove	rnmental Activit	ries	
		Balance		5 1	Balance	Due Within
	_	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022	One Year
Financed Purchases	\$	43,882.09 \$	545,015.99 \$	215,130.63	\$ 373,767.45 \$	128,361.38

Obligations under Financed Purchases

The School District has acquired a phone system under the provisions of a long-term agreement classified as a financed purchase for accounting purposes because it provides for the transfer of ownership by the end of the payment schedule. Payments on the agreement are made from the School District's capital projects fund.

The School District's outstanding financed purchase liability from this agreement related to governmental activities is \$28,751.46. This agreement contains a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due and if the School District is unable to make payment the interest rate on the unpaid balance will be increased from 1.41% to 10.00% annually.

An agreement dated November 19, 2021 was executed between the School District and BciCapital, Inc. The agreement authorized the financing of \$545,015.99 for the purchase of an outdoor lighting system. Payments on the agreement are made from the School District's capital projects fund.

The School District's outstanding financed purchase liability from this agreement related to governmental activities is \$345,015.99. This agreement contains a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due and if the School District is unable to make payment, the equipment may be repossessed.

The following assets were acquired through financed purchases and are reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

		Governmental
	_	Activities
Equipment	\$	60,839.63
Land Improvements		545,015.99
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	27,293.14
	\$_	578,562.48

Debt currently outstanding associated with the financed purchase agreements are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding
Phone System	1.41%	1/15/2021	4/5/2024	\$	60,839.63	\$	28,751.46
Lighting System	1.75%	11/19/2021	11/19/2024	_	545,015.99	-	345,015.99
				\$	605,855.62	\$	373,767.45

The following is a schedule of total financed purchase payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal			Interest
2022		420 264 20		6 244 26
2023	\$	128,361.38	\$	6,344.26
2024		128,399.90		4,149.17
2025		117,006.17		2,047.63
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	373,767.45	\$_	12,541.06

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Workers' Compensation

Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2.0 million. The Trust covers the first \$1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 107% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

Unemployment Compensation

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The School District had no unemployment claims liability during the last two fiscal years.

Surety Bond

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount
Superintendent	\$ 100,000.00

NOTE 8: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2022:

Nonspendable		
Inventories	\$	8,320.92
Restricted		
Continuation of Federal Programs \$ 3	98,664.20	
Capital Projects 8	94,007.44	1,292,671.64
Assigned		
School Activity Accounts		172,061.39
Unassigned		5,068,036.49
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	6,541,090.44

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 9: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

NOTE 10: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$244,843.00 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$6,949,600.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.064165%, which was a decrease of 0.000850% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$77,286.00). At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB			
	-	Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
	_				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	3,173,165.00	
Changes of assumptions		1,272,579.00		567,083.00	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		11,020.00	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		286,995.00		274,860.00	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	244,843.00			
Total	\$	1,804,417.00	\$	4,026,128.00	

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	OPEB	
	·-	
2023	\$	(677,173.00)
2024	\$	(602,657.00)
2025	\$	(411,966.00)
2026	\$	(261,714.00)
2027	\$	(391,360.00)
Thereafter	\$	(121,684.00)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%					
Salary increases	3.00% - 8.75%, including inflation					
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment					
Healthcare cost trend rate	expense, and including inflation					
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.75%					
Medicare Eligible	5.13%					
Ultimate trend rate						
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%					
Medicare Eligible	4.50%					
Year of Ultimate trend rate						
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029					
Medicare Eligible	2023					

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for Males or Females, as appropriate, as follows:

- For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 105% for males and 108% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projections scaled applied

generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjust 106% for males and 158% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset	class	Target allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income		30.00%	0.14%
Equities		70.00%	9.20%
*Net of Inflation	Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 2.20% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 2.22%. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (2.16% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2145.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.20%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.20%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	_	(1.20%)	_	(2.20%)	_	(3.20%)	
School District's proportionate							
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	7,944,952.00	\$	6,949,600.00	\$	6,116,397.00	

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare						
	1% Decrease			Cost Trend Rate	_	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate								
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	5,897,005.00	\$	6,949,600.00	\$	8,265,427.00		

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 11: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and

compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2022. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 19.81% of annual School District payroll. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$1,099,627.00 from the School District.

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan Description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits Provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.50, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$20,436.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$3,540,298.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.040029%, which was a decrease of 0.000300% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2022, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$18,245.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized pension expense of (\$178,976.00) for TRS and \$192.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$192.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia.

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRS					
		Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
	_	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	844,828.00	\$	-		
Changes of assumptions		685,213.00		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		5,178,456.00		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		195,023.00		298,369.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,099,627.00				
Total	\$	2,824,691.00	\$	5,476,825.00		

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	TRS
		_
2023	\$	(815,870.00)
2024	\$	(683,388.00)
2025	\$	(966,736.00)
2026	\$	(1,285,767.00)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+	-) / Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates			
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below -						
	Median Annuitant	Male: +2;	Female: +2	Male: 101%;	Female: 103%		
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3;	Female: 0	Male: 103%;	Female: 106%		
Beneficiaries	General Below - Median						
	Contingent Survivors	Male: +2;	Female: +2	Male: 104%;	Female: 99%		

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*	
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.80)%	30.00%	(1.50)%	
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.30%	46.40%	9.20%	
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.30%	1.10%	13.40%	
International developed market stocks	11.50%	9.30%	11.70%	9.20%	
International emerging market stocks	6.00%	11.30%	5.80%	10.40%	
Alternative	5.00%	10.60%	5.00%	10.60%	
Total	100.00%		100.00%		

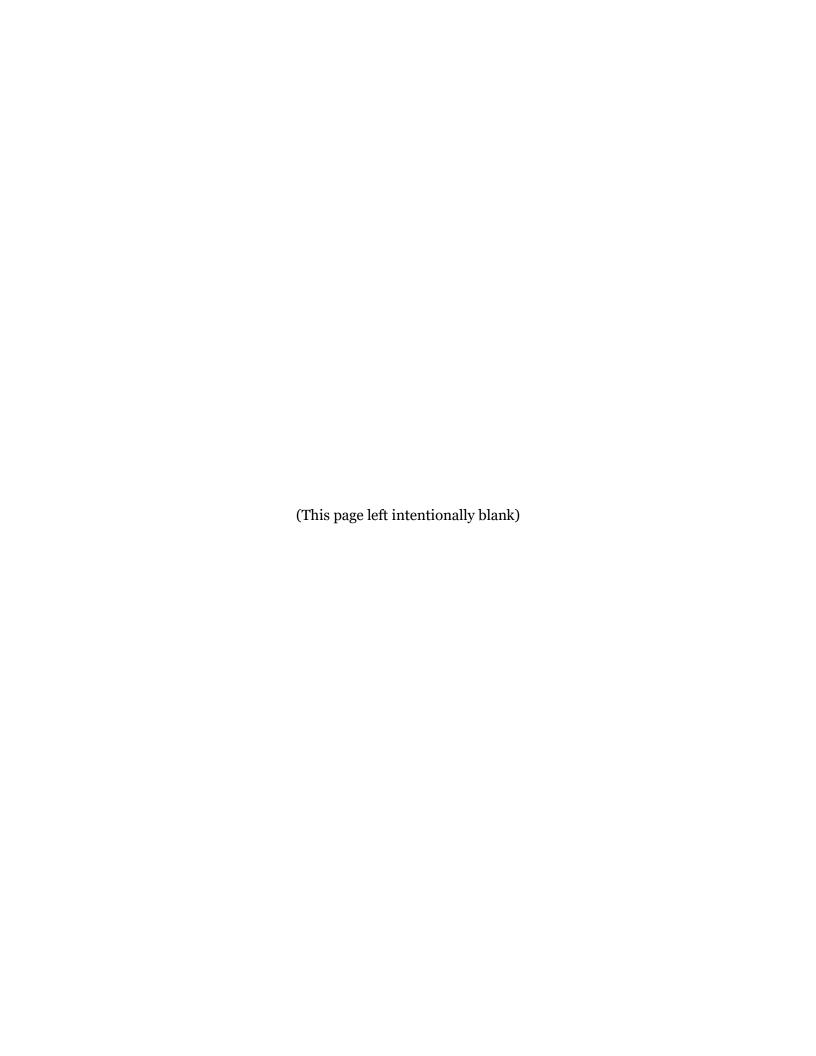
^{*} Rates shown are net of inflation

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	em: 1		_	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	_	1% Increase (8.25%)
School District's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	9,536,625.00	\$	3,540,298.00	\$	(1,373,278.00)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/financials.



MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	_	chool District's portionate share of the NPL	pro	ate of Georgia's portionate share of the NPL ociated with the School District			tionate share pro f the NPL coated with the School District's pe		1 "		School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2022	0.040029%	\$	3,540,298.00	\$	-	\$	3,540,298.00	\$	5,208,082.87	67.98%	92.03%		
2021	0.040329%	\$	9,769,262.00	\$	-	\$	9,769,262.00	\$	5,199,580.23	187.89%	77.01%		
2020	0.038518%	\$	8,282,412.00	\$	-	\$	8,282,412.00	\$	4,700,355.53	176.21%	78.56%		
2019	0.040022%	\$	7,428,940.00	\$	-	\$	7,428,940.00	\$	4,767,202.71	155.83%	80.27%		
2018	0.043313%	\$	8,049,854.00	\$	-	\$	8,049,854.00	\$	4,968,490.26	162.02%	79.33%		
2017	0.049081%	\$	10,125,958.00	\$	-	\$	10,125,958.00	\$	5,391,949.44	187.80%	76.06%		
2016	0.051468%	\$	7,835,492.00	\$	-	\$	7,835,492.00	\$	5,440,677.57	144.02%	81.44%		
2015	0.048024%	\$	6,067,199.00	\$	-	\$	6,067,199.00	\$	4,914,298.13	123.46%	84.03%		

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	Cor	ntractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Co	ontribution deficiency (excess)	Schoo	ol District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2022	\$	1,099,627.00	\$	1,099,627.00	\$	-	\$	5,550,865.89	19.81%
2021	\$	992,660.60	\$	992,660.60	\$	-	\$	5,208,082.87	19.06%
2020	\$	1,099,191.26	\$	1,099,191.26	\$	-	\$	5,199,580.23	21.14%
2019	\$	982,374.31	\$	982,374.31	\$	-	\$	4,700,355.53	20.90%
2018	\$	801,366.78	\$	801,366.78	\$	-	\$	4,767,202.71	16.81%
2017	\$	709,003.56	\$	709,003.56	\$	=	\$	4,967,490.26	14.27%
2016	\$	769,431.17	\$	769,431.17	\$	-	\$	5,391,949.44	14.27%
2015	\$	715,449.10	\$	715,449.10	\$	=	\$	5,440,677.57	13.15%
2014	\$	603,475.81	\$	603,475.81	\$	=	\$	4,914,298.13	12.28%
2013	\$	560,715.53	\$	560,715.53	\$	-	\$	4,914,246.54	11.41%

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	 chool District's portionate share of the NPL	propo the	ite of Georgia's ortionate share of NPL associated ith the School District	Total	 hool District's vered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2022	0.00%	\$ -	\$	18,245.00	\$ 18,245.00	\$ 273,233.24	N/A	98.00%
2021	0.00%	\$ -	\$	121,933.00	\$ 121,933.00	\$ 277,645.37	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$ -	\$	109,756.00	\$ 109,756.00	\$ 244,635.94	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$ -	\$	108,508.00	\$ 108,508.00	\$ 311,024.41	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$ -	\$	93,938.00	\$ 93,938.00	\$ 281,770.37	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$ -	\$	118,952.00	\$ 118,952.00	\$ 252,550.85	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$ -	\$	72,821.00	\$ 72,821.00	\$ 236,754.10	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$ -	\$	71,888.00	\$ 71,888.00	\$ 203,399.18	N/A	88.29%

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	_	chool District's portionate share of the NOL	proposition propos	of Georgia's ortionate of the NOL iated with	e DL h		School District's covered-employee payroll		School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2022	0.064165%	\$	6,949,600.00	\$	-	\$	6,949,600.00	\$	5,123,233.69	135.65%	6.14%
2021	0.065015%	\$	9,549,189.00	\$	-	\$	9,549,189.00	\$	4,946,992.45	193.03%	3.99%
2020	0.062190%	\$	7,632,047.00	\$	-	\$	7,632,047.00	\$	4,324,115.37	176.50%	4.63%
2019	0.062607%	\$	7,957,157.00	\$	-	\$	7,957,157.00	\$	4,305,983.11	184.79%	2.93%
2018	0.063517%	\$	8,924,113.00	\$	-	\$	8,924,113.00	\$	4,369,173.38	204.25%	1.61%

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30			 ibutions in relation to the ontractually required contribution	Con	tribution deficiency (excess)	-	chool District's vered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2022	\$	244,843.00	\$ 244,843.00	\$	-	\$	5,793,938.22	4.23%	
2021	\$	238,682.00	\$ 238,682.00	\$	-	\$	5,123,233.69	4.66%	
2020	\$	219,864.00	\$ 219,864.00	\$	-	\$	4,946,992.45	4.44%	
2019	\$	334,934.00	\$ 334,934.00	\$	-	\$	4,324,115.37	7.75%	
2018	\$	324,487.00	\$ 324,487.00	\$	-	\$	4,305,983.11	7.54%	
2017	\$	331,179.00	\$ 331,179.00	\$	-	\$	4,369,173.38	7.58%	

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Teachers Retirement System

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumption utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions:

June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees Retirement Systems experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement Systems experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect to Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		NONAPPROPRIAT	TED BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE OVER/UNDER	
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS		
DEVENHES						
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	2,820,000.00 \$	3,373,000.00 \$	3,425,863.99 \$	52,863.99	
Sales Taxes	ş	32,000.00	32,000.00	48,361.90	16,361.90	
State Funds		6,707,606.00		7,328,736.86		
Federal Funds		5,034,970.00	7,228,554.00 6,575,205.00	3,025,453.44	100,182.86 (3,549,751.56)	
Charges for Services		3,034,970.00	336,512.00	193,192.95	(143,319.05)	
Investment Earnings		5,300.00	8,800.00	9,254.48	454.48	
Miscellaneous		100,400.00		278,833.13	127,672.13	
Total Revenues			151,161.00			
Total Revenues	_	15,047,788.00	17,705,232.00	14,309,696.75	(3,395,535.25)	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		8,989,991.00	10,064,954.00	7,173,280.62	2,891,673.38	
Support Services						
Pupil Services		716,705.00	1,035,133.00	640,952.99	394,180.01	
Improvement of Instructional Services		770,266.00	994,418.00	720,464.69	273,953.31	
Educational Media Services		227,907.00	290,614.00	223,857.59	66,756.41	
General Administration		279,669.00	330,190.00	291,238.28	38,951.72	
School Administration		1,056,391.00	955,049.00	820,429.52	134,619.48	
Business Administration		163,668.00	234,901.00	137,337.53	97,563.47	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,053,330.00	1,525,279.00	1,054,081.82	471,197.18	
Student Transportation Services		754,704.00	1,281,543.00	827,540.18	454,002.82	
Central Support Services		368.00	151,125.00	27,991.64	123,133.36	
Other Support Services		14,279.00	15,201.00	10,506.88	4,694.12	
Enterprise Operations		-	=	250,491.92	(250,491.92)	
Food Services Operation		1,020,510.00	826,825.00	864,053.76	(37,228.76)	
Total Expenditures		15,047,788.00	17,705,232.00	13,042,227.42	4,663,004.58	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	1,267,469.33	1,267,469.33	
Fund Balances - Beginning		4,380,612.51	4,380,612.51	4,379,613.67	(998.84)	
Adjustments		(8,197.44)	123.48	<u> </u>	(123.48)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	4,372,415.07 \$	4,380,735.99 \$	5,647,083.00 \$	1,266,347.01	

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services	10.553	22504224811100 6	250 655 20
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1199 \$ 225GA324N1199	258,655.29 486,228.65
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1199 225GA324N1099	24,444.09
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	225GA324L1603	13,227.92
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			782,555.95
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services	10 500	225CA004N2522	740.14
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.560	225GA904N2533	749.14 783,305.09
Education, U. S. Department of			
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D200012	16,418.58
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D210012	42,984.40
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund Total Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	1,212,313.73 1,271,716.71
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A200073	18,579.00
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A210073	228,584.05
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A200081	4.00
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A210081	7,254.00
Total Special Education Cluster			254,421.05
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A210010	16,713.20
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A200011	2,992.00
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A200011	34,547.55
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358B210010	20,168.00
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A190011	3,444.38
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A190010	53.96
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A 84.010A	S010A200010 S010A210010-21A	14,766.19
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Other Programs	64.010A	3010A210010-21A	466,939.71 559,624.99
Total U. S. Department of Education			2,085,762.75
Health and Human Services, U. S. Department of			
Pass-Through From Bright From the Start			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	221OGACCDD	8,116.00
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	2,877,183.84

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Montgomery County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

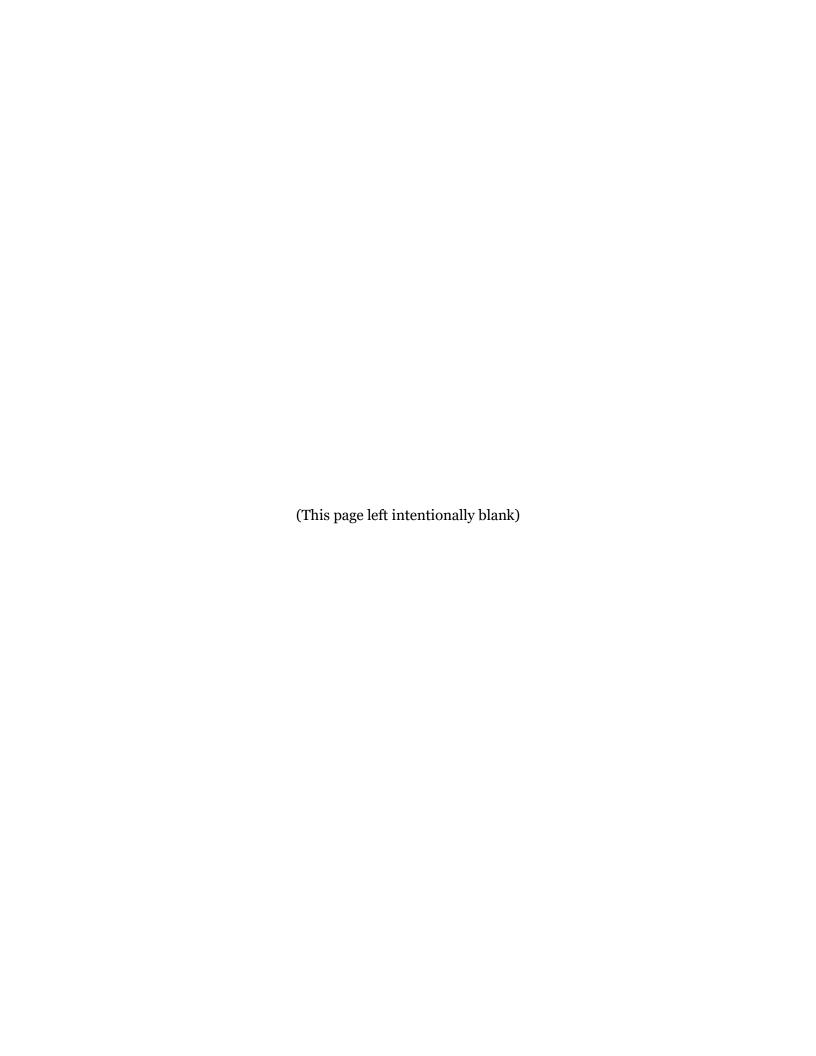
The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Activity

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount reflected on the Schedule for the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ALN 84.425D) includes \$998.84 of approved eligible expenditures that were incurred in a prior fiscal year.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	GOVERNMENT TYPE	
	GENER	AL
AGENCY/FUNDING	FUND)
GRANTS		
Bright From the Start:		
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning		
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 21	11,107.80
Education, Georgia Department of		
Quality Basic Education		
Direct Instructional Cost		
Kindergarten Program	23	39,315.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	14	17,256.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	46	66,469.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	31	1,819.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		3,739.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		15,448.00
Middle School (6-8) Program		19,200.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program		13,721.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		98,340.00
Students with Disabilities		52,735.00
Gifted Student - Category VI		50,108.00
Remedial Education Program		19,610.00
Alternative Education Program		16,607.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		88,061.00
Media Center Program		11,393.00
20 Days Additional Instruction		33,253.00
Staff and Professional Development	2	20,734.00 876.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development		876.00
Indirect Cost	27	75 470 00
Central Administration		75,478.00
School Administration		50,912.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations		37,922.00
Amended Formula Adjustment	3	35,509.00
Categorical Grants		
Pupil Transportation		
Regular		27,365.00
Nursing Services		15,000.00
Sparsity	16	58,342.00
Education Equalization Funding Grant	70	00,220.00
Other State Programs		
Food Services	4	12,879.00
Hygiene Products		579.50
Math and Science Supplements		7,923.98
One-Time Salary Supplement	22	24,538.00
Preschool Disability Services		8,031.58
Vocational Education	1	17,974.00
Vocational Supervisors		5,835.00
Office of the State Treasurer		
Public School Employees Retirement	2	20,436.00
	\$\$	28,736.86



MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PROJECT 2021 Referendum:	_	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
(i) For the purpose of making improvements and repairs to new and existing School District facilities;	\$	4,500,000.00	\$ 500,000.00	6/30/2026
(ii) For equipment purchases and repairs for use by students and School District staff;		-	750,000.00	6/30/2026
(iii) Purchase of textbooks and other curricular items that are eligible to be purchased by Georgia law through sales tax proceeds; and		_	250,000.00	6/30/2026
(iv) Acquisition, construction, and otherwise provision of school buildings and facilities and furnishings.	_	-	3,000,000.00	6/30/2026
Total	\$	4,500,000.00	\$ 4,500,000.00	

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PROJECT 2021 Referendum:	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	 TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
(i) For the purpose of making improvements and repairs to new and existing School District facilities;	\$	70,658.22 \$; -	\$ - !	\$ -
(ii) For equipment purchases and repairs for use by students and School District staff;		325,468.42	-	-	-
(iii) Purchase of textbooks and other curricular items that are eligible to be purchased by Georgia law through sales tax proceeds; and		-	-	-	-
(iv) Acquisition, construction, and otherwise provision of school buildings and facilities and furnishings.	_	448,971.53		 <u>-</u>	
Total	\$	845,098.17 \$; <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

⁽²⁾ The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

⁽³⁾ The voters of Montgomery County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.

Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Stanley Rentz, Superintendent and Members of the
Montgomery County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Montgomery County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lliff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

November 27, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Stanley Rentz, Superintendent and Members of the
Montgomery County Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Montgomery County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance

requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

November 27, 2023

Section III Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2021-001 Strengthen Internal Controls over Expenditures

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

During fiscal year 2023, Management conducted technical assistance meetings with the Finance Department and Federal Programs Administrators to develop revised purchasing policies and procedures over federal awards. Training on the revised policies and procedures is being conducted with relevant staff throughout the School District and all corrective actions are expected to be fully implemented during fiscal year 2024.

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

MONTGOMERY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Ī SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities and Each Major Fund Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted: No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified? No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified All major programs

No

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

<u>Assistance Listing Number</u> <u>Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title</u>

Child Nutrition Cluster 10.553, 10.555, 10.582

84.425 **Education Stabilization Fund**

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.