

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT · FISCAL YEAR 2022

# Calhoun County Board of Education Morgan, Georgia

Including Independent Auditor's Report



## Calhoun County Board of Education

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Section I

Financial



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Michael Ward, Superintendent and Members of the
Calhoun County Board of Education

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Calhoun County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of

financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Huff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 15, 2023



#### CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	GOVERNMENTAL
	ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,901,461.54
Investments	50,768.58
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Taxes	164,065.35
State Government	520,452.50
Federal Government	320,207.24
Other	2,000.00
Inventories	5,418.64
Prepaid Items	21,875.00
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	1,568,278.88
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	26,994,641.34
Total Assets	35,549,169.07
DEFENDED CUTFLOWS OF DESCUREES	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	1 640 454 07
	1,640,454.07
Related to OPEB Plan	1,149,439.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,789,893.07
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	122,314.96
Salaries and Benefits Payable	691,896.26
Interest Payable	46,618.75
Deposits and Unearned Revenues	73,812.13
Net Pension Liability	2,210,464.00
Net OPEB Liability	4,273,520.00
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	218,979.88
Due in More Than One Year	5,311,382.78
Total Liabilities	12,948,988.76
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	3,728,824.00
Related to OPEB Plan	3,289,419.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,018,243.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	23,028,407.56
Restricted for	23,026,407.30
Continuation of Federal Programs	210,634.89
Debt Service	210,634.89 291,287.50
Capital Projects	1,951,067.00
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(7,109,566.57)
Total Net Position	\$ 18,371,830.38

## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			NET (EXPENSES)								
	EVDENICES	CHARGES FOR	OPERATING GRANTS AND	CAPITAL GRANTS AND	REVENUES AND CHANGES IN						
	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	NET POSITION						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES											
Instruction	\$ 4,009,459.00	\$ -	\$ 3,478,708.47 \$	1,689,646.74 \$	1,158,896.21						
Support Services											
Pupil Services	316,768.90	-	191,585.63	-	(125,183.27)						
Improvement of Instructional Services	801,422.68	-	544,408.80	-	(257,013.88)						
Educational Media Services	123,562.17	-	67,750.06	12,964.65	(42,847.46)						
General Administration	416,275.53	-	391,161.97	-	(25,113.56)						
School Administration	616,913.62	-	400,487.70	-	(216,425.92)						
Business Administration	295,358.04	-	70,663.76	9,884.59	(214,809.69)						
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	641,692.09	-	132,214.84	3,459.89	(506,017.36)						
Student Transportation Services	637,277.64	-	235,590.53	210,072.69	(191,614.42)						
Central Support Services	75,534.60	-	6,562.51	-	(68,972.09)						
Other Support Services	59,490.63	-	3,131.47	4,375.65	(51,983.51)						
Operations of Non-Instructional Services					, , ,						
Enterprise Operations	191,710.20	79,261.00	-	-	(112,449.20)						
Food Services	397,114.41	4,201.00	499,953.60	44,132.49	151,172.68						
Interest on Long-Term Debt	184,525.00		-	<u> </u>	(184,525.00)						
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 8,767,104.51	\$ 83,462.00	\$ 6,022,219.34	1,974,536.70	(686,886.47)						
	General Revenues										
	Taxes										
	Property Taxe	S									
		nance and Operations			3,143,762.83						
	Railroad Ca				43,684.98						
	Sales Taxes				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
		pose Local Option Sales	Гах								
	For Debt Services										
	For C	apital Projects			320,071.42						
	Other Sales	s Tax			26,286.85						
	Grants and Contr	ributions not Restricted to	o Specific Programs		29,805.00						
	Investment Earni	ings			10,757.12						
	Miscellaneous				350,656.78						
	Special Item										
	Proceeds on Sale	of Capital Assets			12,147.50						
		eneral Revenues and Spec	cial Item		4,120,346.76						
	Change	in Net Position			3,433,460.29						
	Net Position - Be	ginning of Year			14,938,370.09						
	Net Position - En	d of Year		\$	18,371,830.38						

## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	_	GENERAL FUND	. <u>.</u>	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	· <u>-</u>	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,700,546.59	\$	1,999,856.84	\$	201,058.11 \$	
Investments		50,768.58		-		-	50,768.58
Accounts Receivable, Net							
State Government		122,625.80		41,439.55		-	164,065.35
Federal Government		520,452.50		-		-	520,452.50
Local		320,207.24		-		-	320,207.24
Other		2,000.00		-		-	2,000.00
Inventories		5,418.64		-		-	5,418.64
Prepaid Items	_	21,875.00	-	-	_	-	21,875.00
Total Assets	\$	4,743,894.35	\$	2,041,296.39	\$	201,058.11 \$	6,986,248.85
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts Payable	\$	122,314.96	\$	-	\$	- \$	122,314.96
Salaries and Benefits Payable		691,896.26		-		-	691,896.26
Deposits and Unearned Revenues		73,812.13		-		-	73,812.13
Total Liabilities		888,023.35	_	-	_	-	888,023.35
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		319.79		-		-	319.79
Unavailable Revenue - Grants		94,788.37		-		-	94,788.37
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	95,108.16	_	-	_	-	95,108.16
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		27,293.64		-		-	27,293.64
Restricted		205,216.25		2,041,296.39		201,058.11	2,447,570.75
Assigned		58,774.43		-		-	58,774.43
Unassigned		3,469,478.52	_	-		-	3,469,478.52
Total Fund Balances		3,760,762.84	_	2,041,296.39	_	201,058.11	6,003,117.34
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,743,894.35	\$	2,041,296.39	\$	201,058.11 \$	6,986,248.85

## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")	\$	6,003,117.34
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are		
different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 1,568,278.88	
Buildings and improvements	31,080,076.97	
Equipment	3,025,848.88	
Land improvements	809,768.62	
Accumulated depreciation	 (7,921,053.13)	28,562,920.22
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability	\$ (2,210,464.00)	
Net OPEB liability	 (4,273,520.00)	(6,483,984.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions	\$ (2,088,369.93)	
Related to OPEB	 (2,139,980.00)	(4,228,349.93)
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		319.79
Federal grants that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		94,788.37
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable	\$ (5,165,000.00)	
Accrued interest payable	(46,618.75)	
Unamortized bond premium	 (365,362.66)	(5,576,981.41)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	\$	18,371,830.38

## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Property Taxes	\$	3,200,069.78 \$	- \$	- \$	3,200,069.78
Sales Taxes		26,286.85	320,071.42	183,174.28	529,532.55
State Funds		4,116,683.31	1,981,383.33	-	6,098,066.64
Federal Funds		2,179,768.55	-	-	2,179,768.55
Charges for Services		83,462.00	-	-	83,462.00
Investment Earnings		9,058.72	1,698.40	-	10,757.12
Miscellaneous		350,656.78	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	350,656.78
Total Revenues		9,965,985.99	2,303,153.15	183,174.28	12,452,313.42
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		4,224,262.03	37,280.00	-	4,261,542.03
Support Services					
Pupil Services		354,227.15	-	-	354,227.15
Improvement of Instructional Services		859,582.32	-	-	859,582.32
Educational Media Services		130,590.65	-	-	130,590.65
General Administration		445,212.58	-	-	445,212.58
School Administration		712,894.00	38,420.31	-	751,314.31
Business Administration		371,039.82	2,075.00	-	373,114.82
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		656,209.03	23,965.00	-	680,174.03
Student Transportation Services		798,145.45	108,770.00	-	906,915.45
Central Support Services		75,534.60	-	-	75,534.60
Other Support Services		84,917.75	-	-	84,917.75
Enterprise Operations		191,710.20	-	-	191,710.20
Food Services Operation		396,538.94	-	-	396,538.94
Capital Outlay		-	373,872.44	-	373,872.44
Debt Services					
Principal		-	-	195,000.00	195,000.00
Interest	_	<u> </u>	-	184,525.00	184,525.00
Total Expenditures		9,300,864.52	584,382.75	379,525.00	10,264,772.27
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		665,121.47	1,718,770.40	(196,350.72)	2,187,541.15
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Sale of Capital Assets		12,147.50	-	-	12,147.50
Net Change in Fund Balances		677,268.97	1,718,770.40	(196,350.72)	2,199,688.65
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	3,083,493.87	322,525.99	397,408.83	3,803,428.69
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	3,760,762.84 \$	2,041,296.39 \$	201,058.11 \$	6,003,117.34

# CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")			\$	2,199,688.65
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are				
different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,				
in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over				
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.				
Capital outlay	\$	747,519.46		
Depreciation expense	_	(783,244.65)		(35,725.19)
	-			
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current				
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				(12,621.97)
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission grants reported in the funds				
are not reported as revenue in the Statement of Activities during the				
current period.				(258,343.63)
Federal grants that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are				
deferred in the funds.				34,016.48
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to				
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt				
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither				
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds				
report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the				
carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when				
debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement				
of Activities.		40.070.00		
Amortization of bond premium	\$	18,979.88		242.070.00
Bond principal retirements	-	195,000.00		213,979.88
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the				
governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred				
outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported				
net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date.				
Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability				
adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related				
to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.				
Pension expense	\$	886,110.07		
OPEB expense	Ą	406,356.00		1,292,466.07
2. 25 SAPETION	-	.00,330.00	_	2,232,400.07
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")			Ś	3,433,460.29
			<b>–</b>	5, .55, 400.25



#### NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Calhoun County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

#### Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
  management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general longterm principal and interest.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In fiscal year 2022, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the School District's financial statements.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

#### Investments

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

#### **Inventories**

#### Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

## **Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

### **Capital Assets**

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	 Policy	Useful Life
Land	\$ 10,000.00	N/A
Land Improvements	\$ 10,000.00	50 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 10,000.00	50 years - remaining useful life
Equipment	\$ 10,000.00	5 to 25 years
Intangible Assets	\$ 100,000.00	10 to 15 years

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

## Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## **Property Taxes**

The Calhoun County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2021 tax digest year (calendar year) on August 15, 2021 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2021. Taxes were due on December 20, 2021 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2021 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2022. The Calhoun County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.50% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$2,954,959.62.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2021 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 19.551 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$201,425.18 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Sales Taxes

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$503,245.70 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

#### **NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA**

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

#### **NOTE 4: DEPOSITS**

#### Collateralization of Deposits

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

#### **Categorization of Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$5,952,230.12, and a bank balance of \$6,486,864.53. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$811,677.56 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$5,550,137.88.

At June 30, 2022, \$125,049.09 of the School District's bank balances was in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP).

The School District participates in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. The Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST) sets the collateral

requirements and pledging level for each covered depository. There are four tiers of collateralization levels specifying percentages of eligible securities to secure covered deposits: 25%, 50%, 75%, and 110%. The SDP also provides for collateral levels to be increased in the amount of up to 125% if economic or financial conditions warrants. The program lists the types of eligible criteria. The OST approves authorized custodians.

In accordance with the SDP, if a covered depository defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the covered depository collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments made against the other participating covered depositories. Therefore, for disclosure purposes, all deposits of the SDP are considered to be fully collateralized.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents		
Statement of Net Position	\$	5,901,461.54
Add:		
Deposits with original maturity of three months		
or more reported as investments	_	50,768.58
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2022	\$_	5,952,230.12

## **NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	Balances July 1, 2021	_	Increases	Decreases		Balances June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities						_
Capital Assets,						
Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	1,568,278.88	\$_	-	\$ -	\$_	1,568,278.88
Capital Assets,						
Being Depreciated						
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	30,996,236.51		83,840.46	-		31,080,076.97
Equipment	2,700,694.14		415,255.00	90,100.26		3,025,848.88
Land Improvements	561,344.62		248,424.00	-		809,768.62
Less Accumulated						
Depreciation						
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	5,285,437.96		617,813.20	-		5,903,251.16
Equipment	1,603,191.75		151,720.35	90,100.26		1,664,811.84
Land Improvements	339,279.03		13,711.10	 _		352,990.13
Total Capital Assets,						
Being Depreciated, Net	27,030,366.53		(35,725.19)	 -		26,994,641.34
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets - Net	\$ 28,598,645.41	\$	(35,725.19)	\$ -	\$	28,562,920.22

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$ 668,570.33
Support Services		
Educational Media Services	\$ 5,333.23	
<b>Business Administration</b>	4,066.20	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,188.40	
Student Transportation Services	84,131.83	
Community Services	 1,800.00	96,519.66
Food Services	_	 18,154.66
		\$ 783,244.65

#### **NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities										
	_	Balance July 1, 2021	_	Additions		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year				
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds Unamortized Bond Premium	\$ -	5,360,000.00 384,342.54	\$ -	-	\$	195,000.00 \$ 18,979.88	5,165,000.00 \$ 365,362.66	200,000.00				
	\$_	5,744,342.54	\$	_	\$	213,979.88 \$	5,530,362.66 \$	218,979.88				

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2022. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds from the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount	
Description	Rates	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding	
General Government - Series 2017	2.0% - 4.0%	9/27/2017	10/1/2041 \$	5,550,000.00	\$ 5,165,000.00	

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

		General Ob		Unamortized		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal		Interest		Bond Premium
2023	\$	200,000.00	\$	179,575.00	\$	18,979.88
2024		205,000.00		174,012.50		18,979.88
2025		205,000.00		168,887.50		18,979.88
2026		210,000.00		163,700.00		18,979.88
2027		215,000.00		157,850.00		18,979.88
2028 - 2032		1,180,000.00		685,212.50		94,899.40
2033 - 2037		1,360,000.00		457,400.00		94,899.40
2038 - 2042		1,590,000.00		163,200.00		80,664.46
			_			
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	5,165,000.00	\$_	2,149,837.50	\$	365,362.66

#### **NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

### Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

#### Workers' Compensation

#### Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2.0 million. The Trust covers the first \$1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 107% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

### **Unemployment Compensation**

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

		Beginning		Claims and				
		of Year		Changes in		Claims		End of Year
		Liability		Estimates		Paid		Liability
	_	_	-		-	_		_
2021	\$	-	\$	4,848.50	\$	4,848.50	\$	-
2022	\$	-	\$	601.45	\$	601.45	\$	-

### **Surety Bond**

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	_	Amount
	_	
Superintendent	\$	50.000.00

#### NOTE 8: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2022:

Nonspendable				
Inventories	\$	5,418.64		
Prepaid Assets	_	21,875.00	\$	27,293.64
Restricted				
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$	205,216.25		
Capital Projects		1,951,067.00		
Debt Service	_	291,287.50	_	2,447,570.75
Assigned				
School Activity Accounts				58,774.43
Unassigned			_	3,469,478.52
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022			\$_	6,003,117.34

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain a committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 7% of expenditures, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year, in compliance with O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(a)5. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

#### NOTE 9: BROADBAND SPECTRUM AGREEMENT

Effective April 27, 2016, the School District entered into a 5-year agreement with Sprint Corporation for the use of excess spectrum capacity on Education Broadband Service licenses currently held by School District. The agreement will automatically renew for up to five additional terms of five years each, for a

maximum duration of 30 years. These licenses were granted to the School District by the Federal Communications Commission. The agreement requires monthly payments over the term of the agreement, of which \$24,000.00 was recognized during fiscal year 2022 as a general revenue on the Statement of Activities.

#### NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

## Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

#### NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

**Plan Description:** Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

**Contributions:** As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$143,639.00 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$4,273,520.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.039457%, which was an increase of 0.001756% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$262,717.00). At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB				
		Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
	_	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,951,275.00		
Changes of assumptions		782,547.00		348,716.00		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		6,776.00		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		223,253.00		982,652.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	143,639.00				
Total	\$	1,149,439.00	\$	3,289,419.00		

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	OPEB					
2023	\$	(631,608.00)				
2024	\$	(599,087.00)				
2025	\$	(484,812.00)				
2026	\$	(290,514.00)				
2027	\$	(217,093.00)				
Thereafter	\$	(60,505.00)				

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

#### **OPEB:**

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% - 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.75%
Medicare Eligible	5.13%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029
Medicare Eligible	2023

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for Males or Females, as appropriate, as follows:

• For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and

adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

• For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 105% for males and 108% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projections scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjust 106% for males and 158% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation with changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			
Fixed income	30.00%	0.14%			
Equities	70.00%	9.20%			
Total	100.00%				

<sup>\*</sup>Net of Inflation

**Discount Rate:** In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 2.20% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 2.22%. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (2.16% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2145.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.20%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.20%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
	_	(1.20%)	(2.20%)	_	(3.20%)
School District's proportionate					
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	4,885,591.00	\$ 4,273,520.00	\$	3,761,158.00

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare					
	1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase		
School District's proportionate							
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	3,626,247.00	\$	4,273,520.00	\$	5,082,661.00	

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

#### **NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS**

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

## Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

**Plan Description:** All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

**Contributions:** Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2022. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 19.81% of annual School District payroll. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$685,139.07 from the School District.

### **Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)**

**Plan Description:** PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ers.ga.gov/financials">www.ers.ga.gov/financials</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.50, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

**Contributions:** The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$17,770.00.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$2,210,464.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.024993%, which was a decrease of 0.000900% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2022, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$15,964.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized pension expense of (\$211,441.00) for TRS and \$168.00 for PSERS and revenue of (\$9,345.00) for TRS and \$168.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			TRS	
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	527,487.00	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		427,828.00		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		3,233,285.00
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		495,539.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	685,139.07	. <u>-</u>	
Total	\$	1,640,454.07	\$	3,728,824.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	TRS			
2023	\$	(633,089.00)			
2024	\$	(581,450.00)			
2025	\$	(734,848.00)			
2026	\$	(824,122.00)			

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

#### Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

#### Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below- Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female: 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.80)%	30.00%	(1.50)%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.30%	46.40%	9.20%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.30%	1.10%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	11.50%	9.30%	11.70%	9.20%
International emerging market stocks	6.00%	11.30%	5.80%	10.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.60%	5.00%	10.60%
Total	100.00%		100.00%	

\* Rates shown are net of inflation

**Discount Rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	 (6.25%)	_	(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
School District's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$ 5,954,405.00	\$	2,210,464.00	\$	(857,437.00)	

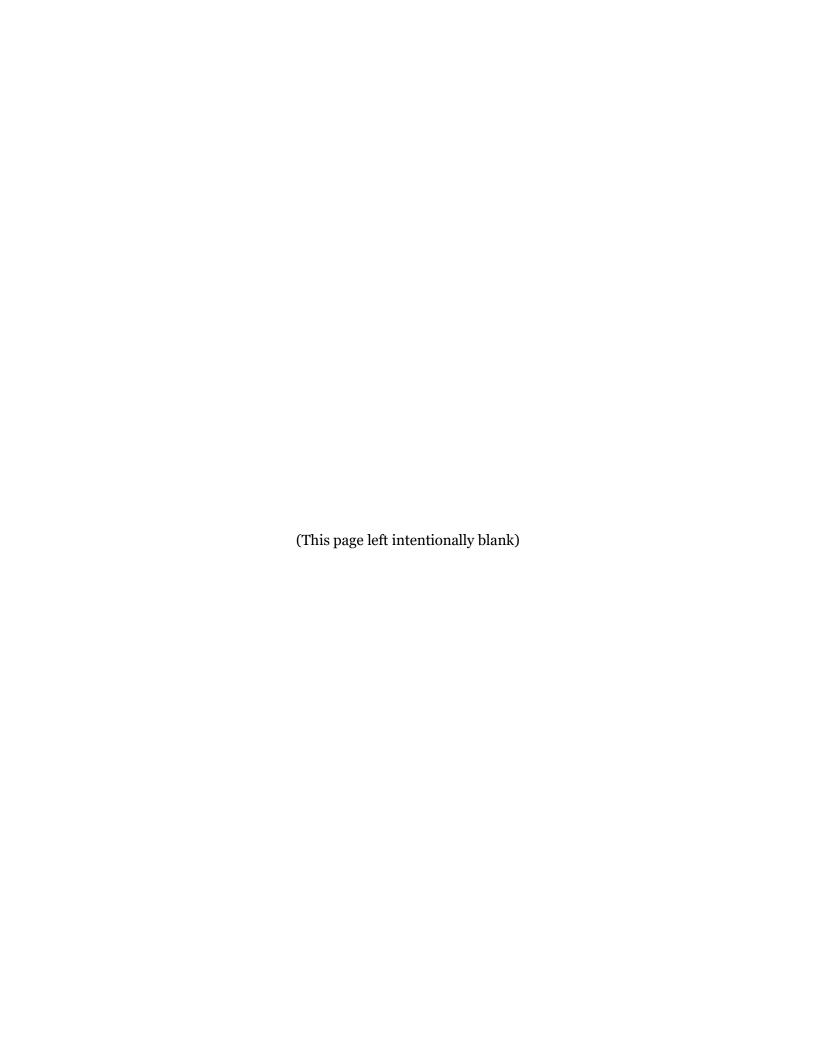
**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a> and <a href="https://www.ers.ga.gov/financials">http://www.ers.ga.gov/financials</a>.

#### **NOTE 13: SPECIAL ITEM**

The School District sold three fully depreciated vehicles for a total of \$12,147.50. This is reported as a special item on Exhibit B of this report.

#### **NOTE 14: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On November 8, 2022, voters authorized the School District to reimpose a special one percent sales and use tax for the purpose of paying principal and interest due on Calhoun County School District's 2017 general obligation bond series a maximum amount of \$11,900,000.00.



# CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	 chool District's portionate share of the NPL	prop of the	te of Georgia's ortionate share PNPL associated th the School District	Total		:hool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2022	0.024993%	\$ 2,210,464.00	\$	-	\$ 2,210,464.00	\$	3,257,754.74	67.85%	92.03%
2021	0.025893%	\$ 6,272,298.00	\$	-	\$ 6,272,298.00	\$	3,342,703.14	187.64%	77.01%
2020	0.028372%	\$ 6,100,747.00	\$	-	\$ 6,100,747.00	\$	3,462,498.19	176.19%	78.56%
2019	0.028839%	\$ 5,353,136.00	\$	11,137.00	\$ 5,364,273.00	\$	3,442,038.56	155.52%	80.27%
2018	0.030010%	\$ 5,577,451.00	\$	47,393.00	\$ 5,624,844.00	\$	3,484,595.18	160.06%	79.33%
2017	0.032579%	\$ 6,721,411.00	\$	55,085.00	\$ 6,776,496.00	\$	3,599,986.75	186.71%	76.06%
2016	0.337830%	\$ 5,143,126.00	\$	42,170.00	\$ 5,185,296.00	\$	3,595,214.92	143.05%	81.44%
2015	0.034414%	\$ 4,347,755.00	\$	35,880.00	\$ 4,383,635.00	\$	3,527,185.21	123.26%	84.03%

# CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30			utions in relation to the atractually required contribution	ution deficiency (excess)	Schoo	District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2022	\$	685,139.07	\$ 685,139.07	\$ -	\$	3,458,548.93	19.81%	
2021	\$	620,928.00	\$ 620,928.00	\$ -	\$	3,257,754.74	19.06%	
2020	\$	706,647.00	\$ 706,647.00	\$ -	\$	3,342,703.14	21.14%	
2019	\$	723,662.00	\$ 723,662.00	\$ -	\$	3,462,498.19	20.90%	
2018	\$	577,411.00	\$ 577,411.00	\$ -	\$	3,442,038.56	16.78%	
2017	\$	493,075.73	\$ 493,075.73	\$ -	\$	3,484,595.18	14.15%	
2016	\$	509,542.10	\$ 509,542.10	\$ -	\$	3,599,986.75	14.15%	
2015	\$	468,922.36	\$ 468,922.36	\$ -	\$	3,595,214.92	13.04%	

# CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	hool District's portionate share of the NPL	propo the	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the School District		Total	hool District's vered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2022	0.00%	\$ -	\$	15,964.00	\$	15,964.00	\$ 287,970.10	N/A	98.00%	
2021	0.00%	\$ -	\$	101,610.00	\$	101,610.00	\$ 300,500.91	N/A	84.45%	
2020	0.00%	\$ -	\$	95,440.00	\$	95,440.00	\$ 284,007.03	N/A	85.02%	
2019	0.00%	\$ -	\$	108,508.00	\$	108,508.00	\$ 280,308.84	N/A	85.26%	
2018	0.00%	\$ -	\$	98,022.00	\$	98,022.00	\$ 262,459.48	N/A	85.69%	
2017	0.00%	\$ -	\$	124,359.00	\$	124,359.00	\$ 353,073.39	N/A	81.00%	
2016	0.00%	\$ -	\$	79,756.00	\$	79,756.00	\$ 320,811.30	N/A	87.00%	
2015	0.00%	\$ -	\$	71,888.00	\$	71,888.00	\$ 290,522.39	N/A	88.29%	

# CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	-	chool District's portionate share of the NOL	propor of associa	of Georgia's tionate share the NOL ated with the pol District	Total		School District's covered-employee otal payroll		School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2022	0.039457%	\$	4,273,520.00	\$	-	\$	4,273,520.00	\$	2,682,616.21	159.30%	6.14%
2021	0.037701%	\$	5,537,399.00	\$	-	\$	5,537,399.00	\$	2,894,151.38	191.33%	3.99%
2020	0.040410%	\$	4,959,174.00	\$	-	\$	4,959,174.00	\$	2,871,548.78	172.70%	4.63%
2019	0.047766%	\$	6,070,912.00	\$	-	\$	6,070,912.00	\$	3,173,758.79	191.28%	2.93%
2018	0.049606%	\$	6,969,623.00	\$	-	\$	6,969,623.00	\$	3,230,294.65	215.76%	1.61%

#### CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	Contractually required contribution		ributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)		School District's covered-employee payroll		Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2022	\$	143,639.00	\$ 143,639.00	\$	-	\$	3,404,742.70	4.22%	
2021	\$	146,775.00	\$ 146,775.00	\$	-	\$	2,682,616.21	5.47%	
2020	\$	127,497.00	\$ 127,497.00	\$	-	\$	2,894,151.38	4.41%	
2019	\$	217,635.00	\$ 217,635.00	\$	-	\$	2,871,548.78	7.58%	
2018	\$	247,565.00	\$ 247,565.00	\$	-	\$	3,173,758.79	7.80%	

## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Teachers Retirement System**

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

#### Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to economic and demographic assumption utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updated to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

#### School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

#### Changes in assumptions:

June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees Retirement Systems experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement Systems experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect to Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

# CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		NONAPPROPRI	IATED BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE OVER/UNDER	
		ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS		
	<u> </u>				_	
<u>REVENUES</u>						
Property Taxes	\$	2,468,220.00	\$ 2,468,220.00 \$	3,200,069.78 \$	731,849.78	
Sales Taxes		-	-	26,286.85	26,286.85	
State Funds		3,476,898.00	3,977,016.15	4,116,683.31	139,667.16	
Federal Funds		-	4,728,269.64	2,179,768.55	(2,548,501.09)	
Charges for Services		-	1,215.09	83,462.00	82,246.91	
Investment Earnings		11,000.00	11,634.91	9,058.72	(2,576.19)	
Miscellaneous		30,000.00	37,391.74	350,656.78	313,265.04	
Total Revenues	_	5,986,118.00	11,223,747.53	9,965,985.99	(1,257,761.54)	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Current						
Instruction		104,752.85	5,376,576.44	4,224,262.03	1,152,314.41	
Support Services						
Pupil Services		-	476,836.27	354,227.15	122,609.12	
Improvement of Instructional Services		30,000.00	1,335,197.94	859,582.32	475,615.62	
Educational Media Services		150,784.06	146,242.69	130,590.65	15,652.04	
General Administration		-	441,126.26	445,212.58	(4,086.32)	
School Administration		-	607,435.30	712,894.00	(105,458.70)	
<b>Business Administration</b>		-	593,605.93	371,039.82	222,566.11	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		28,998.00	662,481.38	656,209.03	6,272.35	
Student Transportation Services		294,230.00	710,759.69	798,145.45	(87,385.76)	
Central Support Services		-	75,281.53	75,534.60	(253.07)	
Other Support Services		-	143,683.83	84,917.75	58,766.08	
Enterprise Operations		-	-	191,710.20	(191,710.20)	
Food Services Operation		-	527,757.94	396,538.94	131,219.00	
Capital Outlay		-	90,000.00	-	90,000.00	
Total Expenditures		608,764.91	11,186,985.20	9,300,864.52	1,886,120.68	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		5,377,353.09	36,762.33	665,121.47	628,359.14	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)						
Other Sources		-	123,094.00	-	(123,094.00)	
Sale of Capital Assets		-	-	12,147.50	12,147.50	
Other Uses		-	(123,094.00)	-	123,094.00	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		12,147.50	12,147.50	
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,377,353.09	36,762.33	677,268.97	640,506.64	
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,172,973.75	3,172,973.75	3,083,493.87	(89,479.88)	
	•	0.550.000	A 222 1	0.700.700.01	F=- 200 =-	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	8,550,326.84	\$ 3,209,736.08 \$	3,760,762.84 \$	551,026.76	

#### Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

 $The actual \ revenues \ and \ expenditures \ of \ the \ various \ principal \ accounts \ are \ \$223,043.68 \ and \ \$191,710.20, \ respectively.$ 

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts.

## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	225GA324N1199 \$	109,775.68
National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1199	178,936.57
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	67,508.86
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			356,221.11
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	205GA904N2533	1,157.48
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture		•	357,378.59
Education, U. S. Department of Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education	94 4350	C42FD200012	45 416 60
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D200012	45,416.69
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D210012	694,266.44
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	51,262.05
Total Education Stabilization Fund	84.4230	34230210012	790,945.18
Total Education Stabilization Fund		•	730,343.10
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A200073	8,111.65
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A210073	142,438.60
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Grants to States	84.027X	H027X210073	26,603.00
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A210081	10,038.00
Total Special Education Cluster			187,191.25
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A210010	13,559.00
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358B200010	975.00
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358B210010	11,604.09
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A210011	26,740.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A200001	46,178.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A210001	68,192.17
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A200010	24,066.62
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A210010-21A	430,847.62
Total Other Programs			622,162.50
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,600,298.93
Federal Communications Commission, US.			
Direct			
COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009		80,730.00

## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	 EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Health and Human Services, U. S. Department of Pass-Through From Bright From the Start			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	17175GA368N1099	23,898.31
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	2110GACCC5	4,058.00
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			27,956.31
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,066,363.83

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Calhoun County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

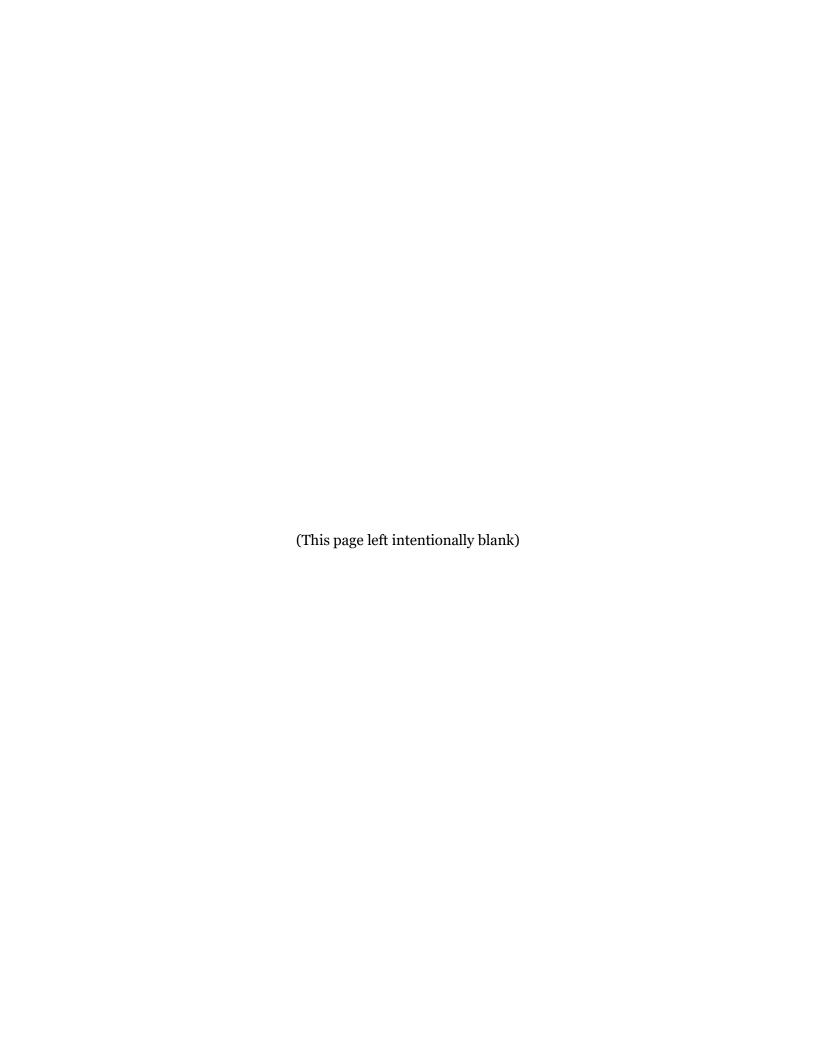
#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				
		GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS			
ENCY/FUNDING		FUND	FUND	TOTAL		
GRANTS						
Bright From the Start:						
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning						
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	96,516.33 \$	- \$	96,516.		
Education, Georgia Department of						
Quality Basic Education						
Direct Instructional Cost						
Kindergarten Program		130,537.00	-	130,537		
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		4,341.00	-	4,341.		
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		222,488.00	-	222,488		
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		103,650.00	-	103,650		
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		97,439.00	-	97,439		
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		198,210.00	_	198,210.		
Middle School (6-8) Program		292,862.00	_	292,862		
High School General Education (9-12) Program		349,923.00	_	349,923		
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		124,906.00	_	124,906		
Students with Disabilities		393,719.00		393,719		
Remedial Education Program			-	176,474		
-		176,474.00	-			
Alternative Education Program		28,278.00	-	28,278		
Media Center Program		53,328.00	-	53,328		
20 Days Additional Instruction		18,207.00	-	18,207		
Staff and Professional Development		9,293.00	-	9,293		
Principal Staff and Professional Development		841.00	-	841		
Indirect Cost						
Central Administration		314,454.00	-	314,454		
School Administration		303,266.00	-	303,266		
Facility Maintenance and Operations		112,210.00	-	112,210		
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless		83,447.00	-	83,447		
Amended Formula Adjustment		137,216.00	-	137,216		
Categorical Grants						
Pupil Transportation						
Regular		174,008.99	-	174,008		
Nursing Services		45,000.00	-	45,000		
Sparsity		302,816.00	-	302,816		
Education Equalization Funding Grant		29,805.00	-	29,805		
Other State Programs						
Agriculture Construction Related Equipment - State Bonds		107,800.00	-	107,800		
Food Services		21,949.00	-	21,949		
Hygiene Products		204.00	-	204		
Math and Science Supplements		1,603.99	-	1,603		
Preschool Disability Services		2,855.00	-	2,855		
Vocational Education		17,569.00	-	17,569		
Vocational Construction Related Equipment-State Bonds		143,697.00	-	143,697		
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission		,		-,		
Reimbursement on Construction Projects		-	1,981,383.33	1,981,383		
Office of the State Treasurer			_,_ 02,000.00	1,501,500		
Public School Employees Retirement		17,770.00	<u> </u>	17,770		
		4,116,683.31 \$	1,981,383.33 \$	6,098,066		



## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED	CURRENT ESTIMATED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION
PROJECT	COST (1)	COSTS (2)	DATE
SPLOST 2015  (i) Populating improving repoyating extending upgrading furnishing			
(i) Repairing, improving, renovating, extending, upgrading, furnishing and equipping school buildings and support facilities in the Calhoun			
County School District, useful and desirable in connection therewith,			
including acquiring any necessary property, both real and personal;	\$ 500,000.00 \$	1,213,587.01	June 2023
(ii) Acquiring maintenance vehicles, maintenance equipment, and	430,000,00	470.047.00	l 2022
new buses;	430,000.00	470,817.00	June 2023
(iii) Acquiring administrative and instructional technology			
equipment, textbooks, and media center books (including e-books)			
safety and security equipment;	450,000.00	450,000.00	June 2023
(iv) Acquiring equipment and furnishings;	180,000.00	180,000.00	June 2023
( ) 1	,	,	
(v) Renovations, extensions, additions, repairs and improvements			
to existing school facilities, including athletic equipment, band			
instruments, exercise/training rooms and athletic facilities,			
parking lot, lunchroom, sidewalks, and a school sign; and	440,000.00	440,000.00	June 2023
(vi) Paying expenses incident to accomplishing the foregoing.	10,000.00	10,000.00	June 2023
Subtotal 2015 Projects	2,010,000.00	2,764,404.01	
SPLOST 2017			
(i) The acquisition, construction, and equipping of a new school			
for grades kindergarten through twelfth, including but not limited			
to new school buildings and facilities, including, but not limited			
to, classrooms, physical education facilities and lunchrooms, and			
the acquisition and purchase of any property necessary and			
desirable therefore, both real and personal property, including,			
but not limited to, land, technology, safety and security improvements			
and equipment, text books, and transportation facilities and			
equipment;	1,748,977.11	22,800,000.00	June 2024
(ii) The renovation, improvement and equipping of existing school,			
athletic, and physical education facilities, lunch rooms and			
auditoriums, including, but not limited to, upgrades to system-wide			
technology and safety and security improvements; and	-	-	June 2024
(iii) The acquisition of school buses and other vehicles (collectively,			
the "Projects").	-	-	June 2024
Subtotal 2017 Projects	1,748,977.11	22,800,000.00	
Total	\$ 3,758,977.11 \$	25,564,404.01	
	3,730,577.11	23,304,404.01	

## CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PROJECT PROJECT	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	_	TOTAL COMPLETION COST		EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
SPLOST 2015 (i) Repairing, improving, renovating, extending, upgrading, furnishing								
and equipping school buildings and support facilities in the Calhoun								
County School District, useful and desirable in connection therewith,								
including acquiring any necessary property, both real and personal;	\$	367,864.46	\$	845,722.55	\$	-	\$	-
(ii) Acquiring maintenance vehicles, maintenance equipment, and								
new buses;		108,770.00		362,047.00		-		-
(iii) Acquiring administrative and instructional technology								
equipment, textbooks, and media center books (including e-books)				244 477 25				
safety and security equipment;		-		311,477.35		-		-
(iv) Acquiring equipment and furnishings;		-		22,139.24		-		-
(v) Renovations, extensions, additions, repairs and improvements to existing school facilities, including athletic equipment, band instruments, exercise/training rooms and athletic facilities,								
parking lot, lunchroom, sidewalks, and a school sign; and		4,219.74		22,912.64		-		-
(vi) Paying expenses incident to accomplishing the foregoing.	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	_
Subtotal 2015 Projects	_	480,854.20	_	1,564,298.78	_	-		-
SPLOST 2017								
(i) The acquisition, construction, and equipping of a new school								
for grades kindergarten through twelfth, including but not limited								
to new school buildings and facilities, including, but not limited								
to, classrooms, physical education facilities and lunchrooms, and								
the acquisition and purchase of any property necessary and desirable therefore, both real and personal property, including,								
but not limited to, land, technology, safety and security improvements								
and equipment, text books, and transportation facilities and								
equipment;		13,634.55		22,710,723.41		-		-
(ii) The renovation, improvement and equipping of existing school,								
athletic, and physical education facilities, lunch rooms and								
auditoriums, including, but not limited to, upgrades to system-wide								
technology and safety and security improvements; and		-		-		-		-
(iii) The acquisition of school buses and other vehicles (collectively,								
the "Projects").  Subtotal 2017 Projects	_	13,634.55	-	22,710,723.41	-	-	-	
Subtotal 2017 Trojecto	_	13,034.33	-	22,, 10,, 20.41	-			
Total	\$	494,488.75	\$	24,275,022.19	\$	-	\$	

- (1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.
- (3) The voters of Calhoun County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- (4) In addition to the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding as follows:

Prior Years	\$ 283,512.50
Current Year	 184,525.00
Total	\$ 468,037.50

#### Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Michael Ward, Superintendent and Members of the
Calhoun County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Calhoun County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lliff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 15, 2023



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Michael Ward, Superintendent and Members of the
Calhoun County Board of Education

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the Calhoun County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Qualified Opinion on Education Stabilization Fund (84.425D, 84.425U)

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the "Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions" section of our report, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Education Stabilization Fund (84.425D, 84.425U) for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the *accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matters Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Education Stabilization Fund (84.425D, 84.425U)

As described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*, the School District did not comply with requirements regarding the Education Stabilization Fund (84.425D and 84.425U) as described in finding FA 2022-001 for Activities Allowed or Unallowed and Allowable Cost/Cost Principles. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the School District to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material
weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in finding FA 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lufy.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 15, 2023

# Section III Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

# CALHOUN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

#### PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

#### Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

#### Ī SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities and Each Major Fund Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified? No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted: No

#### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified? Yes • Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Education Stabilization Fund (84.425D, 84.425U) Qualified Unmodified Other major programs

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes

Identification of major programs:

<u>Assistance Listing Number</u> Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title 84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

**Education Stabilization Fund** 84.425

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

#### III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FA 2022-001 Strengthen Budgetary Controls over Expenditures

Compliance Requirements: Activities Allowed or Unallowed

Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: Material Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

AL Numbers and Titles: COVID-19 – 84.425D – Elementary and Secondary

School Emergency Relief Fund

COVID-19 - 84.425U - American Rescue Plan

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief

Fund

Federal Award Numbers: \$425D200012 (Year: 2020), \$425D210012 (Year: 2021),

S425U210012 (Year: 2021),

Questioned Costs: \$31,131

#### **Description:**

A review of expenditures charged to the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund program revealed instances in which expenditures had not been properly approved by the pass-through entity.

#### Background:

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was signed into law. The CARES Act was designed to mitigate the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in a variety of ways, including providing additional funding for local educational agencies (LEAs) navigating the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak.

Provisions included in Title VIII of the CARES Act created the Education Stabilization Fund to provide financial resources to educational entities to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus. The CARES Act allocated \$30.75 billion, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act allocated an additional \$81.9 billion, and the American Rescue Plan Act added \$165.1 billion in funding to the Education Stabilization Fund. Multiple Education Stabilization Fund subprograms were created and allotted funding through the various COVID-19-related legislation. Of these programs, the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund was created to address the impact that COVID-19 has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the nation.

ESSER funding was granted to the Georgia Department of Education (GaDOE) by the U.S. Department of Education (ED). GaDOE is responsible for distributing funds to LEAs and overseeing the expenditure of funds by LEAs. ESSER funds totaling \$790,945 were expended and reported on the Calhoun County Board of Education's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) for fiscal year 2022.

#### Criteria:

As a recipient of federal awards, the School District is required to establish and maintain effective internal control over federal awards that provides reasonable assurance of managing the federal awards in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal awards pursuant to Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), Section 200.303 – Internal Controls.

Additionally, provisions included in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.403 – Factors Affecting Allowability of Costs state that "costs must meet the following general criteria in order to be allowable under Federal awards: (a) Be necessary and reasonable for the performance of the Federal award and be allocable thereto under these principles, (b) Conform to any limitations or exclusions set forth in these principles or in the Federal award as to types or amount of cost items, (c) Be consistent with policies and procedures that apply uniformly to both federally-financed and other activities of the non-Federal entity... (g) Be adequately documented..."

Furthermore, to assist school districts in improving their financial management systems and associated compliance over federal programs, GaDOE published the *Financial Management for Georgia Local Units of Administration* (FMGLUA) manual. The FMGLUA manual requires that LEAs submit a budget as part of each federal program's Consolidated Application process. The program budget reflects details regarding the manner in which each school district intends to expend the program funds. The Consolidated Application, including the budget, for each program must be reviewed and approved by GaDOE personnel before the LEA is authorized to expend program funds. Amendments to the budget are to be submitted to and approved by GaDOE when a school district intends to spend funds in a manner not initially reported.

Lastly, LEA personnel must also provide program-specific assurances related to the ESSER program within the Consolidated Application system. These assurances are reflected in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.415 – Required Certifications, and include provisions that require LEAs "to assure that expenditures are proper and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Federal award and approved project budgets…"

#### Condition:

A sample of 25 expenditures was randomly selected for testing using a non-statistical sampling approach. In addition, seven individually significant expenditures were selected for testing. These expenditures were reviewed to determine if appropriate internal controls were implemented and applicable compliance requirements were met. It was noted that prior approval was not obtained from GaDOE for nine expenditures totaling \$31,131 as these expenditures were not reflected in the approved budget or subsequent amendments within the Consolidated Application system as required.

#### **Questioned Costs:**

Upon testing a sample of \$14,677 in nonpersonal services expenditures, known questioned costs of \$10,136 were identified for expenditures not properly approved through the Consolidated Application process. Using the population being sampled, which totaled \$201,966, we project the likely questioned costs to be approximately \$139,475.

In addition, known questioned costs identified for unapproved payments associated with individually significant items tested totaled \$20,995; therefore, the known and likely questioned costs identified for all unallowable payments throughout the sample and individually significant items tested totaled \$31,131 and \$139,475, respectively.

#### Cause:

In discussing these deficiencies with management, the School District believed that the Consolidated Application included the unallowable items purchased; however, the description reflected on the Consolidated Application did not agree to the items purchased. In addition, management was unaware that Consolidated Application was not approved by the GaDOE.

#### Effect:

The School District is not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance or GaDOE guidance related to the ESSER program. Failure to accurately develop and amend budget information through the Consolidated Application process and verify compliance with applicable policies and regulations prior to the expenditure of federal program funds may expose the School District to unnecessary financial strains and shortages as GaDOE may require the School District to return funds associated with unapproved and unallowable expenditures.

#### Recommendation:

The School District should revise current internal control procedures related to the ESSER program. Where vulnerable, the School District should develop and/or modify its policies and procedures to ensure that potential expenditures are approved through the Consolidated Application process and deemed to be allowable before spending federal funds. In addition, management should develop and implement a monitoring process to ensure that control procedures are being followed.

#### Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

#### Section V

Management's Corrective Action



10877 Dickey Street
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229-545-7231
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www.calhoun.k12.ga.us

Michael Ward Superintendent Board of Education
Julian Holder, Chairman
David Barnes- Vice-Chairman
Tonny L. Ingram
John Severson
Lester Hutchins
Ronnie Williams
Bobby Paul

#### CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2022-001 Strengthen Budgetary Controls over Expenditures

Compliance Requirement:

Activities Allowed or Unallowed

Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

**Internal Control Impact:** 

Material Weakness

Compliance Impact:

Material Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency:

U.S. Department of Education

Pass-Through Entity:

Georgia Department of Education

Assistance Listing Number and Title:

Covid-19 - 84.425D - Elementary and Secondary

School Emergency Relief Fund

Covid-19 - 84,425U - American Rescue Plan

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief

Fund

Federal Award Number:

S425D200012 (Year: 2020), S425D210012 (Year: 2021),

S425U210012 (Year: 2021)

**Questioned Costs:** 

\$31,131

Repeat of Prior Year Finding:

N/A

#### Description:

A review of expenditures charged to the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund program revealed instances in which expenditures had not been properly approved by the pass-through entity.



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Ronnie Williams
Bobby Paul

#### Corrective Action Plan:

The Calhoun County School System will ensure that all expenditures charged to the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund program are properly approved by the pass-through entity.

The Federal Programs Director will verify that all expenditures are reflected in the approved budget or subsequent amendments within the Consolidated Application as required.

The Calhoun County School System will follow the procedures listed below to ensure that expenditures are reflected in the approved budget and/or subsequent amendments:

- The Federal Programs Director and the Finance Director will monitor all original budgets and subsequent amendments to ensure that expenditures have been approved.
- During monthly leadership meetings, the Federal Programs Director and the Finance Director will verify that all budgets and subsequent amendments have been properly signed off on by the Program Coordinator and the Superintendent in the Consolidated Application.

In the event budgets and subsequent amendments are not found to be properly signed off on by the Program Coordinator and Superintendent, the Federal Programs Director will take steps to ensure that proper sign off is initiated and completed.

Estimated Completion Date: September 30, 2024

Contact Person: Pamela Quimbley

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Email: pamquimbley@calhoun.k12.ga.us

Signature:

Title:

Damela Juinbley
Federal Programs Director