

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT • FISCAL YEAR 2023

# Decatur County Board of Education Bainbridge, Georgia

Including Independent Auditor's Report



Greg S. Griffin | State Auditor

# Decatur County Board of Education

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Dr. Boyd English, Superintendent and Members of the Decatur County Board of Education

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

## Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Decatur County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2024 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

Sheg & Shipp

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

January 29, 2024

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#### INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Decatur County Board of Education's (the School District) financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

- On the government-wide financial statements, net position was \$46,624,680 and \$32,022,098, respectively, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, an increase of \$14,602,582.
- The School District had \$58,841,320 and \$55,038,489 in expenses relating to governmental activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively. Only \$45,255,633 and \$46,131,993 of the above-mentioned expenses for 2023 and 2022 were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily property and sales taxes) of \$28,147,718 and \$25,134,452, respectively, for 2023 and 2022, along with fund balance were adequate to provide for these programs.
- General revenues and the special item account for \$28,188,268 in revenue or 38% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$45,255,633 or 62% of total revenues and special item of \$73,443,901.
- Among major funds, the general fund had \$59,639,370 in revenues and other sources and \$67,093,933 in expenditures and other uses. The fund balance for the general fund decreased from \$26,766,974 to \$19,312,411. Of this total, \$16,286,812 represents unassigned fund balance.
- Special items this year: During the current year, the School District disposed of unused capital assets resulting in a gain of \$40,550.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The governmental funds statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The fund financial statements reflect the School District's most significant funds. For the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022, the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund represent the most significant funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net position includes all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the School District's overall financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Changes may be the result of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District has one distinct type of activity:

Governmental Activities – All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service, student activity accounts and various others.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and some by bond requirements. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled to the financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

#### Table 1 Net Position

			Governmenta	I Activities	
	-	Fiscal Year	Percent	Fiscal Year	Percent
	-	2023	of Total	2022	of Total
Assets					
Current and Other Assets	\$	96,390,406	54% \$	56,883,338	44%
	Ψ		46%		44 <i>%</i> 56%
Capital Assets, Net	-	82,435,265	40%	73,416,443	50%
Total Assets	-	178,825,671	100%	130,299,781	100%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	36,121,670	100%	20,514,262	100%
Liabilities					
Current and Other Liabilities		10,136,907	7%	5,108,173	7%
Long-Term Liabilities	-	133,514,629	93%	64,738,973	93%
Total Liabilities	-	143,651,536	100%	69,847,146	100%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	24,671,125	100%	48,944,799	100%
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		66,874,995	143%	63,786,596	199%
Restricted		18,128,816	39%	9,450,065	30%
Unrestricted (Deficit)	-	(38,379,131)	-82%	(41,214,563)	-129%
Total Net Position	\$	46,624,680	100% \$	32,022,098	100%

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$64,133,298 which was primarily due to increase in cash and cash equivalents and increases in pension related deferred outflows.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$49,530,716 which was primarily due to increase in long-term debt as a result of sale of bonds, an increase in pension related liability offset with decrease in pension related deferred inflows. The combination of the increase in total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the increase in total liabilities and deferred inflows yielded an increase in net position of \$14,602,581.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

			Governmental	Activities	
		Fiscal Year	Percent	Fiscal Year	Percent
		2023	of Total	2022	of Total
Revenues					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	1,280,901	3% \$	1,224,294	3%
Operating Grants and Contributions		38,164,105	84%	44,907,699	97%
Capital Grants and Contributions	_	5,810,627	13%	-	0%
Total Program Revenues	_	45,255,633	100%	46,131,993	100%
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes		17,602,406	63%	16,221,841	65%
Sales Taxes		6,710,928	24%	6,369,546	25%
Grants and Contributions not					
Restricted to Specific Programs		912,016	3%	2,183,777	9%
Investment Earnings		2,534,739	9%	99,481	0%
Miscellaneous	-	387,629	1%	259,807	1%
Total General Revenues	_	28,147,718	100%	25,134,452	100%
Special Item	_	40,550	100%	(82,294)	100%
Total Revenues and Special Item	_	73,443,901	_	71,184,151	
Program Expenses:					
Instruction		34,672,369	59%	33,520,645	61%
Support Services					
Pupil Services		2,810,960	5%	2,495,836	5%
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,252,700	4%	1,971,019	3%
Educational Media Services		1,189,787	2%	1,051,067	2%
General Administration		443,250	1%	357,038	1%
School Administration		3,130,074	5%	2,488,617	5%
Business Administration		805,940	1%	312,937	1%
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,123,927	9%	5,094,914	8%
Student Transportation Services		3,095,034	5%	2,933,496	5%
Central Support Services		579,964	1%	548,248	1%
Other Support Services		31,005	0%	19,282	0%
Operations of Non-Instructional Services					
Food Services		3,803,885	6%	3,759,112	7%
Interest on Debt	_	902,425	2%	486,278	1%
Total Expenses	_	58,841,320	100%	55,038,489	100%
Increase in Net Position		14,602,581		16,145,662	
Beginning Net Position	_	32,022,099	-	15,876,436	
Ending Net Position	\$	46,624,680	\$	32,022,098	

#### Table 2 Change in Net Position

Program revenues, in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions decreased \$876,360 for governmental activities. This decrease is largely due to decreases in federal funding offset by increases in State funding from 2022 to 2023.

General revenues increased \$3,013,266 during fiscal year 2023. This increase is largely due to increases in title ad valorem taxes and investment earnings offset by lower grants not restricted to specific programs.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity.

# Table 3

#### **Governmental Activities**

	_	Total Co	Services		Net Cost of Services			
		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year
	-	2023		2022		2023		2022
Instruction	\$	34,672,369	\$	33,520,645	\$	4,567,783	\$	1,303,491
Support Services:								
Pupil Services		2,810,960		2,495,836		2,006,601		1,847,741
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,252,700		1,971,019		608,865		270,998
Educational Media Services		1,189,787		1,051,067		340,137		417,722
General Administration		443,250		357,038		(597,776)		(1,472,775)
School Administration		3,130,074		2,488,617		1,614,610		1,138,846
Business Administration		805,940		312,937		793,901		289,658
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,123,927		5,094,914		3,440,170		3,459,643
Student Transportation Services		3,095,034		2,933,496		755,517		1,522,460
Central Support Services		579,964		548,248		331,902		519,822
Other Support Services		31,005		19,282		30,315		18,719
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:								
Food Services		3,803,885		3,759,112		(1,208,762)		(896,107)
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	-	902,425		486,278		902,425	-	486,278
Total Expenses	\$	58,841,320	\$	55,038,489	\$	13,585,688	\$	8,906,496

Although program revenues make up a majority of the funding, the School District is still dependent upon tax revenues for governmental activities. For 2023 and 2022, 26% and 18%, respectively, of instruction and support activities were supplemented by taxes and other general revenues. It exemplifies the State's stance that the public is becoming an equal partner in bearing the cost of educating Georgia's children.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$123,425,622 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$85,327,422. The capital projects fund had an overall increase of \$37,711,898 largely due to the sale of bonds for capital projects and the transfer of funds from the general fund for future capital projects. The debt service fund had an overall increase of \$7,840,865 primarily due to increase in the transfer of funds from the capital projects fund as reimbursement for current capital projects. The general fund had an overall decrease of \$7,454,563. The decrease in the general fund for the year is due mostly to the increase in transfers to capital projects funds for future projects. The amount of fund balance in the general fund of \$19,312,411 continues to reflect that the School District was able to adequately meet current costs.

#### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia Law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund, funded primarily through state revenue and local property tax revenue. During the course of fiscal years 2023 and 2022, the School District amended its general fund budget as needed.

For the general fund, the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$66,366,072 increased from the original budgeted amount of \$63,364,517 by \$3,001,555. This difference was mainly due to increases in federal and state funding not included in the original budget. The actual revenue and other sources were less than the final budgeted amount by \$6,726,703. The majority of the variances between final budget and actual revenue are due to an increase in property tax revenue offset by decreases in federal revenue.

The final budgeted expenditures and other financial uses of \$79,978,761 was more than the original budgeted amount of \$67,089,543 by \$12,889,218. This difference was due mainly to transfer of funds from the general fund for future capital projects and federal grants awarded being higher than originally anticipated. The actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$67,093,933 was \$12,884,828 less than final budgeted. The majority of the variances between the final budgeted expenditures and actual are due to use of conservative budget estimates and reduced spending by the School District.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

At the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, the School District had \$82,435,265 and \$73,416,443, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. These assets are made up of a broad range of capital assets, including land; buildings; transportation, food service and maintenance equipment. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances, by class, net of accumulated depreciation.

#### Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities								
		Fiscal Year Fiscal Year								
	_	2023	_	2022						
Land	\$	2,345,972	\$	2,345,972						
Construction in Progress		12,199,562		2,304,679						
Building and Improvements		63,846,263		66,056,751						
Equipment		3,106,415		1,620,162						
Land Improvements	_	937,053		1,088,879						
Total	\$	82,435,265	\$	73,416,443						

The overall capital assets increased in fiscal year 2023 by \$9,018,822 due primarily to increase in construction in progress.

#### DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2023, the School District had \$46,818,240 in total debt outstanding with \$3,111,548 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bond debt outstanding at June 30, 2023 and 2022.

#### Table 5 Debt at June 30

		Governmental Activities						
	_	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year						
	_	2023 2022						
General Obligation Bonds	\$	41,775,000	\$	12,710,000				
Bond Premiums Amortized	_	5,043,240		807,317				
Total	\$	46,818,240	\$	13,517,317				

During fiscal year 2023, the board sold \$30,000,000 of general obligation bonds; the proceeds to be used to for constructing capital facilities.

The School District's bonds have assigned ratings of "Aa1 enhanced" by Moody's based on the School District's participation in the Georgia state intercept program. Moody's assigned an underlying rating of "A1" for the School District's Bonds.

#### CURRENT ISSUES

The Decatur County Board of Education has faced severe financial challenges in recent years but has remained stable and financially sound. The financial challenges have included rising costs in employee benefits, the state formula allotment reductions, federal reductions, a decline in student enrollment (FTE), and a declining tax digest.

The School District's current millage rate is 14.565 for the 2023 tax year (Fiscal Year 2023). The net tax digest increased to \$1,086,894,099 from \$1,023,233,647 mainly due to increase in real property.

Student enrollment is the major factor in the State's education funding formula. According to the State's funding formula, student enrollment is converted to a "Full Time Equivalent (FTE)" count. As student enrollment and FTE decrease so does state funding. The student enrollment for fiscal year 2023 and the previous three years is as follows:

FY2020	4,744
FY2021	4,469
FY2022	4,433
FY2023	4,310

The student enrollment of fiscal year 2024 as of October 2023 is 4,268.

The Decatur County School District consists of six schools located in Decatur County, which had an estimated population of 29,367 in 2022, compared to 27,842 in 2010 which is a 5 percent increase.

The School District's sixth Education Local Option Sales Tax (ELOST) began July 1, 2022. For fiscal year 2023, the average monthly tax collection was \$541,994, an increase of 6.5 percent over the average for fiscal year 2022 of \$508,902.

In the past, unemployment for Decatur County has fluctuated. As of August 2023, Decatur County had an unemployment rate of 4.0 percent, compared to 3.3 percent for Georgia as a whole. This is an increase from the rate of 3.6 percent the prior year.

For 2023, our state funding remains low, and the challenge is maintaining the educational programs of the School District while receiving less funding from the State and, at the same time, not placing a larger burden on local taxpayers. The continued relaxation of class size requirements and other waivers by the Georgia Department of Education are providing the flexibility the system needs to offset the shortfall of state funding.

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Tim Matthews, Chief Financial Officer at the Decatur County Board of Education, 1417 Dothan Road, Bainbridge, GA 39817. You may also email your questions to tmatthews@dcboe.com.

Decatur County Board of Education

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	88,649,734.20		
Accounts Receivable, Net	Ψ	00,045,754.20		
Taxes		1,180,759.00		
State Government		4,900,046.18		
Federal Government		1,221,717.74		
Other		11,834.16		
Inventories		213,261.54		
Prepaid Items		213,053.19		
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		14,545,534.78		
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		67,889,730.31		
Total Assets		178,825,671.10		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Charge on Debt Refunding		597,931.45		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans		28,609,735.31		
Related to OPEB Plan		6,914,003.00		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		36,121,669.76		
LIABILITIES Salarias and Banafita Davahla				
Salaries and Benefits Payable		5,405,877.06 692,222.72		
Interest Payable		927,259.09		
Retainages Payable Net Pension Liability		60,433,515.00		
Net OPEB Liability		29,374,422.00		
Long-Term Liabilities		29,374,422.00		
Due Within One Year		3,111,547.68		
Due in More Than One Year		43,706,692.48		
Total Liabilities		143,651,536.03		
		143,031,330.03		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans		3,473,882.00		
Related to OPEB Plan		21,197,243.00		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		24,671,125.00		
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		66,874,994.74		
Restricted for				
Continuation of Federal Programs		2,774,874.29		
Debt Service		14,760,535.00		
Capital Projects		555,735.91		
Other - Scholarships		37,671.05		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(38,379,131.16)		
Total Net Position	\$	46,624,679.83		

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			PROGRAM REVENUES						N	ET (EXPENSES)
		EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	_	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		REVENUES D CHANGES IN IET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	34,672,368.01	\$	1,236,299.65	\$	25,894,054.66	\$	2,974,230.56	\$	(4,567,783.14)
Support Services										
Pupil Services		2,810,959.90		-		604,242.71		200,116.23		(2,006,600.96)
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,252,699.76		-		1,643,835.17		-		(608,864.59)
Educational Media Services		1,189,787.41		-		623,867.58		225,782.99		(340,136.84)
General Administration		443,250.07		-		1,041,026.45		-		597,776.38
School Administration		3,130,074.46		-		1,354,190.72		161,273.58		(1,614,610.16)
Business Administration		805,940.02		-		12,039.29		-		(793,900.73)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,123,926.81		-		1,387,891.31		295,865.04		(3,440,170.46)
Student Transportation Services		3,095,034.21		-		1,139,857.76		1,199,659.58		(755,516.87)
Central Support Services		579,964.16		-		4,268.84		243,793.26		(331,902.06)
Other Support Services		31,005.24		-		690.06		-		(30,315.18)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services										
Food Services		3,803,885.45		44,601.31		4,458,140.53		509,905.83		1,208,762.22
Interest on Long-Term Debt		902,424.58	-	-		-	-	-		(902,424.58)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	58,841,320.08	\$	1,280,900.96	\$	38,164,105.08	\$	5,810,627.07		(13,585,686.97)
	G	eneral Revenues								
		Taxes								
		Property Ta	xes							
		For Main	ten	ance and Operatior	าร					17,549,667.53
		Railroad	Car	s						52,738.80
		Sales Taxes								
		Special P	urp	ose Local Option Sa	ales	Тах				
		For	De	bt Services						4,110,431.35
		For	Ca	oital Projects						2,400,000.00
		Other Sa	les	Tax						200,496.30
		Grants and Co	ntri	butions not Restric	ted	to Specific Program	าร			912,016.00
		Investment Ea	rnir	igs						2,534,739.03
		Miscellaneous								387,629.31
Special Item Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets										
								40,550.00		
		Total (	Gen	eral Revenues and	Spe	cial Item				28,188,268.32
		Chang	je ir	Net Position						14,602,581.35
		Net Position -	Beg	jinning of Year						32,022,098.48
		Net Position -	Enc	l of Year					\$	46,624,679.83

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,112,888.00 \$	54,657,977.60 \$	14,878,868.60 \$	88,649,734.20
Accounts Receivable, Net	•		- , ,	,, +	
Taxes		606,869.88	-	573,889.12	1,180,759.00
State Government		3,555,973.34	1,344,072.84	-	4,900,046.18
Federal Government		1,221,717.74	-	-	1,221,717.74
Other		11,834.16	-	-	11,834.16
Inventories		213,261.54	-	-	213,261.54
Prepaid Items	_	213,053.19			213,053.19
Total Assets	\$	24,935,597.85 \$	56,002,050.44 \$	15,452,757.72 \$	96,390,406.01
LIABILITIES					
Salaries and Benefits Payable	\$	5,405,877.06 \$	- \$	- \$	5,405,877.06
Retainages Payable		-	927,259.09	-	927,259.09
Total Liabilities	_	5,405,877.06	927,259.09		6,333,136.15
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	217,310.08			217,310.08
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		426,314.73	-	-	426,314.73
Restricted		2,599,283.80	27,553,446.94	15,452,757.72	45,605,488.46
Assigned		-	27,521,344.41	-	27,521,344.41
Unassigned		16,286,812.18		-	16,286,812.18
Total Fund Balances	_	19,312,410.71	55,074,791.35	15,452,757.72	89,839,959.78
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	24,935,597.85 \$	56,002,050.44 \$	15,452,757.72 \$	96,390,406.01

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")	9	89,839,959.78
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land \$	2,345,972.39	
Construction in progress	12,199,562.39	
Buildings and improvements	104,105,505.94	
Equipment	9,442,611.19	
Land improvements	4,345,908.60	
Accumulated depreciation	(50,004,295.42)	82,435,265.09
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability \$	(60,433,515.00)	
Net OPEB liability	(29,374,422.00)	(89,807,937.00)
Deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future periods and are		
therefore not reported in the funds and are amortized over the life of the new debt.		597,931.45
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions \$	25,135,853.31	
Related to OPEB	(14,283,240.00)	10,852,613.31
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		217,310.08
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable \$	(41,775,000.00)	
Accrued interest payable	(692,222.72)	
Unamortized bond premiums	(5,043,240.16)	(47,510,462.88)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	4	46,624,679.83

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 17,540,667.32 \$	- \$	- \$	17,540,667.32
Sales Taxes	200,496.30	2,400,000.00	4,110,431.35	6,710,927.65
State Funds	29,160,121.19	5,193,857.07	-	34,353,978.26
Federal Funds	10,396,583.41	-	-	10,396,583.41
Charges for Services	1,280,900.96	-	-	1,280,900.96
Investment Earnings	632,421.36	1,503,033.63	399,284.04	2,534,739.03
Miscellaneous	387,629.31	-	-	387,629.31
Total Revenues	59,598,819.85	9,096,890.70	4,509,715.39	73,205,425.94
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	33,180,008.02	-	-	33,180,008.02
Support Services				
Pupil Services	2,691,675.86	-	-	2,691,675.86
Improvement of Instructional Services	2,263,339.73	-	-	2,263,339.73
Educational Media Services	1,030,581.47	-	-	1,030,581.47
General Administration	433,884.34	-	-	433,884.34
School Administration	3,013,579.64	-	-	3,013,579.64
Business Administration	353,101.48	437,429.90	-	790,531.38
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	5,159,394.84	-	-	5,159,394.84
Student Transportation Services	3,875,153.10	-	-	3,875,153.10
Central Support Services	399,961.91	-	-	399,961.91
Other Support Services	31,005.24	-	-	31,005.24
Food Services Operation	3,662,247.41	-	-	3,662,247.41
Capital Outlay	-	11,649,609.22	-	11,649,609.22
Debt Services				
Principal	-	-	935,000.00	935,000.00
Interest	-	-	472,650.00	472,650.00
Total Expenditures	56,093,933.04	12,087,039.12	1,407,650.00	69,588,622.16
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	3,504,886.81	(2,990,148.42)	3,102,065.39	3,616,803.78
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds of Bonds	-	30,000,000.00	-	30,000,000.00
Premiums on Bonds Sold	-	4,440,846.25	-	4,440,846.25
Sale of Capital Assets	40,550.00	-	-	40,550.00
Transfers In	-	11,000,000.00	4,738,800.00	15,738,800.00
Transfers Out	(11,000,000.00)	(4,738,800.00)	-	(15,738,800.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,959,450.00)	40,702,046.25	4,738,800.00	34,481,396.25
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,454,563.19)	37,711,897.83	7,840,865.39	38,098,200.03
Fund Balances - Beginning	26,766,973.90	17,362,893.52	7,611,892.33	51,741,759.75
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 19,312,410.71 \$	55,074,791.35 \$	15,452,757.72 \$	89,839,959.78

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")	\$	38,098,200.03
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,       in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over         their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.       \$ 12,414,740.16         Capital outlay       \$ 12,414,740.16         Depreciation expense       (3,395,918.14)	<u>-</u>	9,018,822.02
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		61,739.01
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.\$ (34,440,846.25)General obligation bonds issued, including a premium of \$4,440,846.25\$ (34,440,846.25)Amortization of deferred charge on refunding of bonds Amortization of bond premium Bond principal retirements204,923.12		(33,365,564.37)
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Pension expense \$ (2,091,441.90) OPEB expense 3,450,883.02	-	1,359,441.12
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Net decrease in accrued interest		(570,056.46)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")	\$	14,602,581.35

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## NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

## **Reporting Entity**

The Decatur County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

#### Blended Component Unit

The Decatur County School District Building Authority (the Authority) was created by House Bill 126 during the 2007 session of the Georgia General Assembly. The purpose of the Authority is to provide, acquire, construct, equip, maintain, and operate public service facilities, to acquire the necessary property therefore, both real and personal, and to lease or sell any or all of such facilities, including real and personal property for the benefit of the School District. The Authority consists of three members appointed by the governing authority of the School District. The Authority is a component unit of the School District and as such the Authority's financial activity has been blended with the School District's basic financial statements.

## **NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

#### Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District and its component units. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), bond proceeds and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In fiscal year 2023, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement defines subscription-based information technology arrangements and provides uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Under this statement, a government is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use asset for contracts that meet the definition of a subscription-based information technology arrangement. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the School District's financial statements.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions.

Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

## Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

#### Inventories

## Consumable Supply

On the basic financial statements, consumable supplies are reported at cost (first-in, first-out). The School District uses the consumption method to account for the consumable supplies inventory whereby an asset is recorded when supplies are purchased and expenses are recorded at the time the supplies are consumed.

## Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

## **Capital Assets**

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Ca	pitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	25,000.00	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	25,000.00	15 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	25,000.00	10 to 100 years
Equipment	\$	25,000.00	5 to 10 years
Intangible Assets	\$	100,000.00	15 years
Intangible Right-to-Use Lease Asset	\$	100,000.00	Lease life
Intangible Subscription Software Arrangements	\$	100,000.00	Subscription life

During the fiscal year, management increased the capital asset threshold to \$100,000.00 for intangible right-to-use assets. The change in threshold does not have a material or significant impact on the financial statements.

## **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined

on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (SEAD – OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB) plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the SEAD-OPEB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SEAD-OPEB. For this purpose, death benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## **Fund Balances**

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

## **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## **Property Taxes**

The Decatur County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2022 tax digest year (calendar year) on August 23, 2022 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2022. Taxes were due on December 20, 2022 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2022 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2023. The Decatur County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 0.061% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$15,790,734.66.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2022 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 14.565 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$1,749,932.66 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Sales Taxes**

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$6,510,431.35 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

#### **NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA**

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is

advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

## **NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

#### **Collateralization of Deposits**

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

#### **Categorization of Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$2,077,540.93, and a

bank balance of \$5,126,752.56. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$509,634.06 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$4,353,913,81.

At June 30, 2023, \$263,204,69 of the School District's bank balances was exposed to custodial credit risk. This balance was in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP).

The School District participates in the State's Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. The Georgia Office of State Treasurer (OST) sets the collateral requirements and pledging level for each covered depository. There are four tiers of collateralization levels specifying percentages of eligible securities to secure covered deposits: 25%, 50%, 75%, and 110%. The SDP also provides for collateral levels to be increased in the amount of up to 125% if economic or financial conditions warrants. The program lists the types of eligible criteria. The OST approves authorized custodians.

In accordance with the SDP, if a covered depository defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the covered depository collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments made against the other participating covered depositories. Therefore, for disclosure purposes, all deposits of the SDP are considered to be fully collateralized.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents	
Statement of Net Position	\$ 88,649,734.20
Less:	
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents	
Georgia Fund 1	86,572,193.27
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2023	\$ 2,077,540.93

## **Categorization of Cash Equivalents**

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$86,572,193.27 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Fitch. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

## **NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	_	Balances July 1, 2022		Increases		Decreases	_	Balances June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets,								
Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,345,972.39	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,345,972.39
Construction in Progress	_	2,304,678.50		9,894,883.89			_	12,199,562.39
Total Capital Assets								
Not Being Depreciated	_	4,650,650.89		9,894,883.89	_	-	_	14,545,534.78
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		103,544,664.87		560,841.07		-		104,105,505.94
Equipment		8,046,546.99		1,932,790.20		536,726.00		9,442,611.19
Land Improvements		4,319,683.60		26,225.00		-		4,345,908.60
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements		37,487,913.60		2,771,329.55		-		40,259,243.15
Equipment		6,426,385.16		446,537.16		536,726.00		6,336,196.32
Land Improvements		3,230,804.52		178,051.43		-		3,408,855.95
Total Capital Assets,	_						_	
Being Depreciated, Net	_	68,765,792.18		(876,061.87)		-	_	67,889,730.31
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$_	73,416,443.07	\$.	9,018,822.02	\$	-	\$_	82,435,265.09

# Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$ 1,944,651.80
Support Services		
Pupil Services	\$ 130,842.71	
Educational Media Services	147,624.50	
School Administration	105,446.08	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	193,446.50	
Student Transportation Services	381,112.78	
Central Support Services	159,400.22	1,117,872.79
Food Services		 333,393.55
		\$ 3,395,918.14

#### **NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	_	Transfers From						
		General		Capital Projects				
Transfers to	-	Fund		Fund		Total		
Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund	\$	11,000,000.00	\$	- 4,738,800.00	\$	11,000,000.00 4,738,800.00		
	-		•	1,100,000.00		1,130,000.00		
Total	\$	11,000,000.00	\$	4,738,800.00	\$	15,738,800.00		

Transfers are used to move property tax revenues collected by the general fund to capital projects fund as required match or supplemental funding source for capital construction projects. Transfers are used to move bond proceeds from capital projects fund to the debt service fund to reimburse for sales tax revenues collected and used for capital construction projects.

## **NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
-	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year					
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds \$ Unamortized Bond Premiums	12,710,000.00 \$ 807,317.03	30,000,000.00 \$ 4,440,846.25	935,000.00 \$ 204,923.12	41,775,000.00 \$ 5,043,240.16	2,730,000.00 381,547.68					
\$_	13,517,317.03 \$	34,440,846.25 \$	1,139,923.12 \$	46,818,240.16 \$	3,111,547.68					

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2023. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds from the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from the general fund or a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

During the current year, the School District issued general obligation bonds totaling \$30,000,000. The primary purpose of the bonds is to pay for constructing facilities.

#### General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General Government - Refunding - Series 2015 General Government - Series 2023	2.0% - 5.0% 4.0% - 5.0%	4/21/2015 2/7/2023	10/1/2032 \$ 10/1/2037	\$ 16,260,000.00 \$ 30,000,000.00	11,775,000.00 30,000,000.00
			9	\$ 46,260,000.00 \$	41,775,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	_	General Ob	_	Unamortized	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	_	Principal	 Interest		Bond Premium
2024	\$	2,730,000.00	\$ 2,083,812.50	\$	381,547.68
2025		2,795,000.00	1,748,500.00		381,547.68
2026		2,870,000.00	1,615,750.00		381,547.68
2027		2,940,000.00	1,470,500.00		381,547.68
2028		3,030,000.00	1,327,100.00		381,547.68
2029 - 2033		16,305,000.00	4,591,625.00		1,848,665.51
2034 - 2038		11,105,000.00	1,416,125.00		1,286,836.25
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	41,775,000.00	\$ 14,253,412.50	\$	5,043,240.16

#### **NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; natural disasters; unemployment compensation; and dental plans.

#### Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

#### Workers' Compensation

#### Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2.0 million. The Trust covers the first \$1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 107% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

#### **Dental Insurance**

The School District has established a limited risk management program for dental insurance claims. A premium is charged to covered employees. Additionally, a premium is charged by the general fund to each user fund on the basis of employee participation in order to cover estimated claims budgeted by management based on known claims and prior experience. The School District accounts for claims with expenditure and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount if that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the dental insurance claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

		Beginning		Claims and		
		of Year		Changes in	Claims	End of Year
	-	Liability	_	Estimates	Paid	Liability
	-		-			
2022	\$	-	\$	169,634.42	\$ 169,634.42	\$ -
2023	\$	-	\$	174,189.82	\$ 174,189.82	\$ 

#### **Unemployment Compensation**

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

There have been no unemployment compensation claims during the last two fiscal years.

### Surety Bond

The School District purchased surety bonds to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount		
Superintendent	\$ 50,000.00		
Chief Financial Officer	\$ 10,000.00		
Bookkeeper	\$ 10,000.00		
Payroll Officer	\$ 10,000.00		

## **NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS**

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2023:

Nonspendable			
Inventories	\$ 213,261.54		
Prepaid Assets	213,053.19	\$	426,314.73
Restricted		-	
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 2,561,612.75		
Capital Projects	27,553,446.94		
Debt Service	15,452,757.72		
Other - Scholarships	37,671.05		45,605,488.46
Assigned		-	
Local Capital Outlay Projects			27,521,344.41
Unassigned			16,286,812.18
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023		\$	89,839,959.78

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain a committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 5% of expenditures, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year, in compliance with O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(a)5. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

### **NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS**

#### **Commitments under Construction Contracts**

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2023, together with funding available:

Project	_	Unearned Executed Contracts (1)	. <u>-</u>	Payments through June 30, 2023 (2)	 Funding Available From State (1)
New Bainbridge Middle School New Bainbridge High Auditorium	\$	45,050,162.75 7,431,427.48	\$	11,528,152.67 523,237.96	\$ 4,071,978.93
New Bambhage High Additonam	_ \$_	52,481,590.23	\$	12,051,390.63	\$ 4,071,978.93

(1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.

(2) Payments include retainages payable at year-end.

#### **NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

#### Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

#### NOTE 12: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

**Plan Description:** Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

**Benefits Provided:** The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

**Contributions:** As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$1,082,915.00 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability of \$29,374,422.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.296616%, which was a decrease of 0.013320% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$2,371,677.00). At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		C	PEI	В
	_	Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,172,498.00	\$	11,545,038.00
Changes of assumptions		4,473,785.00		5,941,018.00
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		179,176.00		_
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		5,327.00		3,711,187.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,082,915.00		-
Total	\$	6,913,701.00	\$	21,197,243.00

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	OPEB
2024	\$	(4,219,800.00)
2025	\$	(3,518,440.00)
2026	\$	(2,843,928.00)
2027	\$	(3,023,106.00)
2028	\$	(1,567,200.00)
Thereafter	\$	(193,983.00)

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022:

### OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%		
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation		
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including		
Healthcare cost trend rate	inflation		
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.50%		
Medicare Eligible	5.00%		
Ultimate trend rate			
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%		
Medicare Eligible	4.50%		
Year of Ultimate trend rate			
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029		
Medicare Eligible	2023		

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled or not disabled) as follows:

- For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 101% for males and 103% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjust 104% for males and 99% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation with changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income Equities	30.00% 70.00%	2.00% 9.40%
Total	100.00%	

#### \* Net of inflation

**Discount Rate:** In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.57% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 2.20%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate as used for the long-term rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.54% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2128.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:** The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.57%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.57%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.57%) than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease (2.57%)	_	Current Discount Rate (3.57%)	_	1% Increase (4.57%)
School District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 33,225,998.00	\$	29,374,422.00	\$	26,110,042.00

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-

percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare					
	_	1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share							
of the Net OPEB liability	\$	25,309,576.00	\$	29,374,422.00 \$	34,370,101.00		

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <u>https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</u>.

## Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (SEAD – OPEB)

**Plan Description:** SEAD-OPEB was created in 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to amend Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., relating to retirement, so as to establish a fund for the provision of term life insurance to retired and vested inactive members of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), and the Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS). The plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than OPEB Plans*. The SEAD-OPEB trust fund accumulates the premiums received from the aforementioned retirement plans, including interest earned on deposits and investments of such payments.

**Benefits Provided:** The amount of insurance for a retiree with creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is the full amount of insurance in effect on the date of retirement. The amount of insurance for a service retiree with no creditable service prior to April 1, 1964, is 70% of the amount of insurance in effect at age 60 or at termination, if earlier. Life insurance proceeds are paid in a lump sum to the beneficiary upon death of the retiree.

*Contributions:* Georgia law provides that employee contributions to the plan shall be in an amount established by the Board of Trustees not to exceed one-half of 1% of the member's earnable compensation. There were no employer contributions required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported an asset of \$0.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on actual member salaries reported to the SEAD-OPEB plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.000000%, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,709.00. At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		SEAD-O	PEB
	_	Deferred	Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	-
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		302.00	-
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date			
Total	\$_	302.00 \$	_

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	SEAD-OPEB
2024	\$	302.00

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

## SEAD - OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases:	
ERS	3.00% - 6.75%
GJRS	3.75%
LRS	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	N/A

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	<u>Set Forward (+)/Setback (-)</u>	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Annuitant	Male: +1; Female: +1	Male: 105%; Female: 108%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 106%; Female: 105%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

SEAD - OPEB Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
30.00%	0.20%
46.30%	9.40%
1.20%	13.40%
12.30%	9.40%
5.20%	11.40%
5.00%	10.50%
100.00%	
	Target Allocation           30.00%           46.30%           1.20%           12.30%           5.20%           5.00%

\* Rates shown are net of inflation

**Discount Rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 %, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 %) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 %) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Ra	te	1% Increase
	 (6.00%)	(7.00%)		(8.00%)
School District's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB asset	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS annual comprehensive financial report which is publicly available at <u>www.ers.ga.gov/financials</u>.

# **NOTE 13: RETIREMENT PLANS**

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

# **Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)**

*Plan Description:* All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension

plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.trsga.com/publications</u>.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

**Contributions:** Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2023. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 19.98% of annual School District payroll, of which 19.86% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.12% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$5,130,487.31 and \$30,372.52 from the School District and the State, respectively.

# **Employees' Retirement System**

**Plan Description:** The Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ers.ga.gov/financials</u>.

**Benefits Provided:** The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). Employees under the old plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982 and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982 but prior to January 1, 2009 are new plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009 also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Under the old plan, the new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

**Contributions:** Member contributions under the old plan are 4.00% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200.00, plus 6.00% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200.00. Under the old plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the old plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The School District's total required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 31.01% of annual covered payroll for old and new plan members and 27.47% for GSEPS members. The rates include the annual actuarially determined employer contribution rate of 24.67% of annual covered payroll for old and new plan and a 5.88% adjustment to the GSEPS plan for the commencement of cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) prefunding for certain retired ERS members. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions to the pension plan were \$0.00 for the current fiscal year.

# Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

**Plan Description:** PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

**Benefits Provided:** A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

**Contributions:** The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$134,284.00.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability of \$60,433,515.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS (\$60,433,515.00) and ERS (\$0.00).

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 60,433,515.00	
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the School District	 344,527.00	
Total	\$ 60,778,042.00	

The net pension liability for TRS and ERS was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS and ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.186110%, which was a decrease of 0.013487% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2022, the School District's ERS proportion was 0.000000%, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2023, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$1,021,739.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized pension expense of \$7,292,619.21 for TRS, (\$26,610.00) for ERS and \$256,763.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$44,080.00 for TRS and \$256,763.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Т	RS		E	ERS	
	-	Deferred		Deferred	 Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of	Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources	 Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,508,610.00	\$	314,571.00	\$ -	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		9,097,172.00		-	-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		11,873,466.00		-	-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		3,152,136.00	-		7,175.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	5,130,487.31		-	 -		
Total	\$	28,609,735.31	\$	3,466,707.00	\$ -	\$	7,175.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS and ERS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 TRS	_	ERS
2024	\$ 5,012,003.00	\$	(7,175.00)
2025	\$ 3,866,831.00	\$	-
2026	\$ 2,802,187.00	\$	-
2027	\$ 8,331,520.00	\$	-

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### **Teachers Retirement System:**

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018, with the exception of the investment rate of return and payroll growth assumption.

### **Employees' Retirement System:**

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 6.75%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Annuitant	Male: +1; Female: +1	Male: 105%; Female: 108%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 106%; Female: 105%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

# Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below- Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female: 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS, ERS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	TRS/ERS/PSERS	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.20%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.40%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	12.30%	9.40%
International emerging market stocks	5.20%	11.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

\* Rates shown are net of inlation

**Discount Rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 6.90%. The discount rate used to measure the total ERS and PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS, ERS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to

**Changes in the Discount Rate:** The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90% and 7.00%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90% and 6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90% and 8.00%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	_	1% Decrease (5.90%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	-	1% Increase (7.90%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	91,174,159.00	\$ 60,433,515.00	\$	35,329,712.00
Employees' Retirement System:	_	1% Decrease (6.00%)	 Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	_	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS, ERS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at <u>www.trsga.com/publications</u> and <u>http://www.ers.ga.gov/financials</u>.

# **Defined Contribution Plan**

Employees of the School District may elect to contribute to a 403(b) and/or 457 plan. The School District selected VALIC as the provider of these plans. The employee becomes vested in the plan as of their hire date. Employee participation in either of these plans is not mandatory.

For the groups of employees not covered under the Federal Social Security program, it was the Board's desire to supplement the retirement of this group of employees. For each employee not covered under Social Security that contribute 4% of their base pay to the 403(b) plan then the School District matches 4% of the employee's contribution.

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Percentage Contributed	 Required Contribution
2023	4%	\$ 623,434.95
2022	4%	\$ 638,484.47
2021	3%	\$ 464,244.41

### **NOTE 14: TAX ABATEMENTS**

Decatur County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Decatur County.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, Decatur County abated property taxes due to the School District that were levied on August 23, 2022 and due on December 20, 2022 totaling \$1,120,972.81. Included in that amount abated, the following are individual tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10.00% percent of the total amount abated:

- A 100 percent property tax abatement to an international personal protection manufacturing plant relocating and employing residents. The abatement amounted to \$112,608.91.
- A 72 percent property tax abatement to an international solar energy producing farm relocating and employing residents. The abatement amounted to \$945,104.10.

### **NOTE 15: SPECIAL ITEMS**

During the current year, the School District disposed of an unused building and several unused vehicles. The old maintenance shop and unused vehicles were sold. As a result, the School District recognized a net gain on the disposal of assets of \$40,550.00 and is reported on the financial statements as a special item.

		Historical	Less Accumulated		Carrying			<b>a</b> .
Asset		Cost	 Depreciation	·	Value		Proceeds	 Gain
Vehicles	\$	536,726.00	\$ 536,726.00	\$	-	\$	15,550.00	\$ 15,550.00
Old Maintenance Shop	_	-	 -		-		25,000.00	 25,000.00
Total	\$_	536,726.00	\$ 536,726.00	\$	-	_ \$_	40,550.00	\$ 40,550.00

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#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	chool District's portionate share of the NPL	prop asso	e of Georgia's ortionate share of the NPL ciated with the hool District	 Total	chool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.186110%	\$ 60,433,515.00	\$	344,527.00	\$ 60,778,042.00	\$ 25,303,250.97	238.84%	72.85%
2022	0.199597%	\$ 17,653,023.00	\$	97,199.00	\$ 17,750,222.00	\$ 26,114,175.92	67.60%	92.03%
2021	0.204978%	\$ 49,653,694.00	\$	210,990.00	\$ 49,864,684.00	\$ 26,540,623.92	187.09%	77.01%
2020	0.209722%	\$ 45,095,901.00	\$	180,408.00	\$ 45,276,309.00	\$ 25,694,995.44	175.50%	78.56%
2019	0.217705%	\$ 40,410,711.00	\$	151,838.00	\$ 40,562,549.00	\$ 26,071,117.28	155.00%	80.27%
2018	0.227194%	\$ 42,224,705.00	\$	236,405.00	\$ 42,461,110.00	\$ 26,314,899.69	160.46%	79.33%
2017	0.234773%	\$ 48,436,288.00	\$	311,117.00	\$ 48,747,405.00	\$ 25,966,553.21	186.53%	76.06%
2016	0.245751%	\$ 37,413,149.00	\$	241,909.00	\$ 37,655,058.00	\$ 26,123,937.28	143.21%	81.44%
2015	0.255968%	\$ 32,338,181.00	\$	204,792.00	\$ 32,542,973.00	\$ 26,396,136.56	122.51%	84.03%

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30		Contractually required contribution		, ,		Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		chool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2023	\$	5,130,487.31	\$	5,130,487.31	\$	-	\$	25,829,999.23	19.86%			
2022	\$	4,984,157.21	\$	4,984,157.21	\$	-	\$	25,303,250.97	19.70%			
2021	\$	4,950,117.53	\$	4,950,117.53	\$	-	\$	26,114,175.92	18.96%			
2020	\$	5,587,515.90	\$	5,587,515.90	\$	-	\$	26,540,623.92	21.05%			
2019	\$	5,348,714.55	\$	5,348,714.55	\$	-	\$	25,694,995.44	20.82%			
2018	\$	4,366,089.87	\$	4,366,089.87	\$	-	\$	26,071,117.28	16.75%			
2017	\$	3,733,920.39	\$	3,733,920.39	\$	-	\$	26,314,899.69	14.19%			
2016	\$	3,681,830.55	\$	3,681,830.55	\$	-	\$	25,966,553.21	14.18%			
2015	\$	3,413,244.46	\$	3,413,244.46	\$	-	\$	26,123,937.28	13.07%			

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	-	School District's portionate share of the NPL	Schoo	ol District's covered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	
2023	0.00%	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	67.44%	
2022	0.00%	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	87.62%	
2021	0.001049%	\$	44,215.00	\$	26,456.00	167.13%	76.21%	
2020	0.002121%	\$	87,524.00	\$	53,467.13	163.70%	76.74%	
2019	0.002145%	\$	88,182.00	\$	54,722.80	161.14%	76.68%	
2018	0.002412%	\$	97,959.00	\$	59,159.66	165.58%	76.33%	
2017	0.004315%	\$	204,118.00	\$	100,333.87	203.44%	72.34%	
2016	0.004951%	\$	200,585.00	\$	113,202.45	177.19%	76.20%	
2015	0.005014%	\$	188,056.00	\$	115,377.78	162.99%	77.99%	

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	Contractually required contribution					ution deficiency (excess)	nool District's vered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	
2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	
2020	\$	6,524.08	\$	6,524.08	\$	-	\$ 26,456.00	24.66%	
2019	\$	13,249.20	\$	13,249.20	\$	-	\$ 53,467.13	24.78%	
2018	\$	13,576.76	\$	13,576.76	\$	-	\$ 54,722.80	24.81%	
2017	\$	14,677.44	\$	14,677.44	\$	-	\$ 59,159.66	24.69%	
2016	\$	24,802.45	\$	24,802.45	\$	-	\$ 100,333.87	24.72%	
2015	\$	24,860.14	\$	24,860.14	\$	-	\$ 113,202.45	21.96%	

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	prop	nool District's ortionate share of the NPL	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the School District		 Total	hool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.00%	\$	-	\$	1,021,739.00	\$ 1,021,739.00	\$ 1,758,045.97	N/A	81.21%
2022	0.00%	\$	-	\$	111,750.00	\$ 111,750.00	\$ 1,910,335.54	N/A	98.00%
2021	0.00%	\$	-	\$	736,671.00	\$ 736,671.00	\$ 1,958,173.13	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	749,204.00	\$ 749,204.00	\$ 1,980,252.81	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	764,070.00	\$ 764,070.00	\$ 2,037,798.41	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	686,160.00	\$ 686,160.00	\$ 1,994,459.85	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	908,360.00	\$ 908,360.00	\$ 1,939,577.85	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	589,501.00	\$ 589,501.00	\$ 1,942,270.26	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	518,192.00	\$ 518,192.00	\$ 1,937,302.02	N/A	88.29%

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	chool District's portionate share of the NOL	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the NOL associated with the School District Total				-	chool District's /ered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2023	0.296616%	\$ 29,374,422.00	\$	-	\$	29,374,422.00	\$	27,056,726.32	108.57%	6.17%
2022	0.309936%	\$ 33,568,633.00	\$	-	\$	33,568,633.00	\$	24,656,536.94	136.14%	6.14%
2021	0.319397%	\$ 46,911,981.00	\$	-	\$	46,911,981.00	\$	24,429,081.76	192.03%	3.99%
2020	0.330163%	\$ 40,518,083.00	\$	-	\$	40,518,083.00	\$	21,870,813.31	185.26%	4.63%
2019	0.334412%	\$ 42,502,739.00	\$	-	\$	42,502,739.00	\$	23,872,886.98	178.04%	2.93%
2018	0.334694%	\$ 47,024,372.00	\$	-	\$	47,024,372.00	\$	23,855,482.46	197.12%	1.61%

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	Contractually required contribution		 butions in relation to ontractually required contribution	ution deficiency (excess)	-	chool District's vered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2023	\$	1,082,915.00	\$ 1,082,915.00	\$ -	\$	24,769,081.01	4.37%	
2022	\$	1,072,490.98	\$ 1,072,490.98	\$ -	\$	27,056,726.32	3.96%	
2021	\$	1,152,908.00	\$ 1,152,908.00	\$ -	\$	24,656,536.94	4.68%	
2020	\$	1,080,128.00	\$ 1,080,128.00	\$ -	\$	24,429,081.76	4.42%	
2019	\$	1,778,157.00	\$ 1,778,157.00	\$ -	\$	21,870,813.31	8.13%	
2018	\$	1,733,228.00	\$ 1,733,228.00	\$ -	\$	23,872,886.98	7.26%	

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB ASSET SEAD-OPEB

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the net OPEB asset	propo	nool District's rtionate share of net OPEB asset	 ool District's red-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset
2023	0.000000%	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	138.03%
2022	0.000000%	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	164.76%
2021	0.002220%	\$	6,305.00	\$ 26,456.00	-23.83%	129.20%
2020	0.004192%	\$	11,854.00	\$ 53,467.13	-22.17%	129.73%
2019	0.003953%	\$	10,699.00	\$ 54,722.80	-19.55%	129.46%
2018	0.004062%	\$	10,557.00	\$ 59,159.66	-17.84%	130.17%

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SEAD - OPEB

For the Year Ended June 30	ctually required	the cont	tions in relation to ractually required ontribution	ution deficiency (excess)	 ool District's red-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2023	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	0.00%
2022	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	0.00%
2021	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	0.00%
2020	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 26,456.00	0.00%
2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 53,467.13	0.00%
2018	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 54,722.80	0.00%

#### **Teachers Retirement System**

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On May 11, 2022, the Board adopted recommended changes to the long-term assumed rate of return and payroll growth assumption utilized by the System. The long-term assumed rate of return was changed from 7.25% to 6.90%, and the payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

#### Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forwarded 2 years for both males and females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on June 18, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, withdrawal, and salary increases. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

On April 21, 2022, the Board adopted a new funding policy which, in part, provides that the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Normal Cost of the System will include a prefunded variable Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries of the System. Under the new policy, future COLAs are provided through a profit-sharing mechanism using the System's asset performance. After studying the parameters of this new policy, the assumption for future COLAs was set at 1.05%. Previously, no future COLAs were assumed. In addition, the funding policy set the assumed rate of return at 7.20% for the June 30, 2021 valuation and established a new Transitional Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of June 30, 2021 which will be amortized over a closed 20-year period.

#### Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

#### School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes in assumptions:** June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees' Retirement System's experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement System's experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

#### SEAD-OPEB Employer

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On December 17, 2015, the Board of Trustees adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the Plan. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 2 years for both males and females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the Systems based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, withdrawal, and salary increases. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total OPEB Liability.

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES Property Taxes \$ Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	ORIGINAL 14,632,081.00 \$ 75,000.00 28,143,505.00 18,553,580.00 1,504,600.00 12,942.00 429,364.00 63,351,072.00 39,514,893.00	FINAL 14,632,081.00 \$ 75,000.00 29,379,800.00 20,551,340.00 1,254,600.00 12,942.00 446,864.00 66,352,627.00	AMOUNTS 17,540,667.32 \$ 200,496.30 29,160,121.19 10,396,583.41 1,280,900.96 632,421.36 387,629.31 59,598,819.85	OVER/UNDER 2,908,586.32 125,496.30 (219,678.81) (10,154,756.59) 26,300.96 619,479.36 (59,234.69) (6,753,807.15)
Property Taxes \$ Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues  EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	75,000.00 28,143,505.00 18,553,580.00 1,504,600.00 12,942.00 429,364.00 63,351,072.00	75,000.00 29,379,800.00 20,551,340.00 1,254,600.00 12,942.00 446,864.00	200,496.30 29,160,121.19 10,396,583.41 1,280,900.96 632,421.36 387,629.31	125,496.30 (219,678.81) (10,154,756.59) 26,300.96 619,479.36 (59,234.69)
Property Taxes \$ Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues  EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	75,000.00 28,143,505.00 18,553,580.00 1,504,600.00 12,942.00 429,364.00 63,351,072.00	75,000.00 29,379,800.00 20,551,340.00 1,254,600.00 12,942.00 446,864.00	200,496.30 29,160,121.19 10,396,583.41 1,280,900.96 632,421.36 387,629.31	125,496.30 (219,678.81) (10,154,756.59) 26,300.96 619,479.36 (59,234.69)
Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues <u>EXPENDITURES</u> Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	75,000.00 28,143,505.00 18,553,580.00 1,504,600.00 12,942.00 429,364.00 63,351,072.00	75,000.00 29,379,800.00 20,551,340.00 1,254,600.00 12,942.00 446,864.00	200,496.30 29,160,121.19 10,396,583.41 1,280,900.96 632,421.36 387,629.31	125,496.30 (219,678.81) (10,154,756.59) 26,300.96 619,479.36 (59,234.69)
State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues <u>EXPENDITURES</u> Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	28,143,505.00 18,553,580.00 1,504,600.00 12,942.00 429,364.00 63,351,072.00	29,379,800.00 20,551,340.00 1,254,600.00 12,942.00 446,864.00	29,160,121.19 10,396,583.41 1,280,900.96 632,421.36 387,629.31	(219,678.81) (10,154,756.59) 26,300.96 619,479.36 (59,234.69)
Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues <u>EXPENDITURES</u> Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	18,553,580.00 1,504,600.00 12,942.00 429,364.00 63,351,072.00	20,551,340.00 1,254,600.00 12,942.00 446,864.00	10,396,583.41 1,280,900.96 632,421.36 387,629.31	(10,154,756.59) 26,300.96 619,479.36 (59,234.69)
Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	1,504,600.00 12,942.00 429,364.00 63,351,072.00	1,254,600.00 12,942.00 446,864.00	1,280,900.96 632,421.36 387,629.31	26,300.96 619,479.36 (59,234.69)
Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues <u>EXPENDITURES</u> Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	12,942.00 429,364.00 63,351,072.00	12,942.00 446,864.00	632,421.36 387,629.31	619,479.36 (59,234.69)
Miscellaneous Total Revenues EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	429,364.00 63,351,072.00	446,864.00	387,629.31	(59,234.69)
Total Revenues  EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	63,351,072.00			
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services		66,352,627.00	59,598,819.85	(6,753,807.15)
Current Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	39,514,893.00			
Instruction Support Services Pupil Services	39,514,893.00			
Support Services Pupil Services	39,514,893.00			
Pupil Services		40,707,669.00	33,180,008.02	7,527,660.98
	3,230,446.00	3,749,662.00	2,691,675.86	1,057,986.14
Improvement of Instructional Services	2,498,179.00	2,818,814.00	2,263,339.73	555,474.27
Educational Media Services	1,027,823.00	1,039,857.00	1,030,581.47	9,275.53
General Administration	1,489,657.00	1,547,474.00	433,884.34	1,113,589.66
School Administration	3,015,284.00	3,094,471.00	3,013,579.64	80,891.36
Business Administration	351,239.00	361,221.00	353,101.48	8,119.52
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	5,120,213.00	5,300,254.00	5,159,394.84	140,859.16
Student Transportation Services	4,480,512.00	4,992,196.00	3,875,153.10	1,117,042.90
Central Support Services	468,111.00	425,019.00	399,961.91	25,057.09
Other Support Services	266,164.00	266,160.00	31,005.24	235,154.76
Food Services Operation	4,613,577.00	4,662,519.00	3,662,247.41	1,000,271.59
Total Expenditures	66,076,098.00	68,965,316.00	56,093,933.04	12,871,382.96
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(2,725,026.00)	(2,612,689.00)	3,504,886.81	6,117,575.81
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)				
Other Sources	13,445.00	13,445.00	-	(13,445.00)
Other Uses	(1,013,445.00)	(11,013,445.00)	(11,000,000.00)	13,445.00
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	40,550.00	40,550.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,000,000.00)	(11,000,000.00)	(10,959,450.00)	40,550.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,725,026.00)	(13,612,689.00)	(7,454,563.19)	6,158,125.81
Fund Balances - Beginning	26,766,973.90	26,766,973.90	26,766,973.90	-
Adjustments		-	-	-
Fund Balances - Ending \$	13,056.30			

#### Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FUNDING AGENCY	ASSISTANCE LISTING	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	235GA324N1199 \$	1,309,385.98
National School Lunch Program	10.555	235GA324N1199	2,073,093.13
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	132,613.89
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			3,515,093.00
Other Programs Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	235GA904N2533	15,827.97
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.500	2330A304112333	3,530,920.97
······································			
Education, U. S. Department of Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	04.40511	0.05110.0010	1 510 0 11 00
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	1,518,841.93
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	S425W210011	1,857.90
Total Education Stabilization Fund	04.42577	542500210011	1,520,699.83
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	H027A210073	774,827.00
Grants to States	84.027A 84.027A	H027A210073	229,137.97
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Grants to States	84.027X	H027X210073	83,830.61
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A220081	44,337.87
Total Special Education Cluster			1,132,133.45
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A220010	75,368.00
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A210010	6,325.00
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A220010	14,954.46
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A200011	95,179.00
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A220011	113,798.17
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B 84.358B	S358B210010	29,776.00
Rural and Low-Income School Program Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S358F220010 S424A210011	82,438.10 79,626.00
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A210011	110,317.34
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A210001	90,547.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A220001	201,907.45
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A210010-21A	431,599.05
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A220010	2,023,530.31
Total Other Programs			3,355,365.88
Total U. S. Department of Education			6,008,199.16
Health and Human Services, U. S. Department of			
Pass-Through From Bright From the Start			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	2210GACCC5	55,000.00

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	PASS-		
	THROUGH		
ASSISTANCE	ENTITY		
LISTING	ID		EXPENDITURES
NUMBER	NUMBER		IN PERIOD
12. UNKNOWN			59,501.98
		\$	9,653,622.11
	LISTING NUMBER	THROUGH ASSISTANCE ENTITY LISTING ID NUMBER NUMBER	ASSISTANCE ENTITY LISTING ID NUMBER NUMBER

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Decatur County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES		
			APITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL
ENCY/FUNDING		FUND	FUND	
GRANTS				
Bright From the Start:				
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning				
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	1,310,246.16 \$	- \$	1,310,246.1
Education, Georgia Department of				
Quality Basic Education				
Direct Instructional Cost				
Kindergarten Program		1,780,835.00	-	1,780,835.0
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		268,265.00	-	268,265.0
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		2,866,684.00	-	2,866,684.
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		420,565.00	-	420,565.
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		1,268,745.00	-	1,268,745.0
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		450,811.00	-	450,811.0
Middle School (6-8) Program		2,858,450.00	-	2,858,450.0
High School General Education (9-12) Program		2,721,949.00	-	2,721,949.
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		953,271.00	-	953,271.
Students with Disabilities		4,433,159.00	_	4,433,159.
Gifted Student - Category VI		819,938.00	-	4,433,139. 819,938.
Remedial Education Program		712,780.00	-	712,780.
Alternative Education Program			-	
5		224,900.00	-	224,900.
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		331,122.00	-	331,122.
Media Center Program		504,223.00	-	504,223.
20 Days Additional Instruction		157,862.00	-	157,862.
Staff and Professional Development		91,673.00	-	91,673.
Principal Staff and Professional Development		1,459.00	-	1,459.
Indirect Cost				
Central Administration		648,429.00	-	648,429.
School Administration		1,056,110.00	-	1,056,110.
Facility Maintenance and Operations		1,031,580.00	-	1,031,580.
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless		263,263.00	-	263,263.
Amended Formula Adjustment		981,120.00	-	981,120.
Categorical Grants				
Pupil Transportation				
Regular		847,012.00	-	847,012.
Bus Replacement		616,770.00	-	616,770.
Nursing Services		94,467.00	-	94,467.
Education Equalization Funding Grant		912,016.00	-	912,016.
Other State Programs				
Food Services		104,258.00	-	104,258.
Hygiene Products		3,844.00	-	3,844.
Math and Science Supplements		27,043.68	-	27,043.
Preschool Disability Services		86,833.00	-	86,833.
Teachers Retirement		30,372.52	-	30,372.
Vocational Education		131,448.83	-	131,448.
Vocational Supervisors		14,333.00	-	14,333.
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission		,		,
Reimbursement on Construction Projects		_	5,193,857.07	5,193,857.
Office of the State Treasurer			5, 155,051.01	5,155,651.
Public School Employees Retirement		134,284.00	<u> </u>	134,284.

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PROJECT ESPLOST V Bond interest Bond principal payments - series 2015 Planning, construction and equipping new facilities School buses and transportation equipment Technology, safety, security, nutrition equipment Subtotal 2013 Projects	- \$ 	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1) 2,250,000.00 4,000,000.00 8,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 1,500,000.00 17,750,000.00	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2) 2,621,500.00 4,869,080.04 2,304,678.50 559,565.00 - 10,354,823.54	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE 6/30/2027 6/30/2025 Completed Completed
ESPLOST VI				
Bond interest		7,400.000.00	7.390.087.50	6/30/2027
Bond principal payments - series 2015		4,370,000.00	4,370,000.00	6/30/2027
Planning, construction and equipping new facilities		14,530,000.00	65,196,085.50	6/30/2027
Renovations, repairs, extensions, equipping existing facilities		2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	6/30/2027
Technology, safety, security, nutrition equipment		1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	6/30/2027
System-wide software		100,000.00	100,000.00	6/30/2027
School buses and transportation equipment		100,000.00	100,000.00	6/30/2027
Instructional, music, vocational, physical education equipment		100,000.00	100,000.00	6/30/2027
School nutrition equipment		100,000.00	100,000.00	6/30/2027
Textbooks, library books, and digital media		100,000.00	100,000.00	6/30/2027
Demolition existing facilities		100,000.00	100,000.00	6/30/2027
Property		100,000.00	100,000.00	6/30/2027
Subtotal 2018 Projects		30,000,000.00	80,656,173.00	
Total	\$ _	47,750,000.00 \$	91,010,996.54	

#### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PROJECT	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	_	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
ESPLOST V Bond interest	¢	472,650.00	¢	1,921,875.00	t	¢	
Bond principal payments - series 2015	¢	935,000.00	Þ	2,954,080.04	р –	Þ	-
		935,000.00			-		-
Planning, construction and equipping new facilities		-		2,304,678.50			-
School buses and transportation equipment		-		559,565.00	559,565.00		-
Technology, safety, security, nutrition equipment	-	-		-	-	-	
Subtotal 2013 Projects	-	1,407,650.00	-	7,740,198.54	559,565.00	-	-
ESPLOST VI							
Bond interest		-		-	-		-
Bond principal payments - series 2015		-		-	-		-
Planning, construction and equipping new facilities		9,894,883.89		-	-		-
Renovations, repairs, extensions, equipping existing facilities		-		-	-		-
Technology, safety, security, nutrition equipment		-		-	-		-
System-wide software		-		-	-		-
School buses and transportation equipment		-		-	-		-
Instructional, music, vocational, physical education equipment		-		-	-		-
School nutrition equipment		-		-	-		-
Textbooks, library books, and digital media		-		-	-		-
Demolition existing facilities		-		-	-		-
Property		-		-	-		-
Subtotal 2018 Projects	_	9,894,883.89	-		-	-	-
Total	\$	11,302,533.89	\$	7,740,198.54	\$559,565.00	\$	

(1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

(2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

(3) The voters of Decatur County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

(4) During fiscal year 2015, the Decatur County School Building Authority, a component unit of the Decatur County Board of Education, issued General Obligation Refunding Bond Issue 2015 to refund portions of the 2007 Bond Issue.

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Dr. Boyd English, Superintendent and Members of the Decatur County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Decatur County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sheg & Shiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

January 29, 2024



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Dr. Boyd English, Superintendent and Members of the Decatur County Board of Education

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Decatur County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

# **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance

requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sheg & Shiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

January 29, 2024

Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

### DECATUR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:		
Governmental Activities and	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial re Material weakness(es) ider Significant deficiency(ies) i	ntified?	No None Reported
Noncompliance material to finan	icial statements noted:	No
Federal Awards		
<ul> <li>Internal control over major progr</li> <li>Material weakness(es) ide</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) ide</li> </ul>	ntified?	No None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued or	a compliance for major programs:	
All major programs		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(	No	
Identification of major programs	:	
Assistance Listing Number	Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title	
10.553, 10.555 84.027, 84.173 84.425	Child Nutrition Cluster Special Education Cluster Education Stabilization Fund	
Dollar threshold used to distingu	ish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000.00
Auditee qualified as low-risk aud	itee?	Yes
II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDIN	GS	

No matters were reported.

П

# III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.