

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT • FISCAL YEAR 2023

# Evans County Board of Education Claxton, Georgia

**Including Independent Auditor's Report** 



## **Evans County Board of Education**

Table of 0	Contents
------------	----------

Section	I	

_	•				•	1
Fi	n	2	n		2	ı
		а		u	а	ı

Independent Auditor's Report

Req	uired Supplementary Information	
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	i
Exhi	bits	
	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements	
	A Statement of Net Position B Statement of Activities	1 2
	Fund Financial Statements	
	C Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	3
	D Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	4
	E Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds F Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of	5
	Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	6
	G Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	8
Sche	edules	
Req	uired Supplementary Information	
	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
	Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	35
	<ul> <li>Schedule of Contributions – Teachers Retirement System of Georgia</li> <li>Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability</li> </ul>	36
	3 Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public School Employees Retirement System of Georgia	37
4		3/
,	School OPEB Fund	38
5	Schedule of Contributions – School OPEB Fund	39
$\epsilon$		40
7	• •	
	Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund	41

## **Supplementary Information**

8	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	42
9	Schedule of State Revenue	44
10	Schedule of Approved Local Option Sales Tax Projects	46

## Section II

## **Compliance and Internal Control Reports**

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

## Section III

## Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

**Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings** 

## **Section IV**

## **Findings and Questioned Costs**

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section I

**Financial** 



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Martin Waters, Superintendent and Members of the
Evans County Board of Education

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Evans County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or

historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 1, 2024 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They & Duff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 1, 2024

#### INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of the Evans County Board of Education's (School District) financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- On the government-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$22.6 million. Because GASB Statements No. 68, No. 71 and No. 75 required school districts to report the net pension and OPEB (Other Post-Employment Benefits) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, the School District reports a deficit unrestricted net position of \$23.9 million. Before reporting a net unfunded proportionate share of the TRS pension and OPEB liability required by GASB Statements No. 68, No. 71, and No. 75 of \$29.8 million, the School District reported an unrestricted net position of \$5.8 million on the government-wide financial statements.
- The School District had \$29.7 million in expenses relating to governmental activities; only \$20.1 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily property and sales taxes) and a special item of \$9.8 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The general fund (the primary operating fund), presented on a current financial resource basis, ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$5.5 million, a decrease of \$87 thousand from the prior year due to funding local capital outlay projects.
- The School District issued general obligation sales tax bonds of \$2.0 million, which is restricted for the construction of the new athletic field at Claxton High School.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This report consists of several parts including management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The governmental funds statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements reflect the School District's most significant funds. In the case of the Evans County Board of Education, the general fund, capital projects fund and debt service fund are the most significant funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are basically a consolidation of all of the School District's operating funds into one column called governmental activities. In reviewing the government-wide financial statements, a reader might ask the question about whether the School District is in a better financial position than last year? The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provides the basis for answering this question. These financial statements include all of the School District's assets and liabilities and use the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is one way to measure the School District's overall financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The causes of this change may be the results of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs, pension and other post-employment benefits reporting requirements and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District has one distinct type of activity:

Governmental Activities – All of the School District's programs and services are reported here
including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil
transportation, food service, student activity accounts and various others.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions during the fiscal year. However, the fund financial statements presented in this report provide detailed information about only the School District's major governmental funds; these major governmental funds are the general fund, the capital projects fund and the debt service fund.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled within the financial statements.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1, Statement of Net Position, provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
	_	Fiscal		Fiscal		Net
		Year 2023	_	Year 2022		Change
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,752,204	\$	8,803,779	\$	
Investments		2,035,506		983,742		1,051,764
Accounts Receivable, Net						
Taxes		714,619		532,273		182,346
State Government		1,636,982		1,605,685		31,297
Federal Government		2,615,255		1,822,427		792,828
Local		362,363		25,373		336,990
Inventories		70,323		67,152		3,171
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		4,137,336		670,029		3,467,307
Capital Assets, Depreciable						
(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	_	49,962,313	_	50,449,854		(487,541)
Total Assets		68,286,901	_	64,960,314		3,326,587
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		14,986,780		6,264,765		8,722,015
Related to OPEB Plan		3,475,662		3,326,431		149,231
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		18,462,442		9,591,196		8,871,246
Liabilities		_	_			
Accounts Payable		111,140		258,494		(147,354)
Salaries and Benefits Payable		2,288,634		2,104,768		183,866
Interest Payable		34,489		31,621		2,868
Contracts Payable		329,518		-		329,518
Retainages Payable		327,503		_		327,503
Net Pension Liability		28,758,443		7,279,770		21,478,673
Net OPEB Liability		11,843,909		12,750,158		(906,249)
Long-Term Liabilities		,,		,,		(,
Due Within One Year		621,813		491,813		130,000
Due in More Than One Year		12,168,892		10,936,834		1,232,058
Total Liabilities	_	56,484,341	-	33,853,458		22,630,883
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	, - ,-	-			
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		259,575		10,911,066		(10,651,491)
Related to OPEB Plan						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	7,358,280	-	7,398,548		(40,268)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	7,617,855	-	18,309,614		(10,691,759)
Net Position		10.054.400		10 000 107		504.000
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for		42,854,466		42,260,137		594,329
Bus Replacement		_		77,220		(77,220)
Continuation of Federal Programs		634,710		618,227		16,483
Debt Service		603,530		301,698		301,832
Capital Projects		2,487,378		1,509,596		977,782
Continuation of State Programs		6,741		1,741		5,000
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(23,939,678)		(22,380,181)		(1,559,497)
on estroica (penoit)	_	(20,000,010)	-	(22,000,101)		(1,000,791)
Total Net Position	\$	22,647,147	\$	22,388,438	\$	258,709

Table 2 shows the Change in Net Position for the year.

Table 2 Change in Net Position

			G	iov	ernmental Activitie	es	
		Fiscal Year			Fiscal Year		Net
	_	2023	_		2022	_	Change
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	52,148		\$	185,196	\$	(133,048)
Operating Grants and Contributions		19,833,770			19,550,229		283,541
Capital Grants and Contributions	_	211,648	-	_	1,032,405	-	(820,757)
Total Program Revenues	-	20,097,566	_	_	20,767,830	_	(670,264)
General Revenues:							
Taxes							
Property Taxes							
For Maintenance and Operations		4,026,492			3,905,701		120,791
Railroad Cars		12,758			13,293		(535)
Sales Taxes							
Special Purpose Local Option Sales	Tax						
For Debt Service		2,027,765			1,810,182		217,583
For Capital Projects		-			20,730		(20,730)
Other Sales Tax		32,651			62,978		(30,327)
Grants and Contributions not							
Restricted to Specific Programs		2,218,211			2,143,642		74,569
Investment Earnings		79,217			7,626		71,591
Miscellaneous		1,193,774			959,525		234,249
Special Item:							
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	-	250,352	-	-	<del>-</del>	-	250,352
Total General Revenues and Special item	-	9,841,220	-	_	8,923,677	_	917,543
Total Revenues	=	29,938,786	_	_	29,691,507	_	247,279
Program Expenses:							
Instruction		15,184,155			12,455,494		2,728,661
Support Services							
Pupil Services		2,347,737			1,582,068		765,669
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,661,012			1,343,343		317,669
Educational Media Services		390,702			316,863		73,839
General Administration		1,167,561			816,582		350,979
School Administration		1,982,361			1,619,526		362,835
Business Administration		331,954			224,038		107,916
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,529,938			2,582,768		(52,830)
Student Transportation Services		1,112,780			923,681		189,099
Central Support Services		265,791			80,641		185,150
Other Support Services		355,100			361,375		(6,275)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services							
Enterprise Operations		-			206		(206)
Community Services		-			157,650		(157,650)
Food Services		1,950,356			1,772,996		177,360
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	400,631	-	_	359,008	_	41,623
Total Expenses	=	29,680,078	-	_	24,596,239	-	5,083,839
Increase in Net Position	\$_	258,708		\$_	5,095,268	\$_	(4,836,560)

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting these services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	-	Fiscal	Fiscal
	_	Year 2023	Year 2023
Instruction	\$	15,184,155 \$	2,457,299
Support Service			
Pupil Services		2,347,737	1,646,314
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,661,012	657,449
<b>Educational Media Services</b>		390,702	113,704
General Administration		1,167,561	36,161
School Administration		1,982,361	963,016
<b>Business Administration</b>		331,954	325,336
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,529,938	1,825,764
Student Transportation Services		1,112,780	607,226
Central Support Services		265,791	258,510
Other Support Services		355,100	291,145
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Services		1,950,356	(43)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	_	400,631	400,631
	_		
Total Expenses	\$	29,680,078 \$	9,582,512

Program revenues cover 67.7% of expenditures during the current fiscal year.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds had total revenues of \$29.6 million and total expenditures of \$32.7 million. Expenditures exceeded revenues by \$3.1 million due to the construction of the new athletic facility at Claxton High School.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS**

The School District's budget is prepared in accordance with Georgia law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund, which includes local, state and Federal funds collected and disbursed for the purpose of operating the School District.

The School District's budget is based on its overall mission and incorporates site-based budgeting into the budget process to control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, the final budgeted revenues and other financial sources totaled \$27.7 million. The actual revenue and other financial sources were less than the budgeted amount by \$329.0 thousand. The majority of the variance between final budget and actual revenue is due to receiving less in federal revenue and other sources than budgeted.

The final budgeted expenditures and other financial uses totaled \$27.7 million. The actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$27.4 million were \$241.9 thousand less than budgeted. The majority of the variance between final budget and actual revenue is less in federal spending than budgeted.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, the School District had \$54.1 million and \$51.1 million invested in capital assets in the governmental activities. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances net of accumulated depreciation. The School District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaling \$54.1 million are comprised of buildings and building improvements (88.1%), construction in progress (6.5%), land and land improvements (1.9%), and equipment (3.5%).

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Net	
	2023		2022		Change	
Land	\$ 603,576	\$	641,576	\$	(38,000)	
Construction in Progress	3,533,760		28,454		3,505,306	
Buildings and Building Improvements	47,657,444		48,466,882		(809,438)	
Equipment	1,879,877		1,840,432		39,445	
Land Improvements	424,992	_	142,539		282,453	
	\$ 54,099,649	\$_	51,119,883	\$	2,979,766	

## **LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

At June 30, 2023, the School District had \$12.8 million in total long-term liabilities, which consisted of \$11.9 million in bond debt, \$824.7 thousand in unamortized bond premiums, and \$81.0 thousand for compensated absences. The increase in bonds payable was due to a bond issuance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The following statements should help to explain the current financial position of the Evans County School District. The School District has a healthy fund balance due to increased state and federal grants which have helped offset the burden to the taxpayers. In addition, the state has recently recognized the burden it has placed on the local taxpayer and, as a result, removed the state-authorized austerity cuts thus improving state funds. The School District has worked hard to maximize state-funded resources through better reporting of FTE student data. In addition, the School District has relied heavily on SPLOST funding instead of local tax revenues to help fund textbooks, technology, equipment and school buses.

The Evans County School District has actively been working to be more efficient and strategic in our staffing and instructional processes. As a result, the School District has paid a local supplement for four consecutive years and now includes a local supplement in the budget process with efforts to grow this supplement over the next couple of years. The community approved another Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax that began April 2019. This sales tax allowed the School District to construct a new high school on the same campus as the elementary and middle schools. This new high school has created a safer school environment and allowed the School District to combine administrative, instructional and support processes between the middle and high school. The School District will continue to look for ways to maximize resources and reduce costs in efficient and instructionally strategic ways to ensure the best opportunities for student and staff success.

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Mrs. LaMaudice Holmes, CGFM, Chief Financial Officer, at the Evans County Board of Education, 705 West Main Street, Claxton, GA 30417. You may also email your questions to LaMaudice Holmes at Iholmes@evanscountyschools.org.



## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,752,204.25
Investments	2,035,506.27
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Taxes	714,618.43
State Government	1,636,982.15
Federal Government	2,615,255.32
Local	362,362.77
Inventories	70,323.13
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	4,137,335.62
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	49,962,312.94
Total Assets	68,286,900.88
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	14,986,780.42
Related to OPEB Plan	3,475,662.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,462,442.42
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	111,140.72
Salaries and Benefits Payable	2,288,634.13
Interest Payable	34,489.10
Contracts Payable	329,517.90
Retainages Payable	327,502.80
Net Pension Liability	28,758,443.00
Net OPEB Liability	11,843,909.00
Long-Term Liabilities	11,043,303.00
Due Within One Year	621,812.73
Due in More Than One Year	12,168,892.40
Total Liabilities	
Total Liabilities	56,484,341.78
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	259,575.00
Related to OPEB Plan	7,358,280.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,617,855.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	42,854,465.69
Restricted for	
Continuation of Federal Programs	634,709.67
Debt Service	603,529.80
Capital Projects	2,487,378.21
Continuation of State Programs	6,740.92
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(23,939,677.77)
Total Net Position	\$ 22,647,146.52

					NET (EXPENSES)				
	_	EXPENSES	_	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	_	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Instruction	\$	15,184,155.37	\$	-	\$	12,630,929.04	\$	95,927.33	(2,457,299.00)
Support Services									
Pupil Services		2,347,736.54		-		701,422.73		-	(1,646,313.81)
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,661,011.78		-		1,003,562.73		-	(657,449.05)
Educational Media Services		390,701.91		-		272,696.47		4,301.05	(113,704.39)
General Administration		1,167,560.75		-		1,129,985.50		1,413.86	(36,161.39)
School Administration		1,982,361.31		-		1,015,436.42		3,909.46	(963,015.43)
Business Administration		331,954.15		-		6,618.72		-	(325,335.43)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,529,937.96		-		693,150.20		11,023.91	(1,825,763.85)
Student Transportation Services		1,112,779.88		-		428,334.12		77,220.00	(607,225.76)
Central Support Services		265,790.80		-		7,280.37		-	(258,510.43)
Other Support Services		355,100.24		-		63,847.31		108.17	(291,144.76)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services									
Food Services		1,950,356.29		52,148.38		1,880,506.24		17,744.62	42.95
Interest on Long-Term Debt	_	400,631.48	_	-	_	-	-		(400,631.48)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ =	29,680,078.46	\$ =	52,148.38	\$ =	19,833,769.85	\$	211,648.40	(9,582,511.83)
	(	General Revenues							
		Taxes							
		Property Tax	ĸes						
		For Maint	tena	ance and Operations	5				4,026,491.82
		Railroad (	Car	S					12,758.31
		Sales Taxes							
		Special Po	urp	ose Local Option Sal	les	Tax			
		For	Del	ot Services					2,027,764.81
		Other Sal	es <sup>-</sup>	Гах					32,651.22
		Grants and Cor	ntri	butions not Restricte	ed t	o Specific Program	าร		2,218,211.00
		Investment Ear	nin	gs					79,217.22
		Miscellaneous							1,193,774.02
	S	pecial Item							
		Gain on Sale of	f Ca	pital Assets					250,352.10
		Total G	en	eral Revenues and S	peo	tial Item			9,841,220.50
		Chang	e in	Net Position					258,708.67
		Net Position -	Beg	inning of Year					22,388,437.85
		Net Position -	End	l of Year				\$	22,647,146.52

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,324,520.76 \$	3,427,683.49 \$	- \$	6,752,204.25
Investments		-	1,597,664.89	437,841.38	2,035,506.27
Accounts Receivable, Net					
Taxes		514,440.91	-	200,177.52	714,618.43
State Government		1,636,982.15	-	-	1,636,982.15
Federal Government		2,615,255.32	-	-	2,615,255.32
Local		21,155.77	-	-	21,155.77
Inventories	_	70,323.13	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	70,323.13
Total Assets	\$	8,182,678.04 \$	5,025,348.38 \$	638,018.90 \$	13,846,045.32
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	111,140.72 \$	- \$	- \$	111,140.72
Salaries and Benefits Payable		2,288,634.13	-	-	2,288,634.13
Contracts Payable		-	329,517.90	-	329,517.90
Retainages Payable		<u> </u>	327,502.80	<u> </u>	327,502.80
Total Liabilities		2,399,774.85	657,020.70		3,056,795.55
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		281,818.91	-	-	281,818.91
Unavailable Revenue - Federal Funds		17,979.80	-	<u> </u>	17,979.80
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	299,798.71	-		299,798.71
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		70,323.13	-	-	70,323.13
Restricted		571,127.46	3,278,617.80	638,018.90	4,487,764.16
Assigned		270,219.99	1,089,709.88	-	1,359,929.87
Unassigned		4,571,433.90		<u> </u>	4,571,433.90
Total Fund Balances		5,483,104.48	4,368,327.68	638,018.90	10,489,451.06
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	8,182,678.04 \$	5,025,348.38 \$	638,018.90 \$	13,846,045.32

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")		:	10,489	,451.06
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources				
and therefore are not reported in the funds. Land	\$	603,575.60		
Construction in progress	Þ	3,533,760.02		
Buildings and improvements		55,881,103.96		
Equipment		4,576,311.76		
Land improvements		2,030,618.33		
Accumulated depreciation		(12,525,721.11)	54,099	,648.56
Non-monetary consideration is not a current resource and therefore				
is not reported in the funds.			341	,207.00
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Net pension liability	\$	(28,758,443.00)		
Net OPEB liability		(11,843,909.00)	(40,602	,352.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are				
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Related to pensions	\$	14,727,205.42		
Related to OPEB	_	(3,882,618.00)	10,844	,587.42
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are				
deferred in the funds.			281	,818.91
Federal funds that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are				
deferred in the funds.			17	,979.80
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable				
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Bonds payable	\$	(11,885,000.00)		
Accrued interest payable		(34,489.10)		
Compensated absences payable		(80,960.05)		
Unamortized bond premiums	_	(824,745.08)	(12,825	,194.23)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")		:	22,647	,146.52

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	
		FUND	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
	-				
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	3,988,368.75 \$	- \$	- \$	3,988,368.75
Sales Taxes		32,651.22	-	2,027,764.81	2,060,416.03
State Funds		14,894,499.28	134,428.40	-	15,028,927.68
Federal Funds		7,167,406.41	-	-	7,167,406.41
Charges for Services		52,148.38	-	-	52,148.38
Investment Earnings		13,673.04	37,773.81	27,770.37	79,217.22
Miscellaneous		1,193,774.02	· -	· -	1,193,774.02
Total Revenues	_	27,342,521.10	172,202.21	2,055,535.18	29,570,258.49
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		13,715,531.52	82,380.23	-	13,797,911.75
Support Services					
Pupil Services		2,238,274.23	-	-	2,238,274.23
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,567,726.53	-	-	1,567,726.53
Educational Media Services		348,094.88	-	-	348,094.88
General Administration		1,070,282.05	37,250.00	-	1,107,532.05
School Administration		1,802,127.27	-	-	1,802,127.27
Business Administration		255,390.89	63,781.09	14.60	319,186.58
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,392,983.14	6,010.69	-	2,398,993.83
Student Transportation Services		1,110,171.97	80,809.71	-	1,190,981.68
Central Support Services		259,410.96	-	-	259,410.96
Other Support Services		355,589.23	4,000.00	-	359,589.23
Food Services Operation		1,859,360.22	71,351.11	-	1,930,711.33
Capital Outlay		-	4,371,922.37	-	4,371,922.37
Debt Services					
Principal		-	-	550,000.00	550,000.00
Interest		-	-	449,576.30	449,576.30
Total Expenditures	_	26,974,942.89	4,717,505.20	999,590.90	32,692,038.99
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	367,578.21	(4,545,302.99)	1,055,944.28	(3,121,780.50)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds of Bonds		-	1,965,000.00	-	1,965,000.00
Sale of Capital Assets		-	400,000.00	-	400,000.00
Transfers In		-	1,205,901.01	14.41	1,205,915.42
Transfers Out	_	(454,656.67)	<u> </u>	(751,258.75)	(1,205,915.42)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(454,656.67)	3,570,901.01	(751,244.34)	2,365,000.00
Net Change in Fund Balances		(87,078.46)	(974,401.98)	304,699.94	(756,780.50)
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	5,570,182.94	5,342,729.66	333,318.96	11,246,231.56
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ _	5,483,104.48 \$	4,368,327.68 \$	638,018.90 \$	10,489,451.06

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		\$	(756,780.50)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,			
in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over			
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay	\$	4,656,503.59	
Depreciation expense	_	(1,024,019.12)	3,632,484.47
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets			
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position.			(652,719.08)
Non-monetary consideration reported in the Statement of Activities that do not			
provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.			341,207.00
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			50,881.38
Federal funds reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			17,979.80
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt			
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither			
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds			
report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the			
carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when			
debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement			
of Activities.			
General obligation bonds issued	\$	(1,965,000.00)	
Bond principal retirements		550,000.00	
Amortization of bond premium	_	51,812.73	(1,363,187.27)
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the			
governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred			
outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported			
net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date.			
Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability			
adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related			
to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension expense	\$	(2,105,166.73)	
OPEB expense	_	1,095,748.00	(1,009,418.73)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of			
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds.			
Net increase in accrued interest	\$	(2,867.91)	
Net decrease in compensated absences	_	1,129.51	(1,738.40)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")		\$	258,708.67



## **NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY**

## **Reporting Entity**

The Evans County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

## **NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

## **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

## Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
  management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), bond proceeds and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

## **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In fiscal year 2023, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement defines subscription-based information technology arrangements and provides uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Under this statement, a government is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use asset for contracts that meet the definition of a subscription-based information technology arrangement. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the School District's financial statements.

## **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

#### **Investments**

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

### **Receivables**

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

#### **Inventories**

#### Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

### **Capital Assets**

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Estimated
		Policy	Useful Life
Land		Any Amount	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	5,000.00	20 to 80 years
Buildings	\$	10,000.00	10 to 80 years
Buildings, Additions, and Improvements	\$	10,000.00	up to 80 years
Equipment	\$	5,000.00	3 to 20 years
Computer Applications	\$	5,000.00	6 years
Intangible Assets	\$	100,000.00	Individually Determined

## **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

## **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave employees earned based on services already rendered and unused sick leave in excess of 45 days for employees who are under the Public School Employee Retirement System (PSERS).

Vacation leave of 10 days is awarded on a fiscal year basis to all full-time personnel working 230 days and are employed on a twelve-month basis. No other employees are eligible to earn vacation leave. Vacation leave not utilized during the fiscal year may be carried over to the next fiscal year, providing such vacation leave does not exceed 15 days. Upon terminating employment, the School District pays a maximum of 15 days out at his or her current daily rate. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal-year end.

Members of the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) may apply unused sick leave toward early retirement; however, bus drivers, cafeteria staff, and maintenance staff who are under Public School Employee Retirement System (PSERS) may not. Beginning with the fiscal year 2013 school year, after accumulation of 45 days of unused sick leave, at the end of each year that employee will receive \$10 per day of any leave earned that year but not taken. Upon his or her departure from the Evans County School District, he or she will receive his or her daily rate of pay for leave days not used up to 45 days.

## Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **Fund Balances**

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## **Property Taxes**

The Evans County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2022 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 28, 2022 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2022. Taxes were due on March 20, 2023 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2022 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2023. The Evans County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$3,256,233.78.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2022 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 14.00 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$719,376.66 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

### **Sales Taxes**

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$2,027,764.81 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

#### **NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA**

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for the general fund, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The

approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

The Board must approve, for management purposes, any changes between the appropriations by aggregate level. Any position or expenditure not previously approved in the annual budget that exceeds \$10,000.00 shall require Board approval unless the Superintendent deems the position or purchase an emergency. In such case, the expenditure shall be reported to the Board at its regularly scheduled meeting. Under no circumstance is the Superintendent or other staff person authorized to spend funds that exceed the total budget without approval by the Board.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

### **NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

## **Collateralization of Deposits**

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

## **Categorization of Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$6,752,204.25, and a bank balance of \$9,239,209.23. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$750,000.00 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$8,489,209.23.

## **Categorization of Investments**

At June 30, 2023, the School District had the following investments:

		_	Investment Maturity
Investment Type	 Fair Value	-	Less Than 1 Year
Debt Securities			
Fidelity Investments Money Market Treasury Fund	\$ 2,035,506.27	\$_	2,035,506.27

### **Fair Value of Investments**

The School District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2023 the School District had the following investments by fair value level:

Money Market Treasury Funds of \$2,035,506.27 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

## **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investment will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing interest rate risk.

## **Credit Quality Risk**

Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments to those prescribed O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. The School District does not have a formal policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

The investments subject to credit quality risk are the money market funds. These investments had a quality credit rating of AAA.

## **NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	Balances		_	Balances
	July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets,				
Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 641,575.60 \$		\$ 38,000.00 \$	
Construction in Progress	28,453.65	3,598,066.37	92,760.00	3,533,760.02
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	670,029.25	3,598,066.37	130,760.00	4,137,335.62
Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	56,400,579.23	517,156.36	1,036,631.63	55,881,103.96
Equipment .	4,609,089.05	318,044.86	350,822.15	4,576,311.76
Land Improvements	1,714,622.33	315,996.00	-	2,030,618.33
Less Accumulated				
Depreciation:				
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	7,933,696.94	732,208.49	442,245.94	8,223,659.49
Equipment	2,768,656.71	258,267.22	330,488.76	2,696,435.17
Land Improvements	1,572,083.04	33,543.41		1,605,626.45
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated, Net	50,449,853.92	127,178.10	614,719.08	49,962,312.94
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets - Net	\$ 51,119,883.17 \$	3,725,244.47	\$ 745,479.08 \$	54,099,648.56

## Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction			\$ 670,045.62
Support Services			
Educational Media Services	\$	30,284.08	
General Administration		9,849.56	
School Administration		27,294.00	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		76,625.65	
Student Transportation Services		84,460.34	
Other Support Services		818.16	229,331.79
Food Services	_		 124,641.71
			\$ 1,024,019.12

## **NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	 Transfers From						
	Debt Service						
Transfers to	 General Fund	_	Fund	_	Total		
Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund	\$ 454,642.26 14.41	\$	751,258.75 -	\$	1,205,901.01 14.41		
Total	\$ 454,656.67	\$	751,258.75	\$_	1,205,915.42		

Transfers are used to move property tax revenues collected by the general fund to the capital projects fund to cover expenditures for construction projects, and to the debt service fund as reimbursement for bank fees associated with the bond sinking fund account. In addition, transfers are used to move SPLOST funds collected by the debt service fund to the capital projects fund for capital projects.

## **NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
		Balance			Balance	Due Within			
	_	July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2023	One Year			
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	\$	10,470,000.00 \$	1,965,000.00 \$	550,000.00 \$	11,885,000.00 \$	570,000.00			
Unamortized Bond Premiums		876,557.81	-	51,812.73	824,745.08	51,812.73			
Compensated Absences(1)		82,089.56	86,163.18	87,292.69	80,960.05				
	\$_	11,428,647.37 \$	2,051,163.18 \$	689,105.42 \$	12,790,705.13 \$	621,812.73			

<sup>(1)</sup> The portion of compensated absences due within one year has been determined to be immaterial to the basic financial statements.

### **General Obligation Bonds**

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District's outstanding bonds from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$11,885,000.00 contain a provision that in an event of default, the State of Georgia Board of Education is authorized to withhold any state appropriation to which the School District may be entitled and apply it to the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the bonds then due

During fiscal year 2019, the School District issued general obligation bonds totaling \$11,720,000.00 to construct a new high school.

During the current fiscal year, the School District issued general obligation bonds totaling \$1,965,000.00 to construct a new athletic field.

Of the total amount originally authorized, \$315,000.00 remains unissued. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General Government - Series 2019 General Government - Series 2022	3.00 - 5.00% 2.90%	5/22/2019 7/12/2022	6/1/2039 \$ 6/1/2039	11,720,000.00 \$ 1,965,000.00	10,030,000.00 1,855,000.00
			\$	13,685,000.00 \$	11,885,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

		General Ob		Unamortized		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	_	Principal		Interest		Bond Premium
2024	\$	570,000.00	\$	435,276.26	\$	51,812.73
2025		590,000.00		413,686.26		51,812.73
2026		610,000.00		396,096.26		51,812.73
2027		625,000.00		377,916.26		51,812.73
2028		645,000.00		354,181.26		51,812.73
2029 - 2033		3,590,000.00		1,334,341.30		259,063.64
2034 - 2038		4,300,000.00		594,493.80		259,063.64
2039		955,000.00		29,540.00		47,554.15
			_		-	
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	11,885,000.00	\$_	3,935,531.40	\$	824,745.08

## **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences represent obligations of the School District relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences based upon service already rendered. This obligation relates only to vesting accumulating leave in which payment is probable and can be reasonably estimated. Typically, the general fund is the fund used to liquidate this long-term debt. The School District uses the vesting method to compute compensated absences.

### **NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

## Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

## Workers' Compensation

## Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2.0 million. The Trust covers the first \$1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 107% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

		Beginning		Claims and				
		of Year		Changes in		Claims		End of Year
Liability			Estimates		Paid		Liability	
2022	\$	948.63	\$	5,861.12	\$	6,809.75	\$	
2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

## **Unemployment Compensation**

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The School District has not experienced any unemployment claims in the last two fiscal years.

## **Surety Bond**

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount			
Superintendent	\$ 100,000.00			

### **NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS**

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2023:

Nonspendable			<b>.</b>	70 222 42
Inventories			\$	70,323.13
Restricted				
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$	564,386.54		
Continuation of State Programs		6,740.92		
Capital Projects		3,278,617.80		
Debt Service	_	638,018.90	_	4,487,764.16
Assigned				
Daycare Program	\$	34,437.26		
Athletic Scholarships		19,065.63		
<b>Evans County Charter Academy</b>		11,250.00		
School Activity Accounts		204,759.55		
Local Capital Outlay Projects		1,089,709.88		
Local Grants		707.55		1,359,929.87
Unassigned			_	4,571,433.90
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$_	10,489,451.06		

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

## **NOTE 10: BROADBAND SPECTRUM AGREEMENT**

Effective September 28, 2007, the School District entered into a 30-year use agreement with Clearwire Spectrum Holdings II LLC for the use of excess spectrum capacity on Education Broadband Service licenses currently held by School District. These licenses were granted to the School District by the Federal Communications Commission. The use agreement requires monthly use payments over the term of the agreement, of which \$142,836.00 was recognized during fiscal year 2023 as a general revenue on the Statement of Activities.

## **NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS**

## **Commitments under Construction Contracts**

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2023:

	Unearned	Payments
	Executed	through
Project	Contracts (1)	June 30, 2023 (2)
Claxton High School Athletic Facility	\$ 1,379,531.40	\$ 3,521,901.27

- (1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.
- (2) Payments include contracts and retainages payable at year-end.

## **NOTE 12: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

## **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

## **NOTE 13: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

## Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

**Plan Description:** Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

**Contributions:** As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$451,081.00 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability of \$11,843,909.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.119597%, which was an increase of 0.001876% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$644,667.00). At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ОРЕВ				
	_	Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	472,757.00	\$	4,655,015.00		
Changes of assumptions		1,803,851.00		2,395,447.00		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		72,244.00		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		675,729.00		307,818.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	451,081.00				
Total	\$_	3,475,662.00	\$	7,358,280.00		

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	OPEB
2024	\$	(1,345,726.00)
2025	\$	(996,182.00)
2026	\$	(687,909.00)
2027	\$	(841,696.00)
2028	\$	(418,317.00)
Thereafter	\$	(43,869.00)

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022:

## **OPEB:**

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.50%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029
Medicare Eligible	2023

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled or not disabled) as follows:

• For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and

adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

• For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 101% for males and 103% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projections scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjust 104% for males and 99% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income Equities	30.00% 70.00%	2.00% 9.40%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Net of inflation

**Discount Rate:** In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.57% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 2.20%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate as used for the long-term rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AAA or higher (3.54% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2128.

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:** The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.57%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.57%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.57%) than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease (2.57%)	Current Discount Rate (3.57%)	<u>-</u>	1% Increase (4.57%)
School District's proportionate share				
of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 13,396,883.00	\$ 11,843,909.00	\$	10,527,695.00

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare					
	_	1% Decrease	_	Cost Trend Rate	_	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share						
of the Net OPEB liability	\$	10.204.943.00	\$	11.843.909.00	\$	13.858.190.00

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

## **NOTE 14: RETIREMENT PLANS**

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

## **Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)**

**Plan Description:** All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

**Contributions:** Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2023. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 19.98% of annual School District payroll, of which 19.81% of

payroll was required from the School District and 0.17% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$2,425,483.42 and \$18,066.64 from the School District and the State, respectively.

## **Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)**

**Plan Description:** PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ers.ga.gov/financials">www.ers.ga.gov/financials</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

**Contributions:** The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$41,674.00.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability of \$28,758,443.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,758,443.00
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the School District	 255,554.00
Total	\$ 29,013,997.00

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.088564%, which was an increase of 0.006254% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2023, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$275,944.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized pension expense of \$4,571,644.00 for TRS and \$69,345.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$39,711.00 for TRS and \$69,345.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		TRS				
	_	Deferred	Deferred			
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
	_	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,193,770.00	\$	149,694.00		
Changes of assumptions		4,329,063.00		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		5,650,216.00		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,388,248.00		109,881.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	2,425,483.42				
Total	\$_	14,986,780.42	\$	259,575.00		

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS		
2024	\$	3,357,962.00	
2025	\$	2,705,544.00	
2026	\$	1,976,664.00	
2027	\$	4,261,552.00	

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

## Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018, with the exception of the investment rate of return and payroll growth assumption.

## **Public School Employees Retirement System:**

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below- Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female: 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TRS/PSERS Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.20%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.40%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	12.30%	9.40%
International emerging market stocks	5.20%	11.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Rates shown are net of inflation

**Discount Rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 6.90%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

Total and Batimana and Contains		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
Teachers Retirement System:	(5.90%)			(6.90%)	_	(7.90%)
School District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	43,386,966.00	\$	28,758,443.00	\$	16,812,318.00

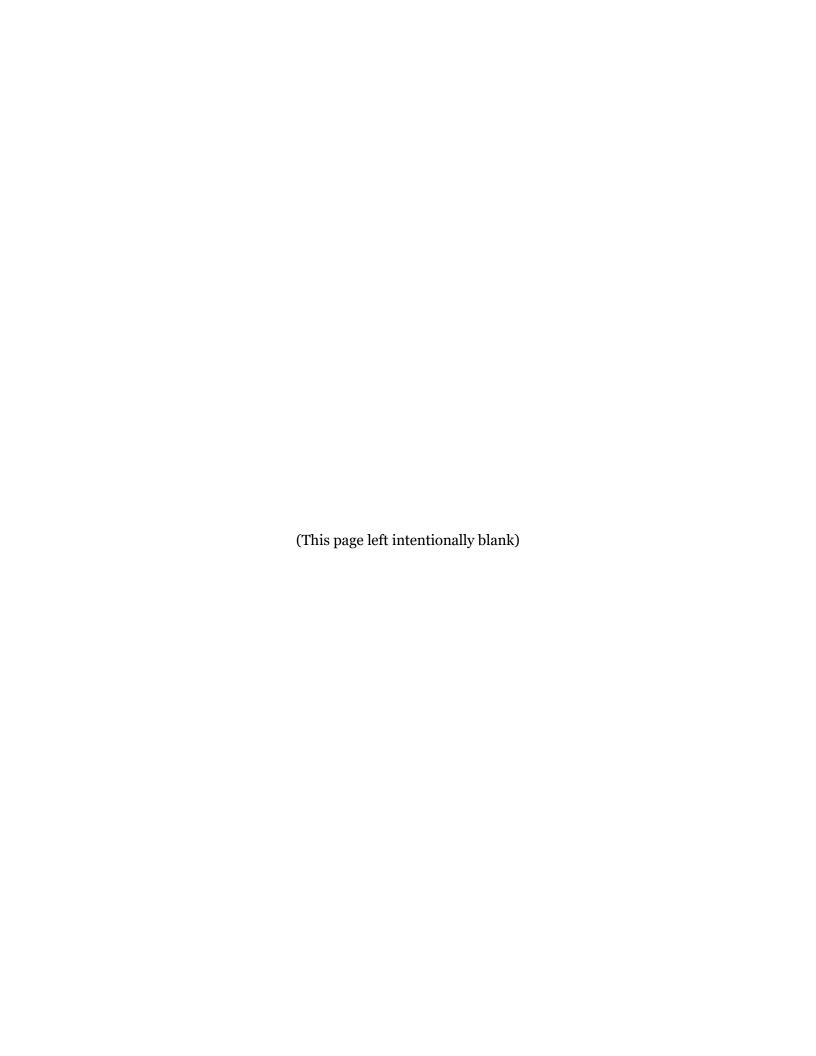
**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a> and <a href="https://www.ers.ga.gov/financials">http://www.ers.ga.gov/financials</a>.

## **NOTE 15: SPECIAL ITEM**

During fiscal year 2023, the School District sold a parcel of land with a total original value of \$38,000.00 and a building with a net book value of \$452,854.90. The land and building were sold for a total of \$741,207.00, which included a cash payment of \$400,000.00 and additional consideration totaling \$341,207.00 for construction services to be provided by the Evans County Board of Commissioners. The difference between the net carrying value of the capital assets and total consideration resulted in a net gain on the sale of the assets of \$250,352.10, which is reported as a special item on Exhibit B of this report.

## **NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

In the subsequent fiscal year, the School District sold land at the intersection of Womble Street and North Ralph Street for \$107,250.00. Proceeds from the sale will be used for future capital projects.



# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	chool District's portionate share of the NPL	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the School District		Total			chool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.088564%	\$ 28,758,443.00	\$	255,554.00	\$	29,013,997.00	\$	12,070,782.78	238.25%	72.85%
2022	0.082310%	\$ 7,279,770.00	\$	125,590.00	\$	7,405,360.00	\$	10,952,925.15	66.46%	92.03%
2021	0.079909%	\$ 19,357,087.00	\$	260,892.00	\$	19,617,979.00	\$	10,446,075.25	185.30%	77.01%
2020	0.076485%	\$ 16,446,343.00	\$	61,498.00	\$	16,507,841.00	\$	9,369,270.35	175.53%	78.56%
2019	0.079516%	\$ 14,759,873.00	\$	109,702.00	\$	14,869,575.00	\$	9,541,269.62	154.70%	80.27%
2018	0.080437%	\$ 14,949,464.00	\$	152,214.00	\$	15,101,678.00	\$	9,330,066.89	160.23%	79.33%
2017	0.084664%	\$ 17,467,127.00	\$	198,678.00	\$	17,665,805.00	\$	9,408,467.92	185.65%	76.06%
2016	0.086674%	\$ 13,195,256.00	\$	149,043.00	\$	13,344,299.00	\$	9,259,593.00	142.50%	81.44%
2015	0.085461%	\$ 10,796,870.00	\$	126,842.00	\$	10,923,712.00	\$	8,822,918.00	122.37%	84.03%

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30			 ributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contri	oution deficiency (excess)	chool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2023	\$	2,425,483.42	\$ 2,425,483.42	\$	-	\$ 12,245,692.49	19.81%	
2022	\$	2,370,141.15	\$ 2,370,141.15	\$	-	\$ 12,070,782.78	19.64%	
2021	\$	2,052,421.18	\$ 2,052,421.18	\$	-	\$ 10,952,925.15	18.74%	
2020	\$	2,171,204.96	\$ 2,171,204.96	\$	-	\$ 10,446,075.25	20.78%	
2019	\$	1,930,052.55	\$ 1,930,052.55	\$	-	\$ 9,369,270.35	20.60%	
2018	\$	1,589,315.37	\$ 1,589,315.37	\$	-	\$ 9,541,269.62	16.66%	
2017	\$	1,318,467.62	\$ 1,318,467.62	\$	-	\$ 9,330,066.89	14.13%	
2016	\$	1,327,436.85	\$ 1,327,436.85	\$	-	\$ 9,408,467.92	14.11%	
2015 (1)	\$	1,217,636.50	\$ 1,217,636.50	\$	-	\$ 9,259,593.00	13.15%	
2014 (1)	\$	1,083,454.38	\$ 1,083,454.38	\$	-	\$ 8,822,918.00	12.28%	

<sup>(1)</sup> These amounts include contributions paid on the School District's behalf by Georgia Department of Education.

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	pro	ol District's portionate of the NPL	prop of the	te of Georgia's cortionate share PNPL associated th the School District	Total	nool District's vered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2023	0.00%	\$	_	\$	275,944.00	\$ 275,944.00	\$ 563,975.34	N/A	81.21%	
2022	0.00%	\$	-	\$	31,168.00	\$ 31,168.00	\$ 582,898.70	N/A	98.00%	
2021	0.00%	\$	-	\$	228,623.00	\$ 228,623.00	\$ 576,706.80	N/A	84.45%	
2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	219,511.00	\$ 219,511.00	\$ 545,772.21	N/A	85.02%	
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	230,577.00	\$ 230,577.00	\$ 616,029.46	N/A	85.26%	
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	191,962.00	\$ 191,962.00	\$ 550,827.09	N/A	85.69%	
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	254,125.00	\$ 254,125.00	\$ 567,900.61	N/A	81.00%	
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	156,045.00	\$ 156,045.00	\$ 499,139.92	N/A	87.00%	
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	128,799.00	\$ 128.799.00	\$ 449,385,19	N/A	88.29%	

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	School District's proportionate share of the NOL	prop share assoc	of Georgia's ortionate of the NOL iated with nool District	onate ne NOL d with		School District's covered-employee payroll		School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2023	0.119597%	\$ 11,843,909.00	\$	-	\$	11,843,909.00	\$	11,015,028.56	107.52%	6.17%
2022	0.117721%	\$ 12,750,158.00	\$	-	\$	12,750,158.00	\$	10,023,001.28	127.21%	6.14%
2021	0.114878%	\$ 16,872,903.00	\$	-	\$	16,872,903.00	\$	9,295,940.04	181.51%	3.99%
2020	0.112931%	\$ 13,859,056.00	\$	-	\$	13,859,056.00	\$	8,668,931.68	159.87%	4.63%
2019	0.116648%	\$ 14,825,603.00	\$	-	\$	14,825,603.00	\$	8,882,627.69	166.91%	2.93%
2018	0.117736%	\$ 16,541,861.00	\$	-	\$	16,541,861.00	\$	9,559,937.15	173.03%	1.61%

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	actually required	the cor	utions in relation to ntractually required contribution	ution deficiency excess)	_	chool District's vered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2023	\$ 451,081.00	\$	451,081.00	\$ -	\$	10,627,955.19	4.24%	
2022	\$ 432,432.00	\$	432,432.00	\$ -	\$	11,015,028.56	3.93%	
2021	\$ 437,901.00	\$	437,901.00	\$ -	\$	10,023,001.28	4.37%	
2020	\$ 388,490.00	\$	388,490.00	\$ -	\$	9,295,940.04	4.18%	
2019	\$ 608,209.89	\$	608,209.89	\$ -	\$	8,668,931.68	7.02%	
2018	\$ 604,574.00	\$	604,574.00	\$ -	\$	8,882,627.69	6.81%	
2017	\$ 613,883.00	\$	613,883.00	\$ -	\$	9,559,937.15	6.42%	

## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Teachers Retirement System**

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On May 11, 2022, the Board adopted recommended changes to the long-term assumed rate of return and payroll growth assumption utilized by the System. The long-term assumed rate of return was changed from 7.25% to 6.90%, and the payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

### **Public School Employees Retirement System**

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates or mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

#### **School OPEB Fund**

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes in assumptions:** June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees Retirement Systems experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement System's experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		NONAPPROPRIATE	D BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
		ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Property Taxes	\$	3,850,000.00 \$	4,000,000.00 \$	3,988,368.75 \$	(11,631.25)
Sales Taxes		12,748.70	32,000.00	32,651.22	651.22
State Funds		14,126,928.00	14,738,284.37	14,894,499.28	156,214.91
Federal Funds		6,728,491.04	7,636,384.41	7,167,406.41	(468,978.00)
Charges for Services		57,000.00	51,200.00	52,148.38	948.38
Investment Earnings		3,450.00	12,700.00	13,673.04	973.04
Miscellaneous		791,202.73	992,354.48	1,193,774.02	201,419.54
Total Revenues		25,569,820.47	27,462,923.26	27,342,521.10	(120,402.16)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction		14,336,878.45	13,497,507.77	13,715,531.52	(218,023.75)
Support Services					
Pupil Services		1,789,802.91	2,193,343.99	2,238,274.23	(44,930.24)
Improvement of Instructional Services		873,247.11	1,670,112.66	1,567,726.53	102,386.13
<b>Educational Media Services</b>		328,384.38	298,389.29	348,094.88	(49,705.59)
General Administration		1,394,168.76	1,625,536.62	1,070,282.05	555,254.57
School Administration		1,704,642.59	1,792,430.36	1,802,127.27	(9,696.91)
<b>Business Administration</b>		254,262.42	254,280.80	255,390.89	(1,110.09)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,791,468.88	2,292,928.77	2,392,983.14	(100,054.37)
Student Transportation Services		1,092,184.94	1,122,024.49	1,110,171.97	11,852.52
Central Support Services		262,807.80	257,078.02	259,410.96	(2,332.94)
Other Support Services		234,422.23	367,103.43	355,589.23	11,514.20
Food Services Operation		1,760,780.00	1,892,282.45	1,859,360.22	32,922.23
Total Expenditures		25,823,050.47	27,263,018.65	26,974,942.89	288,075.76
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(253,230.00)	199,904.61	367,578.21	167,673.60
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)					
Other Sources		194,708.00	208,580.00	-	(208,580.00)
Other Uses		(194,708.00)	(408,484.61)	(454,656.67)	(46,172.06)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(199,904.61)	(454,656.67)	(254,752.06)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(253,230.00)	-	(87,078.46)	(87,078.46)
Fund Balances - Beginning		5,591,624.32	5,591,607.78	5,570,182.94	(21,424.84)
Adjustments	_	(67,153.03)	(67,136.49)	<u>-</u>	67,136.49
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,271,241.29 \$	5,524,471.29 \$	5,483,104.48 \$	(41,366.81)

 $\underline{\text{Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual}$ 

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$545,425.68 and \$572,874.08, respectively.

## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services	10.552	225 C A 22 4 N 1 1 1 0 0	d 254675.22
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.555	235GA324N1199 235GA324N1199	\$ 354,675.33 1,343,188.11
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	59,925.12
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	2230,132 1141033	1,757,788.56
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	235GA904N2533	5,660.86
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,763,449.42
Education, U. S. Department of			
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	S425C200049	108,421.00
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D210012	489,722.00
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	2,914,485.56
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	S425W210011	5,836.58
Total Education Stabilization Fund			3,518,465.14
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A210073	102,465.00
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A220073	486,251.48
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Grants to States	84.027X	H027X210073	12,934.61
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A220081	25,012.00
Total Special Education Cluster			626,663.09
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A220010	27,448.91
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A210010	7,153.00
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A220010	24,750.25
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A210011	6,276.00
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A220011	59,007.17
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358B210010	28,368.00
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358B220010	47,877.87
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A210011	3,250.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A210010-21A	107,559.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A220010	984,980.80
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,296,671.00
Total U. S. Department of Education			5,441,799.23

## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Health and Human Services, U. S. Department of Pass-Through From Bright From the Start Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	22110GACCC5	18,959.42
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 7,224,208.07

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Evans County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Note 4. Transfers Between Funds

Funds totaling \$194,580.00 were transferred from the Student Support and Academic Enrichment program (ALN 84.424A) and the Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants program (ALN 84.367A) and expended in the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies program (ALN 84.010A) and the Migrant Education State Grant program (84.011A) during Fiscal Year 2023.

## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	GOVERNMENTA	L FUND TYPES	
	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	
NCY/FUNDING	FUND	FUND	TOTAL
GRANTS			
Bright From the Start:			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 483,796.04 \$	- \$	483,796.0
Education, Georgia Department of			
Quality Basic Education			
Direct Instructional Cost			
Kindergarten Program	319,706.00	-	319,706.0
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	298,956.00	-	298,956.0
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	939,474.00	-	939,474.0
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	812,822.00	-	812,822.0
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	543,082.00	-	543,082.0
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	453,116.00	-	453,116.0
Middle School (6-8) Program	1,099,093.00	-	1,099,093.0
High School General Education (9-12) Program	864,062.00	-	864,062.
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	668,195.00	-	668,195.
Students with Disabilities	1,630,819.00	_	1,630,819.0
Gifted Student - Category VI	531,959.00	_	531,959.
Remedial Education Program	330,300.00	_	330,300.0
Alternative Education Program	88,336.00		88,336.0
•		-	
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	536,531.00	-	536,531.
Media Center Program	219,930.00	-	219,930.
20 Days Additional Instruction	65,764.00	-	65,764.
Staff and Professional Development	44,737.00	-	44,737.
Principal Staff and Professional Development Indirect Cost	1,260.00	-	1,260.
Central Administration	438,592.00	-	438,592.
School Administration	566,935.00	-	566,935.
Facility Maintenance and Operations	478,253.00	-	478,253.
Charter System Adjustment	194,870.00	-	194,870.
One-Time QBE Adjustment	438,330.00	-	438,330.
Categorical Grants			
Pupil Transportation			
Regular	281,958.00	-	281,958
Nursing Services	45,946.00	-	45,946.
Education Equalization Funding Grant	2,218,211.00	-	2,218,211.
Other State Programs	2,210,211.00		2,210,211.
Computer Science Capacity Grant (CS4GA) Grant	4,998.49	_	4,998
Food Services	51,936.00		51,936.
	1,544.00	-	
Hygiene Products		-	1,544.
Math and Science Supplements	35,900.78	-	35,900.
Preschool Disability Services	41,670.00	-	41,670.
STEM Grant	3,500.00	-	3,500.
Teachers Retirement	18,066.64	-	18,066.
Vocational Education	35,563.00	-	35,563.
Vocational Supervisors	7,167.00	-	7,167.
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission			
Reimbursement on Construction Projects	-	134,428.40	134,428.
Office of the State Treasurer			
Public School Employees Retirement	41,674.00	-	41,674
CONTRACT			
Human Resources, Georgia Department of			
Family Connections	57,446.33	<u> </u>	57,446.
	¢ 14,894,499.28 ¢	134,428.40 ¢	15,028,927.



## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SPLOST #5 PROJECT	_	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
(i) The construction and equipping of a new high school complex to replace the current Claxton High School, and (ii) construction and equipping of system-wide athletic facilities and shall be used as follows:	\$	9,720,000.00	\$ 24,625,000.00	August 2023
(a) a portion of the principal and interest on general obligation bonds		1,000,000.00	4,790,000.00	June 2024
(b) a portion of the costs of the following capital outlay projects not paid for with proceeds from said general obligation bonds		250,000.00	426,906.72	June 2024
(i) renovation and improvements to existing school buildings, including the primary, elementary, middle, and high schools, maintenance facilities, and the central office;		250,000.00	350,000.00	June 2024
(ii) acquisition of school buses, maintenance vehicles and equipment, and		250,000.00	100,000.00	June 2024
(iii) the acquisition of any property, both real and personal, and equipment necessary in connection with the above described capital outlay projects, including system-wide instructional, administrative and testing technology, textbooks (including e-books) and library materials, safety and security equipment, and vocational, band, physical education and athletic equipment.	_	250,000.00	350,000.00	June 2024
Total	\$	11,720,000.00	\$ 30,641,906.72	

## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SPLOST #5 PROJECT	-	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4) (5)		AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	 TOTAL COMPLETION COST	_	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
(i) The construction and equipping of a new high school complex to replace the current Claxton High School, and (ii) construction and equipping of system-wide athletic facilities and shall be used as follows:	\$	3,588,161.46	\$	20,625,684.82	\$ -	\$	-
(a) a portion of the principal and interest on general obligation bonds		999,576.30		2,533,908.31	-		-
(b) a portion of the costs of the following capital outlay projects not paid for with proceeds from said general obligation bonds		-		426,906.72	-		-
(i) renovation and improvements to existing school buildings, including the primary, elementary, middle, and high schools, maintenance facilities, and the central office;		128,000.00		2,350.00	-		-
(ii) acquisition of school buses, maintenance vehicles and equipment, and		71,351.11		-	-		-
(iii) the acquisition of any property, both real and personal, and equipment necessary in connection with the above described capital outlay projects, including system-wide instructional, administrative and testing technology, textbooks (including e-books) and library materials, safety and security equipment, and vocational, band, physical education							
and athletic equipment.	•	82,380.23	. ,	200,295.30		-	-
Total	\$	4,869,469.10	\$	23,789,145.15	\$ -	\$	-

- (1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects includes some costs for textbooks and technology.
- (3) The voters of Evans County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.

  Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- (4) A G.O. Bond was issued in the principal amount of \$11,720,000.00 to pay for the capital outlay costs of the new Claxton High School.
- (5) A G.O. Bond was issued in the principal amount of \$1,965,000.00 to pay for the capital outlay costs of the new athletic field at Claxton High School.

## Section II

**Compliance and Internal Control Reports** 



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Martin Waters, Superintendent and Members of the
Evans County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Evans County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 1, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Duff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 1, 2024



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Martin Waters, Superintendent and Members of the
Evans County Board of Education

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Evans County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance

requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 1, 2024

## Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

# EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Section IV

**Findings and Questioned Costs** 

## EVANS COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities and Each Major Fund

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?
 Non-Reported

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
 None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
 None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title

10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.425 Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

## II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

### III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.