

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT • FISCAL YEAR 2023

# Crawford County Board of Education Roberta, Georgia

**Including Independent Auditor's Report** 



Greg S. Griffin | State Auditor

# **Crawford County Board of Education**

Table of Contents

### Section I

# Financial

Independent Auditor's Report

# Exhibits

**Basic Financial Statements** 

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	
Governmental Funds	3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of	
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
to the Statement of Activities	6
	Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

7

G Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

# Schedules

# **Required Supplementary Information**

1	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
	Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	31
2	Schedule of Contributions – Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	32
3	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public	
	School Employees Retirement System of Georgia	33
4	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
	School OPEB Fund	34
5	Schedule of Contributions – School OPEB Fund	35
6	Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	36
7	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund	37

### **Supplementary Information**

8	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	38
9	Schedule of State Revenue	40
10	Schedule of Approved Local Option Sales Tax Projects	42

# Section II

### **Compliance and Internal Control Reports**

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

### Section III

# Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Section IV

**Findings and Questioned Costs** 

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section V

# Management's Corrective Action for Current Year Findings

Schedule of Management's Corrective Action

Section I

Financial



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Mr. Anthony Aikens, Superintendent and Members of the Crawford County Board of Education

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Crawford County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2024 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

Shegend Shiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 12, 2024

Crawford County Board of Education

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	_	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,898,110.81
Accounts Receivable, Net		
Taxes		1,401,520.89
State Government		1,323,886.47
Federal Government		282,383.29
Inventories		57,567.02
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		121,073.00
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	_	45,823,259.64
Total Assets	_	56,907,801.12
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		11,079,150.88
Related to OPEB Plan		2,443,993.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	13,523,143.88
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		149,711.06
Salaries and Benefits Payable		2,641,358.47
Payroll Withholdings Payable		38,562.76
Interest Payable		102,133.33
Net Pension Liability		23,114,171.00
Net OPEB Liability		9,773,054.00
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		678,330.36
Due in More Than One Year		8,282,193.18
Total Liabilities	_	44,779,514.16
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		499,252.00
Related to OPEB Plan		6,313,678.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	6,812,930.00
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		37,172,635.57
Restricted for		
Continuation of Federal Programs		259,853.25
Debt Service		322,012.21
Capital Projects		1,901,456.05
Unrestricted (Deficit)	_	(20,817,456.24)
Total Net Position	\$	18,838,500.84

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		F	PROGRAM REVENUES		NET (EXPENSES)
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Instruction	\$ 14,310,820.83	\$ 106,332.02 \$	9,974,274.91	\$ 2,192,165.70	\$ (2,038,048.20)
Support Services					
Pupil Services	1,804,833.81	-	684,385.26	80,143.91	(1,040,304.64)
Improvement of Instructional Services	716,704.98	-	711,360.77	-	(5,344.21)
Educational Media Services	318,559.42	-	266,014.17	-	(52,545.25)
General Administration	827,454.20	-	594,627.89	2,927.09	(229,899.22)
School Administration	1,345,438.24	-	738,382.22	10,208.01	(596,848.01)
Business Administration	258,886.73	-	38,620.94	-	(220,265.79)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,679,346.37	-	542,508.62	71,624.45	(1,065,213.30)
Student Transportation Services	1,014,904.91	-	689,418.50	154,440.00	(171,046.41)
Other Support Services	89,028.04	-	3,384.36	-	(85,643.68)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services					
Food Services	1,424,625.87	145,532.33	1,060,432.02	19,982.04	(198,679.48)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	213,811.30				(213,811.30)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 24,004,414.70	\$ 251,864.35 \$	15,303,409.66	\$ 2,531,491.20	(5,917,649.49)
	General Revenues				
	Taxes				
	Property Ta	xes			
		tenance and Operations			5,481,833.47
	For Debt	•			446,882.02
	Other Ta	xes			69,088.07
	Sales Taxes				
	Special P	urpose Local Option Sale	es Tax		
		Capital Projects			848,644.53
		ntributions not Restricte	d to Specific Programs	5	1,322,415.00
	Investment Ea		1 5		9,766.95
	Miscellaneous	5			432,521.25
	Total	General Revenues			8,611,151.29
	Chang	e in Net Position			2,693,501.80
	Net Position -	Beginning of Year			16,144,999.04
	Net Position -	End of Year			\$ 18,838,500.84

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		GENERAL		CAPITAL PROJECTS		DEBT SERVICE		
		FUND	_	FUND		FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,727,962.76	\$	1,828,126.80	\$	342,021.25	\$	7,898,110.81
Accounts Receivable, Net								
Taxes		1,246,067.35		73,329.25		82,124.29		1,401,520.89
State Government		1,323,886.47		-		-		1,323,886.47
Federal Government		282,383.29		-		-		282,383.29
Inventories		57,567.02		-	· <u> </u>	-	· <u> </u>	57,567.02
Total Assets	\$	8,637,866.89	\$	1,901,456.05	\$	424,145.54	\$	10,963,468.48
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	149,711.06	\$	-	\$	-	\$	149,711.06
Salaries and Benefits Payable		2,641,358.47		-		-		2,641,358.47
Payroll Withholdings Payable		38,562.76	_	-		-		38,562.76
Total Liabilities		2,829,632.29		-	_	-	_	2,829,632.29
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	828,569.91	_	-	· <u> </u>	54,823.32	. <u> </u>	883,393.23
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		57,567.02		-		-		57,567.02
Restricted		202,286.23		1,901,456.05		369,322.22		2,473,064.50
Assigned		165,215.84		-		-		165,215.84
Unassigned	_	4,554,595.60	_	-		-		4,554,595.60
Total Fund Balances	_	4,979,664.69		1,901,456.05		369,322.22		7,250,442.96
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	8,637,866.89	\$ _	1,901,456.05	\$	424,145.54	\$	10,963,468.48

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")		\$	7,250,442.96
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$	121,073.00	
Buildings and improvements	Ψ	52,469,967.87	
Equipment		4,142,476.15	
Land improvements		2,335,041.57	
Accumulated depreciation		(13,124,225.95)	45,944,332.64
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Net pension liability	\$	(23,114,171.00)	
Net OPEB liability		(9,773,054.00)	(32,887,225.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are			
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Related to pensions	\$	10,579,898.88	
Related to OPEB		(3,869,685.00)	6,710,213.88
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are			
deferred in the funds.			883,393.23
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable			
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Bonds payable	\$	(7,805,000.00)	
Accrued interest payable		(102,133.33)	
Unamortized bond premiums		(1,155,523.54)	(9,062,656.87)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")		\$	18,838,500.84

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Property Taxes	\$	5,217,581.85 \$	- \$	425,175.22 \$	5,642,757.07
Sales Taxes	Ŷ	-	848,644.53	-	848,644.53
State Funds		12,589,905.30	2,377,051.20	-	14,966,956.50
Federal Funds		4,565,010.93	-	-	4,565,010.93
Charges for Services		251,864.35	-	-	251,864.35
Investment Earnings		-	9,766.95	-	9,766.95
Miscellaneous		432,521.25	-	-	432,521.25
Total Revenues	_	23,056,883.68	3,235,462.68	425,175.22	26,717,521.58
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction		13,185,885.77	7,722.00	-	13,193,607.77
Support Services		1 700 000 07	2 100 00		1 7 42 050 67
Pupil Services		1,739,868.67	2,190.00	-	1,742,058.67
Improvement of Instructional Services		701,923.20	-	-	701,923.20
Educational Media Services		311,066.99	-	-	311,066.99
General Administration		783,878.64	-	-	783,878.64
School Administration		1,319,885.86	-	-	1,319,885.86
Business Administration		257,615.66	10.45	-	257,626.11
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,724,954.55	-	-	1,724,954.55
Student Transportation Services		1,300,127.38	-	-	1,300,127.38
Other Support Services		89,028.04	-	-	89,028.04
Food Services Operation		1,465,090.30	-	-	1,465,090.30
Capital Outlay		71,042.45	1,575,758.38	-	1,646,800.83
Debt Services				FF0 000 00	FF0 000 00
Principal		-	-	550,000.00	550,000.00
Dues and Fees		-	-	1,075.00	1,075.00
Interest	-	-		328,400.00	328,400.00
Total Expenditures	_	22,950,367.51	1,585,680.83	879,475.00	25,415,523.34
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		106,516.17	1,649,781.85	(454,299.78)	1,301,998.24
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		-	-	483,672.95	483,672.95
Transfers Out		-	(483,672.95)	-	(483,672.95)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		(483,672.95)	483,672.95	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		106,516.17	1,166,108.90	29,373.17	1,301,998.24
Fund Balances - Beginning		4,873,148.52	735,347.15	339,949.05	5,948,444.72
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ _	4,979,664.69 \$	1,901,456.05 \$	369,322.22 \$	7,250,442.96

#### EXHIBIT "F"

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		\$	1,301,998.24
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay	\$	1,955,414.00	
Depreciation expense		(960,310.87)	995,103.13
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			355,046.49
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission grants reported in the funds are not reported as revenue in the Statement of Activities during the			
current period.			(399,188.45)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.			
Bond principal retirements	\$	550,000.00	
Amortization of bond premium	÷	108,330.36	658,330.36
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension expense OPEB expense	\$	(1,214,820.31) 989,699.00	(225,121.31)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in coversmental funds.			
governmental funds. Net decrease in accrued interest		_	7,333.34
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")		\$ _	2,693,501.80

#### NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Crawford County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

#### Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (property and sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In fiscal year 2023, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement defines subscription-based information technology arrangements and provides uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Under this Statement, a government is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use asset for contracts that meet the definition of a subscription-based information technology arrangement. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the School District's financial statements.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

#### Inventories

#### **Food Inventories**

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to

account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

### **Capital Assets**

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	(	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land		All	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	5,000.00	20 to 80 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,000.00	10 to 80 years
Equipment	\$	5,000.00	3 to 20 years
Construction in Progress	\$	5,000.00	N/A
Intangible Assets	\$	300,000.00	50 years
Computer Applications	\$	5,000.00	6 years

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **Property Taxes**

The Crawford County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2022 tax digest year (calendar year) on August 30, 2022 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2022. Taxes were due on December 30, 2022 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2022 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2023. The Crawford County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$4,401,440.58 and for school bonds amounted to \$414,542.87.

The tax millage rates levied for the 2022 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District were as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations	15.00	mills
School Bonds	1.25	mills
		-
	16.25	mills
		-

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$757,685.55 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Sales Taxes**

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$848,644.53 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

#### **NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA**

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

#### **NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

#### **Collateralization of Deposits**

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,

- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

### **Categorization of Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$7,644,342.68, and a bank balance of \$8,178,925.87. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$252,104.50 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$7,926,821.37.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents	
Statement of Net Position	\$ 7,898,110.81
Less:	
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents	
Georgia Fund 1	253,768.13
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2023	\$ 7,644,342.68

### **Categorization of Cash Equivalents**

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$253,768.13 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Fitch. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

### **NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	_	Balances July 1, 2022		Increases		Decreases		Balances June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	121,073.00	¢	_	\$		\$	121,073.00
Construction in Progress	۹ 	34,651,816.90	پ 	1,501,753.38	پ 	36,153,570.28	₽ 	-
Total Capital Assets								
Not Being Depreciated	_	34,772,889.90		1,501,753.38		36,153,570.28		121,073.00
Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		17,477,587.59		34,992,380.28		-		52,469,967.87
Equipment		3,955,068.08		303,613.17		116,205.10		4,142,476.15
Land Improvements		1,023,804.12		1,311,237.45		-		2,335,041.57
Less Accumulated								
Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements		8,472,011.19		709,876.33		-		9,181,887.52
Equipment		3,109,996.82		195,675.03		116,205.10		3,189,466.75
Land Improvements		698,112.17		54,759.51		-		752,871.68
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated, Net	_	10,176,339.61		35,646,920.03		-		45,823,259.64
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$	44,949,229.51	\$	37,148,673.41	\$	36,153,570.28	\$	45,944,332.64

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$ 793,985.96
Support Services		
Pupil Services	\$ 33,752.30	
General Administration	1,060.25	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	25,943.83	
Student Transportation Services	98,330.63	159,087.01
Food Services		7,237.90
		\$ 960,310.87

#### **NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFER**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	Transfer From			
	Capital Projects			
Transfers to	Fund			
Debt Service Fund	\$ 483,672.95			

Transfers are used to move Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) revenues collected by the capital projects fund to the debt service fund for principal and interest payments.

#### **NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

	_		(	Gove	ernmental Activ	∕itie	2S		
	_	Balance July 1, 2022	 Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2023		Due Within One Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds Unamortized Bond Premiums	\$	8,355,000.00 1,263,853.90	\$ -	\$	550,000.00 108,330.36	\$	7,805,000.00 1,155,523.54	\$ 	570,000.00 108,330.36
	\$	9,618,853.90	\$ -	\$	658,330.36	\$	8,960,523.54	\$_	678,330.36

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property and sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2023. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds from the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

Of the total amount originally authorized, \$1,330,000.00 remains unissued. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding
General Government - Series 2020A	3.00 - 5.00%	10/15/2020	3/1/2034 \$	8,555,000.00	\$_	7,805,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

		General Ob	Unamortized	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	_	Principal	 Interest	Bond Premium
2024	\$	570,000.00	\$ 306,400.00	\$ 108,330.36
2025		590,000.00	283,600.00	108,330.36
2026		625,000.00	254,100.00	108,330.36
2027		655,000.00	222,850.00	108,330.36
2028		685,000.00	190,100.00	108,330.36
2029 - 2033		3,840,000.00	524,250.00	541,651.80
2034		840,000.00	25,200.00	72,219.94
Total Principal and Interest	\$	7,805,000.00	\$ 1,806,500.00	\$ 1,155,523.54

#### NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Insurance

#### Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as describe below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceed commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School District has elected to self-insure for losses related to natural disasters. The School District has not experienced any losses related to these risks in the past three years.

#### Workers' Compensation

#### Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2.0 million. The Trust covers the first \$1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 107% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

#### **Unemployment Compensation**

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The School District has not had any unemployment compensation claims in the last two fiscal years.

#### **Surety Bond**

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount			
Superintendent	\$ 250,000.00			

#### **NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS**

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2023:

Nonspendable			
Inventories		\$	57,567.02
Restricted			
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 202,286.23		
Capital Projects	1,901,456.05		
Debt Service	369,322.22		2,473,064.50
Assigned		_	
School Activity Accounts			165,215.84
Unassigned		_	4,554,595.60
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023		\$_	7,250,442.96

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

#### **NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

#### Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

#### NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

*Plan Description:* Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

**Benefits Provided:** The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

**Contributions:** As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$385,917.00 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

#### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability of \$9,773,054.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.098686%, which was a decrease of 0.002051% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$603,782.00). At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPEB			
	_	Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual	-			
experience	\$	390,097.00	\$	3,841,106.00
Changes of assumptions		1,488,456.00		1,976,614.00
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan		59,613.00		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		119,910.00		495,958.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	385,917.00	. –	
Total	\$_	2,443,993.00	\$	6,313,678.00

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	OPEB		
2024	\$	(1,188,472.00)	
2025	\$	(932,760.00)	
2026	\$	(758,469.00)	
2027	\$	(874,227.00)	
2028	\$	(448,418.00)	
Thereafter	\$	(53,256.00)	

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022:

#### OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including
Healthcare cost trend rate	inflation
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.50%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029
Medicare Eligible	2023

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled or not disabled) as follows:

- For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP 2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP 2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 101% for males and 103% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and

adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projections scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjusted 104% for males and 99% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income Equities	30.00% 70.00%	2.00% 9.40%
Total	100.00%	

\*Net of Inflation

**Discount Rate:** In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.57% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 2.20%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate as used for the long-term rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.54% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2128.

### Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to

**Changes in the Discount Rate:** The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.57%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.57%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.57%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(2.57%)	Rate (3.57%)	(4.57%)
School District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 11,054,498.00	\$ 9,773,054.00	\$ 8,686,974.00

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare				
	_	1% Decrease	Co	st Trend Rate	_	1% Increase
School District's proportionate						
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	8,420,654.00	\$	9,773,054.00	\$	11,435,148.00

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

#### **Note 12: RETIREMENT PLANS**

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

#### **Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)**

**Plan Description:** All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and

compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

**Contributions:** Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2023. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 19.98% of annual School District payroll, of which 19.89% of payroll was required from the School District and .09% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$2,029,500.88 and \$8,853.12 from the School District and the State, respectively.

### Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

**Plan Description:** PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.ers.ga.gov/financials</u>.

**Benefits Provided:** A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

**Contributions:** The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$ 50,009.00.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability of \$23,114,171.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 23,114,171.00	
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the School District	 102,611.00	
Total	\$ 23,216,782.00	

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.071182%, which was a decrease of 0.001652% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2023, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$365,440.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized pension expense of \$3,235,885.00 for TRS and \$91,835.00 for PSERS and revenue of (\$8,436.00) for TRS and \$91,835.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRS			
	 Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	 Resources	_	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 959,475.00	\$	120,315.00	
Changes of assumptions	3,479,420.00		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,541,277.00		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	69,478.00		378,937.00	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,029,500.88			
Total	\$ 11,079,150.88	\$	499,252.00	

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 TRS		
2024	\$ 2,273,163.00		
2025	\$ 1,720,275.00		
2026	\$ 1,288,247.00		
2027	\$ 3,268,713.00		

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### **Teachers Retirement System:**

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.90%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018, with the exception of the investment rate of return and payroll growth assumption.

### Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

## CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below- Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS/PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.20%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.40%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	12.30%	9.40%
International emerging market stocks	5.20%	11.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

\* Rates shown are net of inflation

# CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

**Discount Rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 6.90%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to

**Changes in the Discount Rate:** The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	Rate (6.90%)	(7.90%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 34,871,630.00	\$ 23,114,171.00	\$ 13,512,651.00

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at <u>www.trsga.com/publications</u> and <u>www.ers.ga.gov/financials</u>.

# **NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On July 25, 2023, an installment sales agreement was executed between the School District, the lessee, and Capital One Public Funding, LLC., the lessor. The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$4,920,414.17 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment and building modifications.

(This page left intentionally blank)

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	-	chool District's portionate share of the NPL	prop asso	e of Georgia's ortionate share of the NPL ciated with the hool District	 Total	hool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.071182%	\$	23,114,171.00	\$	102,611.00	\$ 23,216,782.00	\$ 9,664,166.64	239.17%	72.85%
2022	0.072834%	\$	6,441,681.00	\$	28,656.00	\$ 6,470,337.00	\$ 9,525,542.60	67.63%	92.03%
2021	0.072232%	\$	17,497,418.00	\$	79,212.00	\$ 17,576,630.00	\$ 9,359,452.63	186.95%	77.01%
2020	0.074379%	\$	15,993,496.00	\$	73,109.00	\$ 16,066,605.00	\$ 9,118,675.21	175.39%	78.56%
2019	0.074402%	\$	13,810,605.00	\$	64,596.00	\$ 13,875,201.00	\$ 8,903,265.10	155.12%	80.27%
2018	0.074510%	\$	13,847,913.00	\$	178,047.00	\$ 14,025,960.00	\$ 8,574,364.68	161.50%	79.33%
2017	0.075583%	\$	15,593,616.00	\$	261,603.00	\$ 15,855,219.00	\$ 8,398,925.93	185.66%	76.06%
2016	0.077143%	\$	11,744,256.00	\$	192,431.00	\$ 11,936,687.00	\$ 8,142,887.30	144.23%	81.44%
2015	0.081665%	\$	10,317,296.00	\$	168,660.00	\$ 10,485,956.00	\$ 8,306,909.93	124.20%	84.03%

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	Con	tractually required contribution	 ributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Con	tribution deficiency (excess)	chool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2023	\$	2,029,500.88	\$ 2,029,500.88	\$	-	\$ 10,202,432.52	19.89%
2022	\$	1,905,999.19	\$ 1,905,999.19	\$	-	\$ 9,664,166.64	19.72%
2021	\$	1,815,569.00	\$ 1,815,569.00	\$	-	\$ 9,525,542.60	19.06%
2020	\$	1,977,652.34	\$ 1,977,652.34	\$	-	\$ 9,359,452.63	21.13%
2019	\$	1,897,143.07	\$ 1,897,143.07	\$	-	\$ 9,118,675.21	20.81%
2018	\$	1,489,673.61	\$ 1,489,673.61	\$	-	\$ 8,903,265.10	16.73%
2017	\$	1,207,868.39	\$ 1,207,868.39	\$	-	\$ 8,574,364.68	14.09%
2016	\$	1,178,950.98	\$ 1,178,950.98	\$	-	\$ 8,398,925.93	14.04%
2015	\$	1,070,785.68	\$ 1,070,785.68	\$	-	\$ 8,142,887.30	13.15%
2014	\$	1,020,088.54	\$ 1,025,699.10	\$	(5,610.56)	\$ 8,306,909.93	12.28%

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	prop	nool District's ortionate share of the NPL	pro	ate of Georgia's portionate share of the NPL ociated with the school District	 Total	nool District's vered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.00%	\$	-	\$	365,440.00	\$ 365,440.00	\$ 596,699.59	N/A	81.21%
2022	0.00%	\$	-	\$	34,209.00	\$ 34,209.00	\$ 552,298.67	N/A	98.00%
2021	0.00%	\$	-	\$	274,346.00	\$ 274,346.00	\$ 586,377.14	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	267,231.00	\$ 267,231.00	\$ 680,651.14	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	280,310.00	\$ 280,310.00	\$ 692,639.18	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	240,973.00	\$ 240,973.00	\$ 684,877.72	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	297,380.00	\$ 297,380.00	\$ 604,388.27	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	183,786.00	\$ 183,786.00	\$ 580,468.72	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	161,748.00	\$ 161,748.00	\$ 569,383.51	N/A	88.29%

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	School District's proportionate share of the NOL	pro share asso	of Georgia's portionate e of the NOL ociated with chool District	Total	-	chool District's /ered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2023	0.098686%	\$ 9,773,054.00	\$	-	\$ 9,773,054.00	\$	8,923,444.11	109.52%	6.17%
2022	0.100737%	\$ 10,910,650.00	\$	-	\$ 10,910,650.00	\$	7,429,648.88	146.85%	6.14%
2021	0.101246%	\$ 14,870,679.00	\$	-	\$ 14,870,679.00	\$	7,487,779.78	198.60%	3.99%
2020	0.103223%	\$ 12,667,676.00	\$	-	\$ 12,667,676.00	\$	7,297,135.74	173.60%	4.63%
2019	0.101998%	\$ 12,963,633.00	\$	-	\$ 12,963,633.00	\$	7,569,126.55	171.27%	2.93%
2018	0.100616%	\$ 14,136,508.00	\$	-	\$ 14,136,508.00	\$	7,274,424.39	194.33%	1.61%

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	actually required	the cor	utions in relation to ntractually required contribution	tion deficiency excess)	hool District's ered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2023	\$ 385,917.00	\$	385,917.00	\$ -	\$ 8,757,325.76	4.41%
2022	\$ 356,823.00	\$	356,823.00	\$ -	\$ 8,923,444.11	4.00%
2021	\$ 374,725.00	\$	374,725.00	\$ -	\$ 7,429,648.88	5.04%
2020	\$ 342,392.00	\$	342,392.00	\$ -	\$ 7,487,779.78	4.57%
2019	\$ 555,922.00	\$	555,922.00	\$ -	\$ 7,297,135.74	7.62%
2018	\$ 528,646.00	\$	528,646.00	\$ -	\$ 7,569,126.55	6.98%
2017	\$ 524,622.00	\$	524,622.00	\$ -	\$ 7,274,424.39	7.21%

#### **Teachers Retirement System**

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On May 11, 2022, the Board adopted recommended changes to the long-term assumed rate of return and payroll growth assumption utilized by the System. The long-term assumed rate of return was changed from 7.25% to 6.90%, and the payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

#### Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates or mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

#### School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes in assumptions:** June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees' Retirement System's experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement System's experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS ACTUAL VARIA			VARIANCE	
		ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	4,908,792.00 \$	4,908,792.00 \$	5,217,581.85 \$	308,789.85
State Funds	Ŷ	11,631,419.93	11,577,501.00	12,589,905.30	1,012,404.30
Federal Funds		6,756,043.00	6,871,662.00	4,565,010.93	(2,306,651.07)
Charges for Services		174,484.00	174,484.00	251,864.35	77,380.35
Miscellaneous		150,000.00	150,000.00	432,521.25	282,521.25
Total Revenues	_	23,620,738.93	23,682,439.00	23,056,883.68	(625,555.32)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction		14,025,396.89	13,689,505.02	13,185,885.77	503,619.25
Support Services					
Pupil Services		2,930,896.03	2,866,195.31	1,739,868.67	1,126,326.64
Improvement of Instructional Services		715,828.13	725,032.75	701,923.20	23,109.55
Educational Media Services		309,942.61	309,942.61	311,066.99	(1,124.38)
General Administration		821,412.43	820,601.23	783,878.64	36,722.59
School Administration		1,293,793.99	1,293,793.99	1,319,885.86	(26,091.87)
Business Administration		191,218.17	191,218.18	257,615.66	(66,397.48)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,424,749.03	2,425,887.17	1,724,954.55	700,932.62
Student Transportation Services		1,280,889.13	1,289,747.13	1,300,127.38	(10,380.25)
Other Support Services		124,000.00	128,949.00	89,028.04	39,920.96
Food Services Operation		1,277,410.00	1,277,410.00	1,465,090.30	(187,680.30)
Capital Outlay			-	71,042.45	(71,042.45)
Total Expenditures	_	25,395,536.41	25,018,282.39	22,950,367.51	2,067,914.88
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,774,797.48)	(1,335,843.39)	106,516.17	1,442,359.56
Fund Balances - Beginning		5,762,056.72	5,762,056.72	4,873,148.52	(888,908.20)
Adjustments		36,399.95	(593,274.89)		593,274.89
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	4,023,659.19 \$	3,832,938.44 \$	4,979,664.69 \$	1,146,726.25

#### Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$323,852.60 and \$281,679.48, respectively.

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FUNDING AGENCY	ASSISTANCE LISTING	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of	HOMBER		
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	235GA324N1199 \$	227,771.27
National School Lunch Program	10.555	235GA324N1199	1,035,460.41
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	54,586.87
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,317,818.55
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	2023211500345	5,698.23
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,323,516.78
Education, U. S. Department of			
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	84.425D	S425D210012	61,880.95
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	1,665,502.54
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	0111250	0.12002.100.12	1,000,002.01
Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	S425W210011	16,237.19
Total Education Stabilization Fund			1,743,620.68
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A210073	1,561.00
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A220073	315,811.45
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Grants to States	84.027X	H027X210073	31,370.94
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A210081	916.00
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A220081	9,626.46
Total Special Education Cluster			359,285.85
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A210010	1,443.00
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A220010	28,326.24
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358B210010	8,910.96
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358F220010	42,473.04
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A210001	997.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A220001	86,721.66
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A210010-21A	18,426.34
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A220010	665,833.59
Total Other Programs			853,131.83
Total U. S. Department of Education			2,956,038.36

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FUNDING AGENCY <u>PROGRAM/GRANT</u>	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	ł	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Federal Communications Commission, U. S.				
Direct				
COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009			90,336.00
Defense, U. S. Department of				
Direct				
Department of the Army				
R.O.T.C. Program	12. UNKNOWN			67,591.51
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	4,437,482.65

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Crawford County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		GENERAL C	APITAL PROJECTS	
ICY/FUNDING		FUND	FUND	TOTAL
GRANTS				
Bright From the Start:				
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning				
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	328,233.58 \$	- \$	328,233.
Education, Georgia Department of		,	·	,
Quality Basic Education				
Direct Instructional Cost				
Kindergarten Program		341,522.00	-	341,522.
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		214,321.00	-	214,321
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		1,048,402.00	-	1,048,402
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		303,332.00	-	303,332
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		531,990.00	-	531,990
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		212,424.00	_	212,424
Middle School (6-8) Program		1,246,931.00	-	1,246,931
High School General Education (9-12) Program			-	
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		1,153,031.00	-	1,153,031
Students with Disabilities		431,233.00	-	431,233
		1,321,132.00	-	1,321,132
Gifted Student - Category VI		409,395.00	-	409,395
Remedial Education Program		81,904.00	-	81,904
Alternative Education Program		93,564.00	-	93,564
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		20,613.00	-	20,613
Media Center Program		193,171.00	-	193,171
20 Days Additional Instruction		62,056.00	-	62,056
Staff and Professional Development		33,837.00	-	33,837
Principal Staff and Professional Development		917.00	-	917
Indirect Cost				
Central Administration		432,931.00	-	432,931
School Administration		562,808.00	-	562,808
Facility Maintenance and Operations		396,453.00	-	396,453
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless		310,770.00	-	310,770
Categorical Grants				
Pupil Transportation				
Regular		336,880.00	-	336,880
Nursing Services		45,946.00	-	45,946
Education Equalization Funding Grant		1,322,415.00	-	1,322,415
Health Insurance Increase (6 months new rate)		413,160.00		413,160
Other State Programs		413,100.00	-	415,100
Facility Safety Bond Grant		35,930.00		25.020
Food Services			-	35,930
Graduate Ready to Attain Success in Postsecondary		38,240.00	-	38,240
		67,671.66		67,671
Hygiene Products Math and Science Supplements		1,435.00	-	1,435
••		9,988.83	-	9,988
Preschool Disability Services		11,713.00	-	11,713
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds		154,440.00	-	154,440
Teachers Retirement		8,853.12	-	8,853
Vocational Education		362,253.11	-	362,253
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission				
Reimbursement on Construction Projects		-	2,377,051.20	2,377,051
Office of the State Treasurer				
Public School Employees Retirement		50,009.00		50,009
	ç	12,589,905.30 \$	2,377,051.20 \$	14,966,956.

(This page left intentionally blank)

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

<u>PROJECT</u>	 ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	_	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
<b>SPLOST 2019</b> Constructing a replacement middle/high school combined 6th to 12th grade campus, including modernizing and renovating a portion of the existing facility, if feasible, and modernizing and renovating athletic/physical education facilities;	\$ 2,500,000.00	\$	37,923,902.35	12/31/2023
Acquiring equipment for physical education and athletic departments;	50,000.00		50,000.00	12/31/2023
Acquiring technology, safety, security, and/or fire protection equipment;	50,000.00		50,000.00	12/31/2023
Acquiring buses, vehicles, and/or transportation equipment;	87,500.00		87,500.00	12/31/2023
Acquiring real property (collectively, the "Projects");	10,000.00		10,000.00	12/31/2023
Paying capitalized interest and/or costs of issuing the Bonds;	2,500.00		193,311.01	12/31/2023
Paying a portion of the principal and interest of the Bonds.	 500,000.00		2,087,844.65	12/31/2023
Total	\$ 3,200,000.00	\$	40,402,558.01	

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PROJECT	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
<b>SPLOST 2019</b> Constructing a replacement middle/high school combined 6th to 12th grade campus, including modernizing and renovating a portion of the existing facility, if feasible, and modernizing and renovating athletic/physical education facilities;	\$ 1,539,943.38	\$ 34,744,887.93 \$	- \$	; <u>-</u>
Acquiring equipment for physical education and athletic departments;	38,005.00	-	-	-
Acquiring technology, safety, security, and/or fire protection equipment;	7,722.00	-	-	-
Acquiring buses, vehicles, and/or transportation equipment;	-	19,499.32	-	-
Acquiring real property (collectively, the "Projects");	-	-	-	-
Paying capitalized interest and/or costs of issuing the Bonds;	1,085.45	192,225.56	-	-
Paying a portion of the principal and interest of the Bonds.	878,400.00	1,209,444.65		<u> </u>
Total	\$ 2,465,155.83	\$ 36,166,057.46 \$	\$	

(1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

(2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

(3) The voters of Crawford County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects. Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Mr. Anthony Aikens, Superintendent and Members of the Crawford County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Crawford County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any

deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in finding FS 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# School District's Response to Findings

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

theget thiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 12, 2024



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Mr. Anthony Aikens, Superintendent and Members of the Crawford County Board of Education

# **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

# **Qualified Opinions**

We have audited the Crawford County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinions" section of our report, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies (84.010) and Education Stabilization Fund (84.425) for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## **Basis for Qualified Opinions**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinions on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

# Matters Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies (84.010) and Education Stabilization Fund (84.425)

As described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*, the School District did not comply with requirements regarding the Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies (84.010) as described in finding FA 2023-001, for Reporting and Education Stabilization Fund (84.425) as described in findings FA 2023 002 and FA 2023-003 for Cash Management. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the School District to comply with requirements applicable to those programs.

# **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Other Matters**

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit and described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in findings FA 2023-001 and FA 2023-003 to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in finding FA 2023-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Shegers Shiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 12, 2024

Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

# CRAWFORD COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

## PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2022-001 Repeat of Prior Year Finding:	Internal Controls over Financial Reporting FS 2021-001, FS 2020-001
Finding Status:	Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented
FS 2021-001	Internal Controls over Financial Reporting
Finding Status:	Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented
FS 2020-001	Internal Controls over Financial Reporting
Finding Status:	Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented
FS 2022-002	Internal Controls Procedures
Finding Status:	Unresolved

Management will review, design, and implement procedures to strengthen the internal controls over the accounting functions to ensure transactions are properly process and reported. The estimated completion date of this corrective action is June 30, 2024.

# PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

# I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

# **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued: Governmental Activities and Each Major Fund	Unmodified	
<ul> <li>Internal control over financial reporting:</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified?</li> </ul>	No Yes	
Noncompliance material to financial statements no	ted: No	
Federal Awards		
<ul><li>Internal control over major programs:</li><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified?</li></ul>	Yes Yes	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for m	ajor programs:	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Education Stabilization Fund (84.425)	Qualified Qualified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes		
Identification of major programs:		
Assistance Listing Number Assistance Listin	<u>g Program or Cluster Title</u>	
84.010Title I Grants to 184.425Education Stabilities	Local Educational Agencies ization Fund	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No	

## **II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

#### FS 2023-001 Internal Control Procedures

Internal Control Impact:	Significant Deficiency
Repeat of Prior Year Finding:	FS 2022-002

#### **Description:**

The accounting procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls over multiple control categories.

#### Criteria:

The School District's management is responsible for designing and maintaining internal controls that provide reasonable assurance that transactions are processed according to established procedures.

#### Condition:

The auditor noted the following inadequate controls at the central office:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

- Two out of 14 bank reconciliations did not include evidence of a preparer or a reviewer and did not include evidence they were prepared within 45 days of month end as recommended by Georgia Department of Education.
- The financial statement cash balance did not agree to the bank reconciliations by \$101,208.22.

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

• Two capital asset purchases in excess of \$15,000.00 were not approved by the board which is not in line with the School District policy.

General Ledger

• Four out of 35 journal entries did not include evidence of an approver.

## Cause:

In discussing these deficiencies with the School District, it was determined these errors were caused due to changeover in key personnel and a lack of time and resources to fully implement adequate internal controls and ensure they are functioning properly.

## Effect:

Without satisfactory accounting controls and procedure in place, the School District could place itself in a position where potential misappropriation of assets could occur and/or reimbursement is not received for expenditures. The lack of controls and monitoring could impact the reporting of the School District's financial position and results of operations.

#### **Recommendation:**

The School District should review accounting procedures in place and design and implement additional procedures relative to the above control categories to strengthen the internal controls over the various accounting functions.

#### Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

## III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FA 2023-001 Improve Controls over Financial Reporting

Compliance Requirement:	Reporting
Internal Control Impact:	Material Weakness
Compliance Impact:	Material Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency:	U.S. Department of Education
Pass-Through Entity:	Georgia Department of Education
AL Number and Title:	84.010 – Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
Federal Award Number:	S010A210010-21A (Year: 2022), S010A220010 (Year: 2023)
Questioned Costs:	None Identified

#### **Description:**

The School District did not file accurate completion reports for Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies program.

#### **Background Information:**

The Georgia Department of Education (GaDOE) requires the School District to submit a completion report by October 30 after the 15-month period of performance associated with the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I) program ends. These completion reports are filed through the Grants Application section of the MyGaDOE webportal and reflect budgeted and actual expenditure information for the Title I program for the reporting period. If the total expenditures reflected on the completion report are more than the Title I program funds received by the School District for the grant period, a DE-0147 – Request for Reimbursement of Monthly Cash Disbursements will be automatically generated and the additional funds due to the School District will be disbursed appropriately. Conversely, if the total funds received for the grant period exceed the total expenditures reflected on the completion report, the Grants Application will prompt the School District to enter a check number for the required refund of excess funds drawn down. Therefore, it is imperative that completion reports are filed by the School District in an accurate and timely manner.

#### Criteria:

As a recipient of federal awards, the School District is required to establish and maintain effective internal control over federal awards that provides reasonable assurance of managing the federal awards in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal awards pursuant to Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), Section 200.303 – Internal Controls.

Provisions included in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.302(a) state in part that "the non-Federal entity's financial management systems must... be sufficient to permit the preparation of reports required by general and program-specific terms and conditions." In addition, provisions included in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.302(b)(2) state in part that the non-federal entity's financial management system must provide for "accurate, current, and complete disclosure of the financial results of each Federal award or program in accordance with the reporting requirements."

## **Condition:**

A review of the School District's accounting records and the completion reports related to the Title I program revealed the following deficiencies:

- 1. The Title I-A, Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged completion report for the period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 was under reported by \$79,636.
- 2. The Title I-A, Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged completion report for the period July 1, 2023 through September 30, 2023 was over reported by \$390.
- 3. The Title I-A, School Improvement completion report for the period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 was under reported by \$4,571.
- 4. The Title I-A, School Improvement completion report for the period July 1, 2023 through September 30, 2023 was under reported by \$32.

## Cause:

Due to high turnover within the School District finance department and lack of strong procedures and controls, the School District had a deficiency in oversight of federal programs and reviews.

## Effect:

The School District was not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance and GaDOE guidance. Failure to accurately report federal award expenditures through the completion report process could lead to the filing of DE-0147 reimbursement requests with GaDOE that do not support actual expenditures. Therefore, the School District may obtain more or less federal funding than they were eligible to receive.

## **Recommendation:**

The School District should establish procedures to ensure that completion reports submitted to GaDOE are supported by the accounting records and reimbursement requests are prepared based upon actual expenditures incurred. In addition, management should develop and implement a monitoring process to ensure that control procedures are being followed.

## Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

## FA 2023-002 Strengthen Budgetary Controls over Expenditures

Compliance Requirement:	Activities Allowed or Unallowed
	Allowable Costs/Cost Principles
Internal Control Impact:	Significant Deficiency
Compliance Impact:	Nonmaterial Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency:	U.S. Department of Education
Pass-Through Entity:	Georgia Department of Education
AL Number and Title:	COVID-19 – 84.425U – American Rescue Plan Elementary
	and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
Federal Award Number:	S425U210012 (Year: 2021)
Questioned Costs:	\$7,360

## **Description:**

A review of expenditures charged to the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund program revealed instances in which expenditures had not been properly approved by the pass-through entity.

# **Background:**

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was signed into law. The CARES Act was designed to mitigate the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in a variety of ways, including providing additional funding for local educational agencies (LEAs) navigating the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak.

Provisions included in Title VIII of the CARES Act created the Education Stabilization Fund to provide financial resources to educational entities to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus. The CARES Act allocated \$30.75 billion, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act allocated an additional \$81.9 billion, and the American Rescue Plan Act added \$165.1 billion in funding to the Education Stabilization Fund. Multiple Education Stabilization Fund subprograms were created and allotted funding through the various COVID-19-related legislation. Of these programs, the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund was created to address the impact that COVID-19 has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the nation.

ESSER funding was granted to the Georgia Department of Education (GaDOE) by the U.S. Department of Education (ED). GaDOE is responsible for distributing funds to LEAs and overseeing the expenditure of funds by LEAs. ESSER funds totaling \$1,743,621 were expended and reported on the Crawford County Board of Education's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) for fiscal year 2023.

# Criteria:

As a recipient of federal awards, the School District is required to establish and maintain effective internal control over federal awards that provides reasonable assurance of managing the federal awards in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal awards pursuant to Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), Section 200.303 – Internal Controls.

Additionally, provisions included in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.403 – Factors Affecting Allowability of Costs state that "costs must meet the following general criteria in order to be allowable under Federal awards: (a) Be necessary and reasonable for the performance of the Federal award and be allocable thereto under these principles, (b) Conform to any limitations or exclusions set forth in these principles or in the Federal award as to types or amount of cost items, (c) Be consistent with policies and procedures that apply uniformly to both federally-financed and other activities of the non-Federal entity... (g) Be adequately documented..."

Furthermore, to assist school districts in improving their financial management systems and associated compliance over federal programs, GaDOE published the *Financial Management for Georgia Local Units of Administration* (FMGLUA) manual. The FMGLUA manual requires that LEAs submit a budget as part of each federal program's Consolidated Application process. The program budget reflects details regarding the manner in which each school district intends to expend the program funds. The Consolidated Application, including the budget, for each program must be reviewed and approved by GaDOE personnel before the LEA is authorized to expend program funds. Amendments to the budget are to be submitted to and approved by GaDOE when a school district intends to spend funds in a manner not initially reported.

Lastly, LEA personnel must also provide program-specific assurances related to the ESSER program within the Consolidated Application system. These assurances are reflected in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.415 – Required Certifications, and include provisions that require LEAs "to assure that expenditures are proper and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Federal award and approved project budgets..."

## **Condition:**

A sample of 25 nonpersonal services expenditures was randomly selected for testing using a nonstatistical sampling approach. These expenditures were reviewed to determine if appropriate internal controls were implemented and applicable compliance requirements were met. It was noted that prior approval was not obtained from GaDOE for one expenditure totaling \$7,360 as this expenditure was not reflected in the approved budget or subsequent amendments within the Consolidated Application system, as required.

## **Questioned Costs:**

Upon testing a sample of \$262,816 in nonpersonal services expenditures, known questioned cost of \$7,360 was identified for the expenditure not properly approved through the Consolidated Application process. Using the population being sampled, which totaled \$1,133,086, we project the likely questioned costs to be approximately \$31,731.

## Cause:

Due to oversight, management was unaware that the expenditure was not approved on the GaDOE Consolidated Application.

## Effect:

The School District is not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance or GaDOE guidance related to the ESSER program. Failure to accurately develop and amend budget information through the Consolidated Application process and verify compliance with applicable policies and regulations prior to the expenditure of federal program funds may expose the School District to unnecessary financial strains and shortages as GaDOE may require the School District to return funds associated with unapproved and unallowable expenditures.

## **Recommendation:**

The School District should revise current internal control procedures related to the ESSER program. Where vulnerable, the School District should develop and/or modify its policies and procedures to ensure that potential expenditures are approved through the Consolidated Application process and deemed to be allowable before spending federal funds. In addition, management should develop and implement a monitoring process to ensure that control procedures are being followed.

# Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

## FA 2023-003 Improve Controls over Cash Management

Compliance Requirement:	Cash Management
Internal Control Impact:	Material Weakness
Compliance Impact:	Material Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency:	U.S. Department of Education
Pass-Through Entity:	Georgia Department of Education
AL Number and Title:	COVID-19 – 84.425U – American Rescue Plan Elementary
	and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
Federal Award Number:	S425U210012 (Year: 2021)
Questioned Costs:	None Identified

## **Description:**

The School District made cash drawdowns in excess of immediate cash needs for the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund program.

#### **Background Information:**

The School District may request Elementary and Secondary Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund program funds from the Georgia Department of Education (GaDOE) once per month. GaDOE requires the School District to submit DE-0147 – Requests for Reimbursement of Monthly Cash Disbursements through the Grants Accounting Online Reporting System to receive program funds. When a DE-0147 request is submitted and approved, the funds are typically disbursed to the School District through an electronic payment process the next week. The School District submitted DE-0147 requests to receive a total of \$3,636,320 in ESSER funds from GaDOE during the fiscal year under review.

## Criteria:

As a recipient of federal awards, the Institution is required to establish and maintain effective internal control over federal awards that provides reasonable assurance of managing the federal awards in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal awards pursuant to Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), Section 200.303 – Internal Controls.

Provisions included in the Uniform Guidance Section 200.305(b) state that "For non-Federal entities other than states, payment methods must minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds...the pass-through entity and the disbursement by the non-Federal entity." In addition, the Uniform Guidance Section 200.302(b)(6) requires the entity to develop written cash management procedures.

## **Condition:**

A review of all cash drawdowns and disbursements related to the ESSER program was performed to determine if any excessive cash balances were maintained during the fiscal year under review. Cash balances in excess of program materiality were maintained for the ESSER program for 37 days. Additionally, it was noted that the School District did not have appropriate internal controls in place over the cash drawdown process.

## Cause:

In discussing this issue with the School District, they indicated that the lack of review of federal grants resulted in excess cash drawdown requests.

# Effect:

The School District was not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance and GaDOE guidance. In addition, the School District could potentially accrue an interest liability that would be owed back to the federal government. Furthermore, when the School District cannot meet the requirement to minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds and disbursement of those funds, provisions included in the Uniform Guidance allow GaDOE to change the method by which the School District is transferred funds and delay the School District's receipt of these funds. This may include a requirement by GaDOE to submit invoices prior to being reimbursed for program expenditures.

## **Recommendation:**

The School District should establish procedures to accurately forecast the cash needs of the ESSER program and minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds from GaDOE and the disbursement of such funds by the School District. In addition, these procedures should be documented in writing in accordance with the Uniform Guidance Section 200.302(b)(6). Furthermore, management should develop and implement a monitoring process to ensure that these procedures are followed.

## Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

Section V

Management's Corrective Action



Crawford County Board of Education 190 East Crusselle Street P.O. Box 8 Roberta, GA 31078 478-836-3131 (Fax) 478-836-3114

Mr. Anthony Aikens, Superintendent Anthony.aikens@crawfordschools.org

## **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

#### FS 2023-001 Internal Controls Procedures

Internal Control Impact: Compliance Impact: Repeat of Prior Year Finding: Significant Deficiency None FS 2022-002

#### **Description:**

The accounting procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls over multiple control categories.

**Corrective Action Plans:** Management will review, design, and implement procedures to strengthen the internal controls over the accounting functions to ensure transactions are properly processed and reported.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2024

**Contact Person:** Daisy M. Prather, Finance Director **Telephone:** (478) 836-3131 extension 106 **Email:** Daisy.prather@crawfordschools.org

Anthony Aikens, Superintendent

Al Hatcher

Jackson Defore

Raymond Dickey

Tim Johnson

Joe Sutton

1

An Equal Opportunity Employer

The Crawford County School System docs not discriminate against persons on the basis of age, race, national origin, gender, disability, religion, mantal status, veteran status, sex, or political affiliation.



Crawford County Board of Education 190 East Crusselle Street P.O. Box 8 Roberta, GA 31078 478-836-3131 (Fax) 478-836-3114

Mr. Anthony Aikens, Superintendent Anthony.aikens@crawfordschools.org

# **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

## FA 2023-001 Improve Controls over Financial Reporting

Internal Control Impact:Material WeaknessCompliance Impact:Material noncomplianceRepeat of Prior Year Finding:None

## **Description:**

The accounting procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls over multiple control categories.

**Corrective Action Plans:** Management will review, design, and implement procedures to strengthen the internal controls over the accounting functions to ensure transactions are properly processed and reported.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2024

Contact Person: Daisy M. Prather, Finance Director

Telephone: (478) 836-3131 extension 106

Email: Daisy.prather@crawfordschools.org ]

Anthony Aikens, Superintendent

Al Hatcher

Jackson Defore

Raymond Dickey

Tim Johnson

Joe Sutton

An Equal Opportunity Employer

The Crawford County School System does not discriminate against persons on the basis of age, race, national origin, gender, disability, religion, marital status, veteran status, sex, or political affiliation.



Crawford County Board of Education 190 East Crusselle Street P.O. Box 8 Roberta, GA 31078 478-836-3131 (Fax) 478-836-3114

> Mr. Anthony Aikens, Superintendent Anthony.aikens@crawfordschools.org

# **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

FA 2023-002 Strengthen Budgetary Controls over Expenditures

<b>Internal Control Impact:</b>	Significant Deficiency
Compliance Impact:	Activities Allowed or Unallowed Allowable Costs/Cost Principles
Repeat of Prior Year Finding:	None

## **Description:**

A review of expenditures charged to the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund program reveled instances in which expenditures has not been properly approved by the pass-through entity.

**Corrective Action Plans:** The School District will work with all entities to confirm that all existing controls are adhered to by developing and implementing an improved monitoring process. This process will ensure that all expenditures comply with all applicable policies and regulations.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2024

Contact Person: Daisy M. Prather, Finance Director

Telephone: (478) 836-3131 extension 106

Email: Daisy.prather@crawfordschools.org]

Anthony Aikens, Superintendent

Al Hatcher

Jackson Defore

Raymond Dickey

Joe Sutton

Tim Johnson

An Equal Opportunity Employer

The Crawford County School System does not discriminate against persons on the basis of age, race, national origin, gender, disability, religion, marital status, veteran status, sex, or political affiliation.



Crawford County Board of Education 190 East Crusselle Street P.O. Box 8 Roberta, GA 31078 478-836-3131 (Fax) 478-836-3114

Mr. Anthony Aikens, Superintendent Anthony.aikens@crawfordschools.org

# **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

## FA 2023-003 Improve Controls over Cash Management

Internal Control Impact:	Material Weakness
Compliance Impact:	Material noncompliance
Repeat of Prior Year Finding:	None

## **Description:**

The School District made cash drawdowns in excess of immediate cash needs for the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund program.

**Corrective Action Plans:** The district will implement procedures to ensure all drawdowns align with expenditures. The program director or coordinator will view and sign all drawdown packets. The packets will include detailed expenditure reports for the month and year-to-date of the expenditures that are a part of the requested drawdown.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2024

Contact Person: Daisy M. Prather, Finance Director

Telephone: (478) 836-3131 extension 106

Email: Daisy.prather@crawfordschools.org ]

Anthony Aikens, Superintendent

Al Hatcher

Jackson Defore

Raymond Dickey

Tim Johnson

Joe Sutton

An Equal Opportunity Employer

The Crawford County School System does not discriminate against persons on the basis of age, race, national origin, gender, disability, religion, marital status, veteran status, sex, or political affiliation.