

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT • FISCAL YEAR 2024

City of Pelham Board of Education Mitchell County, Georgia

Including Independent Auditor's Report



City of Pelham Board of Education

Table of C	Contents
------------	----------

		•	
\	Cti	lon	
25	u	UII	

Finar	าตลโ

3

Independent Auditor's Report

Requir	ed Supplementary Information	
Ma	anagement's Discussion and Analysis	i
Exhibit	ts	
Ba	sic Financial Statements	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements	
A	Statement of Net Position	1
В	Statement of Activities	2
	Fund Financial Statements	
C	Balance Sheet	
	Governmental Funds	3
D	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
E	to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	4
Ľ	Governmental Funds	5
F	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of	5
	Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
	to the Statement of Activities	6
G	Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	7
Sched	ules	
Requir	ed Supplementary Information	
1	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
	Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	35
2	Schedule of Contributions – Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	36

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Public School Employees Retirement System of Georgia

37

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

	4 Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	_
	School OPEB Fund	38
	5 Schedule of Contributions – School OPEB Fund	39
	6 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	40
	7 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund	41
Sup	plementary Information	
	8 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	42
	9 Schedule of State Revenue	44
	10 Schedule of Approved Local Option Sales Tax Projects	46

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section I

Financial



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Laron Smith, Superintendent and Members of the
City of Pelham Board of Education

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pelham Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by

the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2025 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Higg

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 25, 2025

INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the City of Pelham Board of Education's (School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2024 are as follows:

- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District decreased by \$3.4 million which is primarily due to decrease in the pension deferred outflows of resources and capital assets.
- Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased for the year by \$4.4 million. The decrease is primarily due to change in pension obligation.
- The combination of the decrease in total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$3.4 million and the decrease in total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$4.4 million yields an increase in net position of \$1.0 million.
- At June 30, 2024, the School District's general fund reported a fund balance of \$5.1 million, compared to \$4.7 million in the last fiscal year, a 7.5% increase. Of this total, \$4.7 million represents unassigned fund balance.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating. It is important to note that this statement consolidates the School District's current financial resources (short term) with capital assets and long-term liabilities.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes, etc.).

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been separated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The School District's activities are reported in governmental funds focusing on how money flows in and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2024, School District assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5.5 million.

The largest portion of the School District's net position is a \$25.2 million net investment in capital assets (e.g., buildings, land, land improvements, and equipment less any related debt used to acquire those assets that remain outstanding). The School District uses the capital assets to provide services to our students, faculty, and community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the School District's total net position totaling \$1.3 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Comprising the majority of restricted net position is net position accumulated for use in capital outlay projects, representing 50.7% of total restricted net position, with the balance held for ongoing federal programs and debt service.

Unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$21.0 million, due primarily to the recording of net pension and OPEB liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

The following table details the major categories of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position with a comparison to the prior fiscal year.

Table 1 Net Position (In Thousands)

	_	Governmental Activities				
	-	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		
		2024		2023		
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$	8,898	\$	10,179		
Subscription Right-to-Use Assets, Net		86		109		
Capital Assets, Net		30,587	-	28,905		
Total Assets		39,571		39,193		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		8,080		11,894		
Liabilities						
Current and Other Liabilities		2,403		2,684		
Long-Term Liabilities		34,180		37,191		
Total Liabilities	-	36,583		39,875		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	5,527		6,666		
Net Position						
Net Investments in Capital Assets		25,205		23,399		
Restricted		1,303		2,497		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(20,967)	-	(21,350)		
Total Net Position	\$	5,541	\$	4,546		

Changes in Net Position From Operating Results

Net position increased \$1.0 million from operating results in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 compared to an increase of \$2.4 million in the prior fiscal year.

Key elements of this increase are as follows on the next table:

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (In Thousands)

		Govenmental Activities			
		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year		
		2024		2023	
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	227	\$	238	
Operating Grants and Contributions	·	15,095	٠	14,730	
Capital Grants and Contributions		572		1,421	
			•	<u> </u>	
Total Program Revenues		15,894		16,389	
General Revenues					
Taxes					
Property Taxes					
For Maintenance and Operations		630		567	
Sales Taxes					
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax					
For Capital Projects		1,510		1,274	
For Debt Services		-		180	
Local Option Sales Tax		487		467	
Other Sales Tax		9		4	
Grants and Contributions not					
Restricted to Specific Programs		3,053		2,692	
Investment Earnings		64		7	
Miscellaneous		500		622	
Special Item - Energy Savings Guarantee Cancellation	n			225	
Total General Revenues and Special Item		6,253		6,038	
Total Revenues		22,147		22,427	
Program Expenses					
Instruction		12,587		12,434	
Support Services					
Pupil Services		1,097		924	
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,013		905	
Educational Media Services		288		256	
General Administration		412		377	
School Administration		1,330		1,197	
Business Administration		320		300	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,429		1,179	
Student Transportation Services		789		578	
Central Support Services		-		39	
Other Support Services		329		351	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services					
Community Services		6		6	
Enterprise Operation		112		103	
Food Services		1,290		1,200	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		150		177	
Total Expenses		21,152		20,026	
Increase in Net Position	\$	995	\$	2,401	

Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared in accordance with Georgia law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting system is designed to tightly control site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. As originally adopted, general fund revenues were projected to be \$18.2 million with appropriated expenditures totaling \$20.4 million. The School District appropriated \$2.2 million from unreserved fund balance to cover the shortfall.

As fiscal year 2024 progressed, the final amended general fund budget increased \$925 thousand for revenues, an increase of 5.1% from the original budget for the year. The reason for the amendment was to adjust grants from estimates to actual awarded amounts.

The original budget for fiscal year 2024 included appropriated expenditures of \$20.4 million, a decrease of \$408 thousand compared to the 2023 final budget appropriated expenditures. This decrease was primarily due to adjusting grant funds from estimates to actual awarded amounts.

General Fund Operations

The general fund finished fiscal year 2024 with a fund balance of \$5.1 million, an increase of \$355 thousand from fiscal year 2023.

Actual revenues were above budget projections by \$1.2 million while actual expenditures were \$1.3 million less than budgeted. The primary reason for budgeted expenditures exceeding actual expenditures is actual salaries and benefits were less than projected.

Local revenue sources represented 9.5% of total general fund revenues for the fiscal year compared to 10.0% in the prior year. Local revenues ended the year above budgeted projections because school activity account activity was not included in the budget (\$623.9 thousand). Local ad valorem property tax and sales tax collections increased from the prior fiscal year. Other local revenues consisted of miscellaneous revenues including proceeds from interest earned and local grants.

Actual expenditures for the current fiscal year were under budget by \$1.3 million. Expenditures for direct classroom instruction (e.g., teacher salaries and benefits, textbooks, software, classroom supplies, etc.) accounted for 58.5% of total general fund expenditures. A 2% local supplement to all employees was continued during fiscal year 2024. Additionally, the School District has learned firsthand the expense of maintaining a bus transportation department that must be dependent upon local funding. In addition, without a transportation agreement with Mitchell County Schools we are unable to count the out of city students as under contract. Therefore, we lose state funding for these students. Non-instructional

expenditures were monitored on a needs only basis to reduce actual expenditures to remain within budget expectations. The following table details the major components of revenues and expenditures by function for fiscal year 2024 as well as a comparison of changes compared to the previous fiscal year.

The following table details the major components of revenues and expenditures by function for fiscal year 2024 as well as a comparison of changes compared to the previous fiscal year.

Table 3
General Fund
Revenue and Expenditure Comparison
(In Thousands)

	Amount	Total	Increase (Decrease) over Fiscal Year 2023
Revenues			
State \$ Federal Local	14,801 3,596 1,931	72.81% \$ 17.69% 9.50%	1,557 (376) 30
Total Revenue	20,328	100.00%	1,211
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Instruction Support Services	11,686	58.50%	(271)
Pupil Services	845	4.23%	147
Improvement of Instructional Services	987	4.94%	88
Educational Media Services	223	1.12%	12
General Administration	404	2.02%	30
School Administration	1,248	6.25%	102
Business Administration	306	1.53%	17
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	1,403	7.02%	108
Student Transportation Services	836	4.19%	174
Other Support Services	329	1.65%	(22)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Enterprise Operations	112	0.56%	9
Community Services	6	0.03%	-
Food Services	1,483	7.43%	265
Capital Outlay	63	0.32%	63
Debt Services	42	0.21%	42
Total Expenditures \$	19,973 \$	100.00% \$	764

Capital Projects Fund Operations

The capital projects fund is used to account for school construction and the purchase of large capital assets. Expenditures in 2024 totaled \$2.2 million, a decrease of \$855 thousand from the previous fiscal year.

Debt Service Fund Operations

The debt service fund is used to accumulate resources for the retirement of long-term debt for general obligations bonds and revenue bonds. Debt service payments totaling \$984.6 thousand were made during fiscal year 2024. All debt service sinking fund requirements were met at the end of fiscal year 2024.

Capital Assets, Intangible Right-To-Use Assets, and Debt Administration

Capital Assets and Intangible Right-To-Use Assets

The School District's investment in capital assets and intangible right-to-use assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, totaled \$30.7 million, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. The investment in capital assets and intangible right-to-use assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and software based right-to-use assets used in providing services to our students and community. The changes to the School District's capital asset accounts came from construction in progress, equipment additions and current year depreciation expense. The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information on the School District's capital assets and intangible right-to-use assets including a detailed breakdown of the types of capital assets and intangible right-to-use assets included in the computation of depreciation and amortization charges. As of June 30, 2024, 36.7% of the cost basis of depreciable assets had been taken as a depreciation charge since the various assets were placed in service for capital assets.

A summary of capital assets follows:

Table 4
Capital Assets and Intangible Right-to-Use Assets
(Net of Depreciation/Amortization)
(In Thousands)

	_	Governmental Activities					
		Fiscal Fiscal					
	_	Year 2024		Year 2023			
Land	\$	95	\$	95			
Construction in Progress		5,350		3,002			
Building and Improvements		23,632		24,290			
Equipment		846		694			
Land Improvements		664 82					
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets		86		109			
	_		_	_			
Total	\$_	30,673	\$	29,014			
	_						

Debt

At June 30, 2024, the School District had \$6.3 million in outstanding bonds and intergovernmental agreement with \$710.0 thousand due within one year. During the previous fiscal year, the School District entered into a subscription-based contract with a liability of \$38.4 thousand. Additional information regarding the School District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Table 5
Debt at June 30
(In Thousands)

	_	Governmental Activities					
		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year				
		2024		2023			
General Obligation Bonds	\$	3,905		4,345			
Intergovernment Agreement		2,350		2,590			
Bond Premiums Unamortized		836		980			
Subscription Liabilities	_	38	\$	78			
Total	\$	7,129	\$	7,993			

Current Issues

The Pelham City School District is a low income, rural city school district in Mitchell County. The area of the City is only 4.1 miles square. The majority of students are economically disadvantaged. The student population is 58% African American, 34% Caucasian, and 8% Hispanic. The School District is located in an area where agriculture is the primary industry. Despite limited financial resources, system and school personnel manage to maximize the funds in order to benefit all students. The School District has planned extensively to use its supplemental resources to support class size reduction, recruitment, retention and professional development of highly qualified staff.

The School District, while small, offers students a variety of instructional programs and extra-curricular opportunities. Just within the last year, the schools have shown an increase in enrollment, improved writing scores, and improved College and Career Ready Performance Index (CCRPI) scores.

Pelham is a Main Street Community with a population in 2022 of 3,501. There were approximately 39% males and 61% females making up the population with those being composed of 56% black, 42% white and 2% Hispanic. The median age is 30.9. The estimated median household income in 2022 was \$34,761 and the per capita income was \$16,961. Georgia's median income in 2022 was \$71,355. The percentage of residents living in poverty is 32.3%. The median house or condo value was \$94,200 in Pelham and the state's median was \$245,900. The median gross rent was \$699.

For residents 25 years and older (2022): 82.4% have completed high school or higher; 8.3% have a bachelor's degree or higher; 5% have a post graduate degree, and 13.1% are unemployed.

Pelham compared to Georgia state average: (1) median household income below state average, (2) median house value below state average, (3) black race population percentage above state average, (4) Hispanic race population percentage significantly below state average, and (5) median age below state average and institutionalized population percentage above state average.

In spite of limited finances, Pelham thrives as a community. The Pelham Wildlife Festival, held each fall, brings visitors from all over. Bleachers at school ballgames are full, as the community wholeheartedly supports the Pelham Hornets. The Pelham Christmas parade and the Pelham City Schools homecoming parade have crowds of supporters lining the streets. The citizens of Pelham are the City's most valuable assets.

The City of Pelham School District has faced severe financial challenges in recent years but has remained relatively stable and financially sound. The financial challenges have included rising costs in employee benefits, the continued state formula allotment reductions, and a slow decline in student enrollment (FTE).

The School District's current net taxes levied for 2024 tax year is 8.645, which was the same as the 2023 tax year. Total ad valorem taxes collected in 2024 were \$0.52 million as compared to \$0.6 million in 2023.

Outlook for the Future

Pelham City Schools has "A Commitment to Educational Excellence Every Day in Every Way". The forefathers of Pelham knew how important a great education would be in the life of every child. To that end, a city school system was written into the Charter of our special city. As we look to the future, it is vital that the current citizens of the Greater Pelham Community work to not only continue the work of our forefathers but also expand their vision by making Pelham City Schools the System of Choice.

We have and will continue to ask the community members three primary questions. One, what are the things we are currently doing well and need to continue? Two, what are the things we are not doing well and need to stop? And, three, what are the things we are not doing that we need to start doing? Our goal will be to take the data and constructive criticism we receive from our conversation meetings and incorporate it into a roadmap for success. Pelham City continues to focus on building relationships with our staff, students and community in order to strengthen our system.

The information we received from the community, administrators, teachers, staff and most importantly our students has culminated in an updated "strategic plan" that, when followed, will lead us to the school system that we envision. The strategic plan is a living document that will be shared with the community and will be updated periodically in order to always keep Pelham City Schools on the right track toward greater success.

The School District enjoys a strong financial position in light of current economic conditions affecting local revenues as well as the effect of state revenue pressures through austerity reductions to the QBE funding formula over the past several years and new programmatic requirements. The state austerity funding was restored in fiscal year 2019.

The Board of Education will continue to be careful in obligating funds for programs and uses that might be needed to cover expenses not funded through state appropriations. As of June 30, 2024, the general fund reflected a fund balance of \$5.1 million translating to forty-six (46) days of operation based on the fiscal year 2024 budget. At this time, the objective is to maintain a strong financial condition to better address any further cutbacks in State funding that could have an adverse effect on operations and financial reserves. The School District continues to fluctuate in growth but not at the rate experienced in past years. FTE for the upcoming fiscal year (2025) is 1,237 on the QBE Allotment Sheet. In 2024, the count was 1,237 at Midterm as compared to 1,332 in 2023 at Midterm.

The City of Pelham School District recognizes its responsibility to the taxpayers in overseeing the spending of Federal, state and local funds. The School District is striving to maintain sound fiscal management while emphasizing student achievement. Pelham City School District is committed to creating, building and sustaining a culturally and economically sensitive environment that provides equal access to a high standard of educational success for all students.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Ashley Adams
Director of Business/Finance
City of Pelham Board of Education
203 Mathewson Avenue, SW
Pelham, Georgia, 31779

Alternatively, you may send requests to the following e-mail address: aadams@pelham-city.k12.ga.us.



CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	_	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,458,382.87	
Investments		120,000.00	
Accounts Receivable, Net			
Taxes		196,336.75	
State Government		1,586,834.90	
Federal Government		514,949.95	
Local		1,000.00	
Other		2,000.00	
Inventories		18,775.92	
Prepaid Items		500.00	
Subscription Right-to-Use Assets (Net of Accumulated Amortization)		86,100.00	
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		5,444,362.00	
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		25,142,244.00	
Total Assets	_	39,571,486.39	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		5,792,844.00	
Related to OPEB Plan		2,287,040.00	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		8,079,884.00	
	_		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable		118,275.52	
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,772,863.88	
Interest Payable		94,399.98	
Contracts Payable		183,443.01	
Retainages Payable		233,330.19	
Deposits and Unearned Revenues		1,250.00	
Net Pension Liability		17,817,617.00	
Net OPEB Liability		9,232,412.00	
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due Within One Year		892,255.83	
Due in More Than One Year		6,237,498.14	
Total Liabilities		36,583,345.55	
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>			
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		786,116.00	
Related to OPEB Plan		4,740,746.00	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,526,862.00	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		25,205,589.34	
Restricted for		23,203,303.34	
Continuation of Federal Programs		179,467.26	
Debt Service		463,225.02	
Capital Projects		660,028.37	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(20,967,147.15)	
omestricted (period)	_	(20,301,141.13)	
Total Net Position	\$	5,541,162.84	

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				PROGRAM REVENUES						NET (EXPENSES)
	_	EXPENSES	•	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	A	REVENUES ND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	12,586,550.48	\$	205,691.11	\$	10,901,135.89	\$	242,891.40	\$	(1,236,832.08)
Support Services										
Pupil Services		1,097,163.47		-		281,128.89		89,877.19		(726,157.39)
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,012,935.04		-		642,177.56		-		(370,757.48)
Educational Media Services		287,649.07		-		235,625.99		9,500.83		(42,522.25)
General Administration		412,167.60		-		575,319.00		-		163,151.40
School Administration		1,329,587.58		-		574,027.18		27,090.66		(728,469.74)
Business Administration		320,324.70		-		8,622.38		-		(311,702.32)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,429,319.26		12,600.00		741,868.59		19,397.80		(655,452.87)
Student Transportation Services		788,552.25		-		43,845.53		176,220.00		(568,486.72)
Other Support Services		329,483.30		-		31.42		-		(329,451.88)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services										
Enterprise Operations		111,923.18		-		-		-		(111,923.18)
Community Services		6,000.00		-		14.35		-		(5,985.65)
Food Services		1,290,202.70		8,801.60		1,090,989.76		6,789.22		(183,622.12)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	_	149,938.83	-			-			_	(149,938.83)
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	21,151,797.46	\$	227,092.71	\$	15,094,786.54	\$	571,767.10	_	(5,258,151.11)
	G	eneral Revenues								
	Ū	Taxes								
		Property Ta	xes							
				ance and Operation	s					629,512.66
		Sales Taxes		ance and operation.	_					023/3 : 2:00
			urp	ose Local Option Sa	les	Tax				
		•		oital Projects						1,510,242.23
				n Sales Tax						486,641.78
		Other Sa								8,953.19
				butions not Restrict	ed	to Specific Program	ıs			3,053,480.00
		Investment Ea					-			64,146.70
		Miscellaneous		-9-						500,501.76
				eral Revenues					_	6,253,478.32
		Chang	je ir	n Net Position						995,327.21
		Net Position -	Beg	ginning of Year					_	4,545,835.63
		Net Position -	Enc	d of Year				9	\$ <u></u>	5,541,162.84

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	_	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS.								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,912,571.38	\$	1,544,520.40	\$	1,291.09	\$	6,458,382.87
Investments	Ψ	120,000.00	4	-	Ψ	-	4	120,000.00
Accounts Receivable, Net		.20,000.00						.20,000.00
Taxes		73,065.20		123,271.55		_		196,336.75
State Government		1,586,834.90		-		-		1,586,834.90
Federal Government		514,949.95		-		-		514,949.95
Local		1,000.00		-		-		1,000.00
Other		2,000.00		-		-		2,000.00
Due from Other Funds		-		14,658.20		-		14,658.20
Inventories		18,775.92		-		-		18,775.92
Prepaid Items	_	500.00		-		-		500.00
Total Assets	\$	7,229,697.35	\$ _	1,682,450.15	\$_	1,291.09	\$	8,913,438.59
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	118,275.52	\$	-	\$	-	\$	118,275.52
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,772,863.88		-		-		1,772,863.88
Due to Other Funds		14,658.20		-		-		14,658.20
Contracts Payable		-		183,443.01		-		183,443.01
Retainages Payable		-		233,330.19		-		233,330.19
Deposits and Unearned Revenues		1,250.00	_	-	_	-		1,250.00
Total Liabilities	_	1,907,047.60		416,773.20		-		2,323,820.80
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		19,890.91		-		-		19,890.91
Unavailable Revenue - Federal Funds		199,223.08	_	-	_	-		199,223.08
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	219,113.99	-	-	_	-	_	219,113.99
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		19,275.92		-		-		19,275.92
Restricted		160,691.34		799,589.08		1,291.09		961,571.51
Assigned		262,496.22		466,087.87		-		728,584.09
Unassigned		4,661,072.28	_	-	_	-		4,661,072.28
Total Fund Balances	_	5,103,535.76	-	1,265,676.95	· –	1,291.09		6,370,503.80
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	7,229,697.35	\$ _	1,682,450.15	\$	1,291.09	\$	8,913,438.59

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C") 6,370,503.80 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 94,671.00 \$ Construction in progress 5,349,691.00 **Buildings and improvements** 34,506,567.00 Equipment 1,920,145.00 Land improvements 3,302,976.00 Accumulated depreciation (14,587,444.00) 30,586,606.00 Right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. \$ 114,800.00 Subscription assets (28,700.00) 86,100.00 Accumulated amortization - Right-to-use assets Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability (17,817,617.00) Net OPEB liability (9,232,412.00) (27,050,029.00) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Related to pensions 5,006,728.00 Related to OPEB (2,453,706.00) 2,553,022.00 Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. 19,890.91 Revenue that are not available to pay current period expenditures are 199,223.08 deferred in the funds. Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (3,905,000.00) Bonds payable (94,399.98) Accrued interest payable (2,350,000.00) Intergovernmental agreement payable Subscription liability payable (38,449,00) (836,304.97) Unamortized bond premiums (7,224,153.95)

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")

5,541,162.84

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Property Taxes	\$	655,405.67 \$	- \$	- \$	655,405.67
Sales Taxes		495,594.97	1,510,242.23	- -	2,005,837.20
State Funds		14,801,309.95	641,372.31	-	15,442,682.26
Federal Funds		3,596,185.48	-	-	3,596,185.48
Charges for Services		227,092.71	-	-	227,092.71
Investment Earnings		51,760.57	12,386.13	_	64,146.70
Miscellaneous		500,501.76	-	_	500,501.76
Total Revenues	_	20,327,851.11	2,164,000.67	-	22,491,851.78
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	_				
Current					
Instruction		11,685,876.45			11,685,876.45
Support Services		11,003,070.43	-	-	11,003,070.43
Pupil Services		845,016.98	_	_	845,016.98
Improvement of Instructional Services		986,808.45	-	-	986,808.45
Educational Media Services		223,143.97	_	_	223,143.97
General Administration		404,319.54	_	_	404,319.54
School Administration		1,247,738.57	_	_	1,247,738.57
Business Administration		306,214.33	-	-	306,214.33
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,402,701.53	-	-	1,402,701.53
·		835,584.43	-	-	835,584.43
Student Transportation Services			-	-	
Other Support Services		329,483.30	-	-	329,483.30
Enterprise Operations		111,923.18	-	-	111,923.18
Community Services		6,000.00	-	-	6,000.00
Food Services Operation		1,483,427.09	-	-	1,483,427.09
Capital Outlay		63,283.00	2,194,620.87	-	2,257,903.87
Debt Services					
Principal		39,492.00	-	680,000.00	719,492.00
Dues and Fees		-	-	3,235.00	3,235.00
Interest	_	2,079.00		301,400.00	303,479.00
Total Expenditures	_	19,973,091.82	2,194,620.87	984,635.00	23,152,347.69
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	354,759.29	(30,620.20)	(984,635.00)	(660,495.91)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		-	-	984,635.00	984,635.00
Transfers Out		-	(984,635.00)	-	(984,635.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-	(984,635.00)	984,635.00	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		354,759.29	(1,015,255.20)	-	(660,495.91)
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	4,748,776.47	2,280,932.15	1,291.09	7,030,999.71
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ =	5,103,535.76 \$	1,265,676.95 \$	1,291.09 \$	6,370,503.80

EXHIBIT "F"

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")			\$ (660,495.91)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over			
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay	\$	2,615,843.00	
Depreciation expense		(934,456.00)	
Amortization expense	_	(22,960.00)	1,658,427.00
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			(25,893.01)
Operating grants and contributions reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.			(76,416.83)
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission grants reported in the funds			
are not reported as revenue in the Statement of Activities during the			
current period.			(245,825.21)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt			
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither			
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds			
report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the			
carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when			
debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement			
of Activities.			
Bond principal retirements	\$	440,000.00	
Intergovernmental agreement payments		240,000.00	
Subscription liability payments		39,492.00	
Amortization of bond premium	_	143,806.83	863,298.83
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the			
governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred			
outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported			
net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date.			
Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability			
adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related			
to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension expense	\$	(1,466,765.00)	
OPEB expense	_	939,264.00	(527,501.00)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of			
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds.			
Net decrease in accrued interest			9,733.34
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")			\$ 995,327.21

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The City of Pelham Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
 management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), bond proceeds and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. it is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2024, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the School District's financial statements. This statement will be applied prospectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Investments

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Due to other funds and due from other funds consist of activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

Inventories

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	(Capitalization	Estimated
		Policy	Useful Life
Land		ALL	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	75,000.00	20 to 80 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	75,000.00	10 to 80 years
Equipment	\$	75,000.00	3 to 20 years
Intangible Assets	\$	100,000.00	5 to 10 years

Intangible Right-To-Use Assets

Subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) result in an intangible right-to-use subscription asset and a subscription liability on the Statement of Net Position.

An intangible right-to-use asset represents the School District's right to use an underlying asset for the subscription term. Subscription obligations represent the School District's liability to make subscription payments arising from the subscription agreement. Intangible right-to-use assets subscription liabilities are recognized based on the present value of subscription payments over the lease term, where the initial term exceeds 12 months. Residual value guarantees and the value of an option to extend or terminate a subscription are reflected to the extent it is reasonably certain to be paid or exercised. Variable payments based on future performance or usage are not included in the measurement of the subscription liability. Intangible right-to-use assets are amortized using a straight-line basis over the shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset.

Capitalization thresholds of intangible right-to-use assets reported in the government-wide statements are capitalized in accordance with the guidelines set for similar capital asset categories whose purchase is financed through means other than a lease. Capitalization threshold of intangible right-to-use subscription assets is \$100,000.00.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts

should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

The Mitchell County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2023 tax digest year (calendar year) on October 31, 2023 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2023. Taxes were due on January 22, 2024 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2023 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2024. The Mitchell County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$523,758.96.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2023 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 8.645 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$131,646.71 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Sales Taxes

Local Option Sales Tax revenue, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year amounted to \$486,641.78 and was recorded in the general fund. Local Option Sales Tax is to be used for the maintenance and operation of the School District.

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$1,510,242.23 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal

level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

The Superintendent is authorized by the Board to approve adjustments of no more than 5% of the amount budgeted for expenditures in any budget function for any fund. The Superintendent shall report any such adjustments to the Board. If expenditure of funds in any budget function for any fund is anticipated to be more than 5% of the budgeted amount, the Superintendent shall request Board approval for the budget amendment. Under no circumstance is the Superintendent or other staff person authorized to spend funds that exceed the total budget without approval by the Board.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS

Collateralization of Deposits

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,

- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Categorization of Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2024, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$6,578,282.87, and a bank balance of \$6,962,452.39. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$732,193.44 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$6,230,258.95.

Cash and cash equivalents Statement of Net Position	\$	6,458,382.87
Add: Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investments		120,000.00
Less: Cash on hand	-	100.00
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2024	\$	6,578,282.87

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances July, 1 2023		Increases	Decre	eases		Balances June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets,								
Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	94,671.00	\$	- \$		-	\$	94,671.00
Construction in Progress	_	3,001,798.00	_	2,347,893.00		-		5,349,691.00
Total Capital Assets								
Not Being Depreciated	_	3,096,469.00	_	2,347,893.00		-		5,444,362.00
Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		34,506,567.00		-		-		34,506,567.00
Equipment		1,652,195.00		267,950.00		-		1,920,145.00
Land Improvements		3,302,976.00		-		-		3,302,976.00
Less Accumulated								
Depreciation:		10,216,387.00		657,824.50				10,874,211.50
Buildings and Improvements Equipment		957,734.00		116,271.00		-		1,074,005.00
Land Improvements	_	2,478,867.00		160,360.50		-		2,639,227.50
Total Capital Assets								
Being Depreciated, Net	_	25,808,750.00		(666,506.00)		-		25,142,244.00
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$_	28,905,219.00	\$_	1,681,387.00 \$		-	_ \$ _	30,586,606.00
Current year depreciation expense	by	function is as	fol	lows:				
Instruction					\$		471	1,908.00
Support Services								
Pupil Services			\$	227,920.50)			
Educational Media Ser	vice	S		35,906.50)			
School Administration				54,352.00)			
Maintenance and Ope	ratio	on of Plant		48,500.00)			
Student Transportation	า Se	rvices		78,894.00)		445	5,573.00
Food Services							16	5,975.00
					\$		934	1,456.00

The following is a summary of changes in the intangible right-to-use assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances		5		Balances
	•	July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	•	June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities						
Subscription Assets	\$	114,800.00	-	-		114,800.00
Less Accumulated Amortization:						
Subscription Assets	,	5,740.00	22,960.00		,	28,700.00
Governmental Activities						
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets - Net	\$	109,060.00	\$ (22,960.00)	\$ -	\$	86,100.00

Current year amortization expense by function is as follows:

Support Services
Maintenance and Operation of Plant \$ 22,960.00

NOTE 6: INTERFUND ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Assets and Liabilities

Due to and due from other funds are recorded for interfund receivables and payables which arise from interfund transactions. Interfund balances at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

		Due From	Due To
		Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	- 14,658.20	\$ 14,658.20 -
	\$_	14,658.20	\$ 14,658.20

The Pelham High School activity account reported in the general fund is reimbursing the capital projects fund for a scoreboard. The payment plan extends over the next few years until the balance is paid in full.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	_	Transfers From			
	_	Capital Projects			
Transfers to		Fund			
		_			
Debt Service Fund	\$	984,635.00			

Transfers are used to move sales tax revenues collected by the capital projects fund to the debt service fund to meet debt service requirements.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
		Balance						Balance		Due Within
	_	July 1, 2023		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2024		One Year
	¢	4 245 000 00	¢		¢	440,000,00	.	2 005 000 00	¢.	460,000,00
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	>	4,345,000.00	\$	-	Þ	440,000.00	Þ	3,905,000.00	\$	460,000.00
Unamortized Bond Premiums		980,111.80		-		143,806.83		836,304.97		143,806.83
Subscription Liabilities		77,941.00		-		39,492.00		38,449.00		38,449.00
Intergovernmental Agreements	_	2,590,000.00		-		240,000.00		2,350,000.00		250,000.00
	\$_	7,993,052.80	\$_	-	\$_	863,298.83	\$	7,129,753.97	\$_	892,255.83

General Obligation Bonds

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2024. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds from the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

Of the total amount originally authorized, \$1,240,000.00 remains unissued. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rates	Issue Date	Date	_	Issued	_	Outstanding
General Government - Series 2019	5.00%	10/2/2019	9/1/2027	\$	3,610,000.00	\$	1,945,000.00
General Government - Series 2022	5.00%	3/1/2022	9/1/2032		1,960,000.00	_	1,960,000.00
				\$	5,570,000.00	\$	3,905,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	 General Obligation Debt				Unamortized
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	 Principal	_	Interest		Bond Premium
		_			
2025	\$ 460,000.00	\$	183,750.00	\$	105,561.15
2026	475,000.00		160,375.00		105,561.15
2027	495,000.00		136,125.00		105,561.15
2028	515,000.00		110,875.00		52,395.41
2029	340,000.00		89,500.00		41,762.28
2030 - 2033	 1,620,000.00	_	173,500.00	_	132,247.18
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 3,905,000.00	\$	854,125.00	\$	543,088.32

Intergovernmental Agreement

The School District entered into a contract with the South Georgia Governmental Services Authority, dated December 30, 2021, for the issuance of revenue bonds to provide funds for bond refunding capital outlay projects of the School District. Under the terms of the contract, the South Georgia Governmental Services Authority issued \$3,035,000.00 less issuance costs of \$140,087.92 in revenue bonds on behalf of the School District. The obligation of the School District is absolute and unconditional so long as any of the bonds remain outstanding. Under the contract, the School District will exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required to be paid by the contract.

The School District's outstanding intergovernmental agreement of \$2,350,000.00 contains a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts may become immediately due if the School District is unable to make payment.

Debt currently outstanding under intergovernmental agreement is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity				Amount
Purpose	Rates	Issue Date	Date		Amount Issued		Outstanding
				_		_	
Debt Refunding (Energy)	0.25% - 1.55%	12/30/2021	3/1/2032	\$_	3,035,000.00	. \$_	2,350,000.00

The following is a schedule of total intergovernmental agreement payments:

					Unamortized
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	_	Principal	_	Interest	 Bond Premium
2025	\$	250,000.00	\$	87,950.00	\$ 38,245.68
2026		260,000.00		80,450.00	38,245.68
2027		280,000.00		70,050.00	38,245.68
2028		300,000.00		58,850.00	38,245.68
2029		315,000.00		46,850.00	38,245.68
2030 - 2032		945,000.00		65,300.00	101,988.25
	_				
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	2,350,000.00	\$_	409,450.00	\$ 293,216.65

Subscription Liabilities

The School District has entered into a subscription-based contract to use vendor-provided information technology (IT) under the provisions of a contract that convey control of the right-to-use another entity's asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. These contracts are classified as a subscription liability for accounting purposes. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on the straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the SBITA term.

There were no variable payments based on performance, nor termination penalties expensed for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

The following is a summary of the carrying values of intangible right-to-use assets under lease at June 30, 2024:

		Activities
Subscription Assets Less: Accumulated Amortization	\$	114,800.00 28,700.00
	\$_	86,100.00

At the commencement of the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA), the School District initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the term of the SBITA. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments made. The right-to-use subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for SBITA payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on the straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the SBITA term.

Subscription liabilities currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity				Amount		
Purpose	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Amount Issued		Outstanding		
Crisis Alert System	8.25%	4/4/2023	7/31/2024	\$	77,941.00	\$_	38,449.00		
The following is a schedule of total subscription liability payments:									
Fiscal Y	ear Ended June	e 30: F	Principal		Interest				

2025	\$_	38,449.00 \$	3,121.00
	_		

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

Workers' Compensation

Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2.0 million. The Trust covers the first \$1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 107% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

Unemployment Compensation

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. There were no unemployment compensation claims during the last two fiscal years.

Surety Bond

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

	Amount
¢	100,000.00
	<u> </u>

NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2024:

Nonspendable			
Inventories	\$ 18,775.92		
Prepaid Assets	500.00	\$	19,275.92
Restricted		-	
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 160,691.34		
Capital Projects	243,255.17		
Debt Service	557,625.00		961,571.51
Assigned		•	
Local Capital Outlay Projects	\$ 466,087.87		
School Activity Accounts	262,496.22		728,584.09
Unassigned		•	4,661,072.28
Fund Balance, June 30, 2024		\$	6,370,503.80
			·

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain a committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 5% of total local revenues, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year, in compliance with O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(a)5. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Commitments under Construction Contracts

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2024.

		Unearned		Payments
	Executed			Through
Project		Contracts (1)		June 30, 2024
Kitchen Hood at Pelham City Middle School	\$	14,557.18	\$	182,486.82

(1) The amounts described above are not reflected in the basic financial statements.

NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

NOTE 12: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$326,474.00 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$9,232,412.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.084288%, which was a decrease of 0.003127% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$612,790.00). At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB					
		Deferred	Deferred				
		Outflows of		Inflows of			
	_	Resources	_	Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	269,110.00	\$	2,651,657.00			
Changes of assumptions		1,677,348.00		1,152,988.00			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		5,539.00		-			
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		8,569.00		936,101.00			
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	326,474.00					
Total	\$	2,287,040.00	\$_	4,740,746.00			

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 OPEB			
2025	\$ (964,051.00)			
2026	\$ (743,205.00)			
2027	\$ (737,208.00)			
2028	\$ (336,347.00)			
2029	\$ (4,428.00)			
Thereafter	\$ 5,059.00			

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.00%
Ultimate trend rate	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2032

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled or not disabled) as follows:

• For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

• For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 101% for males and 103% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projections scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjust 104% for males and 99% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation with changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			
Fixed income Equities	30.00% 70.00%	1.50% 9.40%			
Total	100.00%				

^{*} Net of inflation

Discount Rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.68% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 3.57%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate as used for the long-term rate

of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.65% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2128.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.68%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.68%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.68%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount Rate	1% Increase
	 (2.68%)		(3.68%)	 (4.68%)
School District's proportionate share				
of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 10,465,365.00	\$	9,232,412.00	\$ 8,194,005.00

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare							
		1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate	_	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share								
of the Net OPEB liability	\$	7,952,499.00	\$	9,232,412.00	\$	10,810,269.00		

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 13: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2024. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 19.98% of annual School District payroll, of which 19.86% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.12% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$1,763,573.00 and \$10,577.07 from the School District and the State, respectively.

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan Description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits Provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$16.00, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$24,079.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$17,817,617.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 17,817,617.00
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the School District	 95,068.00
Total	\$ 17,912,685.00

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

At June 30, 2023, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.060349%, which was a decrease of 0.002908% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2024, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$124,947.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized pension expense of 3,249,504.00 for TRS and \$22,551.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$15,513.00 for TRS and \$22,551.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_		TRS	
	-	Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources	_	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	904,755.00	\$	73,670.00
Changes of assumptions		1,833,050.00		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,253,161.00		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		38,305.00		712,446.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,763,573.00		
Total	\$_	5,792,844.00	\$_	786,116.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 TRS				
2025	\$ 960,318.00				
2026	\$ 526,052.00				
2027	\$ 2,259,774.00				
2028	\$ (502,989.00)				

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50% Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below- Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female: 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TRS/PSERS Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.90%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.40%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	12.30%	9.40%
International emerging market stocks	5.20%	11.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of inflation

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 6.90%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be

available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	1% Decrease (5.90%)	. <u> </u>	Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	. <u> </u>	1% Increase (7.90%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,171,725.00	\$	17.817.617.00	\$	9.362.094.00

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/financials.



CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

	School									Plan fiduciary
For the	District's proportion				e of Georgia's ortionate share				School District's proportionate	net position as a percentage
Year	of the	S	chool District's		of the NPL				share of the NPL as	of the total
Ended	Net Pension	pro	portionate share	asso	ciated with the		Sc	hool District's	a percentage of its	pension
June 30	Liability (NPL)		of the NPL	Sc	hool District	Total	cc	overed payroll	covered payroll	liability
2024	0.060349%	\$	17,817,617.00	\$	95,068.00	\$ 17,912,685.00	\$	8,825,207.57	201.89%	76.29%
2023	0.063257%	\$	20,540,771.00	\$	129,238.00	\$ 20,670,009.00	\$	8,604,019.88	238.73%	72.85%
2022	0.064999%	\$	5,748,728.00	\$	37,412.00	\$ 5,786,140.00	\$	8,511,938.94	67.54%	92.03%
2021	0.066137%	\$	16,020,970.00	\$	99,318.00	\$ 16,120,288.00	\$	8,579,753.39	186.73%	77.01%
2020	0.064765%	\$	13,926,226.00	\$	84,076.00	\$ 14,010,302.00	\$	7,951,665.50	175.14%	78.56%
2019	0.068998%	\$	12,807,507.00	\$	71,464.00	\$ 12,878,971.00	\$	8,263,951.30	154.98%	80.27%
2018	0.068583%	\$	12,746,362.00	\$	110,211.00	\$ 12,856,573.00	\$	7,942,986.40	160.47%	79.33%
2017	0.074773%	\$	15,426,504.00	\$	159,891.00	\$ 15,586,395.00	\$	8,283,921.34	186.22%	76.06%
2016	0.073751%	\$	11,227,857.00	\$	111,135.00	\$ 11,338,992.00	\$	7,861,868.00	142.81%	81.44%
2015	0.074996%	\$	9,474,755.00	\$	94,247.00	\$ 9,569,002.00	\$	7,727,236.00	122.62%	84.03%

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	cractually required contribution	butions in relation to ontractually required contribution	cion deficiency excess)	hool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2024	\$ 1,763,573.00	\$ 1,763,573.00	\$ -	\$ 8,879,626.05	19.86%
2023	\$ 1,753,896.00	\$ 1,753,896.00	\$ -	\$ 8,825,207.57	19.87%
2022	\$ 1,693,794.00	\$ 1,693,794.00	\$ -	\$ 8,604,019.88	19.69%
2021	\$ 1,611,891.00	\$ 1,611,891.00	\$ -	\$ 8,511,938.94	18.94%
2020	\$ 1,802,598.00	\$ 1,802,598.00	\$ -	\$ 8,579,753.39	21.01%
2019	\$ 1,651,934.00	\$ 1,651,934.00	\$ -	\$ 7,951,655.50	20.77%
2018	\$ 1,381,466.00	\$ 1,381,466.00	\$ -	\$ 8,263,951.30	16.72%
2017	\$ 1,123,746.00	\$ 1,123,746.00	\$ -	\$ 7,942,986.40	14.15%
2016	\$ 1,169,976.44	\$ 1,169,976.44	\$ -	\$ 8,283,921.34	14.12%
2015	\$ 1,023,708.89	\$ 1,023,708.89	\$ -	\$ 7,861,868.00	13.02%

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	chool District's portionate share of the NPL	prop	te of Georgia's cortionate share of the NPL ciated with the chool District	Total	nool District's vered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2024	0.00%	\$ -	\$	124,947.00	\$ 124,947.00	\$ 322,544.79	N/A	85.67%
2023	0.00%	\$ -	\$	164,075.00	\$ 164,075.00	\$ 270,566.31	N/A	81.21%
2022	0.00%	\$ -	\$	17,485.00	\$ 17,485.00	\$ 316,660.13	N/A	98.00%
2021	0.00%	\$ -	\$	132,092.00	\$ 132,092.00	\$ 342,790.61	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$ -	\$	109,756.00	\$ 109,756.00	\$ 315,795.54	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$ -	\$	117,550.00	\$ 117,550.00	\$ 318,176.80	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$ -	\$	110,276.00	\$ 110,276.00	\$ 215,587.97	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$ -	\$	162,208.00	\$ 162,208.00	\$ 223,359.67	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$ -	\$	97,095.00	\$ 97,095.00	\$ 204,033.81	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$ -	\$	89,860.00	\$ 89,860.00	\$ 206,252.24	N/A	88.29%

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

									School District's	Plan fiduciary
				State	of Georgia's				proportionate	net position
	School District's			pro	oortionate				share of the NOL	as a
For the	proportion of	S	chool District's	share	of the NOL		Sc	thool District's	as a percentage	percentage of
Year Ended	the Net OPEB	pro	portionate share	asso	ciated with		cov	ered-employee	of its covered-	the total OPEB
June 30	Liability (NOL)		of the NOL	the Sc	hool District	Total		payroll	employee payroll	liability
						-				
2024	0.084288%	\$	9,232,412.00	\$	-	\$ 9,232,412.00	\$	7,952,060.98	116.10%	6.05%
2023	0.087415%	\$	8,656,866.00	\$	-	\$ 8,656,866.00	\$	8,258,678.30	104.82%	6.17%
2022	0.088128%	\$	9,544,991.00	\$	-	\$ 9,544,991.00	\$	7,879,580.87	121.14%	6.14%
2021	0.089591%	\$	13,158,831.00	\$	-	\$ 13,158,831.00	\$	7,811,031.40	168.46%	3.99%
2020	0.093928%	\$	11,526,981.00	\$	-	\$ 11,526,981.00	\$	7,442,251.22	154.89%	4.63%
2019	0.098326%	\$	12,496,933.00	\$	-	\$ 12,496,933.00	\$	7,689,401.66	162.52%	2.93%
2018	0.097627%	\$	13,716,554.00	\$	-	\$ 13,716,554.00	\$	7,342,751.39	186.80%	1.61%

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	actually required	the co	utions in relation to ntractually required contribution	ution deficiency excess)	chool District's rered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2024	\$ 326,474.00	\$	326,474.00	\$ -	\$ 7,840,516.71	4.16%
2023	\$ 324,041.00	\$	324,041.00	\$ -	\$ 7,952,060.98	4.07%
2022	\$ 316,073.00	\$	316,073.00	\$ -	\$ 8,258,678.30	3.83%
2021	\$ 327,820.00	\$	327,820.00	\$ -	\$ 7,879,580.87	4.16%
2020	\$ 302,977.00	\$	302,977.00	\$ -	\$ 7,811,031.40	3.88%
2019	\$ 505,868.00	\$	505,868.00	\$ -	\$ 7,442,251.22	6.80%
2018	\$ 509,614.00	\$	509,614.00	\$ -	\$ 7,689,401.66	6.63%

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Teachers Retirement System

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On May 11, 2022, the Board adopted recommended changes to the long-term assumed rate of return and payroll growth assumption utilized by the System. The long-term assumed rate of return was changed from 7.25% to 6.90%, and the payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates or mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: June 30, 2022 valuation: The tobacco use assumption and aging factors were revised.

June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees' Retirement System's experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement System's experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020, to 2.20% as of June 30, 2021, to 3.57% as of June 30, 2022, and to 3.68% as of June 30, 2023.

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE
		ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	450,000.00 \$	450,000.00 \$	655,405.67 \$	205,405.67
Sales Taxes	4	350,000.00	350,000.00	495,594.97	145,594.97
State Funds		13,975,085.00	14,050,391.00	14,801,309.95	750,918.95
Federal Funds		3,388,843.00	4,238,838.00	3,596,185.48	(642,652.52)
Charges for Services		9,300.00	9,300.00	227,092.71	217,792.71
Investment Earnings		900.00	900.00	51,760.57	50,860.57
Miscellaneous		13,100.00	13,100.00	500,501.76	487,401.76
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	18,187,228.00	19,112,529.00	20,327,851.11	1,215,322.11
					_
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		13,035,141.00	13,421,138.00	11,685,876.45	1,735,261.55
Support Services					
Pupil Services		695,281.00	880,803.00	845,016.98	35,786.02
Improvement of Instructional Services		951,879.00	1,038,341.00	986,808.45	51,532.55
Educational Media Services		233,210.00	226,574.00	223,143.97	3,430.03
General Administration		491,252.00	515,207.00	404,319.54	110,887.46
School Administration		1,291,880.00	1,327,979.00	1,247,738.57	80,240.43
Business Administration		330,120.00	332,526.00	306,214.33	26,311.67
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,526,456.00	1,636,261.00	1,402,701.53	233,559.47
Student Transportation Services		654,200.00	654,979.00	835,584.43	(180,605.43)
Other Support Services		14,250.00	14,250.00	329,483.30	(315,233.30)
Enterprise Operations		-	-	111,923.18	(111,923.18)
Community Services		11,654.00	11,654.00	6,000.00	5,654.00
Food Services Operation		1,173,657.00	1,173,657.00	1,483,427.09	(309,770.09)
Capital Outlay		-	-	63,283.00	(63,283.00)
Debt Service		-	-	41,571.00	(41,571.00)
Total Expenditures		20,408,980.00	21,233,369.00	19,973,091.82	1,260,277.18
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(2,221,752.00)	(2,120,840.00)	354,759.29	2,475,599.29
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)					
Other Sources		132,905.00	147,947.00	-	(147,947.00)
Other Uses		(872,905.00)	(887,947.00)	-	887,947.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(740,000.00)	(740,000.00)		740,000.00
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,961,752.00)	(2,860,840.00)	354,759.29	3,215,599.29
Fund Balances - Beginning		5,059,898.02	5,059,898.02	4,748,776.47	(311,121.55)
Adjustments	_		543.19	<u>-</u>	(543.19)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,098,146.02 \$	2,199,601.21 \$	5,103,535.76 \$	2,903,934.55

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$623,919.98 and \$632,229.54, respectively.

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		PASS-	
		THROUGH	
	ASSISTANCE	ENTITY	
FUNDING AGENCY	LISTING	ID	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	245GA324N1199	\$ 252,948.67
National School Lunch Program	10.555	245GA324N1199	1,082,426.93
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	39,455.44
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	245GA324L1603	44,029.06
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.502	2430/32421003	1,418,860.10
Total Ciliu Nutrition Cluster			1,410,000.10
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	245GA904N2533	11,433.76
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,430,293.86
3 · · · ·			
Education, U. S. Department of			
Direct			
Impact Aid			
Payments for Federally Connected Children - Section 7003	84.041B		8,805.00
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D200012	1,792.10
	04.423D	3423D200012	1,732.10
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	04.43511	C42ELI210012	1 015 750 60
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	1,015,759.68
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	84.425W	S425W210011	2 027 17
Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth	04.425VV	342300210011	3,827.17
Total Education Stabilization Fund			1,021,378.95
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A220073	134,039.00
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A230073	277,586.01
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Grants to States	84.027X	H027X210073	41,946.00
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A230081	17,057.00
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Preschool	84.173X	H173X210081	4,603.00
Total Special Education Cluster	04.1757	11173/210001	475,231.01
Total Special Education Cluster			475,251.01
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A230010	14,881.60
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358F220010	3,080.00
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358F230010	38,681.18
<u> </u>			•

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FUNDING AGENCY	ASSISTANCE LISTING	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID	E	XPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER		IN PERIOD
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424F	S424F220011		75,816.71
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A220010		194,216.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Other Programs Total U. S. Department of Education	84.010A	S010A230010		588,006.14 914,681.63 2,420,096.59
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	3,850,390.45

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Pelham Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

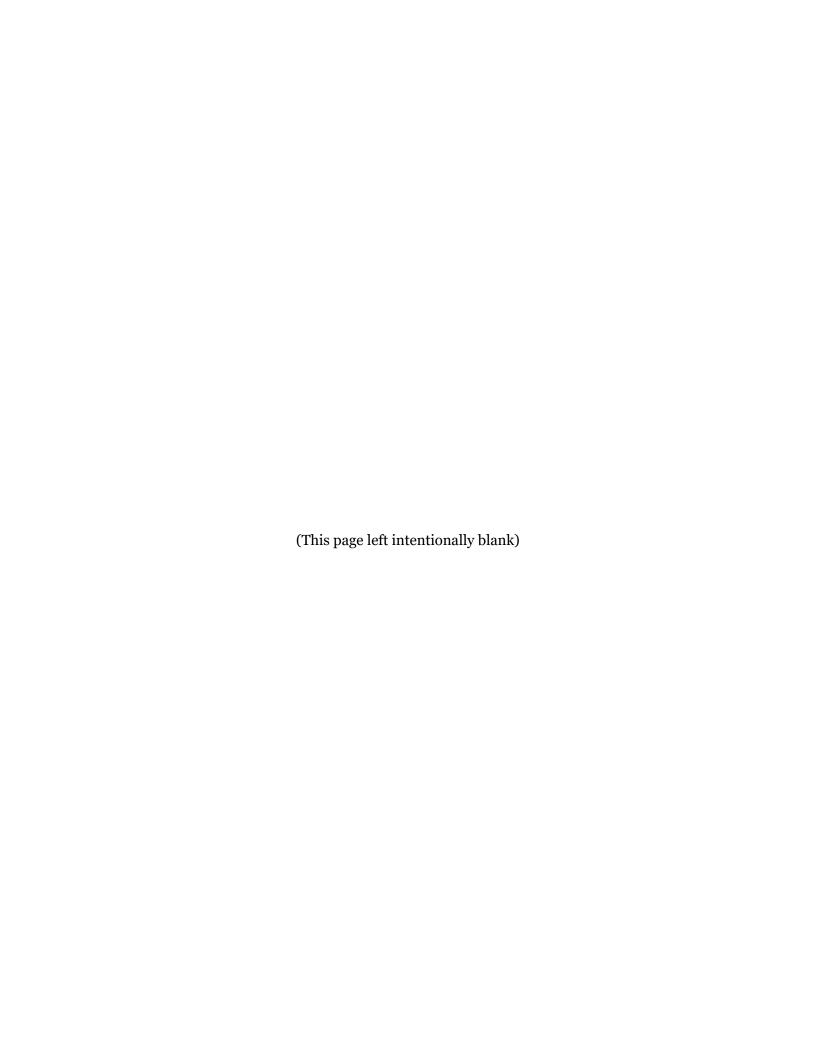
The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4. Transfers Between Programs

Funds totaling \$50,797.00 were transferred from the Student Support and Academic Enrichment program (ALN 84.424A) and funds totaling \$44,910.00 were transferred from the Student Support and Academic Enrichment program (ALN 84.424A) and expended in the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies program (ALN 84.010A) during Fiscal Year 2024.

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL FL		
CY/FUNDING	GENERAL C	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL
GRANTS	 10110	10110	TOTAL
Bright From the Start:			
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning			
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 421,091.12 \$	- \$	421,091.1
Education, Georgia Department of	,	•	,
Quality Basic Education			
Direct Instructional Cost			
Kindergarten Program	326,136.00	-	326,136.0
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	314,746.00	_	314,746.0
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	641,091.00	-	641,091.0
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	1,006,861.00	_	1,006,861.0
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	208,347.00	_	208,347.0
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	857,399.00	-	857,399.0
Middle School (6-8) Program	1,214,609.00	-	1,214,609.0
High School General Education (9-12) Program	1,185,054.00	_	1,185,054.0
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	344,179.00	_	344,179.0
Students with Disabilities	1,554,979.00	_	1,554,979.0
Gifted Student - Category VI	421,183.00	_	421,183.0
Remedial Education Program	132,646.00	_	132,646.0
Alternative Education Program	92,751.00	-	92,751.0
3		-	
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	68,625.00 196,825.00	-	68,625.0
Media Center Program		-	196,825.0
20 Days Additional Instruction	63,046.00	-	63,046.0
Staff and Professional Development	35,516.00	-	35,516.0
Principal Staff and Professional Development	1,077.00	-	1,077.0
Indirect Cost	500 0 40 00		500.040
Central Administration	502,848.00	-	502,848.0
School Administration	538,555.00	-	538,555.0
Facility Maintenance and Operations	360,791.00	-	360,791.0
Mid-Term Adjustment Hold-Harmless	385,347.00	-	385,347.0
Charter System Adjustment	152,381.00	-	152,381.0
Categorical Grants			
Pupil Transportation			
Regular	22,837.00	-	22,837.0
Nursing Services	45,414.00	-	45,414.0
Education Equalization Funding Grant	3,053,480.00	-	3,053,480.0
Other State Programs			
Career, Technical and Agricultural Education (CTEA)	38,053.00	-	38,053.0
Dyslexia Services Grant	2,715.00	_	2,715.0
Food Services	26,239.00	_	26,239.0
Hygiene Products	1,202.00		1,202.0
		-	•
Math and Science Supplements	3,596.76	-	3,596.
One Time Adjustment	142,901.00	-	142,901.0
Preschool Disability Services	9,461.00	-	9,461.0
School Bus Regular Funding	176,220.00	-	176,220.0
School Security Grant	150,000.00	-	150,000.0
Teachers Retirement	10,577.07	-	10,577.
Vocational Education	61,232.00	-	61,232.
Vocational Supervisors	7,220.00	-	7,220.
Georgia Chamber of Commerce Foundation			
Workforce Preparedness Grant	38,053.00	-	38,053.
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission			
Reimbursement on Construction Projects	-	641,372.31	641,372.
Office of the State Treasurer			
Public School Employees Retirement	 24,079.00	- -	24,079.0
	\$ 14,839,362.95 \$	641,372.31 \$	15,480,735.2



CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED	CURRENT ESTIMATED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION
PROJECT	COST (1)	COSTS (2)	DATE
2022 SPLOST (1) Retiring outstanding general obligation debt of the City of Pelham			
School District previously incurred and issued with respect to capital outlay projects in the maximum principal and interest amount of			
(i) \$2,752,000.00, comprised of a portion of the City of Pelham School District's Series 2019 general obligation bonds coming due in the years 2023 through 2028;			
(ii) \$1,694,466.00 comprised of a portion of the City of Pelham School District's payments due under that certain Master Equipment Lease/Purchase Agreement dated as of May 20, 2016 coming due in the years 2023 through 2028; and (iii) paying a portion of the principal			
and interest on the general obligation debt authorized not to exceed \$3,200,000.00 for the purpose of project described below:	\$ 4,446,466.00 \$	4,446,466.00	June 2028
(2) Capital outlay projects at an estimated cost of \$3,292,034.00 consisting of			
(a) constructing, furnishing, and equipping new school buildings and other buildings and facilities and adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, furnishing, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities, including but not limited to renovating, equipping, modernizing and furnishing the existing middle school;	2,692,034.00	5,167,203.97	December 2025
(b) making system-wide technology improvements, including, but not limited to, the acquisition and installation of signage, instructional technology, instructional materials, security, and information	1,001,000	5,101,203.31	2000201
systems hardware and associated software and accessories, and infrastructure at all schools and selected other facilities; and	200,000.00	200,000.00	December 2025
(c) replacing, purchasing, upgrading or supplementing capital equipment including, but not limited to, desks, chairs, copiers,			
tables, school buses, security equipment, and laboratory equipment.	400,000.00	400,000.00	December 2025
Total	\$ 7,738,500.00 \$	10,213,669.97	

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

<u>PROJECT</u>	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
2022 SPLOST (1) Retiring outstanding general obligation debt of the City of Pelham School District previously incurred and issued with respect to capital outlay projects in the maximum principal and interest amount of					
(i) \$2,752,000.00, comprised of a portion of the City of Pelham School District's Series 2019 general obligation bonds coming due in the years 2023 through 2028;					
(ii) \$1,694,466.00 comprised of a portion of the City of Pelham School District's payments due under that certain Master Equipment Lease/Purchase Agreement dated as of May 20, 2016 coming due in the years 2023 through 2028; and (iii) paying a portion of the principal and interest on the general obligation debt authorized not to exceed \$3,200,000.00 for the purpose of project described below:	\$	335,150.00 \$	332,050.00 \$	-	\$ -
(2) Capital outlay projects at an estimated cost of \$3,292,034.00 consisting of					
(a) constructing, furnishing, and equipping new school buildings and other buildings and facilities and adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, furnishing, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities, including but not limited to renovating, equipping, modernizing and furnishing the existing middle school;		2,165,405.87	3,001,798.10	-	-
(b) making system-wide technology improvements, including, but not limited to, the acquisition and installation of signage, instructional technology, instructional materials, security, and information systems hardware and associated software and accessories, and infrastructure at all schools and selected other facilities; and		29,215.00	-	-	-
(c) replacing, purchasing, upgrading or supplementing capital equipment including, but not limited to, desks, chairs, copiers, tables, school buses, security equipment, and laboratory equipment.	_	<u> </u>			
Total	\$_	2,529,770.87 \$	3,333,848.10 \$		\$

- (1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.
- (3) The voters of Mitchell County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- (4) In addition to the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding as follows:

Prior Years	\$ 1,060,861.98
Current Year	206,250.00
Total	\$ 1.267.111.98

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Laron Smith, Superintendent and Members of the
City of Pelham Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pelham Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2025. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lufy.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 25, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Laron Smith, Superintendent and Members of the
City of Pelham Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Pelham Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance

requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

March 25, 2025

Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

CITY OF PELHAM BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities and Each Major Fund

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?
 No

Significant deficiency identified?
 None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness identified?
 No

Significant deficiency identified?
None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Numbers Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title

10.553, 10.555, 10.582 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.