

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT • FISCAL YEAR 2024** 

# Appling County Board of Education Baxley, Georgia

**Including Independent Auditor's Report** 



# **Appling County Board of Education**

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Independent Auditor's Report

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Section I

**Financial** 



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Janet Goodman, Superintendent and Members of the
Appling County Board of Education

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

# **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Appling County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the School District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of

financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 22, 2025 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Higg

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

July 22, 2025



#### APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	31,042,983.42
Investments		45,966.01
Accounts Receivable, Net		
Taxes		1,530,753.22
State Government		3,200,224.00
Federal Government		2,778,551.05
Other		79,110.00
Inventories		68,680.41
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		4,923,308.78
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		58,725,711.93
Total Assets		102,395,288.82
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		16,388,253.00
Related to OPEB Plan		6,293,662.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	22,681,915.00
Total Deletied Outflows of Resources	_	22,001,913.00
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		25,338.56
Salaries and Benefits Payable		5,567,064.65
Contracts Payable		1,076,995.60
Retainages Payable		108,845.00
Deposits and Unearned Revenues		9,468.00
Net Pension Liability		48,148,811.00
Net OPEB Liability		23,904,289.00
Total Liabilities		78,840,811.81
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		1,238,500.00
Related to OPEB Plan		10,247,838.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		11,486,338.00
Total Site for milions of Nessances		1.17.180/338.188
<u>NET POSITION</u>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		62,463,180.11
Restricted for		
Bus Replacement		231,660.00
Continuation of Federal Programs		4,443,829.06
Capital Projects		10,926,391.02
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(43,315,006.18)
Total Net Position	\$	34,750,054.01

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2024

			PROGRAM REVENUES						NET (EXPENSES)	
	_	EXPENSES		rges for Ervices		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	A	REVENUES ND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	38,857,522.71 \$		357,347.14	\$	21,809,611.26	\$	218,745.78	\$	(16,471,818.53)
Support Services										
Pupil Services		2,543,902.19		-		752,272.81		25,967.14		(1,765,662.24)
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,039,270.41		-		1,232,256.05		-		(807,014.36)
Educational Media Services		830,651.72		-		544,138.13		2,256.10		(284,257.49)
General Administration		807,797.62		-		870,107.21		836.18		63,145.77
School Administration		2,992,282.45		-		1,311,484.79		2,570.31		(1,678,227.35)
Business Administration		307,272.26		-		2,210.90		-		(305,061.36)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		3,910,663.30		-		2,727,341.13		862.78		(1,182,459.39)
Student Transportation Services		2,926,470.90		-		777,611.34		646,411.61		(1,502,447.95)
Central Support Services		222,208.37		-		62,653.78		-		(159,554.59)
Other Support Services		468,321.39		-		-		-		(468,321.39)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services										
Food Services	_	4,368,331.01		74,587.80	_	4,046,394.47		14,122.40	_	(233,226.34)
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	60,274,694.33 \$		431,934.94	\$ _	34,136,081.87	\$	911,772.30	_	(24,794,905.22)
	G	eneral Revenues								
		Taxes								
		Property Taxes	5							
		For Mainter	nance a	nd Operations						16,909,561.52
		Railroad Ca	rs	·						23,846.35
		Sales Taxes								
		Special Purp	ose Lo	cal Option Sal	es T	ax				
			pital Pr							4,643,861.53
		Other Sales	Tax							69,096.73
		Investment Earnii	ngs							774,842.48
		Miscellaneous	3							1,783,576.73
		Total Ger	neral Re	venues						24,204,785.34
		Change i	n Net P	osition						(590,119.88)
		Net Position - Be	ginning	of Year						35,340,173.89
		Net Position - En	d of Yea	ar				!	\$	34,750,054.01

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,475,366.02 \$	10,567,617.40 \$	31,042,983.42
Investments		45,966.01	-	45,966.01
Accounts Receivable, Net				
Taxes		1,171,979.60	358,773.62	1,530,753.22
State Government		3,200,224.00	-	3,200,224.00
Federal Government		2,778,551.05	-	2,778,551.05
Other		79,110.00	-	79,110.00
Inventories		68,680.41		68,680.41
Total Assets	\$ _	27,819,877.09 \$	10,926,391.02 \$	38,746,268.11
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	25,338.56 \$	- \$	25,338.56
Salaries and Benefits Payable		5,567,064.65	-	5,567,064.65
Contracts Payable		-	1,076,995.60	1,076,995.60
Retainages Payable		-	108,845.00	108,845.00
Deposits and Unearned Revenues		9,468.00		9,468.00
Total Liabilities	_	5,601,871.21	1,185,840.60	6,787,711.81
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	837,394.57		837,394.57
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable		68,680.41	-	68,680.41
Restricted		4,606,808.65	9,740,550.42	14,347,359.07
Assigned		655,737.99	-	655,737.99
Unassigned		16,049,384.26		16,049,384.26
Total Fund Balances	_	21,380,611.31	9,740,550.42	31,121,161.73
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ _	27,819,877.09 \$	10,926,391.02 \$	38,746,268.11

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")	\$	31,121,161.73
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 672,748.98	
Construction in progress	4,250,559.80	
Buildings and improvements	69,846,563.26	
Equipment	8,296,841.36	
Land improvements	11,673,821.03	
Accumulated depreciation	 (31,091,513.72)	63,649,020.71
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability	\$ (48,148,811.00)	
Net OPEB liability	 (23,904,289.00)	(72,053,100.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions	\$ 15,149,753.00	
Related to OPEB	 (3,954,176.00)	11,195,577.00
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		837,394.57
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	\$	34,750,054.01

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$	16,708,264.79 \$	<del>-</del>	\$ 16,708,264.79
Sales Taxes		69,096.73	4,643,861.53	4,712,958.26
State Funds		24,646,216.75	295,002.30	24,941,219.05
Federal Funds		10,137,203.53	-	10,137,203.53
Charges for Services		431,934.94	-	431,934.94
Investment Earnings		230,638.89	544,203.59	774,842.48
Miscellaneous		1,783,576.73		1,783,576.73
Total Revenues	_	54,006,932.36	5,483,067.42	59,489,999.78
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction		33,873,407.99	579,538.93	34,452,946.92
Support Services				
Pupil Services		2,081,639.38	42,141.00	2,123,780.38
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,872,325.28	-	1,872,325.28
Educational Media Services		768,145.68	-	768,145.68
General Administration		759,990.58	-	759,990.58
School Administration		2,790,793.73	-	2,790,793.73
Business Administration		283,016.47	-	283,016.47
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		3,858,813.01	80,511.42	3,939,324.43
Student Transportation Services		3,286,155.09	295,230.00	3,581,385.09
Central Support Services		284,679.19	-	284,679.19
Other Support Services		465,595.60	-	465,595.60
Food Services Operation		4,309,419.26	-	4,309,419.26
Capital Outlay		104,381.00	6,211,129.37	6,315,510.37
Total Expenditures		54,738,362.26	7,208,550.72	61,946,912.98
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	(731,429.90)	(1,725,483.30)	(2,456,913.20)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(731,429.90)	(1,725,483.30)	(2,456,913.20)
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	22,112,041.21	11,466,033.72	33,578,074.93
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	21,380,611.31 \$	9,740,550.42	\$31,121,161.73

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2024

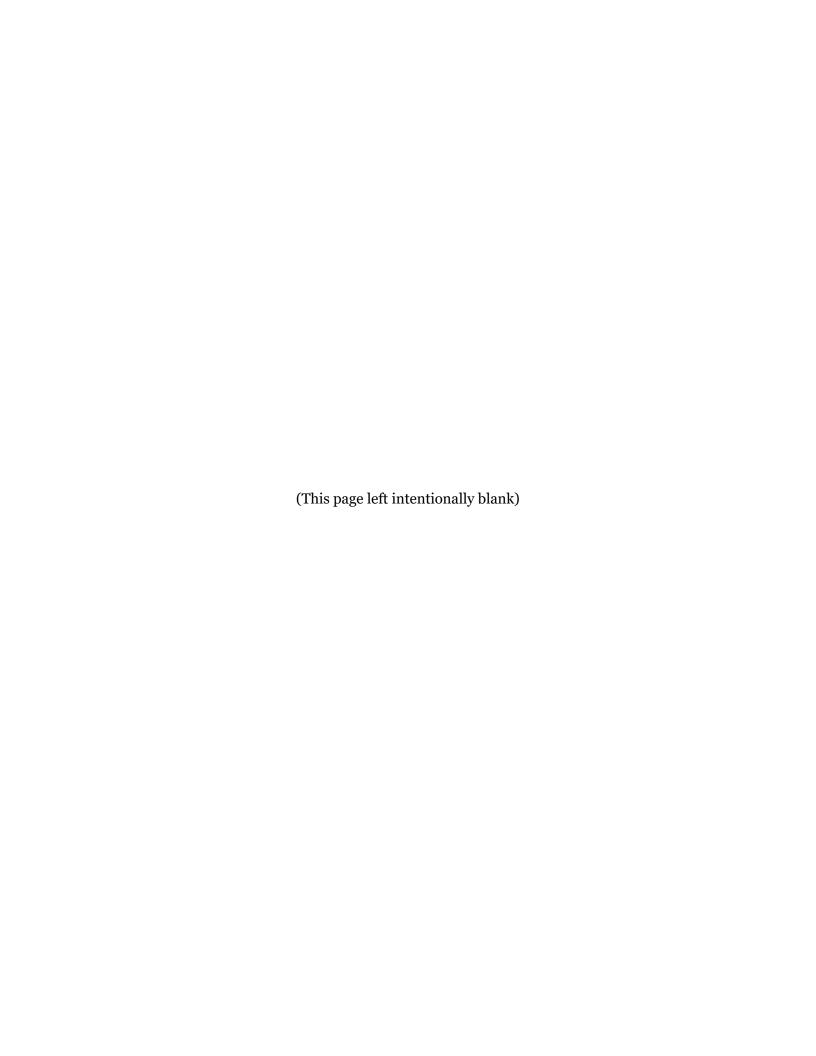
Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")			\$	(2,456,913.20)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense	\$	7,093,412.43 (2,762,197.53)		4,331,214.90
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position.	_			(8,902.53)
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				225,143.08
Federal revenue deferred in the funds in the prior year but recognized as revenue in the current year.				(36,383.13)
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.				
Pension expense OPEB expense	\$ -	(4,400,293.00) 1,756,014.00	_	(2,644,279.00)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")			\$ _	(590,119.88)

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
ASSETS Receivables, Net	
State	\$ 13,434.44
LIABILITIES	
Cash Overdraft	13,434.44
NET POSITION	
Restricted Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ -

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
<u>ADDITIONS</u>	
Miscellaneous	\$ 52,500.00
DEDUCTIONS	
Other Deductions	52,500.00
Change in Net Position	-
Net Position - Beginning	<u> </u>
Net Position - Ending	\$



#### **NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY**

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Appling County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

#### **NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

#### **Government-Wide Statements:**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
  management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Custodial funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In fiscal year 2024, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the School District's financial statements. This statement will be applied prospectively.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

#### **Investments**

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

#### **Inventories**

#### **Food Inventories**

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

## **Capital Assets**

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		Capitalization	Estimated
	_	Policy	Useful Life
Land		Any Amount	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	50,000.00	15 years
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	\$	50,000.00	20 to 80 years
Equipment	\$	25,000.00	5 to 15 years
Intangible Assets	\$	100,000.00	5 to 15 years

During the fiscal year, management increased the capital asset threshold to \$25,000.00 from \$10,000.00 for equipment. In addition, management increased the capital asset threshold to \$100,000.00 from \$10,000.00 for intangible assets. The changes in threshold did not have a material or significant impact on the financial statements.

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# **Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# **Property Taxes**

The Appling County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2023 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 12, 2023 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2023. Taxes were due on January 15, 2024 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2023 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2024. The Appling County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$15,305,198.80.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2023 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 12.243 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$1,379,219.64 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **Sales Taxes**

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$4,643,861.53 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

#### **NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA**

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

The Board must approve, for management purposes, any changes between the appropriations by fund. However, the Superintendent or other personnel so authorized by the Board shall have the authority to transfer appropriations within functions.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

### **NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

### **Collateralization of Deposits**

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and

(7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

### **Categorization of Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2024, School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$20,773,993.58, and a bank balance of \$22,887,941.21. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$15,999,219.42 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$6,888,721.79.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents		
Statement of Net Position	\$	31,042,983.42
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	_	(13,434.44)
Total cash and cash equivalents		31,029,548.98
Add: Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investments		45,966.01
Less:		
Cash on hand		49.95
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents		
Georgia Fund 1	_	10,301,471.46
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2024	\$ <u>_</u>	20,773,993.58

# **Categorization of Cash Equivalents**

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$10,301,471.46 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Fitch. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2024 was 33 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

# **NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

Governmental Activities           Capital Assets,         Not Being Depreciated:         Land         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 672,748.98         672,748.98         -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         672,748.98         -         \$ 672,748.98         -         -         672,148.98         -         -         672,148.98         -         -         4,250,559.80         -		_	Balances July 1, 2023		Increases		Decreases	. <u>-</u>	Transfers	· <del>-</del>	Balances June 30, 2024
Land Construction in Progress         672,748.98 3,255,480.32         -         -         \$         -         \$         672,748.98 (3,214,010.32)         4,250,559.80           Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated         3,928,229.30         4,209,089.80         -         (3,214,010.32)         4,923,308.78           Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: <ul></ul>											
Construction in Progress         3,255,480.32         4,209,089.80         - (3,214,010.32)         4,250,559.80           Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated         3,928,229.30         4,209,089.80         - (3,214,010.32)         4,923,308.78           Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements         65,656,409.31         976,143.63         - 3,214,010.32         69,846,563.26           Equipment         7,555,637.50         1,115,895.00         374,691.14         - 8,296,841.36           Land Improvements         10,881,537.03         792,284.00         11,673,821.03           Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Improvements         17,943,686.85         1,646,320.88         19,590,007.73           Equipment         4,804,102.34         442,742.03         365,788.61         - 4,881,055.76           Land Improvements         5,947,315.61         673,134.62         6,620,450.23           Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net         55,398,479.04         122,125.10         8,902.53         3,214,010.32         58,725,711.93	Not Being Depreciated:										
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 3,928,229.30 4,209,089.80 - (3,214,010.32) 4,923,308.78  Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements 65,656,409.31 976,143.63 - 3,214,010.32 69,846,563.26 Equipment 7,555,637.50 1,115,895.00 374,691.14 - 8,296,841.36 Land Improvements 10,881,537.03 792,284.00 - 1 11,673,821.03  Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Improvements 17,943,686.85 1,646,320.88 19,590,007.73 Equipment 4,804,102.34 442,742.03 365,788.61 - 4,881,055.76 Land Improvements 5,947,315.61 673,134.62 6,620,450.23  Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93		\$	· ·	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•
Not Being Depreciated 3,928,229.30 4,209,089.80 - (3,214,010.32) 4,923,308.78  Capital Assets,  Being Depreciated:  Buildings and Improvements 65,656,409.31 976,143.63 - 3,214,010.32 69,846,563.26  Equipment 7,555,637.50 1,115,895.00 374,691.14 - 8,296,841.36  Land Improvements 10,881,537.03 792,284.00 - 11,673,821.03  Less Accumulated  Depreciation:  Buildings and Improvements 17,943,686.85 1,646,320.88 - 19,590,007.73  Equipment 4,804,102.34 442,742.03 365,788.61 - 4,881,055.76  Land Improvements 5,947,315.61 673,134.62 - 6,620,450.23  Total Capital Assets,  Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93	Construction in Progress	_	3,255,480.32	_	4,209,089.80		-	_	(3,214,010.32)	_	4,250,559.80
Not Being Depreciated 3,928,229.30 4,209,089.80 - (3,214,010.32) 4,923,308.78  Capital Assets,  Being Depreciated:  Buildings and Improvements 65,656,409.31 976,143.63 - 3,214,010.32 69,846,563.26  Equipment 7,555,637.50 1,115,895.00 374,691.14 - 8,296,841.36  Land Improvements 10,881,537.03 792,284.00 - 11,673,821.03  Less Accumulated  Depreciation:  Buildings and Improvements 17,943,686.85 1,646,320.88 - 19,590,007.73  Equipment 4,804,102.34 442,742.03 365,788.61 - 4,881,055.76  Land Improvements 5,947,315.61 673,134.62 - 6,620,450.23  Total Capital Assets,  Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93	Total Capital Assets										
Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements 65,656,409.31 976,143.63 Equipment 7,555,637.50 1,115,895.00 374,691.14 - 8,296,841.36 Land Improvements 10,881,537.03 792,284.00 - 11,673,821.03  Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Improvements 17,943,686.85 1,646,320.88 19,590,007.73 Equipment 4,804,102.34 442,742.03 365,788.61 - 4,881,055.76 Land Improvements 5,947,315.61 673,134.62 -  Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93	•		3,928,229.30		4,209,089.80		-		(3,214,010.32)		4,923,308.78
Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements 65,656,409.31 976,143.63 Equipment 7,555,637.50 1,115,895.00 374,691.14 - 8,296,841.36 Land Improvements 10,881,537.03 792,284.00 - 11,673,821.03  Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Improvements 17,943,686.85 1,646,320.88 19,590,007.73 Equipment 4,804,102.34 442,742.03 365,788.61 - 4,881,055.76 Land Improvements 5,947,315.61 673,134.62 -  Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93				_		-		-		_	
Buildings and Improvements 65,656,409.31 976,143.63 - 3,214,010.32 69,846,563.26 Equipment 7,555,637.50 1,115,895.00 374,691.14 - 8,296,841.36 Land Improvements 10,881,537.03 792,284.00 11,673,821.03  Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Improvements 17,943,686.85 1,646,320.88 19,590,007.73 Equipment 4,804,102.34 442,742.03 365,788.61 - 4,881,055.76 Land Improvements 5,947,315.61 673,134.62 6,620,450.23  Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93	Capital Assets,										
Equipment Land Improvements       7,555,637.50 1,115,895.00 374,691.14 - 8,296,841.36 10,881,537.03 792,284.00 11,673,821.03         Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and Improvements Equipment 4,804,102.34 442,742.03 365,788.61 - 4,881,055.76 Land Improvements 5,947,315.61 673,134.62 6,620,450.23         Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net       55,398,479.04       122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93	Being Depreciated:										
Land Improvements       10,881,537.03       792,284.00       -       -       11,673,821.03         Less Accumulated Depreciation:         Buildings and Improvements         4,804,102.34         442,742.03         365,788.61         -         -         4,881,055.76         Land Improvements         5,947,315.61         673,134.62         -         -         6,620,450.23          Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net       55,398,479.04       122,125.10       8,902.53       3,214,010.32       58,725,711.93	<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		65,656,409.31		976,143.63		-		3,214,010.32		69,846,563.26
Less Accumulated         Depreciation:         Buildings and Improvements       17,943,686.85       1,646,320.88       -       -       19,590,007.73         Equipment       4,804,102.34       442,742.03       365,788.61       -       4,881,055.76         Land Improvements       5,947,315.61       673,134.62       -       -       6,620,450.23    Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93	Equipment		7,555,637.50		1,115,895.00		374,691.14		-		8,296,841.36
Depreciation:         Buildings and Improvements       17,943,686.85       1,646,320.88       -       -       19,590,007.73         Equipment       4,804,102.34       442,742.03       365,788.61       -       4,881,055.76         Land Improvements       5,947,315.61       673,134.62       -       -       6,620,450.23    Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net          55,398,479.04       122,125.10       8,902.53       3,214,010.32       58,725,711.93	Land Improvements		10,881,537.03		792,284.00		-		-		11,673,821.03
Buildings and Improvements       17,943,686.85       1,646,320.88       -       -       19,590,007.73         Equipment       4,804,102.34       442,742.03       365,788.61       -       4,881,055.76         Land Improvements       5,947,315.61       673,134.62       -       -       6,620,450.23         Total Capital Assets,         Being Depreciated, Net       55,398,479.04       122,125.10       8,902.53       3,214,010.32       58,725,711.93	Less Accumulated										
Equipment       4,804,102.34       442,742.03       365,788.61       -       4,881,055.76         Land Improvements       5,947,315.61       673,134.62       -       -       6,620,450.23         Total Capital Assets,         Being Depreciated, Net       55,398,479.04       122,125.10       8,902.53       3,214,010.32       58,725,711.93	Depreciation:										
Land Improvements         5,947,315.61         673,134.62         -         -         6,620,450.23           Total Capital Assets,         Being Depreciated, Net         55,398,479.04         122,125.10         8,902.53         3,214,010.32         58,725,711.93	<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		17,943,686.85		1,646,320.88		-		-		19,590,007.73
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93	Equipment		4,804,102.34		442,742.03		365,788.61		-		4,881,055.76
Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93	Land Improvements	_	5,947,315.61	_	673,134.62		-	_	-	_	6,620,450.23
Being Depreciated, Net 55,398,479.04 122,125.10 8,902.53 3,214,010.32 58,725,711.93											
	'										
	Being Depreciated, Net	_	55,398,479.04	_	122,125.10		8,902.53	_	3,214,010.32	_	58,725,711.93
Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets - Net \$ 59,326,708.34 \$ 4,331,214.90 \$ 8,902.53 \$ - \$ 63,649,020.71		\$	59,326,708.34	\$	4,331,214.90	\$	8,902.53	\$	-	\$	63,649,020.71

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	2,007,914.31
Support Services			
Pupil Services	\$ 240,791.01		
Educational Media Services	20,681.77		
General Administration	7,665.32		
School Administration	23,562.13		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	11,994.70		
Student Transportation Services	317,325.43		622,020.36
Food Services		_	132,262.86
		\$	2,762,197.53

#### **NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Insurance

#### **Commercial Insurance**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as describe below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have exceeded commercial insurance coverage in one of the past three fiscal years.

#### Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

### **Unemployment Compensation**

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

The School District has incurred no unemployment claims in the past two years.

## **Surety Bond**

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount
Superintendent	\$ 50,000.00

# **NOTE 7: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS**

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2024:

Nonspendable			
Inventories		\$	68,680.41
Restricted			
Bus Replacement	\$ 231,660.00		
Continuation of Federal Programs	4,375,148.65		
Capital Projects	9,740,550.42		14,347,359.07
Assigned			
School Activity Accounts			655,737.99
Unassigned			16,049,384.26
		•	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2024		\$	31,121,161.73

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain a committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 5% of expenditures, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year, in compliance with O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(a)5. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

### **NOTE 8: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS**

#### **Commitments under Construction Contracts**

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2024:

		Unearned Executed	Payments through
Project		Contracts (1)	 June 30, 2024 (2)
ACMS Sports Complex	\$	249,561.93	\$ 3,243,712.59
ACHS Re-roof Project	_	875,294.42	 1,181,583.64
	\$	1,124,856.35	\$ 4,425,296.23

- (1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.
- (2) Payments include contracts and retainages payable at year-end.

#### **NOTE 9: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

## Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

#### **NOTE 10: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

# **Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund**

**Plan Description:** Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

**Contributions:** As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$899,769.00 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$23,904,289.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.218236%%, which was a decrease of 0.000931% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$856,245.00. At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB			
		Deferred Deferr			
		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	_	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	696,770.00	\$	6,865,593.00	
Changes of assumptions		4,342,939.00		2,985,283.00	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		14,341.00		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		339,843.00		396,962.00	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	=	899,769.00			
Total	\$	6,293,662.00	\$	10,247,838.00	

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 OPEB
2025	\$ (1,756,126.00)
2026	\$ (1,194,957.00)
2027	\$ (1,455,047.00)
2028	\$ (637,663.00)
2029	\$ 154,150.00
Thereafter	\$ 35,698.00

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

#### **OPEB:**

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.00%
Ultimate trend rate	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2032

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled or not disabled) as follows:

- For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 Projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 101% for males and 103% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjusted 104% for males and 99% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income Equities	30.00% 70.00%	1.50% 9.40%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Net of inflation

**Discount Rate:** In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.68% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 3.57%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate as used for the long-term rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.65% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2128.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.68%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.68%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.68%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	 (2.68%)		(3.68%)		(4.68%)	
School District's proportionate share						
of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 27,096,614.00	\$	23,904,289.00	\$	21,215,676.00	

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare					
	_	1% Decrease	_	Cost Trend Rate	_	1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share							
of the Net OPEB liability	\$	20,590,376.00	\$	23,904,289.00	\$	27,989,630.00	

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

#### **NOTE 11: RETIREMENT PLANS**

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

### **Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)**

**Plan Description:** All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and

compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2024. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 19.98% of annual School District payroll, of which 19.89% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.09% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$5,063,342.00 and \$22,447.28 from the School District and the State, respectively.

# **Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)**

**Plan Description:** PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ers.ga.gov/financials">www.ers.ga.gov/financials</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$16.00, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

**Contributions:** The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$61,123.00.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$48,148,811.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	48,148,811.00
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District		270 414 00
associated with the School District	_	278,414.00
Total	\$	48,427,225.00

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

At June 30, 2023, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.163082%, which was a decrease of 0.003258% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2024, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$397,555.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized pension expense of \$9,481,267.36 for TRS and \$71,753.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$17,632.00 for TRS and \$71,753.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		TRS						
	•	Deferred		Deferred				
		Outflows of		Inflows of				
		Resources		Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,444,932.00	\$	199,079.00				
Changes of assumptions		4,953,479.00		-				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,386,435.00		-				
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		540,065.00		1,039,421.00				
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	·	5,063,342.00	<u>.</u> ,					
Total	\$	16,388,253.00	\$	1,238,500.00				

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS				
		_			
2025	\$	3,067,385.00			
2026	\$	1,955,609.00			
2027	\$	6,320,296.00			
2028	\$	(1,256,879,00)			

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

# **Teachers Retirement System:**

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 Projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

# Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

# Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	<b>Adjustment to Rates</b>
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below- Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female: 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TRS/PSERS Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.90%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.40%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	12.30%	9.40%
International emerging market stocks	5.20%	11.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Rates shown are net of inflation

**Discount Rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 6.90%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

**Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:** The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90% as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Incre	ase
Teachers Retirement System:	_	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%	)
School District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$	76,128,871.00	48,148,811.00	\$ 25,299,	325.00

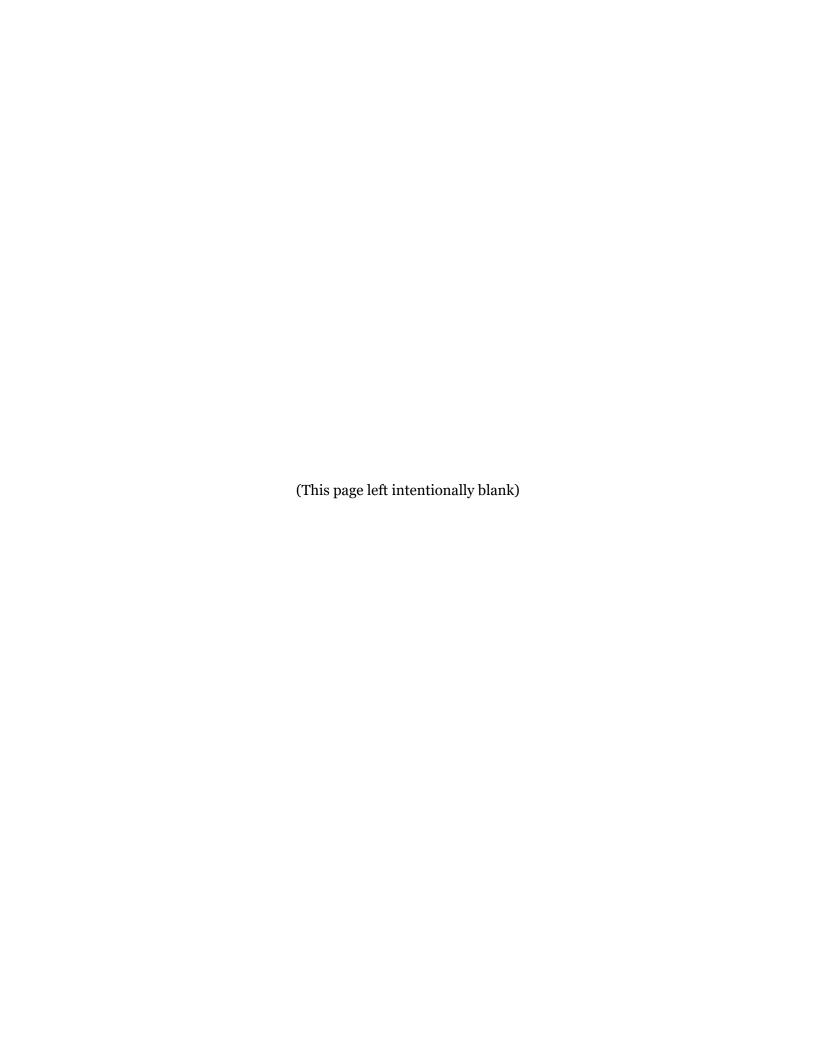
**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a> and <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.ers.ga.gov/financials</a>.

# **NOTE 12: TAX ABATEMENTS**

Appling County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdiction. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Appling County.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, Appling County abated property taxes due to the School District that were levied on September 12, 2023 and due on January 15, 2024 totaling \$88,572.79. Included in that amount abated, the following are individual tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10 percent of the total amount abated:

- An 80 percent property tax abatement to a hospitality group employing residents. The abatement amounted to \$33,116.72. The abatement decreases annually by 20 percent, resulting in the abatement ceasing in tax year 2027.
- A tax abatement equivalent to 65 percent over the life of the agreement for a solar farm. The abatement was effective for tax year 2020 and extends through tax year 2044. The abatement for fiscal year 2024 amounted to \$55,456.07.



# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	chool District's portionate share of the NPL	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the School District		School District' Total covered payrol			School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2024	0.163082%	\$ 48,148,811.00	\$	278,414.00	\$ 48,427,225.00	\$	23,869,935.55	201.71%	76.29%
2023	0.166340%	\$ 54,013,813.00	\$	425,707.00	\$ 54,439,520.00	\$	22,658,343.00	238.38%	72.85%
2022	0.170665%	\$ 15,094,181.00	\$	166,362.00	\$ 15,260,543.00	\$	22,472,212.83	67.17%	92.03%
2021	0.163233%	\$ 39,541,422.00	\$	445,962.00	\$ 39,987,384.00	\$	21,282,906.00	185.79%	77.01%
2020	0.166563%	\$ 35,815,549.00	\$	393,284.00	\$ 36,208,833.00	\$	20,543,705.00	174.34%	78.56%
2019	0.167582%	\$ 31,106,809.00	\$	337,831.00	\$ 31,444,640.00	\$	20,162,418.00	154.28%	80.27%
2018	0.173024%	\$ 32,157,043.00	\$	449,393.00	\$ 32,606,436.00	\$	20,138,255.00	159.68%	79.33%
2017	0.179019%	\$ 36,933,616.00	\$	599,747.00	\$ 37,533,363.00	\$	19,970,499.00	184.94%	76.06%
2016	0.182867%	\$ 27,839,685.00	\$	578,360.00	\$ 28,418,045.00	\$	19,703,749.80	141.29%	81.44%
2015	0.180262%	\$ 22,773,726.00	\$	305,735.00	\$ 23,079,461.00	\$	18,617,729.89	122.32%	84.03%

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	Contractually required contribution		ributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contrib	oution deficiency (excess)	chool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2024	\$	5,063,342.00	\$ 5,063,342.00	\$	-	\$ 25,707,782.16	19.70%	
2023	\$	4,741,727.00	\$ 4,741,727.00	\$	-	\$ 23,869,835.55	19.86%	
2022	\$	4,453,524.00	\$ 4,453,524.00	\$	-	\$ 22,658,343.00	19.66%	
2021	\$	4,236,559.00	\$ 4,236,559.00	\$	-	\$ 22,472,212.83	18.85%	
2020	\$	4,449,038.00	\$ 4,449,038.00	\$	-	\$ 21,282,906.00	20.90%	
2019	\$	4,247,733.00	\$ 4,247,733.00	\$	-	\$ 20,543,705.00	20.68%	
2018	\$	3,352,864.00	\$ 3,352,864.00	\$	-	\$ 20,162,418.00	16.63%	
2017	\$	2,834,108.00	\$ 2,834,108.00	\$	-	\$ 20,138,255.00	14.07%	
2016	\$	2,804,792.00	\$ 2,804,792.00	\$	-	\$ 19,970,499.00	14.04%	
2015	\$	2,539,222.48	\$ 2,539,222.48	\$	-	\$ 19,703,749.80	12.89%	

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	shool District's portionate share of the NPL	State of Georgia's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the School District		Total	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2024	0.00%	\$ -	\$	397,555.00	\$ 397,555.00	\$ 1,194,771.13	N/A	85.67%
2023	0.00%	\$ -	\$	477,309.00	\$ 477,309.00	\$ 982,705.22	N/A	81.21%
2022	0.00%	\$ -	\$	45,613.00	\$ 45,613.00	\$ 982,142.95	N/A	98.00%
2021	0.00%	\$ -	\$	335,313.00	\$ 335,313.00	\$ 901,841.40	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$ -	\$	319,723.00	\$ 319,723.00	\$ 936,547.64	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$ -	\$	311,958.00	\$ 311,958.00	\$ 706,146.36	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$ -	\$	277,732.00	\$ 277,732.00	\$ 772,621.47	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$ -	\$	351,448.00	\$ 351,448.00	\$ 701,536.19	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$ -	\$	249,672.00	\$ 249,672.00	\$ 705,960.43	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$ -	\$	212,668.00	\$ 212,668.00	\$ 674,982.15	N/A	88.29%

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	strict's ortion of School District's Net OPEB proportionate share			te of Georgia's roportionate are of the NOL sociated with School District Total			_	chool District's vered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2024	0.218236%	\$	23,904,289.00	\$	-	\$	23,904,289.00	\$	21,377,744.42	111.82%	6.05%
2023	0.219167%	\$	21,704,507.00	\$	-	\$	21,704,507.00	\$	19,746,963.49	109.91%	6.17%
2022	0.220133%	\$	23,842,225.00	\$	-	\$	23,842,225.00	\$	20,575,362.02	115.88%	6.14%
2021	0.215820%	\$	31,698,932.00	\$	-	\$	31,698,932.00	\$	18,935,697.75	167.40%	3.99%
2020	0.216384%	\$	26,554,959.00	\$	-	\$	26,554,959.00	\$	18,079,791.95	146.88%	4.63%
2019	0.218925%	\$	27,824,696.00	\$	-	\$	27,824,696.00	\$	17,555,789.27	158.49%	2.93%
2018	0.224998%	\$	31,612,129.00	\$	-	\$	31,612,129.00	\$	17,669,683.54	178.91%	1.61%

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30				ributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contri	bution deficiency (excess)	-	chool District's vered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2024	\$	899,769.00	\$	899,769.00	\$	-	\$	23,048,919.15	3.90%	
2023	\$	838,997.00	\$	838,997.00	\$	-	\$	21,377,744.42	3.92%	
2022	\$	792,455.00	\$	792,455.00	\$	-	\$	19,746,963.49	4.01%	
2021	\$	818,857.00	\$	818,857.00	\$	-	\$	20,575,362.02	3.98%	
2020	\$	729,853.00	\$	729,853.00	\$	-	\$	18,935,697.75	3.85%	
2019	\$	1,165,376.00	\$	1,165,376.00	\$	-	\$	18,079,791.95	6.45%	
2018	\$	1,134,672.00	\$	1,134,672.00	\$	-	\$	17,555,789.27	6.46%	

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **Teachers Retirement System**

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On May 11, 2022, the Board adopted recommended changes to the long-term assumed rate of return and payroll growth assumption utilized by the System. The long-term assumed rate of return was changed from 7.25% to 6.90%, and the payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

### **Public School Employees Retirement System**

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates or mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

### **School OPEB Fund**

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: June 30, 2022 valuation: The tobacco use assumption and aging factors were revised.

June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees' Retirement System's experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement System's experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020, to 2.20% as of June 30, 2021, to 3.57% as of June 30, 2022, and to 3.68% as of June 30, 2023.

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	NONAPPROP	RIATED E	BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL		FINAL	AMOUNTS	 OVER/UNDER
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Property Taxes	\$ 16,393,000.00	\$	16,393,000.00 \$	16,708,264.79	\$ 315,264.79
Sales Taxes	-		-	69,096.73	69,096.73
State Funds	22,572,790.00		22,572,790.00	24,646,216.75	2,073,426.75
Federal Funds	11,234,993.00		11,019,768.00	10,137,203.53	(882,564.47)
Charges for Services	282,150.00		282,150.00	431,934.94	149,784.94
Investment Earnings	39,400.00		39,400.00	230,638.89	191,238.89
Miscellaneous	 1,803,396.00		1,803,396.00	1,783,576.73	 (19,819.27)
Total Revenues	52,325,729.00		52,110,504.00	54,006,932.36	1,896,428.36
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction	35,617,144.10		35,418,714.10	33,873,407.99	1,545,306.11
Support Services					
Pupil Services	2,321,754.37		2,283,160.37	2,081,639.38	201,520.99
Improvement of Instructional Services	2,641,618.54		2,103,918.54	1,872,325.28	231,593.26
Educational Media Services	820,654.62		811,890.62	768,145.68	43,744.94
General Administration	1,190,781.49		959,901.49	759,990.58	199,910.91
School Administration	2,604,237.62		2,616,086.62	2,790,793.73	(174,707.11)
Business Administration	325,182.83		322,271.83	283,016.47	39,255.36
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	2,454,158.93		3,331,807.93	3,858,813.01	(527,005.08)
Student Transportation Services	2,795,838.62		2,745,448.62	3,286,155.09	(540,706.47)
Central Support Services	508,045.00		520,527.00	284,679.19	235,847.81
Other Support Services	565,626.00		565,626.00	465,595.60	100,030.40
Food Services Operation	4,032,207.00		3,940,207.00	4,309,419.26	(369,212.26)
Capital Outlay	-		103,346.00	104,381.00	(1,035.00)
Total Expenditures	 55,877,249.12		55,722,906.12	54,738,362.26	984,543.86
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(3,551,520.12)		(3,612,402.12)	(731,429.90)	2,880,972.22
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)					
Other Sources	302,351.00		303,928.00	-	(303,928.00)
Other Uses	(302,351.00)		(303,928.00)	-	303,928.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	_	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,551,520.12)		(3,612,402.12)	(731,429.90)	2,880,972.22
Fund Balances - Beginning	22,126,076.14		22,126,076.14	22,112,041.21	(14,034.93)
Adjustments	 61,107.58		(13,206.04)		 13,206.04
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 18,635,663.60	\$	18,500,467.98 \$	21,380,611.31	\$ 2,880,143.33

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U.S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$ 1,311,119.60
National School Lunch Program	10.555	245GA324N1199	2,713,029.67
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	91,026.82
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			4,115,176.09
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	245GA904N2533	28,498.94
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			4,143,675.03
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			4,143,073.03
Education, U.S. Department of			
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D200012	35,303.61
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	2,023,620.38
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	S425W210011	9,733.49
Total Education Stabilization Fund			2,068,657.48
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A220073	646,000,00
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A230073	616,223.00
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A230073	660,051.64
Total Special Education Cluster	04.175/4	11175A250001	31,462.00 1,307,736.64
<b>,</b>			1,301,130.04
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A230010	49,107.00
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A220010	35,526.00
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A230010	29,840.30
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A220011	125,000.00
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A230011	163,993.58
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358F220010	39,279.00
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358F230010	100,343.98
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A230011	190,371.29
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A220010	684,182.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A230010	1,333,148.61
Total Other Programs			2,750,791.76
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,127,185.88
Defense, U.S. Department of Direct			
Department of the Air Force			
R.O.T.C. Program	12. UNKNOWN		32,217.04
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		9	\$ 10,303,077.95

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Appling County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

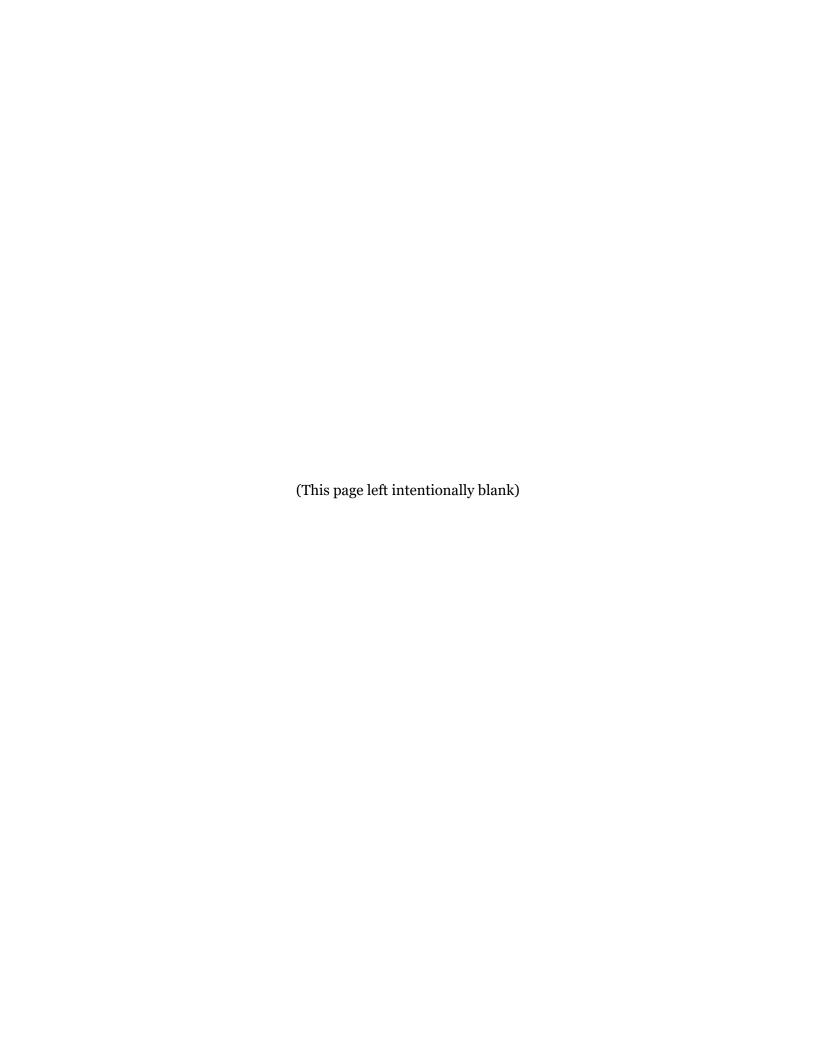
The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Note 4. Transfers Between Programs

Funds totaling \$180,026.00 and \$123,902.00 were transferred from the Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants program (ALN 84.367A) and the Student Support and Academic Enrichment program (84.424A), respectively, and expended in the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies program (84.010A) during Fiscal Year 2024.

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		GOVERNMENTAL		
		GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	
AGENCY/FUNDING		FUND	FUND	TOTAL
GRANTS	•			
Bright From the Start:				
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning				
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	1,225,342.90 \$	- \$	1,225,342.90
Education, Georgia Department of				
Quality Basic Education				
Direct Instructional Cost				
Kindergarten Program		962,146.00	-	962,146.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		478,205.00	-	478,205.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		2,355,914.00	-	2,355,914.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		697,510.00	-	697,510.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		1,017,394.00	-	1,017,394.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		499,269.00	-	499,269.00
Middle School (6-8) Program		2,134,786.00	-	2,134,786.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program		2,032,893.00	-	2,032,893.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		1,033,477.00	-	1,033,477.00
Students with Disabilities		4,833,549.00	_	4,833,549.00
Gifted Student - Category VI		897,564.00	_	897,564.00
Remedial Education Program		378,642.00	_	378,642.00
Alternative Education Program		174,945.00	_	174,945.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		496,697.00	_	496,697.00
Media Center Program		417,988.00	_	417,988.00
20 Days Additional Instruction		126,202.00	_	126,202.00
Staff and Professional Development		76,310.00	_	76,310.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development		1,424.00	_	1,424.00
Indirect Cost		1,424.00	-	1,424.00
Central Administration		631,659.00		621 650 00
			-	631,659.00
School Administration		881,446.00	-	881,446.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations		764,546.00	-	764,546.00
Categorical Grants				
Pupil Transportation		624 527 00		624 507 00
Regular		631,597.00	-	631,597.00
Nursing Services		76,863.00	-	76,863.00
Other State Programs				
Dyslexia Screener State Grant		(2,825.00)	-	(2,825.00)
Food Services		109,386.00	-	109,386.00
Hygiene Products		2,938.00	-	2,938.00
One Time QBE Adjustment		369,098.00	-	369,098.00
Math and Science Supplements		18,713.57	-	18,713.57
Preschool Disability Services		159,389.00	-	159,389.00
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds		616,770.00	-	616,770.00
Residential Treatment Centers Grant		8,917.00	-	8,917.00
School Security Grant		300,000.00	-	300,000.00
Teachers Retirement		22,447.28	-	22,447.28
Vocational Education		153,891.00	-	153,891.00
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission				
Reimbursement on Construction Projects		-	295,002.30	295,002.30
Office of the State Treasurer				
Public School Employees Retirement		61,123.00		61,123.00
	\$	24,646,216.75 \$	295,002.30 \$	24,941,219.05



# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

<u>PROJECT</u>	ORIGII ESTIM <i>A</i> COST	ATED	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
SPLOST V Referendum				
(2) Remodeling, renovating, modifying, furnishing, and equipping classrooms, instructional and support space and other facilities (including physical education/athletic facilities) at existing school district facilities;	\$ 10,100	0,000.00 \$	8,868,879.85	Completed
(3) Acquiring furnishings, equipment and fixtures for new and existing facilities district-wide including, but not limited to, technology equipment, safety and security equipment, textbooks, signage, band instruments, desks and other				
furnishings, and playgrounds;	5,000	0,000.00	3,075,995.99	Completed
(6) Acquiring, constructing, and equipping new school facilities and other buildings useful and desirable.  SPLOST V Referendum Subtotal		0,000.00	3,967,504.88 15,912,380.72	Completed
SPLOST VI Referendum				
(1) Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, and equipping existing school buildings and school district facilities, including primary schools, elementary schools, middle school and high school facilities, athletic facilities operations facilities and parking facilities;	\$ 15,000	0,000.00 \$	15,000,000.00	6/30/2028
(2) Acquiring textbooks, e-books, e-book readers, computers, laptops, tablets and peripherals for the school district;	500	0,000.00	750,000.00	6/30/2028
(3) Acquiring school buses, maintenance and school vehicles, and transportation and maintenance equipment;	1,000	),000.00	1,000,000.00	6/30/2028
(4) Acquiring, constructing and equipping new schools and facilities, including but not limited to a career academy; and	500	0,000.00	500,000.00	6/30/2028
(5) Acquiring technology equipment and safety and security and band instruments.  SPLOST VI Referendum Subtotal		0,000.00	3,000,000.00 20,250,000.00	6/30/2028
Total	\$ 35,300	0,000.00 \$	36,162,380.72	

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PROJECT	_	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
SPLOST V Referendum					
(2) Remodeling, renovating, modifying, furnishing, and equipping classrooms, instructional and support space and other facilities (including physical education/athletic facilities) at existing school district facilities;	\$	3,194,586.56 \$	5,674,293.29 \$	8,868,879.85 \$	-
(3) Acquiring furnishings, equipment and fixtures for new and existing facilities district-wide including, but not limited to, technology equipment, safety and security equipment, textbooks, signage, band instruments, desks and other furnishings, and playgrounds;		8,243.17	3,067,752.82	3,075,995.99	_
(6) Acquiring, constructing, and equipping new school facilities and other buildings useful and desirable.  SPLOST V Referendum Subtotal	<u>-</u>	820,994.56 4,023,824.29	3,146,510.32 11,888,556.43	3,967,504.88 15,912,380.72	<u>-</u> -
SPLOST VI Referendum					
(1) Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, and equipping existing school buildings and school district facilities, including primary schools, elementary schools, middle school and high school facilities, athletic facilities operations facilities and parking facilities;	\$	2,274,660.38 \$	- \$	- \$	-
(2) Acquiring textbooks, e-books, e-book readers, computers, laptops, tablets and peripherals for the school district;		527,241.05	-	-	-
(3) Acquiring school buses, maintenance and school vehicles, and transportation and maintenance equipment;		969,199.00	-	-	-
(4) Acquiring, constructing and equipping new schools and facilities, including but not limited to a career academy; and		-	-	-	-
(5) Acquiring technology equipment and safety and security and band instruments. SPLOST VI Referendum Subtotal	- -	30,396.00 3,801,496.43	<u>-</u> ,	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -
Total	\$ _	7,825,320.72 \$	11,888,556.43 \$	15,912,380.72 \$	

- (1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.
- (3) The voters of Appling County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- (4) SPLOST V Project (1) was completed in June 2021 with total actual expenditures of \$6,479,699.89. The previous estimated cost was \$8,000,000.00. The surplus of SPLOST proceeds was used for SPLOST V Project (2) for the remodeling and renovating of other facilities.

# Section II

**Compliance and Internal Control Reports** 



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Janet Goodman, Superintendent and Members of the
Appling County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Appling County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 22, 2025. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lufy.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

July 22, 2025



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Janet Goodman, Superintendent and Members of the
Appling County Board of Education

# **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Appling County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

# Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

# Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance

requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lliff.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

July 22, 2025

# Section III Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

# PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

**Section IV** 

**Findings and Questioned Costs** 

# APPLING COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

# **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund, and Fiduciary Activities

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

No

# **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
 None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

<u>Assistance Listing Number</u> <u>Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title</u>

10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

84.027, 84.173 Special Education Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

# **II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

No matters were reported.

# III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.