

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT • FISCAL YEAR 2024** 

# Oconee Regional Educational Service Agency Tennille, Georgia

**Including Independent Auditor's Report** 



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mr. Eddie Morris, Executive Director and Members of the
Oconee Regional Educational Service Agency Board of Control

## **Opinion**

We have audited the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the related notes (financial statement) of the Oconee Regional Educational Service Agency (RESA), a component unit of the State of Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the respective changes in fund balance of the general fund and the related notes of the RESA for the year ended June 30, 2024 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the RESA, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statement, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance was prepared for the purpose of meeting the requirements of the RESA and the Georgia Department of Education and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the RESA's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses nor does it constitute a complete set of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the RESA's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the date of the financial statement, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the RESA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the RESA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Restriction on Use

Our report is intended solely for the information and use of the RESA's management, members of the Board of Control, and the Georgia Department of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Higg.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

September 22, 2025



## OCONEE REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	_	GENERAL FUND
REVENUES		
State Funds	\$	2,452,326.90
Federal Funds		1,598,719.41
Miscellaneous		762,336.17
Total Revenues		4,813,382.48
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Instruction		2,021,406.99
Support Services		
Pupil Services		1,260.00
Improvement of Instructional Services		2,065,978.45
General Administration		128,595.98
School Administration		104,441.22
Business Administration		104,685.56
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		181,681.11
Total Expenditures		4,608,049.31
Net Change in Fund Balance		205,333.17
Fund Balance - Beginning		501,362.74
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	706,695.91

## OCONEE REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT JUNE 30, 2024

#### NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Oconee Regional Educational Service Agency (RESA), a component unit of the State of Georgia was created by the General Assembly to provide shared services to improve the effectiveness of educational programs and services of local school systems, to provide instructional programs directly to selected local school systems, and to provide Georgia Learning Resources System services.

RESAs are neither county nor independent school systems. Rather, they are service agencies, partly funded by the state, created to provide educational and support services to a group of school systems. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §20-2-270.1 and §20-2-271 enumerates the specific kinds of assistance RESAs must provide to member school systems. Each RESA is governed by a board of control composed of the school superintendent of each member school system, the president or highest administrator of each member postsecondary institution, and a local public or regional library director appointed by the director of the Office of Public Library Services of the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia. RESAs are subject to the rules of the State Board of Education that govern local school systems except where explicitly stated otherwise.

RESAs may acquire, lease, purchase, or dispose of real or personal property and may incur debts for those purposes subject to the approval of the board of control. The property will be held in the name of the RESA. RESAs may sell or provide at a reasonable cost, goods to Georgia private schools. RESAs also may provide services relating to non-educational areas such as sales and service of audio-visual equipment, sales of office supplies and consumable educational materials. RESAs have latitude to identify and provide within their available resources other non-educational services to member school systems.

#### **NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance(s) of the RESA has been prepared for the purpose of meeting the requirements of the RESA and Georgia Department of Education. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance(s) is not intended to be a complete presentation of the RESA's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses nor does it constitute a complete set of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The more significant of the RESA's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The RESA reports one major governmental fund, the general fund, which is the RESA's primary operating fund.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statement. The RESA uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The RESA considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available

## OCONEE REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT JUNE 30, 2024

if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The RESA considers intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Interest is considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

The RESA funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the RESA's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

## **New Accounting Pronouncement**

In fiscal year 2024, the RESA adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the RESA's financial statement. This statement will be applied prospectively.

## **Depreciation Expense**

The RESA does not have any depreciation expense.

## **Amortization Expense**

The RESA does not have any amortization expense.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 3: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

## **Georgia School Personnel Post-employment Health Benefit Fund**

**Plan Description:** Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the RESA as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board. Information about the OPEB plan is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public-school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the

## OCONEE REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT JUNE 30, 2024

same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

**Contributions:** As established by the Board, the OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-yougo basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the OPEB Fund from the RESA were \$29,300.00 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

#### **NOTE 4: RETIREMENT PLANS**

## **Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)**

**Plan Description:** All teachers of the RESA as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

**Contributions:** Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established, and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2024. The RESA's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 19.98% of annual RESA payroll. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$207,460.58 from the RESA.

## OCONEE REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY FINDING JUNE 30, 2024

#### **FINDING**

FS 2024-001 Internal Controls over Journal Entries

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

**Repeat of Prior Year Finding:** FS 2023-001

## **Description:**

The Regional Educational Service Agency (RESA) did not have adequate internal controls over the journal entry process.

#### Criteria:

Management is responsible for designing and maintaining internal controls that provide reasonable assurance that journal entries are accurate, properly reviewed, approved, adequately documented and posted correctly.

#### **Condition:**

A review of seven journal entries revealed the following deficiencies:

- Five journal entries had no evidence of review and approval.
- One journal entry did not contain the date of review and approval.
- One journal entry was inaccurate resulting in the overstatement of beginning fund balance, and understatement of federal revenue in the amount of \$127,078.28. An adjustment was proposed by the auditors and accepted by the RESA to correct this error.

#### Cause:

In discussing these deficiencies with management, they stated that the deficiencies were a result of RESA policies and controls that were not properly implemented and followed.

#### **Effect:**

The lack of adequate controls over the journal entry process exposes the RESA to unnecessary risk of error and misuse of funds. In addition, journal entry posting errors could impact the reporting of the RESA's financial position and results of operations.

#### **Recommendation:**

Management should strengthen the internal control procedures over the journal entry process to ensure that all journal entries are accurate, properly reviewed, approved, adequately documented and posted to the correct accounts. The preparer and approver should possess an appropriate knowledge and understanding of the journal entry process. The approver should be someone independent of the journal entry preparation/posting function.

## **Views of Responsible Officials:**

We concur with this finding.



## OCONEE REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY

Serving the counties of Baldwin, Hancock, Johnson, Putnam, Washington, & Wilkinson

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#### **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN -FINDING**

FS 2024-001 Internal Controls over Journal Entries

Internal Control Impact:

Significant Deficiency

Repeat of Prior Year Finding:

FS 2023-001

## Description:

The Regional Educational Service Agency (RESA) did not have adequate internal controls over the journal entry process.

#### Corrective Action Plans:

- 1. Evaluate daily transactions to resolve any issues that may arise. For example: A/P claim expended from incorrect fund and/or expenditure account
- For any journal entry action to be taken, discuss and show evidence of the need for the journal entry with Executive Director and/or Assistant Executive Director before entering the JE in the accounting system.
- 3. Once all documentation is reviewed for original entry of transaction, copies of documentation are attached to the JE form for detailed explanation of the JE transaction.
- 4. Prepare JE form showing entries that are to be made to correct errors; such as funding that must be moved to an updated fund and/or account number as mandated by GADOE
- 5. Once all entries are made and documented, the Executive Director and/or Assistant Executive Director will sign and date JE form along with the Finance Director.
- 6. After action has been taken, finance records/reports are reviewed again for accuracy.

All journal entries will be filed in a notebook with the journal entry transaction sheet, along with the documentation to back up the reason for the journal entry. The transaction sheet is approved, signed and dated by the originator(Finance Director and/or Assistant Finance Director) of the journal entry along with the Executive Director or Assistant Executive Director.

Estimated Completion Date: July 1, 2024

**Contact Person:** Missy Allen, Finance Director

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Signature

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