

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT • FISCAL YEAR 2023

# Dooly County Board of Education Vienna, Georgia

**Including Independent Auditor's Report** 



## **Dooly County Board of Education**

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Section I

**Financial** 



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Sherrod Willaford, Superintendent and Members of the
Dooly County Board of Education

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Dooly County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the School District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of

financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2025 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Huff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

October 16, 2025



### DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	_	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,031,714.26
Investments		164,096.03
Accounts Receivable, Net		
Taxes		1,015,977.58
State Government		732,066.38
Federal Government		1,729,811.95
Inventories		59,360.38
Restricted Assets		
Cash with Fiscal Agent or Trustee		5,800,148.96
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		5,072,372.60
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		23,222,583.95
Total Assets		46,828,132.09
	_	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		8,701,445.00
Related to OPEB Plan		1,908,048.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	10,609,493.00
	_	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		123,231.77
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,449,381.08
Interest Payable		23,933.33
Contracts Payable		788,870.54
Retainages Payable		92,961.75
Net Pension Liability		17,590,371.00
Net OPEB Liability		7,402,430.00
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		1,347,446.38
Due in More Than One Year		16,731,748.08
Total Liabilities		45,550,373.93
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		530,894.00
Related to OPEB Plan		5,879,593.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	6,410,487.00
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		22,245,022.71
Restricted for		,_ 13,0/ 1
Continuation of Federal Programs		416,912.12
Debt Service		47,866.67
Capital Projects		3,393,695.58
Unrestricted (Deficit)		
Offiestricted (Deficit)	_	(20,626,732.92)
Total Net Position	\$ _	5,476,764.16

				PROG	NET (EXPENSES)		
			_			OPERATING	REVENUES
				CHARGES FOR		GRANTS AND	AND CHANGES IN
		EXPENSES	-	SERVICES	_	CONTRIBUTIONS	NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Instruction	\$	12,533,527.52	\$	-	\$	8,297,688.59 \$	(4,235,838.93)
Support Services							
Pupil Services		992,665.78		-		489,939.18	(502,726.60)
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,679,949.74		-		1,276,867.14	(403,082.60)
Educational Media Services		329,012.51		-		194,841.16	(134,171.35)
General Administration		1,326,436.45		-		540,018.68	(786,417.77)
School Administration		1,336,632.19		-		578,294.47	(758,337.72)
Business Administration		423,600.67		-		73,710.70	(349,889.97)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,888,110.74		-		838,192.29	(1,049,918.45)
Student Transportation Services		1,731,750.14		-		619,745.08	(1,112,005.06)
Central Support Services		558,763.87		-		32,203.11	(526,560.76)
Other Support Services		102,732.01		-		55,342.92	(47,389.09)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services							
Enterprise Operations		160,745.00		148,615.85		-	(12,129.15)
Food Services		1,640,066.34		44,805.46		1,349,932.35	(245,328.53)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	_	64,845.99	_	-	_		(64,845.99)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	24,768,838.95	\$	193,421.31	\$_	14,346,775.67	(10,228,641.97)
	Ge	neral Revenues					
		Taxes					
		Property Taxes					
		For Maintena	ance	and Operations			6,151,031.68
		Sales Taxes					
		Special Purp	ose	Local Option Sales	Tax		
		For Cap	oital	Projects			1,630,988.15
		Other Sales	Tax				42,690.67
		Investment Earnin	ıgs				67,097.94
		Miscellaneous					681,282.65
		Total Gen	eral	Revenues			8,573,091.09
		Change in	n Ne	t Position			(1,655,550.88)
		Net Position - Beg	ginni	ng of Year			7,132,315.04
		Net Position - End	d of '	Year		\$	5,476,764.16

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	_	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	_	DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,414,493.48	\$	7,617,220.78	\$	-	\$	9,031,714.26
Investments		164,096.03		-		-		164,096.03
Accounts Receivable, Net								
Taxes		881,749.19		134,228.39		-		1,015,977.58
State Government		732,066.38		-		-		732,066.38
Federal Government		1,729,811.95		-		-		1,729,811.95
Inventories		59,360.38		-		-		59,360.38
Restricted								
Cash with Fiscal Agent or Trustee		-		5,800,148.96		-		5,800,148.96
Total Assets	\$	4,981,577.41	\$ _	13,551,598.13	\$ _	-	* =	18,533,175.54
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable	\$	102,605.77	\$	20,626.00	\$	-	\$	123,231.77
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,449,381.08		-		-		1,449,381.08
Contracts Payable		-		788,870.54		-		788,870.54
Retainages Payable		-		92,961.75		-		92,961.75
Total Liabilities		1,551,986.85	_	902,458.29	_	-		2,454,445.14
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		527,179.73		-		-		527,179.73
Unavailable Revenue - Federal Funds		191,717.34		-		-		191,717.34
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		718,897.07	_	-	_	-		718,897.07
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		59,360.38		-		-		59,360.38
Restricted		357,551.74		12,649,139.84		-		13,006,691.58
Assigned		75,636.47		-		-		75,636.47
Unassigned		2,218,144.90		=		-		2,218,144.90
Total Fund Balances		2,710,693.49	_	12,649,139.84	_	-		15,359,833.33
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,981,577.41	\$	13,551,598.13	\$	-	\$	18,533,175.54

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")		\$ 15,359,833.33
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are		
different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land \$	309,734.00	
Construction in progress	4,762,638.60	
Buildings and improvements	30,357,956.02	
Equipment	5,327,473.28	
Land improvements	4,956,554.60	
Accumulated depreciation	(17,419,399.95)	28,294,956.55
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability \$	(17,590,371.00)	)
Net OPEB liability	(7,402,430.00)	) (24,992,801.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions \$	8,170,551.00	
Related to OPEB	(3,971,545.00)	4,199,006.00
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		527,179.73
Federal revenues that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		191,717.34
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable \$	(3,590,000.00)	)
Accrued interest payable	(23,933.33)	)
Financed purchase arrangement payable	(13,986,236.96)	)
Compensated absences payable	(161,692.75)	)
Unamortized bond premiums	(341,264.75)	(18,103,127.79)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")		\$ 5,476,764.16

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Property Taxes	\$	6,081,817.11 \$	- \$	- \$	6,081,817.11
Sales Taxes	4	42,690.67	1,630,988.15	<u>-</u>	1,673,678.82
State Funds		6,497,772.27	-	_	6,497,772.27
Federal Funds		7,597,363.42	_	_	7,597,363.42
Charges for Services		193,421.31	_	_	193,421.31
Investment Earnings		1,800.31	65,297.63	_	67,097.94
Miscellaneous		681,282.65	-	_	681,282.65
Total Revenues	_	21,096,147.74	1,696,285.78		22,792,433.52
Total Neverlacs	_	21,030,111.71	1,030,203.70		22,732,133.32
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		10,176,034.83	20,517.98	-	10,196,552.81
Support Services					
Pupil Services		901,708.17	101,324.64	-	1,003,032.81
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,684,988.53	-	-	1,684,988.53
Educational Media Services		348,847.79	-	-	348,847.79
General Administration		1,317,765.96	7,561.61	-	1,325,327.57
School Administration		1,374,304.50	-	-	1,374,304.50
Business Administration		381,201.38	53,243.00	-	434,444.38
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,998,637.09	3,485.00	-	2,002,122.09
Student Transportation Services		1,210,088.51	-	-	1,210,088.51
Central Support Services		554,191.35	3,189.00	-	557,380.35
Other Support Services		102,732.01	-	-	102,732.01
Enterprise Operations		160,745.00	-	-	160,745.00
Food Services Operation		1,615,722.57	-	-	1,615,722.57
Capital Outlay		-	9,869,482.44	-	9,869,482.44
Debt Services					
Principal		-	222,000.00	960,000.00	1,182,000.00
Interest		-	9,692.37	182,000.00	191,692.37
Total Expenditures		21,826,967.69	10,290,496.04	1,142,000.00	33,259,463.73
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(730,819.95)	(8,594,210.26)	(1,142,000.00)	(10,467,030.21)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Financed Purchase Arrangement Proceeds		-	13,759,236.96	<del>-</del>	13,759,236.96
Transfers In		-	-	1,142,000.00	1,142,000.00
Transfers Out	_		(1,142,000.00)	<del></del>	(1,142,000.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	<del>-</del> -	12,617,236.96	1,142,000.00	13,759,236.96
Net Change in Fund Balances		(730,819.95)	4,023,026.70	-	3,292,206.75
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	3,441,513.44	8,626,113.14	<u> </u>	12,067,626.58
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ =	2,710,693.49 \$	12,649,139.84 \$	- \$	15,359,833.33

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2023

3.292.206.75 Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E") \$ Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlay \$ 8,121,889.32 (1,252,638.95) 6,869,250.37 Depreciation expense The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (77,498.00) (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position. Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 69,214.57 Federal revenue reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 191,717.34 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Financed purchase arrangement proceeds \$ (13,759,236.96) 222,000.00 Financed purchase arrangement payments Bond principal retirements 960,000.00 Amortization of bond premium 120,446.38 (12,456,790.58) District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. \$ (584,749.00) Pension expense OPEB expense 1,021,613.00 436,864.00 Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Net decrease in accrued interest \$ 6,400.00 Compensated absences 13,084.67 19,484.67

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")

(1,655,550.88)

#### DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	_	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,593.40
Investments		23,838.44
Total Assets	_	26,431.84
NET POSITION		
Held in Trust for Private Purposes	\$	26,431.84

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	_	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS
ADDITIONS		
Investment Earnings		
Interest	\$ <u> </u>	162.60
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>		
Scholarships	_	-
Change in Net Position		162.60
Net Position - Beginning		26,269.24
Net Position - Ending	\$	26,431.84

#### NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

### **Reporting Entity**

The Dooly County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

### **NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

#### **Government-Wide Statements:**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), bond proceeds and finance purchase proceeds that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general longterm principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Private purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly
reported elsewhere, in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or
other governments.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In fiscal year 2023, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement defines subscription-based information technology arrangements and provides uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Under this Statement, a government is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use asset for contracts that meet the definition of a subscription-based information technology arrangement. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the School District's financial statements.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

#### Investments

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

#### Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

#### **Inventories**

#### **Food Inventories**

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. ABM Energy Efficiency Lease.

### **Capital Assets**

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		Capitalization	Estimated
	_	Policy	Useful Life
Land		All	N/A
Construction in Progress	\$	25,000.00	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	25,000.00	20 to 80 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	25,000.00	10 to 80 years
Equipment	\$	10,000.00	5 to 20 years
Intangible Assets	\$	100,000.00	5 to 10 years

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave employees earned based on services already rendered.

Vacation leave of 10 days is awarded on a fiscal year basis to all full-time personnel employed on a twelve-month basis. No other employees are eligible to earn vacation leave. Vacation leave not utilized during the fiscal year may be carried over to the next fiscal year, providing such vacation leave does not exceed 20 days. Upon terminating employment, the School District pays all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits to employees for a maximum of 10 days. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal-year end.

Members of the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) may apply unused sick leave toward early retirement. The liability for early retirement will be borne by TRS rather than by the individual School Districts. Otherwise, sick leave does not vest with the employee, and no liability is reported in the School District's financial statements.

## **Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums**

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts

should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## **Property Taxes**

The Dooly County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2022 tax digest year (calendar year) on October 11, 2022 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2022. Taxes were due on December 20, 2022 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2022 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2023. The Dooly County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$5,596,972.35.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2022 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 16.404 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$484,844.76 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

### **Sales Taxes**

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$1,630,988.15 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

#### **NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA**

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate function level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is

advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

## **NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

### **Collateralization of Deposits**

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

## **Categorization of Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$12,557,321.12, and a bank

balance of \$12,824,606.86. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$597,471.06 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$6,676,986.84.

As of June 30, 2023, the School District's deposits totaling \$5,550,148.96 were not confirmed as being covered by pledged collateral. Due to lack of documentation, the entire amount is considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents	
Statement of Net Position \$	14,831,863.22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	2,593.40
Total cash and cash equivalents	14,834,456.62
Add:	
Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investments	187,934.47
Less:	
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents	
Georgia Fund 1	2,465,069.97
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2023 \$	12,557,321.12

## **Categorization of Cash Equivalents**

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$2,465,069.97 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Fitch. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2023 was 28 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

## **NOTE 5: RESTRICTED ASSETS**

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$5,800,148.96, for the ABM Energy Efficiency Lease.

## **NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances July 1, 2022	_	Increases	-	Decreases	-	Balances June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets,								
Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$	309,734.00	\$	_	\$	_	\$	309,734.00
Construction in Progress	Ψ	111,497.92	Ψ	4,761,238.60	Ψ	110,097.92	Ψ	4,762,638.60
construction in rogicss		111,137.32	-	1,701,230.00	•	110/031.32	•	1,7 02,030.00
Total Capital Assets		421,231.92		4,761,238.60		110,097.92		5,072,372.60
Not Being Depreciated:							-	
Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated:								
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		30,414,038.02		-		56,082.00		30,357,956.02
Equipment		5,464,588.64		262,230.64		399,346.00		5,327,473.28
Land Improvements		1,748,036.60		3,208,518.00		-		4,956,554.60
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		11,629,538.00		814,049.00		56,082.00		12,387,505.00
Equipment		3,475,570.00		317,542.00		321,848.00		3,471,264.00
Land Improvements		1,439,583.00	_	121,047.95	-	-	-	1,560,630.95
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated, Net		21,081,972.26	_	2,218,109.69		77,498.00	-	23,222,583.95
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$	21,503,204.18	\$_	6,979,348.29	\$	187,595.92	\$	28,294,956.55
Current year depreciation expense	by	function is as	foll	lows:				
Instruction						\$ 994	1,20	3.95
Support Services								
General Administration	on		\$	2,939.00	)			
Maintenance and Op	era	tion of Plant		17,543.00	)			
Student Transportati	on S	Services		217,555.00	)	238	3,03	7.00
Food Services						20	),39	8.00
						\$ 1,252	2,63	8.95
							-, -,	

### **NOTE 7: INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	Transfers From					
	Capital Projects					
Transfers to		Fund				
	_					
Debt Service Fund	\$_	1,142,000.00				

Transfers are used to move sales tax revenues collected by the capital projects fund to the debt service fund to pay general obligation debt requirements.

#### **NOTE 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

		Governmental Activities									
	·	Balance July 1, 2022		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year		
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds Unamortized Bond Premiums Financed Purchases Compensated Absences(1)	\$	4,550,000.00 461,711.13 449,000.00 174,777.42	\$	- - 13,759,236.96 71,566.80	\$	960,000.00 120,446.38 222,000.00 84,651.47	\$	3,590,000.00 \$ 341,264.75 13,986,236.96 161,692.75	1,000,000.00 120,446.38 227,000.00		
, , ,	\$	5,635,488.55	\$	13,830,803.76	\$	1,387,097.85	\$	18,079,194.46 \$	1,347,446.38		

<sup>(1)</sup> The portion of compensated absences due within one year has been determined to be immaterial to the basic financial statements.

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2023. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds from the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

Of the total amount originally authorized, \$310,000.00 remains unissued. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity			Amount
Description	Rates	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	_	Outstanding
General Government - Series 2020	3.0% - 4.0%	11/17/2020	5/1/2026	5,390,000.00	\$	3,590,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

		General Obli	_	Unamortized		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal		Interest		<b>Bond Premium</b>
		-				
2024	\$	1,000,000.00	\$	143,600.00	\$	120,446.38
2025		1,270,000.00		103,600.00		120,446.38
2026		1,320,000.00		52,800.00		100,371.99
	_		-			
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	3,590,000.00	\$_	300,000.00	\$	341,264.75

## **Obligations Under Financed Purchases**

The School District entered into an agreement dated October 1, 2015, with the Georgia Municipal Association, Inc. (GMA) in order to refinance a capital lease dated July 1, 2006, with the Georgia School Board Association (GSBA). Under the terms of the installment sale agreement, the GMA purchased the real property consisting of six classrooms, an administrative suite addition, and a corridor attaching the school building to the gymnasium from the GSBA. The School District will make annual payments through May 1, 2024 to purchase the property from the GMA.

The School District's outstanding obligations from a financed purchase related to governmental activities of \$227,000.00 contains a provision that in the event of default, the lessor may retake possession of the real property.

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated October 27, 2022 was executed by and between the School District and ABM Building Solutions. The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$13,759,236.96 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments shall be made from the School District's capital projects fund.

The School District's outstanding obligations from an energy efficiency lease agreement related to governmental activities of \$13,759,236.96 contain a provision that in an event of default, the lessor has the option of declaring outstanding amounts immediately due and payable or they make take possession of project, equipment, machinery or supplies.

The following was acquired through the energy efficiency financed purchase:

		Governmental
	_	Activities
	_	
Non-Capital Expenditures	\$	1,851,151.00
Capital Assets in Progress		3,199,419.00
Capital Assets Purchased	_	3,208,518.00
	_	
	\$	8,259,088.00

The following was acquired through the energy efficiency financed purchase and is reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

		Governmental
	_	Activities
Construction Work in Progress	\$	3,199,419.00
Land Improvements		3,208,518.00
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	80,212.95
	\$	6,327,724.05

## Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
ABM Building Solutions	4.76%	10/27/2022	10/15/2037	\$ 6,825,338.32 \$	6,825,338.32
ABM Building Solutions	4.89%	10/27/2022	10/15/2043	6,933,898.64	6,933,898.64
Capital Outlay Improvements for six					
classrooms, administrative suite and					
a corridor to connect the high school					
to the gymnasium	2.15%	10/1/2015	5/1/2024	1,895,000.00	227,000.00
				\$ 15,654,236.96 \$	13,986,236.96

The following is a schedule of total finance purchase payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		Interest
2024	\$	227,000.00	\$ 646,701.96
2025		70,000.00	663,953.74
2026		95,000.00	660,576.24
2027		120,000.00	656,008.74
2028		495,115.80	650,251.24
2029 - 2033		2,928,733.95	2,868,941.54
2034 - 2038		3,841,834.74	2,087,563.30
2039 - 2043		5,029,393.17	1,052,707.44
2044		1,179,159.30	57,660.89
	_		 
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	13,986,236.96	\$ 9,344,365.09

## **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences represent obligations of the School District relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences based upon service already rendered. This obligation relates only to vesting accumulating leave in which payment is probable and can be reasonably estimated. Typically, the general fund is the fund used to liquidate this long-term debt. The School District uses the vesting method to compute compensated absences.

#### **NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

#### Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

## Workers' Compensation

## Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program to reduce the risk of loss from employee accidents. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. The Fund provides statutory limits of coverage for Workers' Compensation coverage and a \$2,000,000 limit per occurrence for Employers' Liability coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement between the Fund and the Safety National Casualty Corporation to limit the Fund's exposure to large losses.

## **Unemployment Compensation**

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

		Beginning	Claims and				
		of Year	Changes in		Claims		End of Year
		Liability	Estimates		Paid		Liability
	•						
2022	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
2023	\$	-	\$ 123,720.26	\$	123,720.26	\$	-

## **Surety Bond**

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	<u></u>	Amount
		_
Superintendent	\$	50,000.00

#### **NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS**

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2023:

Nonspendable			
Inventories		\$	59,360.38
Restricted			
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 357,551.74		
Capital Projects	12,577,339.84		
Debt Service	71,800.00		13,006,691.58
Assigned		_	
School Activity Accounts			75,636.47
Unassigned			2,218,144.90
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023		\$	15,359,833.33

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

## **NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS**

#### **Commitments under Construction Contracts**

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2023:

Project	Unearned Executed Contracts (1)		Payments through June 30, 2023 (2)	
	_		_	<u> </u>
Field House and Media	\$	495,506.22	\$	1,509,460.68
Phase 3 - Multiple Projects		1,107,297.33		53,758.92
Energy Enhancement Improvements		5,508,327.00	_	8,259,088.00
	\$	7,111,130.55	\$	9,822,307.60

- (1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.
- (2) Payments include contracts and retainages payable at year-end.

## **NOTE 12: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

## Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

### **NOTE 13: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

## Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

**Plan Description:** Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

**Contributions:** As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$275,099.00 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability of \$7,402,430.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.074748%, which was a decrease of 0.001980% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$746,514.00). At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	OPEB		
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources	_	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	295,472.00	\$	2,909,379.00
Changes of assumptions		1,127,405.00		1,497,152.00
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		45,153.00		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		164,919.00		1,473,062.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	275,099.00	_	
Total	\$ _	1,908,048.00	\$	5,879,593.00

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year Ended June 30:

2024	\$ (1,206,862.00)
2025	\$ (1,074,734.00)
2026	\$ (806,311.00)
2027	\$ (745,533.00)
2028	\$ (370,844.00)
Thereafter	\$ (42,360.00)

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022:

#### OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.50%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029
Medicare Eligible	2023

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled or not disabled) as follows:

- For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projections scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 101% for males and 103% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied

generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projections scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjusted 104% for males and 99% for females) with the MP-2019 Project scale applied generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target allocation	Real Rate of Return*
30.00%	2.00%
70.00%	9.40%
100.00%	
	30.00% 70.00%

\*Net of Inflation

**Discount Rate:** In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.57% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 2.20%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate as used for the long-term rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.54% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers

will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2128.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.57%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.57%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.57%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease	Cι	ırrent Discount Rate		1% Increase
	_	(2.57%)		(3.57%)	_	(4.57%)
School District's proportionate						
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	8,373,038.00	\$	7,402,430.00	\$	6,579,798.00

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare								
	 1% Decrease	_	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase					
School District's proportionate									
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 6,378,079.00	\$	7,402,430.00	\$	8,661,354.00				

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at <a href="https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr">https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr</a>.

#### **NOTE 14: RETIREMENT PLANS**

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

#### **Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)**

**Plan Description:** All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a>.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and

death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2023. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 19.98% of annual School District payroll, of which 19.67% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.31% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$1,607,755.00 and \$24,781.36 from the School District and the State, respectively.

#### Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

**Plan Description:** PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

**Benefits Provided:** A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

**Contributions:** The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$47,231.00.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability of \$17,590,371.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 17,590,371.00

State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District 275,362.00

Total \$ 17,865,733.00

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.054171%, which was an increase of 0.001847% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2023, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$320,691.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized pension expense of \$2,243,850.00 for TRS and \$80,589.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$51,346.00 for TRS and \$80,589.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			TRS	
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	730,181.00	\$	91,562.00
Changes of assumptions		2,647,912.00		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,456,007.00		-
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		259,590.00		439,332.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,607,755.00		
Total	\$_	8,701,445.00	\$_	530,894.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	TRS
2024	\$	1,548,586.00
2025	\$	1,395,810.00
2026	\$	1,058,124.00
2027	\$	2.560.276.00

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### **Teachers Retirement System:**

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018, with the exception of the investment rate of return and payroll growth assumption.

#### Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50% Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

#### Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below- Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS/PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.20%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.40%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	12.30%	9.40%
International emerging market stocks	5.20%	11.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Rates shown are net of inflation

**Discount Rate:** The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 6.90%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be

available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

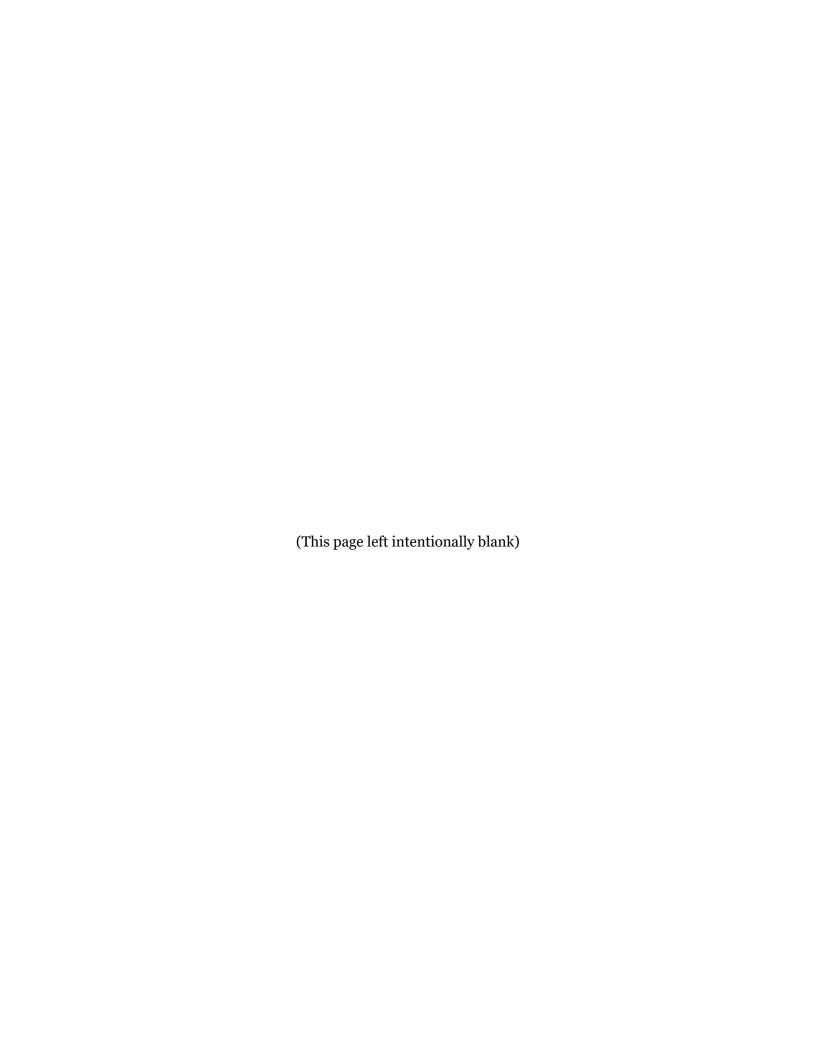
Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	_	1% Decrease (5.90%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	_	1% Increase (7.90%)
School District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$	26,538,044.00	\$ 17,590,371.00	\$	10,283,412.00

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.trsga.com/publications</a> and <a href="https://www.trsga.com/publications">www.ers.ga.gov/financials</a>.

#### **NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In March 2025, Dooly County voters approved the renewal of the 1% Educational Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST). This tax is in effect for five years and will be used for retiring general obligation debt and financing certain school capital outlay projects.



# DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

	School									Plan fiduciary
	District's			Stat	te of Georgia's				School District's	net position as
For the	proportion			prop	ortionate share				proportionate	a percentage
Year	of the	S	chool District's		of the NPL				share of the NPL as	of the total
Ended	Net Pension	pro	portionate share		ciated with the			hool District's	a percentage of its	pension
June 30	Liability (NPL)		of the NPL	Sc	thool District	Total		overed payroll	covered payroll	liability
2023	0.054171%	\$	17,590,371.00	\$	275,362.00	\$ 17,865,733.00	\$	7,426,994.37	236.84%	72.85%
2022	0.052324%	\$	4,627,709.00	\$	32,989.00	\$ 4,660,698.00	\$	6,856,351.91	67.50%	92.03%
2021	0.053318%	\$	12,915,706.00	\$	81,635.00	\$ 12,997,341.00	\$	6,923,360.98	186.55%	77.01%
2020	0.053966%	\$	11,604,149.00	\$	124,286.00	\$ 11,728,435.00	\$	6,659,401.24	174.25%	78.56%
2019	0.061599%	\$	11,434,094.00	\$	108,589.00	\$ 11,542,683.00	\$	7,414,566.37	154.21%	80.27%
2018	0.065063%	\$	12,092,159.00	\$	100,175.00	\$ 12,192,334.00	\$	7,630,230.41	158.48%	79.33%
2017	0.062819%	\$	12,960,260.00	\$	154,733.00	\$ 13,114,993.00	\$	7,074,419.20	183.20%	76.06%
2016	0.064350%	\$	9,795,887.00	\$	135,037.00	\$ 9,930,924.00	\$	6,800,258.94	144.05%	81.44%
2015	0.069296%	\$	8,754,636.00	\$	30,826.00	\$ 8,785,462.00	\$	7,069,568.40	123.84%	84.03%

#### DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30			ributions in relation to contractually required contribution	ution deficiency (excess)	hool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2023	\$	1,607,755.00	\$ 1,607,755.00	\$ -	\$ 8,172,448.90	19.67%	
2022	\$	1,450,492.00	\$ 1,450,492.00	\$ -	\$ 7,426,994.37	19.53%	
2021	\$	1,297,566.00	\$ 1,297,566.00	\$ -	\$ 6,856,351.91	18.93%	
2020	\$	1,453,213.47	\$ 1,453,213.47	\$ -	\$ 6,923,360.98	20.99%	
2019	\$	1,376,492.00	\$ 1,376,492.00	\$ -	\$ 6,659,401.24	20.67%	
2018	\$	1,267,469.79	\$ 1,267,469.79	\$ -	\$ 7,414,566.37	17.09%	
2017	\$	1,079,921.18	\$ 1,079,921.18	\$ -	\$ 7,630,230.41	14.15%	
2016	\$	997,140.18	\$ 997,140.18	\$ -	\$ 7,074,419.20	14.10%	
2015	\$	894,234.05	\$ 894,234.05	\$ -	\$ 6,800,258.94	13.15%	
2014	\$	868,143.00	\$ 868,143.00	\$ -	\$ 7,069,568.40	12.28%	

# DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	prop	hool District's portionate share of the NPL	prop	te of Georgia's cortionate share of the NPL ciated with the chool District	 Total	nool District's vered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2023	0.00%	\$	-	\$	320,691.00	\$ 320,691.00	\$ 510,428.26	N/A	81.21%
2022	0.00%	\$	-	\$	31,929.00	\$ 31,929.00	\$ 451,741.90	N/A	98.00%
2021	0.00%	\$	-	\$	259,106.00	\$ 259,106.00	\$ 541,937.37	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	233,827.00	\$ 233,827.00	\$ 523,436.26	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	235,089.00	\$ 235,089.00	\$ 604,723.51	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	245,057.00	\$ 245,057.00	\$ 702,300.05	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	346,042.00	\$ 346,042.00	\$ 710,915.26	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	221,931.00	\$ 221,931.00	\$ 547,942.61	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	164,743.00	\$ 164,743.00	\$ 523,971.52	N/A	88.29%

# DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	_	chool District's portionate share of the NOL	prop share assoc	of Georgia's portionate of the NOL ciated with hool District	Total	 chool District's ered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2023	0.074748%	\$	7,402,430.00	\$	-	\$ 7,402,430.00	\$ 6,881,555.20	107.57%	6.17%
2022	0.076728%	\$	8,310,277.00	\$	-	\$ 8,310,277.00	\$ 6,016,175.05	138.13%	6.14%
2021	0.080470%	\$	11,819,169.00	\$	-	\$ 11,819,169.00	\$ 6,320,587.01	186.99%	3.99%
2020	0.080857%	\$	9,922,889.00	\$	-	\$ 9,922,889.00	\$ 6,140,838.68	161.59%	4.63%
2019	0.094808%	\$	12,049,806.00	\$	-	\$ 12,049,806.00	\$ 7,122,303.56	169.18%	2.93%
2018	0.090151%	\$	12,666,179.00	\$	-	\$ 12,666,179.00	\$ 7,939,924.15	159.53%	1.61%

#### DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30			Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		School District's covered-employee payroll		Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2023	\$	275,099.00	\$	275,099.00	\$	-	\$	7,722,164.18	3.56%	
2022	\$	270,270.00	\$	270,270.00	\$	-	\$	6,881,555.20	3.93%	
2021	\$	285,414.00	\$	285,414.00	\$	-	\$	6,016,175.05	4.74%	
2020	\$	272,131.00	\$	272,131.00	\$	-	\$	6,320,587.01	4.31%	
2019	\$	435,468.00	\$	435,468.00	\$	-	\$	6,140,838.68	7.09%	
2018	\$	491,385.00	\$	491,385.00	\$	-	\$	7,122,303.56	6.90%	

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Teachers Retirement System**

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On May 11, 2022, the Board adopted recommended changes to the long-term assumed rate of return and payroll growth assumption utilized by the System. The long-term assumed rate of return was changed from 7.25% to 6.90%, and the payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

#### **Public School Employees Retirement System**

**Changes of benefit terms:** There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes of assumptions:** On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

#### School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

**Changes in assumptions:** June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees' Retirement System's experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement System's experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

### DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE	
	_	ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER	
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	5,490,035.00 \$	5,490,035.00 \$	6,081,817.11 \$	591,782.11	
Sales Taxes		65,577.00	65,577.00	42,690.67	(22,886.33)	
State Funds		6,028,003.00	6,053,003.00	6,497,772.27	444,769.27	
Federal Funds		7,327,606.00	8,683,393.00	7,597,363.42	(1,086,029.58)	
Charges for Services		117,000.00	117,000.00	193,421.31	76,421.31	
Investment Earnings		1,888.00	1,888.00	1,800.31	(87.69)	
Miscellaneous		358,536.00	359,336.00	681,282.65	321,946.65	
Total Revenues	_	19,388,645.00	20,770,232.00	21,096,147.74	325,915.74	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Current						
Instruction		9,401,286.00	11,142,330.00	10,176,034.83	966,295.17	
Support Services		242.222.22	1 070 010 00	004 700 47	450 004 00	
Pupil Services		918,298.00	1,070,010.00	901,708.17	168,301.83	
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,603,747.00	1,684,303.00	1,684,988.53	(685.53)	
Educational Media Services		432,717.00	470,260.00	348,847.79	121,412.21	
General Administration		1,564,929.00	1,479,444.00	1,317,765.96	161,678.04	
School Administration		1,272,942.00	1,308,706.00	1,374,304.50	(65,598.50)	
Business Administration		322,722.00	341,510.00	381,201.38	(39,691.38)	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,386,458.00	2,155,558.00	1,998,637.09	156,920.91	
Student Transportation Services		1,213,273.00	1,433,787.00	1,210,088.51	223,698.49	
Central Support Services		436,078.00	458,952.00	554,191.35	(95,239.35)	
Other Support Services		13,926.00	78,650.00	102,732.01	(24,082.01)	
Enterprise Operation		66,500.00	66,500.00	160,745.00	(94,245.00)	
Food Services Operation	_	1,276,200.00	1,318,278.00	1,615,722.57	(297,444.57)	
Total Expenditures		20,909,076.00	23,008,288.00	21,826,967.69	1,181,320.31	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	(1,520,431.00)	(2,238,056.00)	(730,819.95)	1,507,236.05	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Other Sources		162,141.00	248,516.00	-	(248,516.00)	
Other Uses		(161,841.00)	(248,216.00)	<u> </u>	248,216.00	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		300.00	300.00	<del>-</del> -	(300.00)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,520,131.00)	(2,237,756.00)	(730,819.95)	1,506,936.05	
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,535,346.86	3,535,346.86	3,441,513.44	(93,833.42)	
Adjustments	_	24,220.29	(94,634.35)	<u> </u>	94,634.35	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,039,436.15 \$	1,202,956.51 \$	2,710,693.49 \$	1,507,736.98	

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$283,235.58 and \$266,340.00, respectively.

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FUNDING AGENCY	ASSISTANCE LISTING	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U.S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	235GA324N1199 \$	•
National School Lunch Program	10.555	235GA324N1199	1,085,862.28
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	40,508.26
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,454,105.03
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	235GA904N2533	5,044.14
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,459,149.17
Education, U.S. Department of			
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D200012	774,743.00
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D210012	5,881.77
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	0.4.40511	6.4051.104.004.0	0.407.500.40
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	2,437,529.40
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School	84.425W	S425W210011	46 207 70
Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth Total Education Stabilization Fund	04.423	342300210011	46,287.78 3,264,441.95
Total Education Stabilization Fund			3,204,441.33
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A210073	87,678.00
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A220073	236,197.88
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Grants to States	84.027X	H027X210073	78,387.43
Total Special Education Cluster			402,263.31
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A220010	26,225.85
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371C	S371C190016-19A	68,610.62
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A220010	21,299.50
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A210011	25,528.00
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A220011	12,180.36
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B	S358F220010	32,126.09
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A220011	55,980.36
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A210001	104,167.30
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A220001	15,047.87
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A210010-21A	927,778.11
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A220010	1,123,677.32
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287C	S287C220010	400,078.72
Total Other Programs			2,812,700.10
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,479,405.36

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	E	XPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Health and Human Services, U.S. Department of				
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster				
Pass-Through From Bright From the Start				
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning				
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	2110GACCC5		72,600.00
Defense, U.S. Department of				
Direct				
Department of the Air Force				
R.O.T.C. Program	12. UNKNOWN			69,324.65
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	8,080,479.18

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Dooly County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

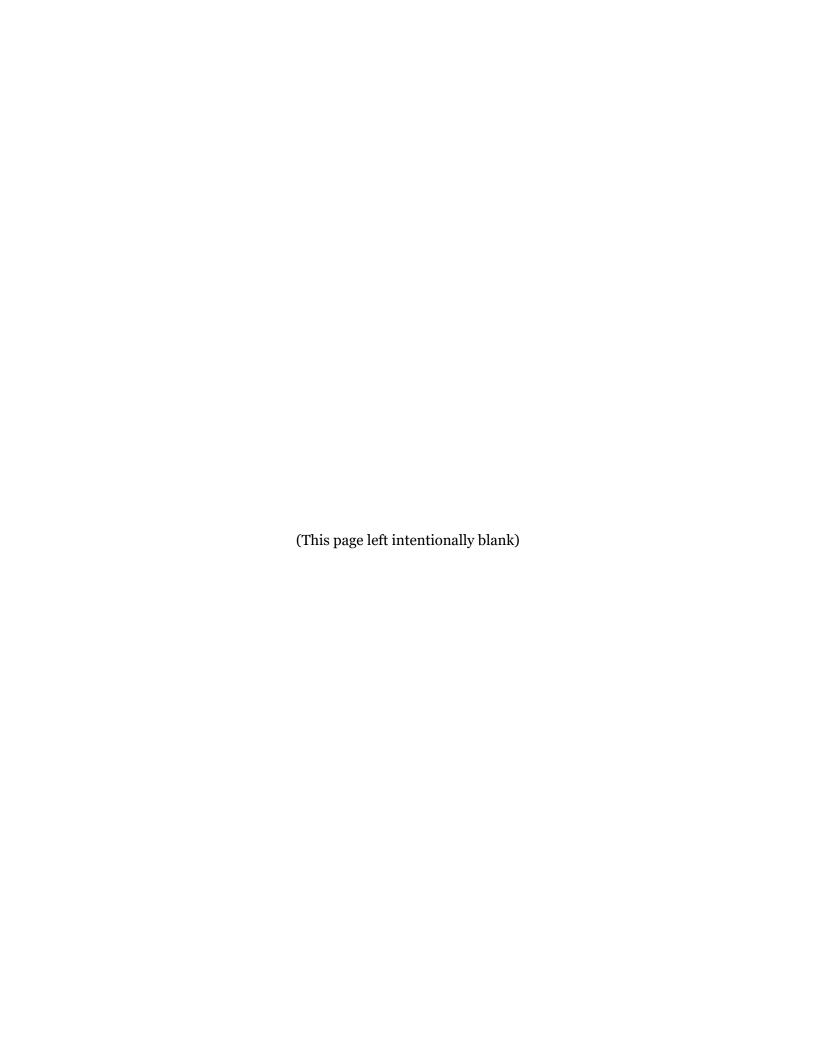
Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE
	_	GENERAL
<u>ENCY/FUNDING</u>		FUND
GRANTS		
Bright From the Start:		
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning		
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	325,272.2
Education, Georgia Department of		
Quality Basic Education		
Direct Instructional Cost		
Kindergarten Program		307,538.0
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		6,842.0
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		759,026.0
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		106,818.0
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		321,497.0
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		105,682.0
Middle School (6-8) Program		674,454.0
High School General Education (9-12) Program		526,793.0
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		273,331.0
Students with Disabilities		505,711.0
Gifted Student - Category VI		111,142.0
Remedial Education Program		169,036.0
Alternative Education Program		44,863.0
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		152,964.0
Media Center Program		112,036.0
20 Days Additional Instruction		35,968.0
Staff and Professional Development		20,637.0
Principal Staff and Professional Development		1,082.0
Indirect Cost		
Central Administration		296,922.0
School Administration		391,568.0
Facility Maintenance and Operations		251,186.0
One-Time QBE Adjustment		251,280.0
Categorical Grants		
Pupil Transportation		
Regular		306,443.0
Nursing Services		45,946.0
Sparsity		106,138.0
Other State Programs		
Food Services		37,578.0
Math and Science Supplements		5,647.7
Teachers Retirement		24,781.3
Vocational Education		147,358.9
Georgia Foundation for Public Education		
CTAE Essential Workforce Grant		25,000.0
Office of the State Treasurer		-,
Public School Employees Retirement		47,231.0
	\$	6,497,772.2
	<b>_</b>	0,431,112.21



## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PROJECT SPLOST V (2020)	_	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
(1) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of making certain lease-purchase payments in connection with the construction and renovation of certain improvements at Dooly County High School;	\$	700,000.00	700,000.00	6/30/2024
(2) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of acquiring and equipping a performing arts center/auditorium;	·	4,090,000.00	4,090,000.00	6/30/2024
(3) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward making system- wide technology upgrades;		75,000.00	75,000.00	6/30/2025
(4) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of acquiring and equipping a canning plant;		700,000.00	700,000.00	6/30/2025
(5) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of repairing, remodeling, renovating and equipping Dooly County Schools;		500,000.00	1,827,290.06	6/30/2025
(6) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing STEAM equipment;		75,000.00	75,000.00	6/30/2025
(7) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of repairing, remodeling, renovating and equipping media centers;		100,000.00	100,000.00	6/30/2025
(8) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing school buses, maintenance and transportation vehicles, and equipment;		325,000.00	325,000.00	6/30/2025
(9) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing textbooks and furnishing;		400,000.00	400,000.00	6/30/2025
(10) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing safety and security equipment;		30,000.00	30,000.00	6/30/2025
(11) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing band and athletic uniforms and equipment;		40,000.00	40,000.00	6/30/2025
(12) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of making repairs to HVAC and roofing of existing facilities;		125,000.00	125,000.00	6/30/2025
(13) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of and acquiring any property necessary or desirable therefor, both real and		240,000,00	340,000,00	C 120 12225
personal; and (14) To pay the cost of issuing debt.	_	340,000.00	340,000.00 142,760.43	6/30/2025 6/30/2025
Total	\$ <u></u>	7,500,000.00	8,970,050.49	

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

<u>PROJECT</u> <b>SPLOST V (2020)</b>	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
(1) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of making certain lease-purchase payments in connection with the construction and renovation of certain improvements at Dooly County High School; \$	231,692.37 \$	453,696.03 \$	- \$	_
(2) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of acquiring and equipping a performing arts center/auditorium;	4,100.00	285,854.18	-	-
(3) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward making system- wide technology upgrades;	-	-	-	-
(4) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of acquiring and equipping a canning plant;	21,700.00	-	-	-
(5) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of repairing, remodeling, renovating and equipping Dooly County Schools;	1,814,880.27	12,409.79		
(6) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing STEAM equipment;	-	-	-	-
(7) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of repairing, remodeling, renovating and equipping media centers;	51,708.56	3,302.94	-	-
(8) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing school buses, maintenance and transportation vehicles, and equipment;	_	-	-	-
(9) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing textbooks and furnishing;	20,517.98	-	-	-
(10) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing safety and security equipment;	-	-	-	-
(11) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of purchasing band and athletic uniforms and equipment;	33,292.22	-	-	-
(12) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of making repairs to HVAC and roofing of existing facilities;	-	-	-	-
(13) To provide funds to pay or to be applied toward the cost of and acquiring any property necessary or desirable therefor, both real and personal; and	-	-	-	_
(14) To pay the cost of issuing debt.	1,117.00	141,643.43	-	-
Total \$	2,179,008.40 \$	896,906.37 \$	\$	

- (1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.
- (3) The voters of Dooly County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.

  Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- (4) In addition to the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding as follows:

Prior Years	\$ 529,675.10
Current Year	 182,000.00
Total	\$ 711,675.10

#### Section II

**Compliance and Internal Control Reports** 



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Sherrod Willaford, Superintendent and Members of the
Dooly County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Dooly County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2025. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in finding FS 2023-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in finding FS 2023-002 to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lugs Lugg

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

October 16, 2025



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Sherrod Willaford, Superintendent and Members of the
Dooly County Board of Education

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Dooly County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in finding FA 2023-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lufy

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

October 16, 2025

### Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2022-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2021-001, FS 2020-001, FS 2019-001, FS 2018-001, FS

2017-001, FS 2016-001, FS 2015-001

Finding Status: Unresolved

Procedures are being implemented to strengthen the internal controls over the accounting functions. The School District is implementing compensating controls to assist in assuring that transactions are properly processed and reported in fiscal year 2024.

FS 2021-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2020-001, FS 2019-001, FS 2018-001, FS 2017-001,

FS 2016-001 FS 2015-001

Finding Status: Unresolved

*See response to finding number FS* 2022-001.

FS 2020-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office

**Repeat of Prior Year Finding:** FS 2019-001, FS 2018-001, FS 2017-001, FS 2016-001,

FS 2015-001

Finding Status: Unresolved

See response to finding number FS 2022-001.

FS 2019-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office

**Repeat of Prior Year Finding:** FS 2018-001, FS 2017-001, FS 2016-001, FS 2015-001

Finding Status: Unresolved

See response to finding number FS 2022-001.

FS 2018-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2017-001, FS 2016-001, FS 2015-001

Finding Status: Unresolved

See response to finding number FS 2022-001.

# DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FS 2017-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2016-001, FS 2015-001

Finding Status: Unresolved

See response to finding number FS 2022-001.

FS 2016-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2015-001

Finding Status: Unresolved

See response to finding number FS 2022-001.

FS 2015-001 Accounting Control Procedures

Finding Status: Unresolved

See response to finding number FS 2022-001.

FS 2022-002 Strengthen Information Technology General Controls

**Repeat of Prior Year Finding:** None

Finding Status: Unresolved

The accounting procedures have been reviewed to design, develop, and implement IT policies and procedures to strengthen the logical access controls over the district's financial accounting system. The IT internal controls will ensure that the integrity of the information that is utilized by management for decision-making and financial reporting is correct and non-compromised.

### DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2022-001 Improve Controls over Equipment

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture, U.S. Department of

Education

Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FA 2021-001, FA 2020-001, FA 2019-003, FA 2018-002,

FA 2017-004

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

Procedures are being implemented to strengthen controls over equipment to ensure that the records are complete and accurate in fiscal year 2024.

FA 2021-001 Improve Controls over Equipment
Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FA 2020-001, FA 2019-003, FA 2018-002, FA 2017-004

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

See response to finding number FA 2022-001.

FA 2020-001 Improve Controls over Equipment

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture, U.S. Department of

**Education** 

**Pass-Through Entity:** Georgia Department of Education **Repeat of Prior Year Finding:** FA 2019-003, FA 2018-002, FA 2017-004

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

See response to finding number FA 2022-001.

FA 2019-003 Improve Controls over Equipment

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture, U.S. Department of

**Education** 

Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FA 2018-002, FA 2017-004

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

See response to finding number FA 2022-001.

## DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FA 2018-002 Improve Controls over Equipment

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture, U.S. Department of

Education

Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

**Repeat of Prior Year Finding:** FA 2017-004

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

See response to finding number FA 2022-001.

FA 2017-004 Improve Controls over Equipment
Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Education
Fass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

See response to finding number FA 2022-001.

Section IV

**Findings and Questioned Costs** 

#### I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund, and Fiduciary Activities

Fiduciary Activities Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?Significant deficiency identified?Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

#### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency identified?Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Yes

Identification of major programs:

<u>Assistance Listing Number</u> <u>Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title</u>

10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.425 Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

#### **II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

#### FS 2023-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office

**Internal Control Impact:** Material Weakness

**Repeat of Prior Year Finding:** FS 2022-001, FS 2021-001, FS 2020-001, FS 2019-001,

FS 2018-001, FS 2017-001, FS 2016-001, FS 2015-001

#### **Description:**

The School District's accounting procedures at the Central Office are not sufficient to ensure prevention or timely detection of errors over key financial processes, specifically those related to cash management, separation of duties over expenditures and revenues, employee compensation process and capital asset maintenance.

#### Criteria:

The School District's management is responsible for designing and maintaining a system of internal controls that provides reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized, recorded, and reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These controls should ensure

#### Condition:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

- The School District did not have adequate internal controls to ensure segregation of duties between the bank reconciliation function and recordkeeping functions.
- One bank reconciliation was not signed or dated by either the preparer or reviewer.
- Seven bank reconciliations were not signed or dated by the reviewer.
- Two bank reconciliations were not dated by the preparer, and the review date was backdated.
- Fifteen of the 18 June bank reconciliations did not agree to the general ledger, primarily due to significant unposted activity. Although these variances were corrected in the financial statements prior to the audit, the discrepancies occurred because bank reconciliations were not prepared accurately or timely. The lack of proper reconciliations increase the risk of undetected errors or misstatements. Notably:
  - o The general operating account differed from the general ledger by \$2,596,587.31.
  - o The SPLOST Georgia Fund 1 account differed by \$834,480.46.
- One bank reconciliation included transfers in the amount of \$2,398,407.62 that were not recorded in the accounting system.
- Three bank reconciliations included insignificant reconciling items that did not agree with supporting documentation.
- One bank reconciliation contained unreconcilable items totaling \$1,441.94.
- One bank reconciliation included two payroll checks that were outstanding for more than one year.
- The School District did not provide statements for the four certificates of deposit and one savings account.

• Ten out of 18 June bank reconciliations were not completed and/or reviewed within 45 days as recommended by best practices. Based on available documentation and report print dates, five reconciliations were prepared at least nine months after year-end, one was completed nearly a year after, one had no reconciliation at all, one lacked evidence of verification despite agreeing to the general ledger, and two appeared to be backdated, with reviewer dates of 6/30/23 but supporting reports printed in July.

#### Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

• The School District did not have adequate internal controls to ensure proper separation of duties. Specifically, the asset custody and reconciliation functions were not separated from the recordkeeping function, bank reconciliation and the journal entry functions.

#### Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

• The School District did not have adequate internal controls to ensure separation of duties. The individual responsible for initiating purchase orders also had responsibilities for issuing checks, reconciling bank statements, and recording journal entries.

#### **Employee Compensation**

- The School District did not have adequate procedures to ensure proper separation of duties or to verify that employee compensation expenditures were properly documented, accurately calculated, and approved prior to disbursement.
- A review of 14 employee salary records identified two overpayments totaling \$14,733.49, which resulted from unapproved salary supplements.
- The general ledger balance for salaries and benefits payable did not reconcile to the subsidiary ledger, resulting in an unreconciled variance of \$71,355.04.
- The reported compensated absences liability included \$65,374.00 for leave balances in excess of the ten-day limit allowed under School District policy.

#### **Capital Assets**

- Our review of 15 fully depreciated assets revealed six assets that could not be located or were no longer in use.
- The School District could not provide evidence that a physical inventory of capital assets was conducted.
- Construction project expenses totaling \$443,024.39 were not capitalized as construction work-in-progress, as required by accounting standards.
- The School District did not maintain an up to date capital asset listing during the fiscal year.
- Land improvements were depreciated over 15 years, in contrast to the School District's capital assets policy, which specifies a useful life range of 20 to 80 years.
- The School District did not evaluate potential leasing arrangements under GASB Statement No. 87 or assess Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96.

#### Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, they stated that these issues were a result of a lack of separation of duties and internal control procedures within the finance department due to lack of experience and training.

#### **Effect:**

Without satisfactory accounting controls and procedures in place, the School District could place itself in a position where potential misappropriation of assets could occur. In addition, the lack of controls impacted its reporting of financial position and results of operations.

#### **Recommendation:**

The School District should evaluate its current accounting procedures and implement appropriate controls within the areas noted above to strengthen internal controls over financial reporting. Management should ensure that proper segregation of duties exists across key accounting functions. Where segregation of duties is not feasible due to staffing or cost constraints, compensating controls should be established to help ensure that transactions are properly authorized, recorded, and reported.

#### **Views of Responsible Officials:**

We concur with this finding.

#### FS 2023-002 Strengthen Information Technology General Controls

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2022-002

#### **Description:**

The Dooly County Board of Education (School District) should strengthen logical access controls over its financial accounting system.

#### Criteria:

The School District is responsible for the effective operation of financial systems and related control activities. This includes information technology general controls (ITGCs) which are designed to ensure the integrity, availability and confidentiality of financial information. It also includes the implementation of policies and procedures that support the effective operation of the ITGCs.

#### **Condition:**

We noted the School District did not have adequate general controls in operation to protect the integrity, availability and confidentiality of information maintained in significant financial applications.

In accordance with the Official Code of Georgia (O.C.G.A.) §50-6-9(b), due to the sensitive nature of the deficiencies noted, we have communicated the findings to management and to those charged with governance: however, we have elected not to issue the specific findings to the public.

#### Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, they stated that these issues were a result of a lack of separation of duties and internal control procedures within the finance department due to lack of experience and training.

#### **Effect:**

The conditions noted do not promote availability, confidentiality, and integrity of information assets and the ability to achieve business objectives.

#### **Recommendation:**

The School District should strengthen information technology general controls, including complete development of IT policies and procedures. Strengthening logical access controls will assist in ensuring the integrity of information which is utilized by management for decision making and financial reporting.

#### **Views of Responsible Officials:**

We concur with this finding.

#### III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FA 2023-001 Improve Controls over Equipment

**Compliance Requirement:** Equipment and Real Property Management

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact:Nonmaterial NoncomplianceFederal Awarding Agency:U.S. Department of AgriculturePass-Through Entity:Georgia Department of EducationAL Numbers and Titles:10.553 – School Breakfast Program

10.555 – National School Lunch Program

Federal Award Number: 235GA324N1199

**Federal Awarding Agency:**U.S. Department of Education **Pass-Through Entity:**Georgia Department of Education

**AL Numbers and Titles:** COVID-19 – 84.425D – Elementary and Secondary School

**Emergency Relief Fund** 

COVID-19 – 84.425U – American Rescue Plan Elementary and

Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund

COVID-19 – 84.425W – American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – Homeless

Children and Youth

**Federal Award Numbers:** S425D200012 (Year: 2020), S425D210012 (Year: 2021)

S425U210012 (Year: 2021), S425W210011 (Year: 2021)

**Questioned Costs:**None Identified

**Repeat of Prior Year Findings:** FA 2022-001, FA 2021-001, FA 2020-001, FA 2019-003,

FA 2018-002, FA 2017-004

#### **Description:**

The policies and procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls over equipment and real property management as it relates to the Child Nutrition Cluster and Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund programs.

#### **Background:**

The Child Nutrition Cluster (CNC) is comprised of various programs that are intended to assist states in administering and overseeing food service program operators that provide healthful, nutritious meals to eligible children in public and non-profit private schools, residential child care institutions, and summer programs. This Cluster of programs also fosters healthy eating habits in children by providing fresh fruits and fresh vegetables to children attending elementary and secondary schools and encourages the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was signed into law. The CARES Act was designed to mitigate the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in a variety of ways, including providing additional funding for local educational agencies (LEAs) navigating the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak. Provisions included in Title VIII of the CARES Act created the Education Stabilization Fund to provide financial resources to educational entities to prevent, prepare

for, and respond to coronavirus. The CARES Act allocated \$30.75 billion, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act allocated an additional \$81.9 billion, and the American Rescue Plan Act added \$165.1 billion in funding to the Education Stabilization Fund. Multiple Education Stabilization Fund subprograms were created and allotted funding through the various COVID-19-related legislation. Of these programs, the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund was created to address the impact that COVID-19 has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the nation.

CNC and ESSER funding was granted to the Georgia Department of Education (GDOE) by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and U.S. Department of Education (ED), respectively. GaDOE is responsible for distributing funds to LEAs and overseeing the programs. CNC funds totaling \$1,454,105.03 and ESSER funds totaling \$3,264,441.95 were expended and reported on the Dooly County Board of Education's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) for fiscal year 2023.

#### Criteria:

As a recipient of federal awards, the School District is required to establish and maintain effective internal control over federal awards that provides reasonable assurance of managing the federal awards in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal awards pursuant to Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), Section 200.303 – Internal Controls.

Provisions included in the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.313(d)(1) state, "Property records must be maintained that include a description of the property, a serial number or other identification number, the source of funding for the property (including the FAIN), who holds title, the acquisition date, and cost of the property, percentage of Federal participation in the project costs for the Federal award under which the property was acquired, the location, use and condition of the property, and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property." In addition, the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.313(d)(2) states, "A physical inventory of the property must be taken and the results reconciled with the property records at least once every two years."

#### **Condition:**

The following deficiencies were noted when reviewing the CNC and ESSER equipment listings and physically locating equipment items:

- Property records did not include the following required components for CNC equipment items: (1) Percentage of Federal participation in the project costs for the Federal award under which the property was acquired, (2) the source of funding for the property (including the FAIN), and (3) who holds title.
- Property records did not include the following required components for Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund equipment items: (1) Percentage of Federal participation in the project costs for the Federal award under which the property was acquired, (2) who holds title, and (3) use and condition of the property.
- Two equipment items purchased in the current fiscal year and one equipment item purchased in the prior fiscal year using ESSER funds totaling \$564,578.61 were omitted from the equipment listing.

There was no evidence that a physical inventory had been performed in either the current year
or the previous year.

#### Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, they stated these issues were a result of turnover within the Central Office.

#### **Effect:**

Failure to maintain a complete and accurate equipment listing and reconcile results of the physical inventory performed to the property records exposes the School District to unnecessary risk of error and misuse of equipment and/or Federal funds. Additionally, the School District is not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance and GaDOE guidance.

#### **Recommendation:**

The School District should develop and maintain equipment listings that reflect all required information, including a description, an identifying number, the source of funding, the title holder, the acquisition date, the cost, the percentage of Federal participation in the project costs, the location, the use and condition, and any ultimate disposal data for each piece of equipment. In addition, management should implement controls to ensure that a complete physical inventory of equipment is performed for every Federal program, and the results are reconciled back to the equipment listings at least once every two years.

#### **Views of Responsible Officials:**

We concur with this finding.

#### Section V

Management's Corrective Action



#### **DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Superintendent's Office

202 Cotton Street Vienna, Georgia 31092-1598 Phone: (229) 268-4761 Fax: (229) 268-6148

#### **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

FS 2023-001 Internal Controls at the Central Office

**Internal Control Impact:** 

Material Weakness

**Compliance Impact:** 

None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding:

FS 2022-001, FS 2021-001, FS 2020-001, FS 2019-001, FS 2018-001, FS 2017-001, FS 2016-001, FS 2015-001

**Description:** 

The School District's accounting procedures at the Central Office are not sufficient to ensure prevention or timely detection of errors over key financial processes, specifically those related to cash management, separation of duties over expenditures and revenues, employee compensation process and capital asset maintenance.

#### **Corrective Action Plans:**

To strengthen internal controls, the district has outsourced its monthly bank reconciliations to ensure accuracy, independence, and timeliness, while requiring all reconciliations to be signed, dated, and reviewed with supporting documentation. Segregation of duties has been improved by separating responsibilities for deposits, purchase orders, check issuance, journal entries, and payroll processing, with the CFO providing final review and approval of high-risk items. Employee compensation changes will require written authorization, payroll will be reconciled monthly and leave balances will be monitored quarterly. A full physical inventory of capital assets will be completed by December 31, 2025. To ensure accountability, the CFO will hold monthly meetings with the finance team and provide both internal and external training opportunities for the finance staff. These measures are designed to remediate deficiencies, reduce risk, and strengthen financial operations in a sustainable manner.

**Estimated Completion Date:** 12/31/2025

**Contact Person:** Christopher Stephens, Chief Financial Officer

**Telephone:** 229-268-4761

**Email:** christopher.stephens@dooly.k12.ga.us

FS 2023-002 Strengthen Information Technology General Controls

Internal Control Impact:

Significant Deficiency

**Compliance Impact:** 

None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding:

FS 2022-002

SUPERINTENDENT Dr. Sherrod Willaford MEMBERS OF THE BOARD Sherri Taylor, Chair Miranda Barron, Vice Chair Michael Bowens Minnie Harper Norman Dexter



#### **DOOLY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Superintendent's Office

**202 Cotton Street** 

Vienna, Georgia 31092-1598 Phone: (229) 268-4761

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#### **Description:**

The Dooly County Board of Education (School District) should strengthen logical access controls over its financial accounting system.

#### **Corrective Action Plans:**

Management has reviewed the accounting procedures and has designed, developed, and implemented IT policies and procedures to strengthen the logical access controls over the district's financial accounting system. The IT internal controls will ensure that the integrity of the information that is utilized by management for decision making and financial reporting is correct and non-compromised.

**Estimated Completion Date: 7/1/2025** 

Contact Person: Christopher Stephens, Chief Financial Officer

**Telephone:** 229-268-4761

Email: christopher.stephens@dooly.k12.ga.us

#### **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

#### FA 2023-001 Improve Controls over Equipment

**Compliance Requirement:** Equipment and Real Property Management

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

**Compliance Impact:** Material Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture

**Pass-Through Entity:**Georgia Department of Education **Assistance Listing Number and Title:**10.553 – School Breakfast Program

Assistance Listing Number and Title: 10.553 – School Breakfast Program 10.555 – National School Lunch Program

Federal Award Number: 235GA324N1199

**Federal Awarding Agency:**U.S. Department of Education **Pass-Through Entity:**Georgia Department of Education

Assistance Listing Number and Title: COVID-19 - 84.425D - Elementary and Secondary School

**Emergency Relief Fund** 

COVID-19 – 84.425U – American Rescue Plan Elementary and

Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund

COVID-19 – 84.425W – American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – Homeless

SUPERINTENDENT Dr. Sherrod Willaford

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

Sherri Taylor, Chair

Miranda Barron, Vice Chair

Michael Bowens Minnie Harper Norman Dexter



Federal Award Number:

**Questioned Costs:** 

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Children and Youth

S425D200012 (Year: 2020), S425D210012 (Year: 2021)

S425U210012 (Year: 2021), S425W210011 (Year: 2021)

None Identified

**Repeat of Prior Year Finding:** FA 2022-001, FA 2021-001, FA 2020-001, FA 2019-003,

FA 2018-002, FA 2017-004

**Description:** 

The policies and procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls over equipment and real property management as it relates to the Child Nutrition Cluster and Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund programs.

#### **Corrective Action Plans:**

Management has strengthened controls over equipment to ensure that the records are complete, accurate and reflect all required information. We are in the process of developing a physical inventory list of equipment. The inventory listing will have all identifying information such as an item description, an identifying number, the source of funding, the title holder, the acquisition date, the cost, the percentage of federal participation in the project costs, the location of the equipment, the use and condition of the equipment, and any ultimate disposal data for each piece of equipment. A complete physical inventory will be performed each year and reconciled with the equipment listing.

**Estimated Completion Date:** 12/31/2025

Contact Person: Christopher Stephens, Chief Financial Officer

**Telephone:** 229-268-4761

Email: christopher.stephens@dooly.k12.ga.us

Signature:

Title:

Superintendent

SUPERINTENDENT Dr. Sherrod Willaford MEMBERS OF THE BOARD Sherri Taylor, Chair Miranda Barron, Vice Chair Michael Bowens Minnie Harper Norman Dexter