

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT • FISCAL YEAR 2024

Pierce County Board of Education Blackshear, Georgia

Including Independent Auditor's Report



Pierce County Board of Education

Table of Contents

Financial

Independent Auditor's Report

Exhibits

В	asic Financial Statements	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements	
A B		1 2
	Fund Financial Statements	
C	Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	3
D	to the Statement of Net Position	4
E	Governmental Funds	5
F	Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
	to the Statement of Activities	6
G	Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	8
Sche	dules	
Requ	ired Supplementary Information	
1	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
	Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	35
	Schedule of Contributions – Teachers Retirement System of Georgia	36
2	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public	
	School Employees Retirement System of Georgia	37
3		
	School OPEB Fund	38
4		39
5	Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	40
6	, 1	
	Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund	41

Supplementary Information

7	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	42
8	Schedule of State Revenue	44
9	Schedule of Approved Local Option Sales Tax Projects	46

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section V

Management's Corrective Action for Current Year Findings

Schedule of Management's Corrective Action

Section I

Financial



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mrs. Dara Bennett, Superintendent and Members of the
Pierce County Board of Education

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Pierce County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, in 2024, the School District restated the prior period financial statements to correct errors. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2025 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

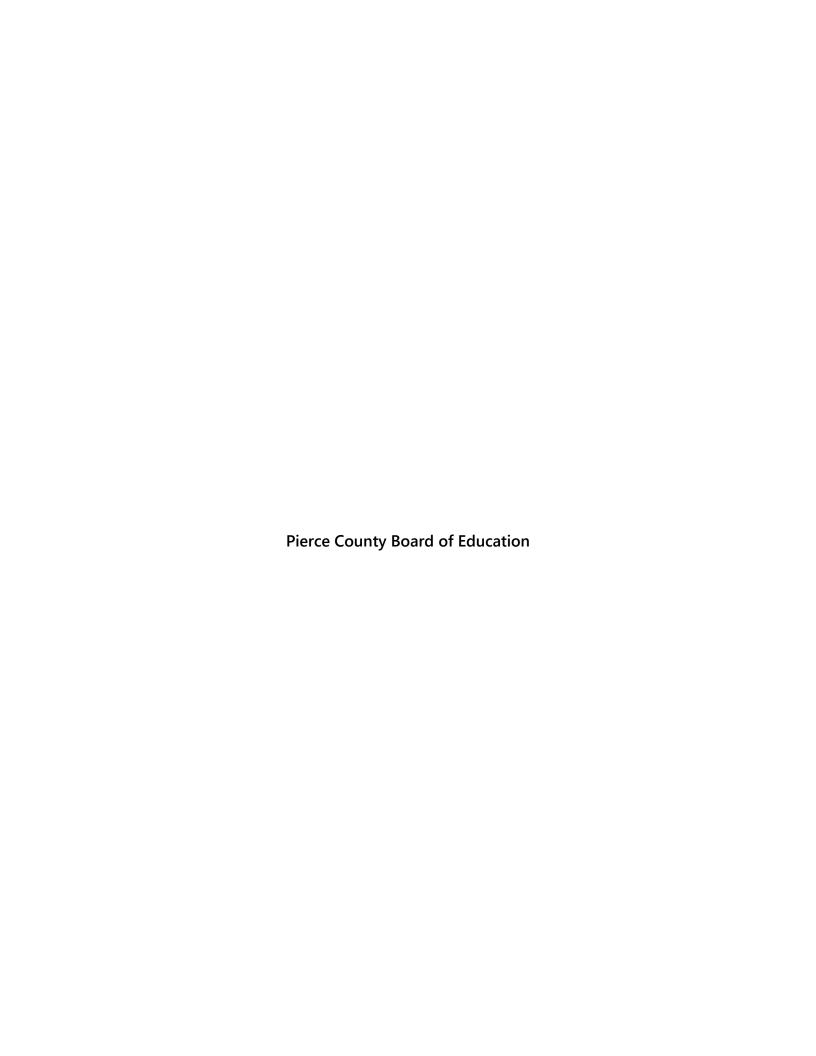
A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 16, 2025



PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 21,439,398.21
Accounts Receivable, Net	4 0 40 004 54
Taxes	1,042,891.51
State Government	3,926,516.83
Federal Government	1,804,205.60
Inventories	110,950.89
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	1,175,816.99
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization)	66,535,121.31
Total Assets	96,034,901.34
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	14,729,004.00
Related to OPEB Plan	6,759,560.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	21,488,564.00
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	442,966.34
Salaries and Benefits Payable	4,969,130.90
Interest Payable	306,550.00
Retainages Payable	30,499.31
Net Pension Liability	44,597,333.00
Net OPEB Liability	22,010,225.00
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	679,617.35
Due in More Than One Year	16,530,262.71
Total Liabilities	89,566,584.61
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	1,378,194.00
Related to OPEB Plan	9,298,759.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,676,953.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	50,647,714.02
Restricted for	
Continuation of Federal Programs	1,253,664.00
Debt Service	906,550.00
Capital Projects	3,411,145.46
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(38,939,145.75)
Total Net Position	\$ 17,279,927.73

				PROGRAM REVENUES			NET (EXPENSES)	
	_	EXPENSES	_	CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$	34,378,038.45	\$	421,009.67	\$	25,586,764.06 \$	(8,370,264.72)	
Support Services	•			·		, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Pupil Services		4,706,984.77		_		1,367,363.38	(3,339,621.39)	
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,724,064.77		-		1,068,771.85	(655,292.92)	
Educational Media Services		811,449.33		-		607,722.04	(203,727.29)	
General Administration		767,036.44		-		841,978.89	74,942.45	
School Administration		3,241,904.09		-		1,247,197.58	(1,994,706.51)	
Business Administration		511,886.78		-		5,831.63	(506,055.15)	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		3,458,276.52		-		1,633,029.78	(1,825,246.74)	
Student Transportation Services		2,315,066.05		-		791,235.71	(1,523,830.34)	
Central Support Services		563,145.14		-		4,484.89	(558,660.25)	
Other Support Services		32,248.00		-		211.11	(32,036.89)	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services								
Food Services		3,660,067.75		225,968.20		2,808,763.44	(625,336.11)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		576,943.28	_			<u>-</u>	(576,943.28)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	56,747,111.37	\$ <u></u>	646,977.87	\$	35,963,354.36	(20,136,779.14)	
	Ge	eneral Revenues Taxes Property Taxes For Maintenance a	and	Operations			10,605,182.74	
		Sales Taxes						
		Special Purpose Lo	ocal	Option Sales Tax				
		For Capital P	roje	cts			2,799,202.96	
		Other Sales Tax					96,166.85	
		Grants and Contribution	ns n	ot Restricted to Specif	ic Pro	grams	4,141,232.00	
		Investment Earnings					472,246.59	
		Miscellaneous					1,853,773.58	
	Sp	ecial Item						
		Gain on Disposal of Cap	pital	Assets			33,878.03	
		Total General R	Reve	nues and Special Item			20,001,682.75	
	Change in Net Position						(135,096.39)	
	Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Previously Presented Error Correction						16,838,993.08	
							576,031.04	
		Net Position - Beginnin	g of	Year, as Restated			17,415,024.12	
	Net Position - End of Year					17,279,927.73		

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

		GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	_	DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,010,956.95	\$	4,428,441.26	\$	-	\$	21,439,398.21
Accounts Receivable, Net								
Taxes		804,093.07		238,798.44		-		1,042,891.51
State Government		3,926,516.83		-		-		3,926,516.83
Federal Government		1,804,205.60		-		-		1,804,205.60
Inventories	_	110,950.89	_	-	_	-		110,950.89
Total Assets	\$ _	23,656,723.34	\$ _	4,667,239.70	\$	-	= \$ =	28,323,963.04
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	307,016.34	\$	135,950.00	\$	-	\$	442,966.34
Salaries and Benefits Payable		4,969,130.90		-		-		4,969,130.90
Retainages Payable		-		30,499.31		-		30,499.31
Total Liabilities	_	5,276,147.24		166,449.31		-		5,442,596.55
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		440,091.62		-		-		440,091.62
Unavailable Revenue - State Funds		440,550.00		-		-		440,550.00
Total Deferred Inflows	_	880,641.62		-		-		880,641.62
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		110,950.89		-		-		110,950.89
Restricted		1,142,713.11		4,457,796.15		-		5,600,509.26
Assigned		839,017.71		42,994.24		-		882,011.95
Unassigned		15,407,252.77		-		-		15,407,252.77
Total Fund Balances	_	17,499,934.48		4,500,790.39	_	-		22,000,724.87
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ _	23,656,723.34	\$	4,667,239.70	\$	-	\$ _	28,323,963.04

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")	\$	22,000,724.87
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are		
different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 720,475.90	
Construction in progress	455,341.09	
Buildings and improvements	80,368,635.29	
Equipment	6,100,511.41	
Land improvements	3,145,736.04	
Intagible assets	160,240.56	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (23,240,001.99)	67,710,938.30
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability	\$ (44,597,333.00)	
Net OPEB liability	 (22,010,225.00)	(66,607,558.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions	\$ 13,350,810.00	
Related to OPEB	 (2,539,199.00)	10,811,611.00
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		440,091.62
State funds that are not available to pay current period expenditures are		
deferred in the funds.		440,550.00
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable	\$ (16,075,000.00)	
Accrued interest payable	(306,550.00)	
Intergovernmental agreement	(202,043.51)	
Unamortized bond premiums	 (932,836.55)	(17,516,430.06)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")	\$	17,279,927.73
	=	

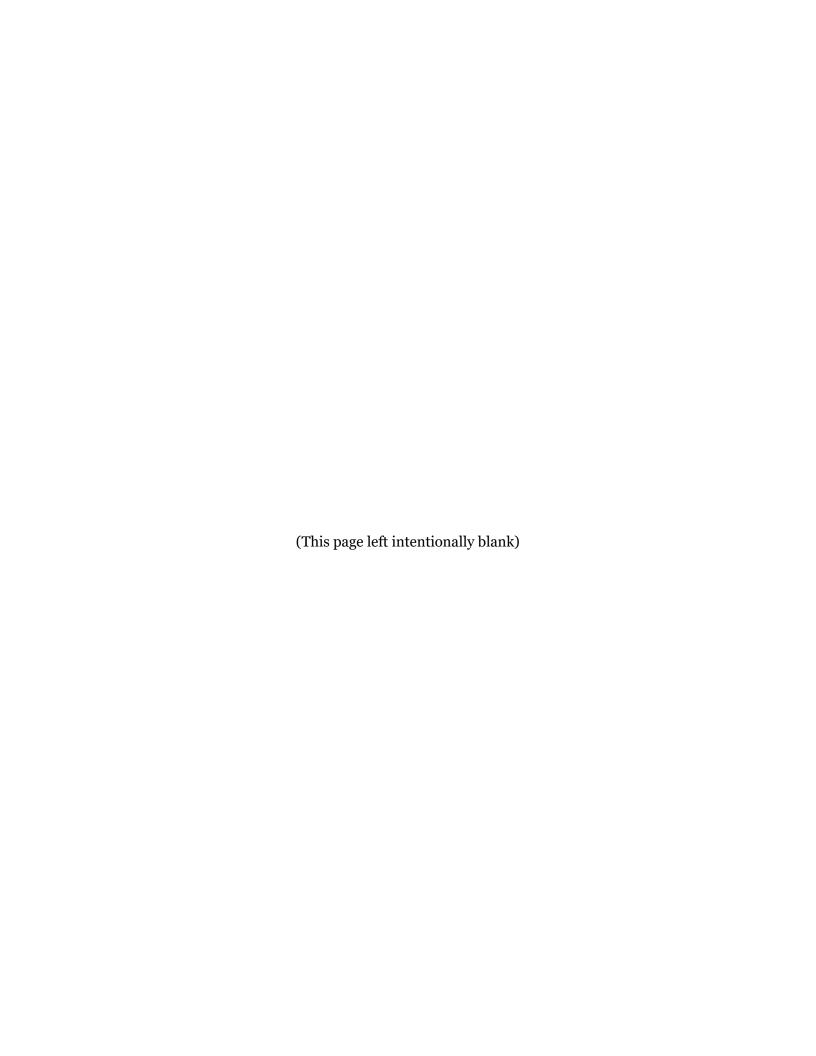
PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>					
Property Taxes	\$	10,561,629.11 \$	- \$	- \$	10,561,629.11
Sales Taxes		96,166.85	2,799,202.96	-	2,895,369.81
State Funds		31,457,939.28	-	-	31,457,939.28
Federal Funds		8,609,919.51	-	-	8,609,919.51
Charges for Services		646,977.87	-	-	646,977.87
Investment Earnings		264,100.96	208,145.63	-	472,246.59
Miscellaneous	_	1,852,602.86	1,170.72	<u> </u>	1,853,773.58
Total Revenues	_	53,489,336.44	3,008,519.31	-	56,497,855.75
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		30,983,050.45	-	-	30,983,050.45
Support Services					
Pupil Services		4,036,048.06	-	-	4,036,048.06
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,610,244.94	-	-	1,610,244.94
Educational Media Services		692,802.70	-	-	692,802.70
General Administration		718,080.25	-	-	718,080.25
School Administration		2,969,047.45	-	-	2,969,047.45
Business Administration		469,839.77	4,000.00	-	473,839.77
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		3,309,375.85	-	-	3,309,375.85
Student Transportation Services		1,916,362.23	135,950.00	-	2,052,312.23
Central Support Services		548,712.23	-	-	548,712.23
Other Support Services		32,248.00	-	-	32,248.00
Food Services Operation		3,628,756.52	-	-	3,628,756.52
Capital Outlay		-	885,825.86	-	885,825.86
Debt Services					
Principal		26,905.53	-	575,000.00	601,905.53
Interest	_	7,042.53		630,350.00	637,392.53
Total Expenditures	_	50,948,516.51	1,025,775.86	1,205,350.00	53,179,642.37
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	2,540,819.93	1,982,743.45	(1,205,350.00)	3,318,213.38
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Insurance Proceeds		-	85,468.00	-	85,468.00
Transfers In		-	50,482.00	1,205,350.00	1,255,832.00
Transfers Out	_	(50,482.00)	(1,205,350.00)	- -	(1,255,832.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(50,482.00)	(1,069,400.00)	1,205,350.00	85,468.00
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,490,337.93	913,343.45	-	3,403,681.38
Fund Balances - Beginning, as Previously Presented		15,009,596.55	3,732,927.90	-	18,742,524.45
Error Correction	_	<u> </u>	(145,480.96)		(145,480.96)
Fund Balances - Beginning, as Restated	_	15,009,596.55	3,587,446.94	<u> </u>	18,597,043.49
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ _	17,499,934.48 \$	4,500,790.39 \$	\$	22,000,724.87

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")			\$ 3,403,681.38
The restatement for error correction of capital outlays from a prior period represents a decrease in beginning fund balance and an increase in beginning net position.			(140,481.00)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,			
in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense.			
Capital outlay	\$	1,732,436.93	
Depreciation and amortization expense	_	(3,247,760.55)	(1,515,323.62)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets			
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net position.			(51,589.97)
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			43,553.63
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt			
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither			
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds			
report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the			
carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when			
debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement			
of Activities.			
Bond principal retirements	\$	575,000.00	
Amortization of bond premium		51,824.25	
Intergovernmental agreement payments	_	26,905.53	653,729.78
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the			
governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred			
outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported			
net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date.			
Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability			
adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
	\$	(2 906 607 50)	
Pension expense OPEB expense	Ф	(3,896,607.59) 1,359,316.00	(2,537,291.59)
Of LB expense	_	1,333,310.00	(2,331,231.33)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of			
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds.			
Net decrease in accrued interest			8,625.00
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")			\$ (135,096.39)



NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Pierce County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
 management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all
 financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general longterm principal and interest.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all

intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2024, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The adoption of this statement did have a material impact on the School District's financial statements. The cumulative effect of GASB Statement No. 100 is described in the restatement note.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Inventories

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first in, first out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Amortization of intangible assets such as water, timber and mineral rights, easements, patents, trademarks, copyrights, and internally generated software is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		Capitalization	Estimated
		Policy	Useful Life
	_		
Land		Any Amount	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	50,000.00	15 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	50,000.00	25 to 60 years
Equipment	\$	10,000.00	5 to 12 years
Intangible Assets	\$	50,000.00	10 to 20 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts

should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

The Pierce County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2023 tax digest year (calendar year) on November 29, 2023 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2023. Taxes were due on February 20, 2024 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2023 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2024. The Pierce County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$9,147,789.66.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2023 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 14.00 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$1,413,839.45 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Sales Taxes

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$2,799,202.96 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is

advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Collateralization of Deposits

O.C.G.A. §45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. §45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Categorization of Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2024, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$17,063,359.11, and a bank

balance of \$18,563,791.81. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$500,000.00 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$18,063,791.81.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents		
Statement of Net Position	\$	21,439,398.21
Less:		
Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents		
Georgia Fund 1		4,376,039.10
-	_	
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2024	\$	17,063,359.11

Categorization of Cash Equivalents

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$4,376,039.10 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Fitch. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2024 was 33 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Restated Balances July, 1 2023	Increases	Decreases	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balances June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities	_					
Capital Assets,						
Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	720,475.90 \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	720,475.90
Construction in Progress	_	2,078,489.29	808,398.94	-	 (2,431,547.14)	455,341.09
Total Capital Assets						
Not Being Depreciated	_	2,798,965.19	808,398.94		 (2,431,547.14)	1,175,816.99
Capital Assets,						
Being Depreciated/Amortized:						
Buildings and Improvements		77,709,045.45	513,023.22	-	2,146,566.62	80,368,635.29
Equipment		6,324,417.27	333,264.77	435,264.15	(121,906.48)	6,100,511.41
Land Improvements		2,744,417.42	77,750.00	83,318.38	406,887.00	3,145,736.04
Intangible Assets		160,240.56	-	-	-	160,240.56
Less Accumulated						
Depreciation/Amortization:						
Buildings and Improvements		15,041,149.80	2,714,020.27	-	86,564.08	17,841,734.15
Equipment		3,895,870.08	447,750.70	383,674.18	(100,252.51)	3,859,694.09
Land Improvements		1,390,206.80	79,715.52	83,318.38	13,688.43	1,400,292.37
Intangible Assets	_	132,007.32	6,274.06	-	 -	138,281.38
Total Capital Assets						
Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	_	66,478,886.70	(2,323,722.56)	51,589.97	 2,431,547.14	66,535,121.31
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets - Net	\$_	69,277,851.89 \$	(1,515,323.62) \$	51,589.97	\$ - \$	67,710,938.30

Current year depreciation and amortization expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	1,806,635.61
Support Services			
Pupil Services	\$ 451,611.66		
Improvements of Instructional Services	46,535.38		
Educational Media Services	53,174.04		
School Administration	15,153.38		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	224,207.38		
Student Transportation Services	 484,827.34		1,275,509.18
Food Services		_	165,615.76
		\$	3,247,760.55

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	 Transfers From							
		(Capital Projects					
Transfers to	 General Fund		Fund	_	Total			
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 50,482.00	\$	-		50,482.00			
Debt Service Fund	 -	_	1,205,350.00		1,205,350.00			
Total	\$ 50,482.00	\$_	1,205,350.00	\$_	1,255,832.00			

Transfers are used to move property tax revenues collected by the general fund to the capital projects fund as required match or supplemental funding source for capital construction projects, and to move Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) revenues collected by the capital projects fund to the debt service fund for payment of debt.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities								
		Balance						Balance		Due Within
	_	July 1, 2023	_	Additions		Deductions	_	June 30, 2024	_	One Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	\$	16,650,000.00	\$	-	\$	575,000.00	\$	16,075,000.00	\$	600,000.00
Unamortized Bond Premiums		984,660.80		-		51,824.25		932,836.55		51,824.25
Intergovernmental Agreement		228,949.04	_	-		26,905.53	_	202,043.51		27,793.10
	_									
	\$_	17,863,609.84	\$	-	\$	653,729.78	\$_	17,209,880.06	\$_	679,617.35

General Obligation Bonds

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

In the event the School District is unable to meet the general obligation bond debt service requirements using Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) proceeds, the debt will be satisfied from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District.

Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

		Maturity							
Description	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	_	Outstanding			
General Government - Series 2017	2.00% - 4.00%	7/19/2017	1/1/2043 \$	19,020,000.00	\$	16,075,000.00			

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

		General Ob	_	Unamortized		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal		Interest		Bond Premium
2025	\$	600,000.00	\$	613,100.00	\$	51,824.25
2026		620,000.00		589,100.00		51,824.25
2027		640,000.00		564,300.00		51,824.25
2028		670,000.00		538,700.00		51,824.25
2029		700,000.00		511,900.00		51,824.25
2030 - 2034		3,875,000.00		2,157,100.00		259,121.25
2035 - 2039		4,590,000.00		1,433,562.50		259,121.25
2040 - 2043	_	4,380,000.00		446,600.00		155,472.80
	_					
Total Principal and Interest	\$_	16,075,000.00	\$_	6,854,362.50	\$	932,836.55

Intergovernmental Agreement

The Pierce County Board of Education entered into an agreement with the City of Blackshear, dated March 17, 2011, to provide water and sewer services to Midway Elementary School and water services to Pierce County High School. The principal amount of \$498,000.00 and interest at an annual rate of 3.25 percent will be paid over a twenty-year period.

The following assets were acquired through an intergovernmental agreement and are reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

	_	Governmental Activities
Buildings and Improvements Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$	498,000.00 112,050.00
	\$ _	385,950.00

Debt currently outstanding under intergovernmental agreement is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount	Amount
Purpose	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
Intergovernmental Agreement with				_		
City of Blackshear	3.25%	3/17/2011	2/8/2031	\$	498,000.00	\$ 202,043.51

The following is a schedule of total intergovernmental agreement payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		_	Interest
2025	\$	27,793.10	\$	6,154.96
2026		28,709.95		5,238.10
2027		29,657.05		4,291.01
2028		30,635.39		3,312.66
2029		31,646.01		2,302.05
2030 - 2031		53,602.01	_	1,499.88
	'-		_	
Total Principal and Interest	\$	202,043.51	\$	22,798.66

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

Workers' Compensation

Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program to reduce the risk of loss from employee accidents. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. The Fund provides statutory limits of coverage for Workers' Compensation coverage and a \$2,000,000 limit per occurrence for Employers' Liability coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement between the Fund and the Safety National Casualty Corporation to limit the Fund's exposure to large losses.

Unemployment Compensation

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The School District has not incurred any liabilities for unemployment claims during the last two fiscal years.

Surety Bond

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount
Superintendent	\$ 50,000.00

NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2024:

Nonspendable			
Inventories		\$	110,950.89
Restricted			
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 1,142,713.11		
Capital Projects	3,244,696.15		
Debt Service	 1,213,100.00	_	5,600,509.26
Assigned			
School Activity Accounts	\$ 839,017.71		
Local Capital Outlay Projects	 42,994.24	_	882,011.95
Unassigned			15,407,252.77
Fund Balance, June 30, 2024		\$	22,000,724.87

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of \$1.5 million. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Commitments Under Construction Contracts

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2024:

		Unearned		Payments		
		Executed	xecuted throu			
Project		Contracts (1)	_	June 30, 2024 (2)		
Pierce County High School - Gym Renovation	\$	4,714,721.93	\$	455,341.09		

- (1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.
- (2) Payments include retainages payable at year-end.

NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 12: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately

eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$811,528.00 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$22,010,225.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.200944%, which was an increase of 0.000499% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$547,788.00). At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	OPEB					
	_	Deferred		Deferred			
		Outflows of		Inflows of			
	_	Resources		Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	641,562.00	\$	6,321,595.00			
Changes of assumptions		3,998,825.00		2,748,743.00			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		13,205.00		-			
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,294,440.00		228,421.00			
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	811,528.00	_				
Total	\$ _	6,759,560.00	\$_	9,298,759.00			

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 OPEB			
2025	\$ (1,366,025.00)			
2026	\$ (883,317.00)			
2027	\$ (1,094,632.00)			
2028	\$ (276,381.00)			
2029	\$ 232,477.00			
Thereafter	\$ 37 151 00			

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.00%
Ultimate trend rate	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2032

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled or not disabled) as follows:

- For TRS members: Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% was used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 Projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table, with no adjustment, with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 101% for males and 103% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 General Disabled Mortality Table (ages set back three years for males and adjusted 103% for males and 106% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scaled applied generationally. Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Contingent Survivor Mortality Table (ages set forward two years and adjusted 104% for males and 99% for females) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally.

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*			
Fixed income	30.00%	1.50%			
Equities	70.00%	9.40%			
Total	100.00%				

^{*} Net of inflation

Discount Rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.68% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 3.57%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate as used for the long-term rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total OPEB liability. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.65% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employers will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2128.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.68%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.68%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.68%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	 (2.68%)		(3.68%)	_	(4.68%)	
School District's proportionate share						
of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 24,949,605.00	\$	22,010,225.00	\$	19,534,645.00	

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare				
	_	1% Decrease	_	Cost Trend Rate	_	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share						
of the Net OPEB liability	\$	18,958,891.00	\$	22,010,225.00	\$	25,771,862.00

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and

compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2024. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 19.98% of annual School District payroll, of which 19.79% of payroll was required from the School District and 0.19% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$4,608,757.00 and \$42,169.43 from the School District and the State, respectively.

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan Description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits Provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$16.00, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$64,827.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$44,597,333.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 44,597,333.00
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District	330,082.00
Total	\$ 44,927,415.00

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

At June 30, 2023, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.151053%, which was a decrease of 0.007013% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2024, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$465,707.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized pension expense of \$8,565,035.33 for TRS and \$84,053.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$59,671.00 for TRS and \$84,053.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	TRS						
		Deferred		Deferred				
		Outflows of		Inflows of				
	_	Resources		Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,264,593.00	\$	184,395.00				
Changes of assumptions		4,588,108.00		-				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,136,650.00		-				
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		130,896.00		1,193,799.00				
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	4,608,757.00						
Total	\$_	14,729,004.00	\$_	1,378,194.00				

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS
2025	\$ 2,631,056.00
2026	\$ 1,574,516.00
2027	\$ 5,789,549.00
2028	\$ (1,253,068.00)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 Projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Below- Median Annuitant	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 101%; Female: 103%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Below-Median Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 104%; Female: 99%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TRS/PSERS Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.90%
Domestic large stocks	46.30%	9.40%
Domestic small stocks	1.20%	13.40%
International developed market stocks	12.30%	9.40%
International emerging market stocks	5.20%	11.40%
Alternative	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of inflation

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 6.90%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be

available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	1% Decrease (5.90%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	1% Increase (7.90%)		
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	70,513,572.00	\$ 44,597,333.00	\$	23,433,236.00

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

NOTE 13: RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

During fiscal year 2024, the School District identified that certain transactions were not recorded in the prior fiscal year, resulting in errors in the reporting of its financial statements for fiscal year 2023. These errors resulted in a restatement of beginning net position for governmental activities totaling \$576,031.04, which consisted of accounts receivables for state revenues earned during the prior fiscal of \$440,550.00, uncapitalized costs for nondepreciable assets of \$140,481.00 and other expenses incurred in the prior year of \$4,999.96. In addition, a restatement of the capital projects fund totaling \$145,480.96 was required.

This restatement represents a correction of errors in previously issued financial statements and has been applied retrospectively.

Net Position, July 1, 2023, as previously reported	\$	16,838,993.08
Error Corrections:		
Correction of accounts receivables related to state revenues earned in a prior period		440,550.00
Correction of recorded balances for nondepreciable assets		140,481.00
Correction to reflect expenses incurred in a prior period		(4,999.96)
Net Position, July 1, 2023, as restated	\$	17,415,024.12
Fund Balance, Capital Projects Fund, July 1, 2023, as previously reported:	\$	3,732,927.90
Error Correction: Expenditures incurred in a prior period	_	(145,480.96)
Fund Balance, Capital Projects Fund, July 1, 2023, as restated	\$	3,587,446.94

NOTE 14: TAX ABATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, Pierce County abated property taxes due to the School District that were levied on November 29, 2023 and due on February 20, 2024 totaling \$137,403.00. Included in that amount abated, the following are individual tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10 percent of the total amount abated:

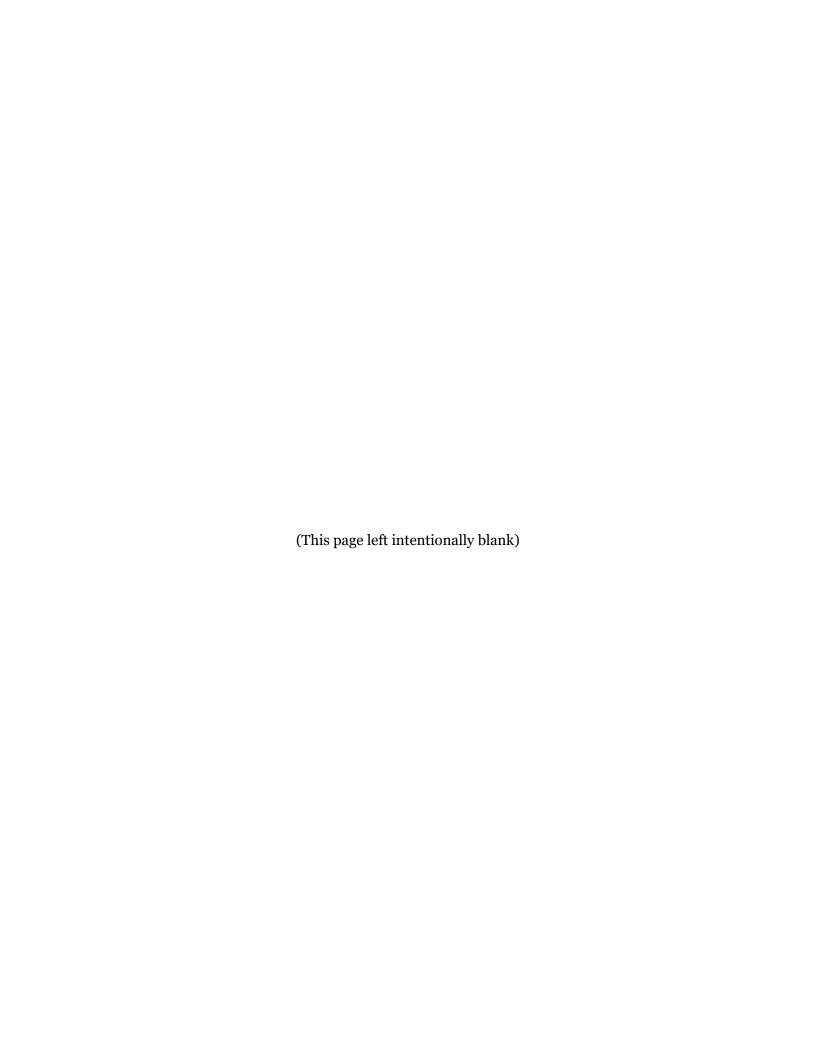
- Property tax abatements to Southern Ionics totaling \$66,872.29.
- Property tax abatements to Stewart Distributing totaling \$19,417,52.
- Property tax abatements to Southern Crown totaling \$20,209.03.
- Property tax abatements to Georgia Living Satilla Bluff totaling \$26,578.18.

NOTE 15: SPECIAL ITEM

During fiscal year 2024, the School District disposed of a school bus that had been involved in an accident. The bus had a net book value of \$51,589.97 at the time of disposal. The School District received \$85,468.00 in insurance proceeds related to the loss of the vehicle. The difference between the carrying value of the capital asset and the insurance proceeds resulted in a net gain on the disposal of the asset of \$33,878.03, which is reported as a special item on Exhibit B of this report.

NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 4, 2025, voters authorized the School District to reimpose a special one percent sales and use tax for educational purposes for the retirement of previously incurred general obligation debt in the maximum amount of \$6,044,100.00 and fund capital outlay projects at a maximum cost of \$18,955,900.00.



PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

	School									Plan fiduciary
	District's			Stat	e of Georgia's				School District's	net position as
For the	proportion			prop	ortionate share				proportionate	a percentage
Year	of the	S	chool District's		of the NPL				share of the NPL as	of the total
Ended	Net Pension	pro	portionate share	asso	ciated with the		S	chool District's	a percentage of its	pension
June 30	Liability (NPL)		of the NPL	Sc	hool District	 Total		overed payroll	covered payroll	liability
			·		_	_				
2024	0.151053%	\$	44,597,333.00	\$	330,082.00	\$ 44,927,415.00	\$	22,193,087.36	200.95%	76.29%
2023	0.158066%	\$	51,327,086.00	\$	278,609.00	\$ 51,605,695.00	\$	21,481,112.57	238.94%	72.85%
2022	0.157238%	\$	13,906,652.00	\$	112,765.00	\$ 14,019,417.00	\$	20,623,918.45	67.43%	92.03%
2021	0.158635%	\$	38,427,606.00	\$	295,774.00	\$ 38,723,380.00	\$	20,602,186.84	186.52%	77.01%
2020	0.156957%	\$	33,749,999.00	\$	264,053.00	\$ 34,014,052.00	\$	19,305,834.94	174.82%	78.56%
2019	0.161232%	\$	29,928,113.00	\$	229,242.00	\$ 30,157,355.00	\$	19,353,173.49	154.64%	80.27%
2018	0.166133%	\$	30,876,330.00	\$	422,444.00	\$ 31,298,774.00	\$	19,345,169.08	159.61%	79.33%
2017	0.165641%	\$	34,173,585.00	\$	694,237.00	\$ 34,867,822.00	\$	18,529,455.53	184.43%	76.06%
2016	0.168148%	\$	25,598,863.00	\$	443,932.00	\$ 26,042,795.00	\$	18,043,675.82	141.87%	81.44%
2015	0.167028%	\$	21,101,785.00	\$	395,434.00	\$ 21,497,219.00	\$	17,323,423.75	121.81%	84.03%

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	Contractually required contribution		ributions in relation to contractually required contribution	Contr	ribution deficiency (excess)	chool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2024	\$	4,608,757.00	\$ 4,608,757.00	\$	-	\$ 23,288,846.54	19.79%
2023	\$	4,401,610.59	\$ 4,401,610.59	\$	-	\$ 22,193,087.36	19.83%
2022	\$	4,230,899.26	\$ 4,230,899.26	\$	-	\$ 21,481,112.57	19.70%
2021	\$	3,899,309.00	\$ 3,899,309.00	\$	-	\$ 20,623,918.45	18.91%
2020	\$	4,322,035.00	\$ 4,322,035.00	\$	-	\$ 20,602,186.84	20.98%
2019	\$	4,003,599.00	\$ 4,003,599.00	\$	-	\$ 19,305,834.94	20.74%
2018	\$	3,228,535.00	\$ 3,228,535.00	\$	-	\$ 19,353,173.49	16.68%
2017	\$	2,723,313.98	\$ 2,723,313.98	\$	-	\$ 19,345,169.08	14.08%
2016	\$	2,592,391.53	\$ 2,592,391.53	\$	-	\$ 18,529,455.53	13.99%
2015	\$	2,332,275.24	\$ 2,332,275.24	\$	-	\$ 18,043,675.82	12.93%

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	chool District's portionate share of the NPL	prop	te of Georgia's ortionate share of the NPL ciated with the chool District	School District's Total covered payroll			School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2024	0.00%	\$ -	\$	465,707.00	\$ 465,707.00	\$	1,205,680.11	N/A	85.67%
2023	0.00%	\$ -	\$	574,263.00	\$ 574,263.00	\$	1,125,665.27	N/A	81.21%
2022	0.00%	\$ -	\$	53,215.00	\$ 53,215.00	\$	911,646.77	N/A	98.00%
2021	0.00%	\$ -	\$	355,634.00	\$ 355,634.00	\$	877,595.78	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$ -	\$	276,776.00	\$ 276,776.00	\$	847,157.30	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$ -	\$	316,479.00	\$ 316,479.00	\$	793,978.04	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$ -	\$	289,984.00	\$ 289,984.00	\$	839,893.64	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$ -	\$	410,924.00	\$ 410,924.00	\$	711,587.61	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$ -	\$	256,607.00	\$ 256,607.00	\$	775,854.16	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$ -	\$	230,640.00	\$ 230,640.00	\$	707,452.16	N/A	88.29%

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	chool District's portionate share of the NOL	prop share asso	of Georgia's portionate of the NOL ciated with hool District	Total	chool District's vered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NOL as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2024	0.200944%	\$ 22,010,225.00	\$	-	\$ 22,010,225.00	\$ 17,621,539.80	124.91%	6.05%
2023	0.200445%	\$ 19,850,433.00	\$	-	\$ 19,850,433.00	\$ 17,273,151.92	114.92%	6.17%
2022	0.188679%	\$ 20,435,497.00	\$	-	\$ 20,435,497.00	\$ 16,433,103.53	124.36%	6.14%
2021	0.187848%	\$ 27,590,496.00	\$	-	\$ 27,590,496.00	\$ 16,134,722.15	171.00%	3.99%
2020	0.189702%	\$ 23,280,505.00	\$	-	\$ 23,280,505.00	\$ 15,110,651.82	154.07%	4.63%
2019	0.192586%	\$ 24,477,090.00	\$	-	\$ 24,477,090.00	\$ 15,109,914.58	161.99%	2.93%
2018	0.194868%	\$ 27,379,016.00	\$	-	\$ 27,379,016.00	\$ 14,422,490.76	189.84%	1.61%

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

For the Year Ended June 30	Contractually required Contribution		, ,				-	chool District's vered-employee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2024	\$	811,528.00	\$	811,528.00	\$	-	\$	18,337,314.77	4.43%	
2023	\$	772,518.00	\$	772,518.00	\$	-	\$	17,621,539.80	4.38%	
2022	\$	724,761.00	\$	724,761.00	\$	-	\$	17,273,151.92	4.20%	
2021	\$	701,853.00	\$	701,853.00	\$	-	\$	16,433,103.53	4.27%	
2020	\$	635,258.00	\$	635,258.00	\$	-	\$	16,134,722.15	3.94%	
2019	\$	1,021,674.00	\$	1,021,674.00	\$	-	\$	15,110,651.82	6.76%	
2018	\$	998,153.00	\$	998,153.00	\$	-	\$	15,109,914.58	6.61%	
2017	\$	1,016,059.00	\$	1,016,059.00	\$	-	\$	14,422,490.76	7.04%	

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Teachers Retirement System

Change of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On May 11, 2022, the Board adopted recommended changes to the long-term assumed rate of return and payroll growth assumption utilized by the System. The long-term assumed rate of return was changed from 7.25% to 6.90%, and the payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.00% to 2.50%.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

A new funding policy was initially adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and most recently amended on December 17, 2020. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates or mortality, retirement, disability, and withdrawal. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes are reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: June 30, 2022 valuation: The tobacco use assumption and aging factors were revised.

June 30, 2020 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Employees' Retirement System's experience study. Approximately 0.10% of employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System.

June 30, 2019 valuation: Decremental assumptions were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement System's experience study.

June 30, 2018 valuation: The inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%.

June 30, 2017 valuation: The participation assumption, tobacco use assumption and morbidity factors were revised.

June 30, 2015 valuation: Decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

June 30, 2012 valuation: A data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020, to 2.20% as of June 30, 2021, to 3.57% as of June 30, 2022, and to 3.68% as of June 30, 2023.

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL $\label{eq:constraint}$

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		NONAPPROPRIA	TED BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
		ORIGINAL (1) FINAL (1)		AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	9,346,000.00 \$	9,346,000.00 \$	10,561,629.11 \$	1,215,629.11
Sales Taxes	Þ	200,000.00	200,000.00	96,166.85	(103,833.15)
State Funds		30,480,611.32	30,730,020.20	31,457,939.28	727,919.08
Federal Funds		4,951,472.41	9,121,829.00	8,609,919.51	(511,909.49)
Charges for Services		300,000.00	300,000.00	646,977.87	346,977.87
Investment Earnings		22,480.00	22,480.00	264,100.96	241,620.96
Miscellaneous		186,000.00	186,000.00	1,852,602.86	1,666,602.86
Total Revenues	_	45,486,563.73	49,906,329.20	53,489,336.44	3,583,007.24
Total Nevertues	_	43,400,303.73	43,300,323.20	33,409,330.44	3,363,007.24
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		28,196,101.61	30,691,440.35	30,983,050.45	(291,610.10)
Support Services					
Pupil Services		2,805,798.25	3,459,602.00	4,036,048.06	(576,446.06)
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,533,333.87	2,145,464.85	1,610,244.94	535,219.91
Educational Media Services		688,000.00	711,816.00	692,802.70	19,013.30
General Administration		739,084.00	798,289.00	718,080.25	80,208.75
School Administration		2,934,000.00	3,012,398.00	2,969,047.45	43,350.55
Business Administration		511,000.00	519,791.00	469,839.77	49,951.23
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		2,832,066.00	3,130,104.00	3,309,375.85	(179,271.85)
Student Transportation Services		1,872,550.00	1,962,691.00	1,916,362.23	46,328.77
Central Support Services		556,000.00	564,791.00	548,712.23	16,078.77
Other Support Services		33,000.00	33,000.00	32,248.00	752.00
Food Services Operation		2,785,630.00	2,876,942.00	3,628,756.52	(751,814.52)
Debt Service		-	-	33,948.06	(33,948.06)
Total Expenditures		45,486,563.73	49,906,329.20	50,948,516.51	(1,042,187.31)
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_		-	2,540,819.93	2,540,819.93
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)					
Other Sources		139,777.00	305,844.00	-	(305,844.00)
Other Uses		(139,777.00)	(305,844.00)	(50,482.00)	255,362.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	(50,482.00)	(50,482.00)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	2,490,337.93	2,490,337.93
Fund Balances - Beginning		15,495,638.15	15,495,238.55	15,009,596.55	(485,642.00)
Adjustments		(83,857.34)	27,093.55	<u> </u>	(27,093.55)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	15,411,780.81 \$	15,522,332.10 \$	17,499,934.48 \$	1,977,602.38

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$1,781,267.70 and \$1,655,999.10, respectively.

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FUNDING AGENCY	ASSISTANCE LISTING	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U.S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	245GA324N1199 \$	803,584.81
National School Lunch Program	10.555	245GA324N1199	2,473,131.23
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	225GA324N1099	95,349.27
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		<u>-</u>	3,372,065.31
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
Local Food for Schools Cooperative Agreement Program	10.185	AM23CPLFS000C018	11,987.00
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	245GA904N2533	15,793.64
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	2023211500345	70,705.00
Total Other Programs		-	98,485.64
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		- -	3,470,550.95
Education, U.S. Department of			
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D210012	27,989.00
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School			,
Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	S425U210012	3,442,474.18
Total Education Stabilization Fund		- -	3,470,463.18
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A220073	446,150.00
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A230073	473,834.90
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A220081	22,607.15
Total Special Education Cluster		- -	942,592.05
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A230010	49,336.96
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A220010	10,763.00
English Language Acquisition State Grants English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	S365A230010	11,676.03
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011A	S011A220011	5,980.00
-			
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011A 84.358B	S011A230011 S358F220010	30,239.36 71,856.00
Rural and Low Income School Program			71,856.00
Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358B 84.010A	S358F230010	173,593.58
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		S010A220010	152,631.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A230010	1,076,646.40
Total U.S. Department of Education		-	1,582,722.33
Total U.S. Department of Education		-	5,995,777.56
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ <u></u>	9,466,328.51

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Pierce County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

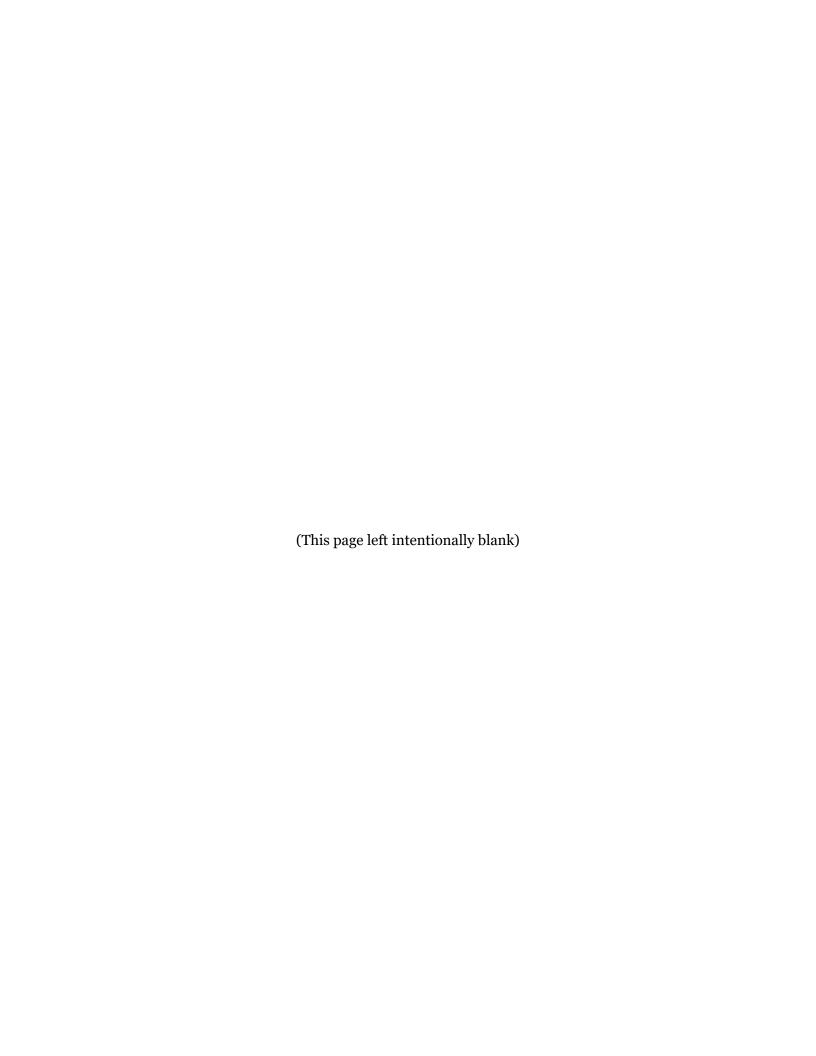
The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4. Transfers Between Programs

Funds totaling \$89,777.00 were transferred from the Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program (ALN 84.424A) and expended in the Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Program (ALN 84.010A) during Fiscal Year 2024. Funds totaling \$166,067.00 were transferred from the Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Program (84.367A) and expended in the Rural and Low Income School Program (ALN 84.358B) during Fiscal Year 2024.

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE
	GENERAL
AGENCY/FUNDING	FUND
GRANTS	
Bright From the Start:	
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning	
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 886,125.00
Education, Georgia Department of	
Quality Basic Education	
Direct Instructional Cost	
Kindergarten Program	1,489,802.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	320,677.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	2,929,547.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	1,272,322.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	1,448,222.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	587,793.00
Middle School (6-8) Program	2,942,172.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program	2,605,833.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	851,578.00
Students with Disabilities	5,066,644.00
Gifted Student - Category VI	923,541.00
Remedial Education Program	402,239.00
Alternative Education Program	213,181.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)	333,386.00
Media Center Program	523,479.00
20 Days Additional Instruction	161,323.00
•	
Staff and Professional Development	91,373.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development	1,642.00
Indirect Cost	720 212 00
Central Administration	720,213.00
School Administration	1,046,992.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations	942,338.00
Mid-Term Adjustment Hold-Harmless	14,902.00
Categorical Grants	
Pupil Transportation	400.045.00
Regular	423,346.00
Nursing Services	82,637.00
Education Equalization Funding Grant	4,141,232.00
Other State Programs	
Career, Technical and Agricultural Education (CTAE)	80,612.81
Dyslexia Services Grant	7,707.00
Food Services	76,594.00
GNETS State Grant	57,741.00
Hygiene Products	2,883.00
Math and Science Supplements	11,812.71
One Time QBE Adjustment	395,396.00
Preschool Disability Services	59,922.00
School Security Grant	235,735.33
Teachers Retirement	42,169.43
Office of the State Treasurer	
Public School Employees Retirement	64,827.00
	\$ 31,457,939.28



PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

DDG ISST		ORIGINAL ESTIMATED	CURRENT ESTIMATED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION
PROJECT	_	COST (1)	COSTS (2)	DATE
2022 SPLOST REFERENDUM				
(A) Retiring on a current basis previously incurred general obligation				
debt of the School District;	\$	6,040,550.00 \$	6,040,550.00	6/30/2026
(B) Acquiring, constructing, renovating, improving, modifying and				
equipping Pierce County High School, Pierce County Middle School,				
Blackshear Elementary School, Patterson Elementary School, Midway				
Elementary School, and the Board of Education including grounds,				
parking, safety and security needs;		6,220,000.00	6,358,583.58	6/30/2026
(C) Instructional materials, including but not limited to, physical				
education equipment, weightlifting and fitness equipment, vocational				
materials, band, choral and fine arts equipment, textbooks, media				
center books and equipment; and		302,000.00	302,000.00	6/30/2026
(D) School buses, bus cameras, bus routing and management				
technologies, maintenance and transportation vehicles, mowers				
and lawn maintenance equipment.	_	500,617.00	679,700.00	6/30/2026
Total	\$	13,063,167.00 \$	13,380,833.58	

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PROJECT 2022 SPLOST REFERENDUM	-	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
(A) Retiring on a current basis previously incurred general obligation debt of the School District;	\$	1,205,350.00 \$	1,213,175.00 \$	-	\$ -
(B) Acquiring, constructing, renovating, improving, modifying and equipping Pierce County High School, Pierce County Middle School, Blackshear Elementary School, Patterson Elementary School, Midway Elementary School, and the Board of Education including grounds, parking, safety and security needs;		885,825.86	5,377,398.57	-	-
(C) Instructional materials, including but not limited to, physical education equipment, weightlifting and fitness equipment, vocational materials, band, choral and fine arts equipment, textbooks, media center books and equipment; and		-	-	-	-
(D) School buses, bus cameras, bus routing and management technologies, maintenance and transportation vehicles, mowers and lawn maintenance equipment.	_	135,950.00	543,750.00		
Total	\$	2,227,125.86 \$	7,134,323.57 \$	-	\$

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

⁽²⁾ The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

⁽³⁾ The voters of Pierce County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.

Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mrs. Dara Bennett, Superintendent and Members of the
Pierce County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Pierce County Board of Education (School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2025. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in finding FS 2024-002 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* in finding FS 2024-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lieg S. Lligg

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 16, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Mrs. Dara Bennett, Superintendent and Members of the
Pierce County Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Pierce County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance

requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lligg.

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 16, 2025

Section III

Auditee's Response to Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

PIERCE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2023-001 Strengthen Information Technology General Controls

Finding Status: Unresolved

The finding remains unresolved at this time. Corrective actions are currently in progress and management anticipates full implementation by the end of fiscal year 2025.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities and Each Major Fund

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
 None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

<u>Assistance Listing Number</u> <u>Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title</u>

84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

84.425 Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2024-001 Strengthen Information Technology General Controls

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2023-001

Description:

The School District's reliance on its financial system to process and manage financial data requires strong information technology general controls (ITGCs) and appropriate oversight of third-party service providers. Deficiencies in system access, monitoring, and vendor assurance procedures reduce the School District's ability to ensure the accuracy and reliability of its financial information.

Background Information:

The School District relies extensively on its financial system to manage initiation, authorization, recording and processing of financial transactions. Controls over this system are critical to maintaining the integrity of accounting data and supporting accurate and timely financial reporting.

Criteria:

The School District is responsible for the effective operation of its financial systems, including implementing appropriate information technology general controls (ITGCs) to safeguard financial data. ITGCs should include access controls, change management, segregation of duties, and system monitoring. In addition, management is expected to implement policies and procedures that support the operation of these controls, including obtaining and reviewing third-party assurance reports (e.g., SOC 1, Type 2) when relying on a vendor-hosted financial system.

Condition:

The School District did not have sufficient IT general controls in place to protect the integrity, availability, and confidentiality of financial information maintained in its financial applications. Specifically:

- The School District did not obtain or review a SOC 1, Type 2 report over the financial system provider, nor were alternative monitoring controls implemented to mitigate this risk.
- While management stated that the Finance Director reviews system activity periodically, no evidence of such review was provided.
- The system configuration and access controls had not been formally reviewed or documented.

In accordance with the Official Code of Georgia (O.C.G.A) § 50-6-9(B), due to the sensitive nature of the deficiencies noted, we have communicated the findings to management and to those charged with governance; however, we have elected not to issue the specific findings to the public.

Cause:

Management stated that there has been no change to the system configuration. Review of activity is performed by the Finance Director on a periodic basis, but no evidence of this review was provided to the auditor. Management also stated that they were not aware that they were responsible for obtaining and reviewing a SOC 1, Type 2 report from the financial system provider, resulting in lack of oversight of the system's controls.

Effect:

The absence of effective IT general controls increases the risk of unauthorized access, data integrity issues, and system-related errors that could go undetected and impact the accuracy of financial reporting. Without a SOC 1, Type 2 report or equivalent monitoring controls, the School District cannot obtain reasonable assurance over the reliability of the financial system's internal controls.

Recommendation:

The School District should strengthen its information technology general controls, particularly related to system access, monitoring, and segregation of duties. Management should also obtain and review a SOC 1, Type 2 report from the financial system provider, specifically covering controls over the financial software itself (not just the hosting environment). If such a report is unavailable, management should implement compensating controls—such as transaction-level validation, reconciliation reviews, and activity logging—to mitigate risks associated with the reliability of the financial system and support the integrity of financial reporting.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

FS 2024-002 Internal Controls at the Central Office

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Description:

The School District's accounting procedures at the Central Office were not sufficient to ensure prevention or timely detection of errors over key financial processes, specifically those related to journal entries, cash management, expenditures, revenues, and capital assets management.

Criteria:

The School District's management is responsible for designing and maintaining a system of internal controls that provides reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized, recorded, and reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These controls should ensure that:

- Journal entries are accurately prepared, supported, and recorded in the general ledger.
- Cash accounts are reconciled in a timely manner—within 45 days, as recommended by best practices.
- Expenditures are properly approved, supported, and recorded in the appropriate accounting period.
- Capital assets are accurately analyzed, classified, and recorded in accordance with applicable
 policies and standards.

Condition:

The auditor noted the following inadequate controls and deficiencies at the central office.

General Ledger

• A review of 40 journal entries revealed one journal entry that was posted without adequate documentation to support the full amount of the adjustment, and one entry that had no supporting documentation at all.

- A review of school activity accounts revealed duplicate revenue and expenditure transactions totaling \$111,936.31 that were posted in the general ledger. These expenditures were originally paid by the central office and later reimbursed by the schools, resulting in the duplication.
- Five journal entries totaling \$348,701.11, intended to record cash receipts, were incorrectly recorded as credit adjustments to unrelated receivable accounts. The original transactions related to those receivables were never recorded in those accounts, resulting in misclassification and potential misstatement of receivables and revenues.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

- Three bank reconciliations were not performed and reviewed in a timely manner, with the completion occurring 72, 108 and 116 days after fiscal year-end, respectively.
- One bank reconciliation contained no evidence of supervisory review.
- Two bank reconciliations did not agree to the general ledger, resulting in unidentified reconciling items and unreconciled cash variances totaling \$120,426.38.

 A cash deposit of \$19,470.26, representing interest earned on one of the School District's bank accounts was not recorded in the accounting system.

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

- Grant revenues totaling \$440,550.00, along with the related accounts receivable, were earned in a prior fiscal year but were not recorded in the accounting records.
- Property tax revenues totaling \$181,265.52, and the associated accounts receivable, were also not recorded.
- The School District did not properly maintain a subsidiary listing of accounts receivable with transaction-level details to support the balances reported in the general ledger. Additionally, a review of accounts receivable identified invalid balances totaling \$64,576.36.

Capital Assets

- An asset impairment to a building from a prior period was not properly recorded on the capital assets listing. Instead, adjustments were applied to unimpaired components of the building, resulting in an understatement of the building's net book value by \$784,753.82.
- A completed construction project was recorded at the contractor's guaranteed maximum price rather than the actual incurred costs, resulting in an understatement of \$298,694.23.
- A building improvement totaling \$74,995.44 was not included on the capital asset listing.
- The capital assets listing did not include serial numbers for eight equipment items, limiting traceability and asset verification.
- The School District misclassified three items as equipment that should have been classified as buildings, and one item that should have been classified as land improvements. Additionally, two equipment items were misclassified as land improvements.
- Five equipment items and one land improvement were fully depreciated before the end of their assigned useful lives due to inconsistent application of the depreciation policy across multiple fiscal years.
- Seven equipment items that had been disposed of were not removed from the capital assets listing. Additionally, three additional equipment items were disposed of that were not recorded on the listing.

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

- A review of 25 vendor payments identified two expenditures totaling \$145,480.96 that were incurred in the prior fiscal year but were recorded in the current period, resulting in improper cutoff and misstatement of expenditures.
- A review of nine purchasing card transactions revealed the following issues:

- o Two transactions totaling \$1,722.16 were for lodging booked through a vacation rental marketplace, which is prohibited under the State travel policy.
- One transaction totaling \$247.20 was used to purchase gift cards, in violation of School District purchasing policy.
- o Three transactions totaling \$47,789.18 exceeded the \$1,000.00 single transaction limit, with no evidence of approved exemptions as by School District policy.

Cause:

In discussing these deficiencies with management, they stated that the issues were the result of limited internal control procedures, inconsistent application of existing policies and lack of consistent oversight.

Effect:

Without satisfactory accounting controls and procedures in place, the School District could place itself in a position where potential misappropriation of assets could occur. In addition, the lack of controls impacted its reporting of financial position and results of operations.

Weaknesses in internal controls over general ledger activity, cash management, revenue recognition, capital asset accounting and expenditures increase the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements due to errors, omissions, or misclassifications. Improper cutoff of expenditures and revenues, lack of reconciliation between bank accounts and the general ledger, misclassification of assets, and failure to maintain adequate documentation or comply with established policies reduce the reliability of financial reporting. These control deficiencies also increase the risk of undetected fraud, misuse of public funds, and noncompliance with state laws, accounting standards, and School District policies.

Recommendation:

The School District should conduct a comprehensive review of its internal control procedures across all financial areas, including cash, expenditures, revenue, capital assets, and general ledger management. Specifically, management should:

- Ensure that all financial transactions are accurately recorded in the correct accounting period in accordance with GAAP;
- Strengthen the bank reconciliation process to ensure timely completion, resolution of reconciling items, and agreement with the general ledger;
- Maintain detailed and accurate subsidiary records for receivables and capital assets, including proper classification, supporting documentation, and periodic reconciliation to the general ledger;
- Review and revise purchasing and disbursement procedures to ensure compliance with state and district policies, including documentation of approvals and exceptions;
- Provide regular training to staff involved in financial reporting and implement periodic monitoring procedures to ensure controls are being followed consistently.

Implementing these actions will help improve the reliability of financial reporting, strengthen compliance with policies and regulations, and reduce the risk of financial loss or misstatement.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Section V

Management's Corrective Action



Pierce County Board of Education

834 E. Main St., PO Box 349 Blackshear, GA 31516 Tel: 912-449-2044 Fax: 912-449-2046

Dara Bennett Superintendent **Board Members: Duward Boatright, Chair** Chip Griner Kirby Malone Wendy Puryear **Perry Tison**

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2024-001 Strengthen Information Technology General Controls

Internal Control Impact:

Significant Deficiency

Repeat of Prior Year Finding:

FS 2023-001

Description:

The School District's reliance on its financial system to process and manage financial data requires strong information technology general controls (ITGCs) and appropriate oversight of third-party service providers. Deficiencies in system access, monitoring, and vendor assurance procedures reduce the School District's ability to ensure the accuracy and reliability of its financial information.

Corrective Action Plans:

The Finance Department will continue to evaluate and strengthen internal controls over financial system processes to ensure the reliability and security of financial data. Management has formally requested a SOC 1, Type 2 report from the financial system provider and received confirmation that the report will be provided. Upon receipt, the Finance Department will review the report to assess any gaps in internal controls and implement corrective actions where necessary.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2026

Contact Person: Melanie Helms, Director of Finance and Human Resources

Telephone: 912 -449-2044

Email: melaniehelms@pierce.k12.ga.us

FS 2024-002 Internal Controls at the Central Office

Internal Control Impact:

Material Weakness

Description:

The School District's accounting procedures at the Central Office were not sufficient to ensure prevention or timely detection of errors over key financial processes, specifically those related to journal entries, cash management, expenditures, revenues, and capital assets management.



Pierce County Board of Education

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Dara Bennett
Superintendent
Board Members:
Duward Boatright, Chair
Chip Griner
Kirby Malone
Wendy Puryear
Perry Tison

Corrective Action Plans:

The Finance Department will continue to strengthen and reinforce the internal control processes to ensure the accuracy of financial data and promote accountability and compliance with applicable policies and procedures, including:

- Continued training with Finance Department staff to promote a consistent understanding and application of internal control procedures.
- Verifying capital assets annually with the department heads and reconciling the balances
 to general ledger activity. An additional review will also be conducted by the Accountant
 and Finance Director prior to finalizing reported capital asset balances to ensure
 adherence with the capital assets policy.
- Implementing procedures to ensure all financial transactions are recorded in the proper accounting period.
- Strengthening bank reconciliation procedures to ensure timely completion and agreement to the general ledger, with preparer and approver completion dates clearly documented to demonstrate timely performance and supervisory review.
- Ensuring that all journal entries include appropriate supporting documentation, along with clearly documented preparer and approver signatures and dates.

Estimated Completion Date: March 31, 2026

Contact Person: Melanie Helms, Director of Finance and Human Resources

Telephone: 912-449-2044

Email: melaniehelms@pierce.k12.ga.us

Signature:

Title: Superintendent