



AUDIT REPORT · FISCAL YEAR 2025

**George L. Smith, II Georgia World Congress Center
Authority**

A Component Unit of the State of Georgia

Greg S. Griffin | State Auditor



DOAA
Georgia Department
of Audits & Accounts

GEORGE L. SMITH, II
GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY

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SECTION I
FINANCIAL



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the Board of the George L. Smith, II Georgia World Congress Center Authority
and
Mr. Kevin Duvall, Chief Executive Officer

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the George L. Smith, II Georgia World Congress Center Authority (Authority), a component unit of the State of Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the Authority as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by

the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2025 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,



Greg S. Griffin
State Auditor

December 29, 2025

**GEORGE L SMITH, II
GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

The following is a discussion and analysis of the George L. Smith, II Georgia World Congress Center Authority's (Authority) financial performance, providing an overview of the activities for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 2025, and comparing them to fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Authority's financial performance. Readers should review this analysis in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements, which follow this section, and include notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Authority's financial performance.

OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY

The Georgia World Congress Center Authority, which manages Georgia World Congress Center (GWCC), Centennial Olympic Park (COP), and Savannah Convention Center (SCC), is a vital component of Georgia's economy, contributing to job creation, tax revenue, business development, and tourism. With an unrivaled package of facilities, its role as a hub for large-scale events and gatherings such as trade shows, sporting events, conventions, and other special events, has far-reaching economic benefits that extend well beyond the boundaries of its championship campus, making it a key driver for economic growth in the state. Fiscal year 2025 featured key milestones tied to future revenue, including the first full year of operations for Signia by Hilton Atlanta, and the extension of GWCCA's management agreement of SCC through 2028. The future looks bright for the Authority.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are reported as a special purpose governmental entity (component unit of the State of Georgia) engaged in business-type activities and are comprised of financial statements for proprietary (enterprise) funds which provide both a short-term and long-term view of the Authority's financial activities and financial position. The Authority uses fund accounting to reflect results of operations and to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial-related legal requirements. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

Proprietary Fund

The Authority uses Enterprise Funds, a type of Proprietary Fund, to account for business type activities. The financial information of the Authority is accounted for in two separate proprietary (enterprise) funds to reflect the limitations and restrictions placed on the use of available resources. The Convention Center Fund is used to account for all financial resources and expenses of the convention center and COP. The Hotel Fund is used to account for financial resources related to the Signia by Hilton Atlanta hotel, including the ongoing accumulation and use of resources for hotel-related capital improvements and the payment of capital debt principal, interest, and related costs. Enterprise Funds utilize accrual accounting, the same method used by private sector businesses and report activities that provide supplies and services to the public.

Following this MD&A, are the basic financial statements of the Authority together with notes, which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements for the Authority are the following:

- Statement of Net Position – This statement presents information on all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position.
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - This statement shows how net position has changed during the most recent year. This includes operating and non-operating revenues and expenses of the Authority.

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- Statement of Cash Flows – This statement reports cash and cash equivalent activities for the fiscal year resulting from operating, non-capital financing, capital financing and investing activities. A reconciliation of operating income/loss with net cash provided by/used for operating activities is provided.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-55 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Authority

The Authority's net position for the Convention Center Fund on June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Convention Center Fund			
	Fiscal Year 2025	Fiscal Year 2024	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total % Change
Current Assets	\$ 81,097,967	\$ 90,335,017	\$ (9,237,050)	(10.2%)
Noncurrent Restricted Assets	\$ 83,768,503	\$ 90,426,718	\$ (6,658,215)	(7.4%)
Capital Assets (Net)	<u>\$ 1,130,626,548</u>	<u>\$ 1,168,051,376</u>	<u>\$ (37,424,828)</u>	<u>(3.2%)</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>\$ 1,295,493,018</u>	 <u>\$ 1,348,813,111</u>	 <u>\$ (53,320,093)</u>	 <u>(4.0%)</u>
 Deferred Outflows of Resources	 <u>\$ 7,845,881</u>	 <u>\$ 10,195,309</u>	 <u>\$ (2,349,428)</u>	 <u>(23.0%)</u>
 Current Liabilities	 <u>\$ 31,156,506</u>	 <u>\$ 30,314,113</u>	 <u>\$ 842,393</u>	 <u>2.8%</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>\$ 99,186,030</u>	<u>\$ 112,297,219</u>	<u>\$ (13,111,189)</u>	<u>(11.7%)</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>\$ 130,342,536</u>	 <u>\$ 142,611,332</u>	 <u>\$ (12,268,796)</u>	 <u>(8.6%)</u>
 Deferred Inflows of Resources	 <u>\$ 61,883,434</u>	 <u>\$ 67,841,261</u>	 <u>\$ (5,957,827)</u>	 <u>(8.8%)</u>
 Net Investment in Capital Assets	 <u>\$ 1,128,564,221</u>	 <u>\$ 1,165,308,317</u>	 <u>\$ (36,744,096)</u>	 <u>(3.2%)</u>
Restricted	<u>\$ 39,869,888</u>	<u>\$ 43,496,311</u>	<u>\$ (3,626,423)</u>	<u>(8.3%)</u>
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>\$ (57,321,180)</u>	<u>\$ (60,248,801)</u>	<u>\$ 2,927,621</u>	<u>4.9%</u>
 Total Net Position	 <u>\$ 1,111,112,929</u>	 <u>\$ 1,148,555,827</u>	 <u>\$ (37,442,898)</u>	 <u>(3.3%)</u>

Total assets for the Convention Center Fund decreased from \$1.349 billion in FY24 to \$1.295 billion in FY25, representing a \$53.3 million, or 4.0%, decrease. Current assets decreased by \$9.2 million, mainly due to the settlement of \$4.4 million in cash and cash equivalents for funding commitments related to the 2025 College Football Playoffs and 2026 FIFA World Cup, along with a \$3.4 million reduction in outstanding receivables from customers. Noncurrent restricted assets decreased by \$6.7 million, due to an \$8.4 million decrease in PSL receivables, partially offset by a \$1.8 million increase in Hotel Motel Tax funds received for Mercedes Benz Stadium. Capital assets decreased by \$37.4 million mainly due to the change in accumulated depreciation of MBS Building of \$37.3 million.

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Total liabilities decreased by \$12.3 million or 8.6% during the fiscal year, driven by reductions across key areas. Of this amount, \$6.9 million was due to a decrease in noncurrent Mercedes-Benz Stadium PSL payables. The remaining \$5.4 million decrease was primarily attributed to a \$5.7 million reduction in the Noncurrent Pension Liability offset by a \$637 thousand increase in Current Compensated Absences Liability.

Consequently, the Convention Center Fund's total net position decreased from \$1.149 billion to \$1.111 billion, reflecting a decrease of \$37.4 million.

The Authority's net position for the Hotel Fund on June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Hotel Fund			
	Fiscal Year 2025	Fiscal Year 2024	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total % Change
Current Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%
Noncurrent Restricted Assets	\$ 99,089,065	\$ 74,903,319	\$ 24,185,746	32.3%
Capital Assets (Net)	<u>\$ 360,887,617</u>	<u>\$ 375,168,364</u>	<u>\$ (14,280,747)</u>	<u>(3.8%)</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>\$ 459,976,682</u>	 <u>\$ 450,071,683</u>	 <u>\$ 9,904,999</u>	 <u>2.2%</u>
 Deferred Outflows of Resources	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>0.0%</u>
 Current Liabilities	 <u>\$ 13,047,753</u>	 <u>\$ 19,053,080</u>	 <u>\$ (6,005,327)</u>	 <u>(31.5%)</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>\$ 464,279,725</u>	<u>\$ 465,686,138</u>	<u>\$ (1,406,413)</u>	<u>(0.3%)</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>\$ 477,327,478</u>	 <u>\$ 484,739,218</u>	 <u>\$ (7,411,740)</u>	 <u>(1.5%)</u>
 Deferred Inflows of Resources	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>0.0%</u>
 Net Investment in Capital Assets	 <u>\$ 24,557,015</u>	 <u>\$ 38,952,750</u>	 <u>\$ (14,395,735)</u>	 <u>(37.0%)</u>
Restricted	<u>\$ 68,225,740</u>	<u>\$ 45,948,843</u>	<u>\$ 22,276,897</u>	<u>48.5%</u>
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>\$ (110,133,551)</u>	<u>\$ (119,569,128)</u>	<u>\$ 9,435,577</u>	<u>7.9%</u>
 Total Net Position	 <u>\$ (17,350,796)</u>	 <u>\$ (34,667,535)</u>	 <u>\$ 17,316,739</u>	 <u>50.0%</u>

During FY25, noncurrent restricted assets increased by \$24.2 million, largely because the hotel operated for a full fiscal year in FY25—compared with only six months in the prior year—which added \$30.6 million. Offsetting this, hotel investment accounts fell by \$14.5 million due to the closure of the 2021A and 2021B Hotel Capital Investment accounts (a combined \$9.5 million) and a \$5.0 million reduction in the Hotel Construction Investment account. Capital Assets decreased by \$14.3 million, primarily because of a full year of depreciation expense recorded in FY25. Of this total, \$12.4 million related to building depreciation and \$1.9 million to equipment.

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Total liabilities for the Hotel Fund decreased by \$7.4 million or 1.5% during the fiscal year. Of this amount, \$5.0 million was due to a decrease in Contracts Payables, \$1.0 million from a reduction of Hotel Construction Retainage Payable and the remaining \$1.4 million decrease was primarily attributed to Unamortized bond premium.

Consequently, the Authority's total Hotel Fund net position improved from a \$34.7 million deficit to a \$17.4 million deficit, which is an \$17.3 million increase. The reported net investment in capital assets within the Hotel Fund reflects the difference between the value of bonds issued for the hotel development project and the value of items capitalized as a result of the completion of the hotel development project.

The following is the Convention Center Fund summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for fiscal year 2025 compared to fiscal year 2024:

	Convention Center Fund				Total % Change
	Fiscal Year Year 2025	Fiscal Year Year 2024	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total % Change	
Operating Revenue	\$ 69,622,281	\$ 62,928,190	\$ 6,694,091	10.6%	
Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 118,568,143</u>	<u>\$ 112,659,123</u>	<u>\$ 5,909,020</u>	<u>5.2%</u>	
Operating Profit/(Loss)	\$ (48,945,862)	\$ (49,730,933)	\$ 785,071	1.6%	
Nonoperating Revenue/(Expenses) Net	<u>\$ 11,502,964</u>	<u>\$ 42,014,189</u>	<u>\$ (30,511,225)</u>	<u>(72.6%)</u>	
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ (37,442,898)</u>	<u>\$ (7,716,744)</u>	<u>\$ (29,726,154)</u>	<u>(385.2%)</u>	
Net Position, July 1	<u>\$ 1,148,555,827</u>	<u>\$ 1,166,552,267</u>	<u>\$ (17,996,440)</u>	<u>(1.5%)</u>	
Adjustment - Change to Reporting Entity	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (10,279,696)</u>	<u>\$ 10,279,696</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	
Restated Net Position, July 1	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,156,272,571</u>	<u>\$ (1,156,272,571)</u>	<u>(100.0%)</u>	
Total Net Position, June 30	<u><u>\$ 1,111,112,929</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,148,555,827</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (37,442,898)</u></u>	<u><u>(3.3%)</u></u>	

The Convention Center Fund had an operating loss of \$48.9 million for the fiscal year. This loss is mostly due to depreciation/amortization expense of \$41.6 million. Operating revenues were \$69.6 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, which is an increase of \$6.7 million or 10.6% from the previous year. Parking revenue experienced the largest increase from \$8.2 million in the previous year to \$10.1 million, which is a \$1.9 million increase or 28.4% of the total increase in operating revenue.

Operating expenses include personnel services, professional services, contractual fees, utilities, event costs, depreciation, and other miscellaneous expenses. Operating expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, were \$118.6 million, which is an increase of \$5.9 million or 5.2% over the prior year.

During fiscal year 2025, net non-operating revenue/expenses totaled \$11.5 million, a decrease of 72.6% or \$30.5 million compared to 2024. This change includes \$4.4 million in expenses related to funding commitments for the 2025 College Football Playoffs and 2026 FIFA World Cup which were funded by grant revenue recognized in the prior year. Also no additional funding from State of Georgia appropriations in FY25 compared to \$29.5 million received in FY24.

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The following is the Hotel Fund summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for fiscal year 2025 compared to fiscal year 2024:

	Hotel Fund			
	Fiscal Year Year 2025	Fiscal Year Year 2024	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total % Change
Operating Revenue	\$ 51,640,975	\$ 10,368,506	\$ 41,272,469	398.1%
Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 19,403,096</u>	<u>\$ 70,370,799</u>	<u>\$ (50,967,703)</u>	<u>(72.4%)</u>
Operating Profit/(Loss)	\$ 32,237,879	\$ (60,002,293)	\$ 92,240,172	153.7%
Nonoperating Revenue/(Expenses) Net	<u>\$ (14,921,140)</u>	<u>\$ 15,055,062</u>	<u>\$ (29,976,202)</u>	<u>(199.1%)</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 17,316,739</u>	<u>\$ (44,947,231)</u>	<u>\$ 62,263,970</u>	<u>138.5%</u>
Net Position, July 1	<u>\$ (34,667,535)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (34,667,535)</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
Adjustment - Change to Reporting Entity	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,279,696</u>	<u>\$ (10,279,696)</u>	<u>(100.0%)</u>
Restated Net Position, July 1	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,279,696</u>	<u>\$ (10,279,696)</u>	<u>(100.0%)</u>
Total Net Position, June 30	<u><u>\$ (17,350,796)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (34,667,535)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 17,316,739</u></u>	<u><u>50.0%</u></u>

The Signia by Hilton Atlanta hotel, which opened in January 2024, reported an operating profit of \$32.2 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Net operating revenue for the first full year of operations totaled \$51.6 million which is a \$41.3 million increase compared to last year which reflects only six months of operations. The management and operation of the Signia by Hilton Atlanta hotel is facilitated through the Authority's management agreement with Signia Hotel Management LLC. As part of this management agreement, Hilton financially manages all revenues collected from the operation of the Signia by Hilton Atlanta hotel and utilizes these revenues to pay for all expenses associated with operating the facility. Net cash flows from operations from the Signia by Hilton Atlanta hotel is recorded as Hotel Operating Revenue (Net). Operating expenses decreased from \$70.4 million to \$19.4 million, a \$51.0 million decrease or 72.4%. This decrease in expenses is attributed to \$63.2 million in hotel construction and start-up costs that were recognized in prior year.

Non-operating revenues and expenses decreased by \$30.0 million year-over-year. This decrease was largely attributable to the recognition of \$25.0 million in Hilton key money contributions in the prior year, which were part of the hotel's opening.

Capital Assets

The Authority's combined capital assets as of June 30, 2025 totaled \$2.176 billion, with accumulated depreciation/amortization of \$684.2 million for a net book value of \$1.492 billion, a \$51.7 million decrease over fiscal year 2024. The decrease in capital assets resulted from a \$1.9 million reduction in assets combined with a \$49.8 million increase in accumulated depreciation/amortization.

Investments in capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, construction in progress, and equipment. Depreciation and amortization expenses related to the capital assets for the year totaled \$55.9 million. It should be noted that capital assets reflected in these statements are the Mercedes Benz Stadium building and contents paid with original capital and the Signia by Hilton Atlanta hotel completed

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in

January 2024. Land for Mercedes Benz Stadium and land and buildings for GWCC are owned by the Department of Economic Development and are therefore reflected on the State of Georgia's financial statements. Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on page 34 of this report.

Debt Administration

The Authority entered into a Note Purchase Agreement with Northwestern Mutual on May 15, 2020. The Mercedes Benz Stadium license agreement payments were used as collateral and semi-annual principal payments totaling \$42.4 million will be due by December 15, 2045.

In addition, the Authority was the beneficiary of energy performance upgrades installed during fiscal year 2016 and has assumed the liability for a direct borrowing agreement. Outstanding principal on this installment purchase agreement was \$19.5 million as of June 30, 2025.

Revenue bonds totaling \$439.6 million were issued to finance construction of the hotel and remain outstanding at June 30, 2025. The bonds are non-recourse and secured solely by hotel revenue.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

As an economic engine for tourism, Georgia's number two industry, Georgia World Congress Center Authority's (Authority) mission is to generate economic benefits for the citizens of the state of Georgia while enhancing their quality of life. The Authority accomplishes this mission by delivering on its brand promise to exceed expectations, one guest and one event at a time.

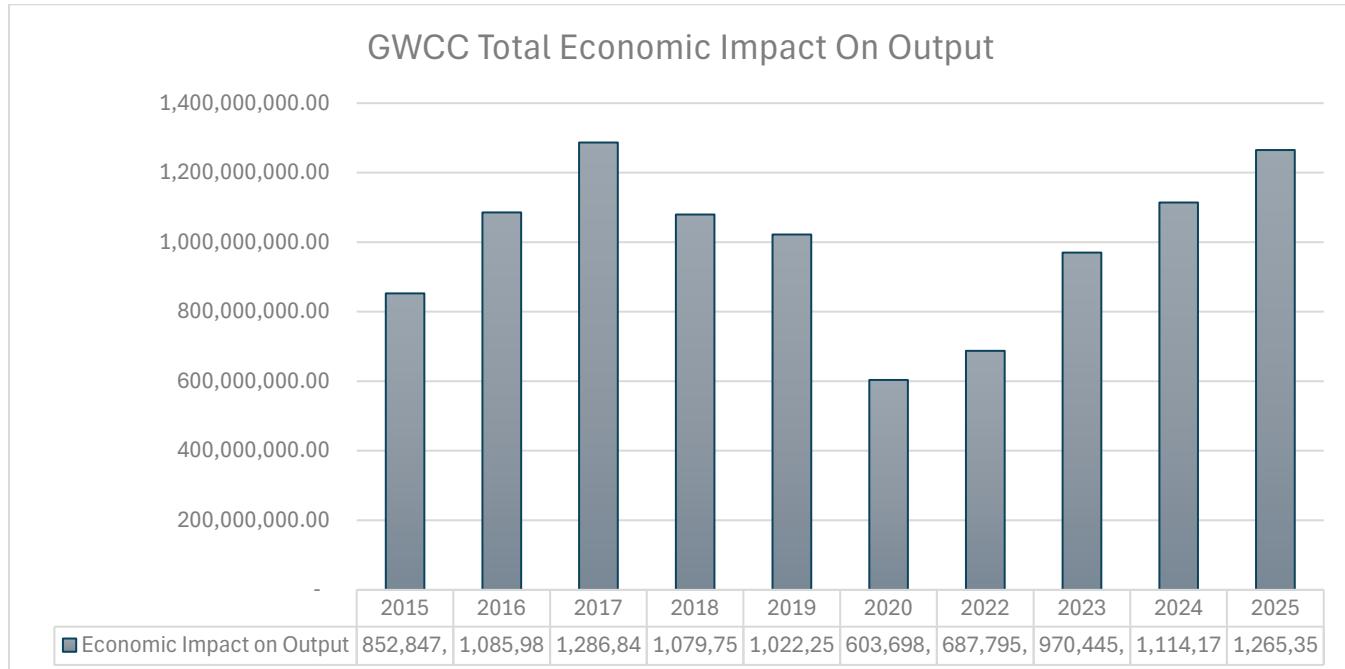
In fiscal year 2025, the Authority welcomed more than 3.4 million visitors attending 152 events at its facilities, which include Georgia World Congress Center, Centennial Olympic Park, and Mercedes-Benz Stadium. This activity generated an estimated \$1.94 billion in economic impact and more than \$221.2 million in tax revenues for state and local governments. The Authority continued to strengthen the region's economy by creating more than 15,000 jobs and generating \$644.8 million in additional labor income. Fiscal Year 2025 had a slight increase in out-of-state visitors, in addition to an increased spending led to a higher economic impact compared to FY 2024, signaling that the travel and tourism industry has fully recovered from the effects of COVID-19. Notably, for the second year in a row the Authority's FY 2025 economic impact surpassed that of FY 2019, the last pre-pandemic year and when GWCCA's campus hosted a major sporting event (Super Bowl 53).

This year, GWCCA showcased its strength as a premier destination by welcoming a dynamic mix of new and long-standing customers, including Dallas Safari Club, Super Computing, and IPPE, while also celebrating the return of NRA and NAFEM after extended absences. In total, the Authority hosted 20 million-dollar-plus events that generated more than \$34 million—nearly half of the year's total event revenue. Cheersport set a new benchmark, surpassing last year's food and beverage performance with 141,650 retail transactions totaling \$2.6 million in just 2.5 days. Looking ahead, GWCCA is driving more than \$102 million in capital investments across campus, fueling continued growth, and positioning the Authority to host some of the biggest events, including FIFA World Cup 2026, Super Bowl 2028, and the NCAA Men's Final Four in 2031.

As illustrated in the following graph, the Authority economic impact exceeded over \$1 billion in the four-year period leading up to the COVID-19 pandemic. Due to the unprecedented impact on the travel and tourism industry, no economic impact analysis was conducted for FY21. The pandemic significantly disrupted normal operations, making it challenging to obtain accurate data and projections for that fiscal year. Since the pandemic, the GWCC complex has been on an upward trend, with its economic impact for FY 2025 on par with pre-COVID levels from FY 2015-2019, as the travel and tourism industry has fully

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recovered.



The Authority adopts an operating budget, which is approved by its Board of Directors in May of each year for the subsequent year. The Authority's fiscal year 2026 operating budget was approved in May 2025 and includes operating revenue of \$69.5 million and operating expenses of \$67.8 million, excluding depreciation.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GEORGE L. SMITH, II
 GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
 JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "A"

	Convention Center	Hotel	Total Business-Type Activities
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 58,956,648.47	\$ -	\$ 58,956,648.47
Accounts Receivable			
Customers	18,960,516.63	-	18,960,516.63
Hotel/Motel Tax	1,250,831.75	-	1,250,831.75
Leases Receivable	1,337,379.31	-	1,337,379.31
Prepaid Items	133,549.42	-	133,549.42
Inventories	459,041.62	-	459,041.62
Total Current Assets	<u>81,097,967.20</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>81,097,967.20</u>
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Hotel/Motel Tax - Mercedes Benz Stadium	12,515,038.05	-	12,515,038.05
Hotel- Signia by Hilton Atlanta	-	81,033,974.26	81,033,974.26
Leases Receivable	53,262,632.57	-	53,262,632.57
Accounts Receivable - PSLs	12,316,079.51	-	12,316,079.51
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(1,103,203.63)	-	(1,103,203.63)
Accounts Receivable - Hotel Operations	-	8,055,091.00	8,055,091.00
Accounts Receivable - Hotel/Motel Tax (ACVB)	4,773,105.73	-	4,773,105.73
Net OPEB Asset	2,004,850.00	-	2,004,850.00
Investments-Restricted			
Hotel Investment Account	-	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00
Total Restricted Assets	<u>83,768,502.23</u>	<u>99,089,065.26</u>	<u>182,857,567.49</u>
Capital Assets			
Land and Land Improvements	66,382,613.00	-	66,382,613.00
Right to Use Leased Assets	4,030,885.76	-	4,030,885.76
Less: Accumulated Amortization	(2,236,963.13)	-	(2,236,963.13)
Building and Building Improvements	1,622,389,184.00	372,971,808.37	1,995,360,992.37
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(590,536,030.96)	(18,648,915.42)	(609,184,946.38)
Improvements other than Buildings	55,274,903.06	-	55,274,903.06
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(32,115,669.77)	-	(32,115,669.77)
Equipment	45,316,849.17	9,366,946.38	54,683,795.55
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(37,879,222.95)	(2,802,222.21)	(40,681,445.16)
Capital Assets			
(Net of Accumulated Amortization/Depreciation)	1,130,626,548.18	360,887,617.12	1,491,514,165.30
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>1,214,395,050.41</u>	<u>459,976,682.38</u>	<u>1,674,371,732.79</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>1,295,493,017.61</u>	<u>459,976,682.38</u>	<u>1,755,469,699.99</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	5,911,041.00	-	5,911,041.00
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	1,934,840.00	-	1,934,840.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>7,845,881.00</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,845,881.00</u>

GEORGE L. SMITH, II
 GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
 JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "A"

	Convention Center	Hotel	Total Business-Type Activities
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable			
Vendors	6,908,752.53	-	6,908,752.53
Lease/Subscription Liability	775,445.92	-	775,445.92
Accrued Payroll/Payroll Withholdings	87,652.03	-	87,652.03
Compensated Absences	791,269.76	-	791,269.76
Unearned Revenue	9,229,719.42	-	9,229,719.42
Short-Term Notes Payable	791,948.15	-	791,948.15
Installment Purchase Agreement	1,631,947.10	-	1,631,947.10
Total Current Liabilities	<u>20,216,734.91</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,216,734.91</u>
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets			
Contracts Payable - Signia by Hilton Atlanta Hotel	-	2,088,278.19	2,088,278.19
Interest Payable - Signia by Hilton Atlanta Hotel	-	9,553,062.51	9,553,062.51
Accounts Payable - Mercedes Benz Stadium PSLs	6,158,039.75	-	6,158,039.75
Accounts Payable - Hotel/Motel Tax (ACVB)	4,781,730.95	-	4,781,730.95
Unamortized Bond Premium	-	1,406,412.55	1,406,412.55
Total Current Liabilities from Restricted Assets	<u>10,939,770.70</u>	<u>13,047,753.25</u>	<u>23,987,523.95</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated Absences	1,440,911.80	-	1,440,911.80
Net OPEB Liability	10,597,624.00	-	10,597,624.00
Net Pension Liability	21,390,097.00	-	21,390,097.00
Customer Deposits Payable	10,000.00	-	10,000.00
Long-Term Notes Payable	41,564,868.68	-	41,564,868.68
Accounts Payable - Mercedes Benz Stadium PSLs	5,054,836.13	-	5,054,836.13
Lease/Subscription Liability	1,286,881.18	-	1,286,881.18
Installment Purchase Agreement	17,840,811.39	-	17,840,811.39
Bonds Payable	-	439,595,000.00	439,595,000.00
Unamortized Bond Premium	-	24,684,725.09	24,684,725.09
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>99,186,030.18</u>	<u>464,279,725.09</u>	<u>563,465,755.27</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>130,342,535.79</u>	<u>477,327,478.34</u>	<u>607,670,014.13</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	2,409,164.00	-	2,409,164.00
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	10,339,552.00	-	10,339,552.00
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases	49,134,717.71	-	49,134,717.71
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>61,883,433.71</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>61,883,433.71</u>
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets (1)	1,128,564,221.08	24,557,014.60	1,110,764,418.85
Restricted for:			
Major Sporting Events	25,350,000.00	-	25,350,000.00
Mercedes Benz Stadium	12,515,038.05	-	12,515,038.05
Net OPEB Asset	2,004,850.00	-	2,004,850.00
Debt Service	-	68,225,740.13	68,225,740.13
Unrestricted (Deficit) (1)	<u>(57,321,180.02)</u>	<u>(110,133,550.69)</u>	<u>(125,097,913.88)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,111,112,929.11</u>	<u>\$ (17,350,795.96)</u>	<u>\$ 1,093,762,133.15</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(1) See additional explanation in Net Position Note (1)

GEORGE L. SMITH, II
 GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
 JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "B"

	Convention Center	Hotel	Total Business-Type Activities
OPERATING REVENUES			
Space Rental	\$ 15,391,531.52	\$ -	\$ 15,391,531.52
Hotel Operating Revenue (Net)	- -	51,640,975.00	51,640,975.00
Utility Services	9,671,264.31	- -	9,671,264.31
Parking	10,137,371.81	- -	10,137,371.81
Catering	10,865,756.09	- -	10,865,756.09
Contributed Equipment	2,118,512.17	- -	2,118,512.17
Advertising	1,793,378.12	- -	1,793,378.12
Contract Labor	8,420,904.32	- -	8,420,904.32
Telecommunications	1,841,691.55	- -	1,841,691.55
Contract Services - Savannah	6,144,216.23	- -	6,144,216.23
Miscellaneous	3,237,654.87	- -	3,237,654.87
Total Operating Revenue	<u>69,622,280.99</u>	<u>51,640,975.00</u>	<u>121,263,255.99</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel Services	33,644,654.15	- -	33,644,654.15
Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)	(1,836,264.00)	- -	(1,836,264.00)
Regular Operating Expenses	30,621,958.86	- -	30,621,958.86
Equipment/Computer	4,420,667.80	- -	4,420,667.80
Professional Services	925,976.37	- -	925,976.37
Project Expenses	8,733,820.44	- -	8,733,820.44
Hotel Expenses	- -	5,102,303.32	5,102,303.32
Other	422,224.44	- -	422,224.44
Total Operating Expenses	<u>76,933,038.06</u>	<u>5,102,303.32</u>	<u>82,035,341.38</u>
Operating Profit (Loss) Before Depreciation	(7,310,757.07)	46,538,671.68	39,227,914.61
Depreciation/Amortization Expense	<u>41,635,105.09</u>	<u>14,300,792.36</u>	<u>55,935,897.45</u>
Operating Profit (Loss)	<u>(48,945,862.16)</u>	<u>32,237,879.32</u>	<u>(16,707,982.84)</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Hotel and Motel Tax	9,157,820.13	- -	9,157,820.13
ACVB Hotel Motel Tax Revenue	34,916,587.94	- -	34,916,587.94
ACVB Hotel Motel Tax Expense	(34,916,587.94)	- -	(34,916,587.94)
Hotel and Motel Tax Revenue (Mercedes Benz Stadium)	24,106,129.34	- -	24,106,129.34
Hotel and Motel Tax Expense (Mercedes Benz Stadium)	(22,342,707.44)	- -	(22,342,707.44)
PSL Interest Revenue	1,449,009.70	- -	1,449,009.70
PSL Interest Expense	(1,449,009.70)	- -	(1,449,009.70)
Notes Payable Interest Expense	(1,930,279.21)	- -	(1,930,279.21)
Installment Purchase Agreement Interest Expense	(1,149,242.39)	- -	(1,149,242.39)
Investment Income	2,841,077.84	2,778,571.94	5,619,649.78
Insurance Recovery	878,618.86	- -	878,618.86
Vendor's Compensation on Sales Tax Collections	294.78	- -	294.78
Gain on Capital Asset Disposals	37,520.98	- -	37,520.98
Bond Interest	- -	(17,699,712.48)	(17,699,712.48)
CFP/FIFA Expenses	(4,400,000.00)	- -	(4,400,000.00)
Grant Revenue	2,885,863.66	- -	2,885,863.66
Grant Expense	(2,906,239.20)	- -	(2,906,239.20)
Lease Revenue	2,482,644.60	- -	2,482,644.60
Lease Interest Revenue	1,939,600.51	- -	1,939,600.51
Lease Interest Paid	(98,138.20)	- -	(98,138.20)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>11,502,964.26</u>	<u>(14,921,140.54)</u>	<u>(3,418,176.28)</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>(37,442,897.90)</u>	<u>17,316,738.78</u>	<u>(20,126,159.12)</u>
NET POSITION, JULY 1	1,148,555,827.01	(34,667,534.74)	1,113,888,292.27
NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 1,111,112,929.11	\$ (17,350,795.96)	\$ 1,093,762,133.15

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GEORGE L. SMITH, II
 GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
 JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "C"

	Convention Center	Hotel	Total Business-Type Activities
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 72,139,117.36	\$ 43,585,884.00	\$ 115,725,001.36
Cash Paid to Vendors	(43,585,599.18)	(5,102,303.32)	(48,687,902.50)
Cash Paid to Employees	(35,663,327.01)	-	(35,663,327.01)
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	<u>(7,109,808.83)</u>	<u>38,483,580.68</u>	<u>31,373,771.85</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Hotel and Motel Tax Received	9,157,820.13	-	9,157,820.13
Restricted Hotel and Motel Tax Received	34,916,587.94	-	34,916,587.94
Restricted Hotel and Motel Tax Distributed	(34,916,587.94)	-	(34,916,587.94)
Grant Revenue	2,885,863.66	-	2,885,863.66
Grant Expense	(2,906,239.20)	-	(2,906,239.20)
Vendor's Compensation on Sales Tax Collections	294.78	-	294.78
Insurance Recovery	878,618.86	-	878,618.86
CFP/FIFA Expenses	(4,400,000.00)	-	(4,400,000.00)
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>5,616,358.23</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,616,358.23</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(4,149,387.67)	(6,025,371.88)	(10,174,759.55)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	37,520.98	-	37,520.98
Hotel and Motel Tax Received - Dedicated to MBS	1,763,421.90	-	1,763,421.90
Bond Interest Paid	-	(19,106,125.02)	(19,106,125.02)
Note Payable Interest Expense	(1,930,279.21)	-	(1,930,279.21)
Principal on Note Payable	(706,476.54)	-	(706,476.54)
Installment Purchase Agreement Interest Expense	(1,149,242.39)	-	(1,149,242.39)
Principal on Installment Purchase Agreement	(1,575,208.93)	-	(1,575,208.93)
Lease Principal Received	1,246,296.67	-	1,246,296.67
Lease Interest Received	1,939,600.51	-	1,939,600.51
Lease Principal Paid	(741,621.54)	-	(741,621.54)
Lease Interest Paid	(98,138.20)	-	(98,138.20)
MBS Stadium Expenses	(1,000.00)	-	(1,000.00)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(5,364,514.42)</u>	<u>(25,131,496.90)</u>	<u>(30,496,011.32)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest Received	2,841,077.84	2,778,571.94	5,619,649.78
Investment Maturities	-	14,458,000.00	14,458,000.00
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>2,841,077.84</u>	<u>17,236,571.94</u>	<u>20,077,649.78</u>
Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>(4,016,887.18)</u>	<u>30,588,655.72</u>	<u>26,571,768.54</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Beginning of Year	<u>75,488,573.70</u>	<u>50,445,318.54</u>	<u>125,933,892.24</u>
End of Year	<u>\$ 71,471,686.52</u>	<u>\$ 81,033,974.26</u>	<u>\$ 152,505,660.78</u>

GEORGE L. SMITH, II
 GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
 JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "C"

	Convention Center	Hotel	Total Business-Type Activities
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash			
Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities:			
Operating Profit (Loss)	\$ (48,945,862.16)	\$ 32,237,879.32	\$ (16,707,982.84)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities:			
Depreciation / Amortization	41,635,105.09	14,300,792.36	55,935,897.45
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Accounts Receivable	3,112,994.48	(8,055,091.00)	(4,942,096.52)
Prepaid Items	202,059.41	-	202,059.41
Inventories	64,994.03	-	64,994.03
Unearned Revenue	1,208,907.90	-	1,208,907.90
Compensated Absences	685,775.03	-	685,775.03
Accounts Payable	(533,070.72)	-	(533,070.72)
Accrued Liabilities	86,205.11	-	86,205.11
Net OPEB Liability	2,595,957.00	-	2,595,957.00
Net OPEB Asset	(400,284.00)	-	(400,284.00)
Net Pension Liability	(5,696,008.00)	-	(5,696,008.00)
Changes in Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(3,476,010.00)	-	(3,476,010.00)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,349,428.00	-	2,349,428.00
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	<u>\$ (7,109,808.83)</u>	<u>\$ 38,483,580.68</u>	<u>\$ 31,373,771.85</u>
Non Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Intangible Right-to-Use Asset Acquired by Incurring a SBITA	\$ 60,889.80		

GEORGE L. SMITH, II
 GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "D"

	OPEB TRUST FUND
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Investments at Fair Value	\$ 6,879,405.68
Cash and Cash Equivalents	130,040.49
Total Assets	<u>7,009,446.17</u>
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Benefits Payable	<u>541,205.47</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>541,205.47</u>
NET POSITION	
Net Position:	
Restricted for:	
OPEB Benefits	<u>6,468,240.70</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 6,468,240.70</u>

GEORGE L. SMITH, II
 GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "E"

	OPEB TRUST FUND
ADDITIONS	
Employer Contributions	\$ 750,000.00
Interest Earned	212,795.94
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Investments Reported at Fair Value	374,299.71
Less: Investment Expense	50,827.00
Total Additions	1,286,268.65
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	541,205.47
Administrative Expense	36,370.00
Total Deductions	577,575.47
Net increase in Net Position Restricted for:	
Other Employee Benefits	708,693.18
<u>Net Position, July 1</u>	5,759,547.52
<u>Net Position, June 30</u>	\$ 6,468,240.70

GEORGE L SMITH, II
GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "F"

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The George L. Smith, II Georgia World Congress Center Authority (the Authority) reports its financial position and the results of its operations under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for a special purpose government (component unit of the State of Georgia) engaged in business-type activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The Authority is an instrumentality of the State of Georgia and a public corporation created for the purposes of operating and maintaining a comprehensive international trade and convention center consisting of a complex of facilities suitable for multipurpose use. The management of the business and affairs of the Authority is vested in a Board of Governors. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 10-9-6 provides that the Board of Governors consist of fifteen (15) members appointed by the Governor. The Authority is considered a component unit of the State of Georgia for financial reporting purposes because of the significance of its legal, operational, and financial relationships with the State of Georgia. These reporting entity relationships are defined in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund

The Authority accounts for its activities as an enterprise fund for which the intent of management is to recover, primarily through user charges, the cost of providing goods or services to the general public, or where sound financial management dictates that periodic determinations of results of operations are appropriate.

The Authority reports activity associated with operations of the Georgia World Congress Center and Centennial Olympic Park. The Authority entered into a contract to manage the operations of the Savannah International Trade and Convention Center beginning on April 1, 2014. Beginning fiscal year 2018, the Mercedes Benz Stadium (MBS) project was completed, and all initial capital assets constructed and equipment purchased with bonds issued by the City of Atlanta and personal seat license fees have been reported in this fund. In addition, the Authority is the custodian of hotel motel taxes allocated to the new stadium for ongoing repairs, maintenance, and capital improvement.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Authority are maintained in accordance with the principles of "Fund Accounting" in order to reflect limitations and restrictions placed on the use of available resources. The following proprietary funds are used by the Authority:

Convention Center Fund – The Convention Center Fund accounts for the operation of the Convention Center, parking facilities, and related expenses, including construction of and improvements to these facilities, as well as the accumulation of financial resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs.

GEORGE L SMITH, II
GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "F"

Hotel Fund – The Hotel Fund accounts for the operation of the Signia by Hilton Atlanta hotel and related expenses, including construction of and improvements to the facility, as well as the accumulation of financial resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Fiduciary Fund – Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund (OPEB)

The OPEB Trust fund is used to report the accumulation of resources for, and payment of other post-employment benefits.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Proprietary fund types are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows.

The OPEB Trust reports plan assets and net position, as well as investment income and appreciation and its related administrative expenses from the pre-funding contributions made by the Authority. The OPEB Trust is reported using the same basis of accounting as the proprietary fund. The OPEB Trust is reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents include currency on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and the State investment pool that has the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts in that the Authority may deposit additional cash at any time and may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Cash and Cash Equivalents also include short-term, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The aforementioned definitions were applied in the preparation of the Statement of Cash Flows.

The State investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The State of Georgia's Office of the State Treasurer (OST) manages Georgia Fund 1 in accordance with policies and procedures established by State law and the State Depository Board, the oversight Board for OST. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The pool also adjusts the value of its investments to fair market value as of year-end and the Authority's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value.

The Authority does not have any risk exposure related to investments in derivatives or similar investments in Georgia Fund 1 as the investment policy of OST does not provide for investments in derivatives or similar investments through the Georgia Fund 1.

GEORGE L SMITH, II
GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

EXHIBIT "F"

Investments

Investments are defined as those financial instruments with terms more than three months from the date of purchase. Investments are stated at fair value or cost.

The Authority may invest regular funds in U. S. Government securities, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. In accordance with GASB No. 74, OPEB Trust plan investments, whether equity or debt securities, real estate, or other investments, are reported at their fair value at the reporting date. The fair value of an investment is the amount that the plan could reasonably expect to receive for it in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller. Fair value is measured by the market price if there is an active market for the investment.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable arising from operations are reported at gross value. Based on management's evaluation that amounts uncollectible are not material, no provision has been made for such amounts.

Intangible Right-to-Use Assets

The Authority is a lessee for noncancellable leases of certain space within buildings owned by 3rd parties.

At the commencement of a lease, the Authority initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The right-to-use lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on the straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments:

- The lease agreements entered into by the Authority as lessee do not contain stated interest rates. Therefore, the Authority has used its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for the leases. The Authority has estimated this incremental borrowing rate to be 3.5% for the leases in which the Authority is currently involved as the lessee.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments the Authority will make over the lease term.

The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and lease liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with current and long-term debt on the statement of net position.

The Authority also entered into certain subscription-based agreements to use vendor-provided information technology (IT). Subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) result in an intangible right-to-use asset and a subscription obligation on the Statement of Net Position.

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An intangible right-to-use asset represents the Authority's right to use an underlying asset for the lease or subscription term. Lease and/or subscription obligations represent the Authority's liability to make lease and/or subscription payments arising from the lease and/or subscription agreement. Intangible right-to-use assets, lease obligations, and subscription obligations are recognized based on the present value of lease and/or subscription payments over the lease and/or subscription term, where the initial term exceeds 12 months. Residual value guarantees and the value of an option to extend or terminate a lease are reflected to the extent it is reasonably certain to be paid or exercised. Variable payments based on future performance or usage are not included in the measurement of the lease and/or subscription liability. Intangible right-to-use assets are amortized using a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease and/or subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset.

Leases as Lessor

The Authority is a lessor for noncancelable leases of space within buildings owned by the Authority. The Authority recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflows of resources for deferred lease receipts in the statement of net position.

At the commencement of a lease, the Authority initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The deferred inflow of resources for deferred lease receipts is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, less certain costs paid to or reimbursed to the lessee. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments:

- The lease agreements entered into by the Authority do not contain stated interest rates. Therefore, the Authority has used its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for the leases. The Authority has estimated this incremental borrowing rate to be 3.5% for the leases in which the Authority is currently involved as the lessor.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments the Authority will receive over the lease term.

The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2025, are recorded as prepaid items.

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Inventories

Supply inventories are valued at cost, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. These expendable supplies are recorded as inventories at the time of purchase and are recorded as expense based on consumption.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include personal seat licenses (PSL) sold for the MBS which opened in August 2017, hotel/motel tax funding reserved for operations and maintenance of the new stadium, bond proceeds for hotel under construction, net proceeds from hotel operations and capital campaign contributions restricted for renovations of Centennial Olympic Park.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are recorded in the Statement of Net Position at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date donated and disposals are deleted at recorded cost. All land is capitalized regardless of cost. Buildings and Building Improvements are capitalized when the cost of individual items or projects exceeds \$100,000. Equipment is capitalized when the cost of individual items exceeds \$10,000. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets of the Authority are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and Building Improvements	5 to 60 years
Improvements Other Than Buildings	15 to 50 years
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 20 years

Under a contractual agreement with the State of Georgia Department of Economic Development, the Authority operates the Georgia World Congress Center. The Georgia World Congress Center consists of exhibition facilities for conventions, trade shows and meetings catering to national, international, and corporate groups. The Georgia World Congress Center was financed with the proceeds from State of Georgia General Obligation Bonds and is owned by the State of Georgia.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows of Resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of proprietary fund types if those liabilities are expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issue costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

Compensated Absences

The Authority accrues a liability for earned leave that carries over to future periods and is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This liability relates to vesting of annual leave, compensatory leave, banked holiday leave, and sick leave.

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When determining the liability, the leave is considered taken on a first in, first out (FIFO) basis.

Employees earn annual leave ranging from ten to fourteen hours each month depending upon the employees' length of continuous State service with a maximum accumulation of forty-five days. Employees are paid for unused accumulated annual leave upon retirement or termination of employment. Certain employees who retire with one hundred and twenty days or more of forfeited annual and sick leave are entitled to additional service credit in the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia.

The Authority has adopted a policy where employees may request that a portion of their unused accrued annual leave balance be paid in lump sum. There are eligibility requirements and minimum balances that must be maintained in addition to a maximum of 40 hours per year that can be converted through this process.

Employees earn ten hours of sick leave each month with a maximum accumulation of ninety days. Unused accumulated sick leave does not vest with the employee and is forfeited upon retirement or termination of employment.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes deposits and payments received in advance for future events, including marketing, and advertising and event license contracts.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia World Congress Center Post-Employment Health Benefits Plan (GWCC OPEB Plan) and the State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB) and additions to/deductions from the GWCC OPEB Plan and SEAD-OPEB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the GWCC OPEB Plan and SEAD-OPEB. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pensions Items

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and additions to/deductions from ERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

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Net Position

The difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is "net position." Net position is reported in three categories:

1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
2. **Restricted net position** results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Authority reports the following restricted net position:
 - Major Sporting Events – represents State of Georgia appropriation for FIFA World Cup in 2026.
 - Mercedes Benz Stadium (MBS) – represents restriction placed on hotel/motel tax collections and PSL payments, which are designated for operations and maintenance of the MBS.
 - Net OPEB Asset – represents restriction on assets related to the proportional share of the SEAD OPEB plan net OPEB Asset.
 - Debt Service – represents restrictions on assets related to debt service on the construction of a new hotel.
3. **Unrestricted Net Position** consists of net position that does not meet the definition of the preceding categories. The unrestricted deficit balance of the total business-type activities has been adjusted for the convention center fund outstanding debt balances related to capital assets reported in the hotel fund in the amount of \$42,356,817, which is reflected in the net investment in capital assets.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes an entity will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

Revenues and Expenses

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority's enterprise funds are charges to customers for space rent, utility services, catering, and parking services. Operating expenses include personal services, regular operating expenses, equipment, contractual expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition and construction related activities are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

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Advance payments for future events are recorded as unearned revenue at the time the payments are received and recorded as income as the related event occurs.

Certain amounts reported as other nonoperating revenues and expenses for the stadium project include interest earned on PSL receivables and related expense to AMB Sports and Entertainment. Various hotel related expenses are also reported as other nonoperating expenses.

Personal Seat Licenses (PSL)

In connection with the construction of MBS, the Authority offered Personal Seat Licenses (PSL) for sale through the stadium construction period. PSLs are governed by a PSL Agreement, which provides the PSL licensee with the right to purchase the related season tickets for all home games played by the Atlanta Falcons (the Team) as long as the Team plays in the stadium. Revenue associated with sales through August 19, 2017, the date of the stadium's substantial completion has been recognized. Outstanding balances on PSLs are reported as accounts receivable and the offsetting amount is reported as a liability to MBS. Interest revenue earned during the fiscal year is reported as revenue and stadium expense.

Shared Revenues

Pursuant to the Hotel and Motel Tax Act as enacted and amended by the General Assembly of Georgia, the City of Atlanta, the City of Chattahoochee Hills and Fulton County, Georgia, have agreed to levy and collect an excise tax in the amount of seven percent on rooms, lodgings and accommodations within the special district defined in the Hotel and Motel Tax Act. Pursuant to the Stadium Funding Agreement between the Authority and the City of Atlanta and Fulton County, Georgia, 39.3% is dedicated to the purposes of the MBS and the remaining 9.6% is to be used at the Authority's discretion.

NOTE 2: CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

In fiscal year 2025, the Authority implemented the following GASB Statements:

- **GASB Statement 101, *Compensated Absences***, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

Recognition And Measurement

This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a

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government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit post-employment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences.

This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences—including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used.

This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. A liability for leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled should be measured at the amount of the cash payment or noncash settlement to be made. Certain salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities.

The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the Authority's financial statements. This statement will be applied prospectively.

- **GASB Statement 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures***, The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints.

This Statement defines a concentration as a lack of diversity related to an aspect of a significant inflow of resources or outflow of resources. A constraint is a limitation imposed on a government by an external party or by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Concentrations and constraints may limit a government's ability to acquire resources or control spending.

This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued.

The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the Authority's financial statements. This statement will be applied prospectively, with risks evaluated annually and the requirements of Statement No. 102 implemented as applicable.

NOTE 3: BUDGETS

An internal operations budget for management purposes is prepared by the Authority. The budget is not subject to review or approval by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia and therefore, is a non-appropriated budget.

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NOTE 4: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

State of Georgia Collateralization Statutes and Policies

Funds of the State of Georgia cannot be placed in a depository paying interest longer than ten days without the depository providing a surety bond to the State. In lieu of a surety bond, the depository may pledge as collateral any one or more of the following securities as enumerated in the O.C.G.A.

Section 50-17-59:

- (1) Bonds, bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia.
- (2) Bonds, bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia.
- (3) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose.
- (4) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia.
- (5) Bonds, bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest, or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage Association.
- (6) Letters of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank.
- (7) Guarantee or insurance of accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTE 5: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

As reported in the Statement of Net Position		
Business-Type Activities		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	58,956,648.47
Restricted:		
Cash and cash equivalents		93,549,012.31
Investments		10,000,000.00
Fiduciary Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents		130,040.49
Investments		<u>6,879,405.68</u>
	\$	<u>169,515,106.95</u>

As reported in the Notes to the Financial Statements		
Deposits with financial institutions	\$	14,981,616.24
Georgia Fund 1		58,510,205.08
Mutual Funds		86,023,285.63
State and Local Government Securities		<u>10,000,000.00</u>
	\$	<u>169,515,106.95</u>

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A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. At June 30, 2025, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures deposits up to \$250,000 per depositor, per insured bank, and per ownership category. In 2018, the State of Georgia implemented a Secure Deposit Program (SDP), a multi-bank pledging pool. The SDP requires participating banks that accept public deposits in Georgia to operate under the policy and procedures of the program. For disclosure purposes, all deposits of participants in the SDP are considered to be fully insured. The Authority's banks are all included in the State's SDP or fully covered by FDIC.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2025, the Authority held the following investments:

Investment	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Credit Rating	Balance
Georgia Fund 1	51.0	AAAf	\$ 58,510,205.08
Mutual Funds	50.0	AAAm	<u>86,023,285.63</u>
			<u>\$ 144,533,490.71</u>

The remaining investments are exempt from GASB 72's disclosure requirement because they are not reported at fair value and are instead valued using cost-based measures.

At June 30, 2025, the Authority had \$58,510,205.08 in Georgia Fund 1 investment pool. Georgia Fund 1, created by OCGA Section 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. The pool also adjusts the value of its investments to fair market value as of year-end and the Authority's investment in Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value. The pool is regulated by the Georgia Office of State Treasurer. The Georgia Fund 1 is an investment pool which does not meet the criteria of GASB No. 79 and is thus valued at fair value in accordance with GASB 31. As a result, the Authority does not disclose investment in the Georgia Fund 1 with the fair value hierarchy.

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Fair Value Measurements

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Authority has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

Investment	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Mutual Funds	\$ 79,013,839.46	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,013,839.46
Total:	\$ 79,013,839.46	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,013,839.46
Investments not subject to level disclosure:				
Georgia Fund 1				\$ 58,510,205.08

In October 2016, the Authority's OPEB Trust Board of Trustees engaged a money management firm to invest plan assets. The OPEB Trust categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by general accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. At June 30, 2025, the OPEB Trust Fund had the following investments:

Investment	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Mutual funds invested in fixed income securities	\$ 1,716,609.86	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,716,609.86
Mutual funds invested in equities	\$ 4,316,358.92	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,316,358.92
Mutual funds invested in alternative investments	\$ 976,477.39	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 976,477.39
	\$ 7,009,446.17	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,009,446.17

Credit Quality Risk

Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit quality risk of the Authority is managed by restricting investments to those authorized in Note 1.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority does not have a policy for managing interest rate risk.

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NOTE 6: LEASES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS

As Lessor

During the fiscal year, the Authority had active, noncancelable lease agreements as lessor. A description of those agreements and the related balances reported as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

1. The Authority has leased a portion of the third floor of the Georgia World Congress Center to a third party. The Authority receives monthly payments in the amount of \$35,000 which includes the principal and interest components of the payment. As the lease does not contain a specific interest rate, the Authority has used its incremental borrowing rate of 3.5% as the discount rate for the lease. For the current year, the Authority recognized \$370,510 in lease revenue and \$49,685 in interest revenue related to the lease. As of June 30, 2025, the Authority's receivable for lease payments was \$1,217,923. Also, the Authority has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized over the lease term that ends on June 30, 2028. This deferred inflows of resources has a balance of \$1,111,529 as of June 30, 2025.
2. The Authority has leased a portion of the fourth floor of the Georgia World Congress Center to a third party. The Authority receives monthly payments ranging from \$4,368 to \$4,634, including the principal and interest components of the payment, until the lease ends on October 31, 2033. As the lease does not contain a specific interest rate, the Authority has used its incremental borrowing rate of 3.5% as the discount rate for the lease. For the current year, the Authority recognized \$44,100 in lease revenue and \$14,621 in interest revenue related to the lease. As of June 30, 2025, the Authority's receivable for lease payments was \$396,313. Also, the Authority has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized over the lease term that ends on October 31, 2033. This deferred inflows of resources has a balance of \$367,500 as of June 30, 2025.
3. The Authority has leased portions of its parking facilities to a third party for the installation of various public safety and antenna equipment. The Authority receives annual payments ranging from \$36,000 to \$43,023, including the principal and interest components of the payment, until the lease ends on December 31, 2026. As the lease does not contain a specific interest rate, the Authority has used its incremental borrowing rate of 3.5% as the discount rate for the lease. For the current year, the Authority recognized \$31,088 in lease revenue and \$2,832 in interest revenue related to the lease. As of June 30, 2025, the Authority's receivable for lease payments was \$41,568. Also, the Authority has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized over the lease term that ends on December 31, 2026. This deferred inflows of resources has a balance of \$62,176 as of June 30, 2025.
4. The Authority has agreed to license the "Stadium Site" as described in the Stadium License and Management Agreement dated May 18, 2015 to the Atlanta Falcons Stadium Company, LLC. The Authority receives semi-annual payments ranging from \$1,250,000 to \$2,219,806, which includes the principal and interest components of the payment. As the lease does not contain a specific interest rate, the Authority has used its incremental borrowing rate of 3.5% as the discount rate for the lease. For the current year, the Authority recognized \$2,231,860 in lease revenue and \$1,896,292 in interest revenue related to the lease. As of June 30, 2025, the Authority's receivable for lease payments was \$53,417,371. Also, the Authority has a deferred

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inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized over the lease term that ends on February 28, 2047. This deferred inflows of resources has a balance of \$47,984,994 as of June 30, 2025.

As Lessee

During the fiscal year, the Authority had active, noncancelable lease agreements as lessee. A description of those agreements and the related balances reported as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

1. In March 2016, the Authority executed a ten-year agreement to lease certain space within Mercedes Benz Stadium. As of June 30, 2025, the value of the lease liability was \$473,164. The Authority is required to make an annual payment that includes principal and interest. As the lease does not contain a specific interest rate, the Authority has used its incremental borrowing rate of 3.5% as the discount rate for the lease. The right-to-use lease asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$1,175,444 and had accumulated amortization of \$782,962. This lease was netted, according to GASB 87 requirements, with the lessor lease of the Stadium Site for reporting purposes.
2. In September 2018, the Authority executed a seven-year agreement to lease certain space within State Farm Arena. As of June 30, 2025, the value of the lease liability was \$260,988. The Authority is required to make an annual payment that includes principal and interest. As the lease does not contain a specific interest rate, the Authority has used its incremental borrowing rate of 3.5% as the discount rate for the lease. The right-to-use lease asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$1,168,466 and had accumulated amortization of \$1,168,466.

Subscriptions

During the fiscal year, the Authority had active subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). A description of those agreements and the related balances reported as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

1. In May 2023, the Authority executed a five-year subscription with Momentus Technologies. As of June 30, 2025, the value of the subscription liability was \$1,028,406. The Authority is required to make an annual payment that includes principal and interest. As the subscription does not contain a specific interest rate, the Authority has used its incremental borrowing rate of 3.5% as the discount rate for the subscription. As of June 30, 2025, current liability is \$331,079 and noncurrent liability is \$697,327. The right-to-use lease subscription asset at the end of the fiscal year was \$1,715,362 and had accumulated amortization of \$686,145.
2. In July 2023, the Authority executed a three-year subscription with Microsoft with an option to renew for an additional three years. As of June 30, 2025, the value of the subscription liability was \$772,934. The Authority is required to make an annual payment that includes principal and interest. As the subscription does not contain a specific interest rate, the Authority has used its incremental borrowing rate of 3.5% as the discount rate for the subscription. As of June 30, 2025, current liability is \$183,379 and noncurrent liability is \$589,555. The right-to-use lease asset at the end of the fiscal year was \$1,147,058 and had accumulated amortization of \$382,353.

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Debt service to maturity on the Authority's outstanding leases and subscriptions is as follows:

Leases	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
Year Ending June 30,			
2026	<u>\$ 260,987.54</u>	<u>\$ 9,134.57</u>	<u>\$ 270,122.11</u>
SBITA			
Year Ending June 30,			
2026	<u>\$ 514,458.38</u>	<u>\$ 63,046.88</u>	<u>\$ 577,505.26</u>
2027	<u>532,464.42</u>	<u>45,040.84</u>	<u>577,505.26</u>
2028	<u>551,100.66</u>	<u>26,404.60</u>	<u>577,505.26</u>
2029	<u>203,316.10</u>	<u>7,116.06</u>	<u>210,432.16</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,801,339.56</u>	<u>\$ 141,608.38</u>	<u>\$ 1,942,947.94</u>
Lease and SBITA Total	<u>\$ 2,062,327.10</u>	<u>\$ 150,742.95</u>	<u>\$ 2,213,070.05</u>

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NOTE 7: CAPITAL AND INTANGIBLE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS

Capital and Intangible Right-to-Use asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Convention Center			Balances
	Balances	Additions	Deletions	Balances
	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2025
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Land Improvements	66,382,613.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,382,613.00
Construction Work In Progress	2,376,950.74	- -	2,376,950.74	- -
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	68,759,563.74	- -	2,376,950.74	66,382,613.00
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	1,622,389,184.00	- -	- -	1,622,389,184.00
Improvements Other Than Buildings	51,722,638.83	3,552,264.23	- -	55,274,903.06
Equipment	48,465,912.75	2,974,074.18	6,123,137.76	45,316,849.17
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets - Buildings	1,168,465.67	- -	- -	1,168,465.67
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets - SBITA	2,801,530.29	60,889.80	- -	2,862,420.09
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:				
Buildings and Improvements	553,252,757.46	37,283,273.50	- -	590,536,030.96
Improvements Other Than Buildings	30,303,101.56	1,812,568.21	- -	32,115,669.77
Equipment	42,299,610.77	1,702,749.94	6,123,137.76	37,879,222.95
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets - Buildings	876,349.26	292,116.41	- -	1,168,465.67
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets - SBITA	524,100.43	544,397.03	- -	1,068,497.46
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	1,099,291,812.06	(35,047,876.88)	- -	1,064,243,935.18
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,168,051,375.80	\$ (35,047,876.88)	\$ 2,376,950.74	\$ 1,130,626,548.18

	Hotel			Balances
	Balances	Additions	Deletions	Balances
	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2025
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$ 372,978,308.37	\$ -	\$ 6,500.00	\$ 372,971,808.37
Equipment	9,340,401.30	26,545.08	- -	9,366,946.38
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:				
Buildings and Improvements	6,216,305.14	12,432,610.28	- -	18,648,915.42
Equipment	934,040.13	1,868,182.08	- -	2,802,222.21
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	375,168,364.40	(14,274,247.28)	6,500.00	360,887,617.12
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 375,168,364.40	\$ (14,274,247.28)	\$ 6,500.00	\$ 360,887,617.12

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NOTE 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2025 and changes for the fiscal year then ended are as follows:

Convention Center						
	Balance June 30, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2025	Due Within One Year	
Compensated Absences (1)	\$ 1,546,406.53	\$ 685,775.03	\$ -	\$ 2,232,181.56	\$ 791,269.76	
Net Postemployment Benefit Liability	8,001,667.00	3,345,957.00	750,000.00	10,597,624.00	-	
Net Pension Liability	27,086,105.00	-	5,696,008.00	21,390,097.00	-	
Customer Deposits Payable	10,000.00	-	-	10,000.00	-	
Mercedes Benz Stadium PSLs	18,867,020.79	-	7,654,144.91	11,212,875.88	6,158,039.75	
Notes Payable	43,063,293.37	-	706,476.54	42,356,816.83	791,948.15	
Leases - Buildings	505,547.85	-	244,560.31	260,987.54	260,987.54	
Leases - SBITA	2,237,510.99	60,889.80	497,061.23	1,801,339.56	514,458.38	
Installment Purchase Agreement	21,047,967.42	-	1,575,208.93	19,472,758.49	1,631,947.10	
	<hr/> <u>\$ 122,365,518.95</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 4,092,621.83</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 17,123,459.92</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 109,334,680.86</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 10,148,650.68</u>	

(1) Net changes in the compensated absences liability are reported as increases or decreases accordingly.

Hotel						
	Balance June 30, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2025	Due Within One Year	
Bond Payable	\$ 439,595,000.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 439,595,000.00	\$ -	
Bond Premium Payable	27,497,550.18	-	1,406,412.54	26,091,137.64	1,406,412.55	
	<hr/> <u>\$ 467,092,550.18</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ -</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 1,406,412.54</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 465,686,137.64</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 1,406,412.55</u>	

Notes Payable – Convention Center Fund

On May 15, 2020, the Authority entered into a non-recourse note purchase agreement with Northwestern Mutual. Under this agreement, the Authority received \$46,158,397 in cash and will pay interest at a rate of 4.5% due semi-annually through fiscal year 2045. The proceeds of the note were used to finance the construction of a convention center hotel. The liability is a direct borrowing and the Mercedes Benz Stadium license agreement payments were used as collateral.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 791,948.15	\$ 1,897,542.70	\$ 2,689,490.85
2027	882,375.70	1,860,904.97	2,743,280.67
2028	978,006.06	1,820,140.22	2,798,146.28
2029	1,079,097.72	1,775,011.49	2,854,109.21
2030	1,185,921.40	1,725,269.99	2,911,191.39
2031-2035	7,753,192.07	7,699,764.00	15,452,956.07
2036-2040	11,463,351.01	5,597,961.13	17,061,312.14
2041-2045	16,283,153.71	2,553,913.47	18,837,067.18
2046	<u>1,939,771.01</u>	<u>43,644.85</u>	<u>1,983,415.86</u>
	<hr/> <u>\$ 42,356,816.83</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 24,974,152.82</u>	<hr/> <u>\$ 67,330,969.65</u>

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Installment Purchase Agreement – Convention Center Fund

This liability is a direct borrowing related to the energy performance upgrades installed during fiscal year 2016. The agreement is between the vendor and the Georgia Department of Economic Development (Department). The Department would be responsible for any events of default. However, the Authority acts as an agent for the Department for this agreement and could be responsible for legal fees and expenses related to any court action should defaults occur.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 1,631,947.10	\$ 904,922.35	\$ 2,536,869.45
2027	1,750,220.02	823,360.88	2,573,580.90
2028	1,866,424.47	736,572.69	2,602,997.16
2029	2,039,960.23	642,626.84	2,682,587.07
2030	2,224,506.73	540,057.92	2,764,564.65
2031-2034	<u>9,959,699.94</u>	<u>948,260.33</u>	<u>10,907,960.27</u>
	<u><u>\$ 19,472,758.49</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,595,801.01</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 24,068,559.50</u></u>

Series 2021A and Series 2021B Limited Obligation Bonds – Hotel Fund

In March 2021, the Authority issued George L. Smith II, Georgia World Congress Center Authority Convention Center Hotel First Tier Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A and Series 2021B in the par amounts of \$227,395,000.00 and \$212,200,000.00 respectively. The proceeds of the bonds, together with the original issue premiums and other amounts contributed by the Authority, will be used to finance the construction of a convention center hotel, provide funds to make the interest payments on the bonds until the hotel opening, and to pay the costs of issuing the bonds.

Under the Indenture, the Series 2021A Bonds are secured by a first lien on pledged hotel revenues and related trust estate assets, while the Series 2021B Bonds are secured on a subordinate basis. The Trust Estate includes gross operating revenues of the hotel and amounts held in various reserve funds as required by the Indenture.

The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority, payable solely from pledged revenues and funds held under the Indenture. They are not general obligations of the Authority or the State of Georgia and do not constitute a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the State.

The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.375% to 5.000% and interest is due semiannually beginning on July 1, 2021, until maturity on January 1, 2054.

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Debt service to maturity on the bonds is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total	Unamortized Bond Premium
2026	\$ -	\$ 19,106,125.02	\$ 19,106,125.02	\$ 1,406,412.55
2027	7,240,000.00	19,106,125.02	26,346,125.02	1,398,767.97
2028	7,705,000.00	18,873,550.02	26,578,550.02	1,383,009.62
2029	8,200,000.00	18,622,056.26	26,822,056.26	1,366,229.90
2030	8,700,000.00	18,360,056.26	27,060,056.26	1,348,360.82
2031 - 2035	52,335,000.00	86,424,131.26	138,759,131.26	6,343,233.29
2036 - 2040	67,020,000.00	73,225,950.00	140,245,950.00	5,385,114.21
2041 - 2045	83,570,000.00	56,680,050.00	140,250,050.00	4,155,909.79
2046 - 2050	103,930,000.00	36,324,550.00	140,254,550.00	2,603,659.82
2051 - 2054	100,895,000.00	11,298,950.00	112,193,950.00	700,439.67
	<u>\$ 439,595,000.00</u>	<u>\$ 358,021,543.84</u>	<u>\$ 797,616,543.84</u>	<u>\$ 26,091,137.64</u>

The Series 2021A and Series 2021B bonds are special limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from and secured by a pledge of and lien on all operating revenues derived by the Authority from the operation of the convention center hotel, remaining after the payment of expenses to operate the convention center hotel. These revenues are pledged to secure the bonds until such time that all outstanding principal has been satisfied on the bonds.

NOTE 9: RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

In accordance with the Indenture, certain cash and investments are restricted for specific purposes and are held by the trustee. These balances include:

- **Debt Service Funds and Reserve Funds** – to ensure timely payment of principal and interest.
- **Operating Expense Reserve Fund** – to cover hotel operating costs if revenues are insufficient.
- **Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) Reserves** – designated for future capital replacements.
- **Insurance and Condemnation Proceeds Fund** – to hold insurance or condemnation proceeds until applied as provided in the Indenture.
- **Other Supplemental and Surplus Revenue Funds** – to support hotel operations and capital needs in accordance with the Indenture.

At June 30, 2025, restricted cash and investment balances were as follows (in thousands):

Fund	2025 Balance
First Tier Debt Service Reserve Fund	\$ 15,369,777
Second Tier Debt Service Reserve Fund	-
Operating Expense Reserve Fund	5,017,571
FF&E Reserves	1,829,693
Other restricted funds	68,816,933
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 91,033,974</u>

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NOTE 10: UNEARNED REVENUE

At June 30, 2025, the unearned revenue consisted of advance payments from customers for upcoming events.

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

Other Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and injuries to employees. The State of Georgia utilizes self-insurance programs established by individual agreement, statute or administrative action, to provide property insurance covering fire and extended coverage and automobile insurance and to pay losses that might occur from such causes; liability insurance for employees against personal liability for damages arising out of performance of their duties; survivors benefits for eligible members of the Employees' Retirement System; consolidating processing of unemployment compensation claims against State agencies and the payment of sums due to the Department of Labor; and workers' compensation insurance coverage for employees of the State and for the receipt of benefits as prescribed by the workers' compensation statutes of the State of Georgia. These self-insurance funds are accounted for as internal service funds of the State of Georgia where assets are set aside for claim settlements. The majority of the risk management programs are funded by assessments charged to participating organizations. A limited amount of commercial insurance is purchased by the self-insurance funds applicable to property, employee and automobile liability, fidelity, and certain other risks to limit the exposure to catastrophic losses. Otherwise, the risk management programs service all claims against the State for injuries and property damage. Financial information relative to the self-insurance funds will be presented in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2025.

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS

Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS)

Substantially all the Authority employees participate in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia under the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the System). The system issues separate, publicly available financial reports that include the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained by visiting the following website: www.ers.ga.gov/financials. More detailed information can be found in the plan agreements and related legislation. Each plan, including benefit and contribution provisions, was established, and can be amended by State law.

One of the plans within the System, also titled Employee's Retirement System (ERS Plan), is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature.

Benefits Provided: The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan (Tier 1), New Plan (Tier 2), and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS or Tier 3). Employees under the old plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982 and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to

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July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982, but prior to January 1, 2009, are new plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009, also had the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Under the Old plan, the New plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Contributions: Member contributions under the Old plan are 4% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200, plus 6% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200. Under the Old plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the Old plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the New plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The Authority's total required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2025, was 29.20% of annual covered payroll for new plan members and 25.51% for GSEPS members. The Authority's contributions to ERS totaled \$4,031,770 for the year ended June 30, 2025. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2025, the Authority reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2024, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2024, the Authority's proportion was 0.475139%, which was an increase of 0.021100% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

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For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$2,057,464. At June 30, 2025, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ 1,146,520	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	- -	- -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	- -	2,409,164
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	732,751	- -
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>4,031,770</u>	<u>- -</u>
Total	\$ 5,911,041	\$ 2,409,164

Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$4,031,770 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30

2026	222,050
2027	1,652,307
2028	(1,466,127)
2029	(938,123)
2030	- -
Thereafter	- -

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Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2024 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00% - 6.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.05%, annually

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Annuitant	Male: +1; Female: +1	Male: 105%; Female: 108%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 106%; Female: 105%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

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The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed Income	30.00%	1.50%
US Large Stocks	46.40%	9.10%
US Small Stocks	1.10%	13.00%
International developed market equities	13.60%	9.10%
International emerging market equities	3.90%	11.10%
Alternatives	<u>5.00%</u>	10.60%
 Total	 <u>100.00%</u>	

*Net of inflation

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 32,226,764.00	\$ 21,390,097.00	\$ 12,276,485.00

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report which is publicly available at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

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Payables to the Pension Plan

Pension payments due on June 30, 2025, in the amount of \$374,324.41 were recorded as a liability of the Authority.

GSEPS 401(k) Defined Contribution Component of ERS

In addition to the ERS defined benefit pension described above, GSEPS members may also participate in the Peach State Reserves 401(k) defined contribution plan and receive an employer matching contribution. The 401(k) plan is administered by the ERS System and was established by the State of Georgia Employee Benefit Plan Council in accordance with State law and Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The GSEPS segment of the 401(k) plan was established by State law effective January 1, 2009. Plan provisions and contribution requirements specific to GSEPS can be amended by State law. Other general 401(k) plan provisions can be amended by the ERS Board of Trustees as required by changes in Federal tax law or for administrative purposes. The State was not required to make significant contributions to the 401(k) plan prior to GSEPS because most members under other segments of the plan either were not State employees or were not eligible to receive an employer match on their contributions.

The GSEPS plan includes automatic enrollment in the 401(k) plan at a contribution rate of 5% of salary unless the participating member elects otherwise. The member may change such level of participation at any time. In addition, the member may make such additional contributions as he or she desires, subject to limitations imposed by federal law. The State will match 100% of the employee's first 5% contribution up to six years of service. After six years of service, the State's match will increase by 0.5% each year. The State's match caps at 9% after 13 years of service.

GSEPS employer contributions are subject to a vesting schedule, which determines eligibility to receive all or a portion of the employer contribution balance at the time of any distribution from the account after separation from all State service. Vesting is determined based on the following schedule:

Less than 1 year	0%
1 year	20%
2 years	40%
3 years	60%
4 years	80%
5 or more years	100%

Employee contributions and earnings thereon are 100% vested at all times. The 401(k) plan also allows participants to roll over amounts from other qualified plans to their respective account in the 401(k) plan on approval of the 401(k) plan administrator. Such rollovers are 100% vested at the time of transfer. Participant contributions are invested according to the participant's investment election. If the participant does not make an election, investments are automatically defaulted to a Lifecycle fund based on the participant's date of birth.

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The participants may receive the value of their vested accounts upon attaining age 59.5, qualifying financial hardship, or 30 days after retirement or other termination of service (employer contribution balances are only eligible for distribution upon separation from service). Upon the death of a participant, his or her beneficiary shall be entitled to the vested value of his or her accounts. Employees who die while actively employed and eligible for 401(k) employer matching contributions become fully vested in employer contributions upon death. Distributions are made in installments or in a lump sum.

In 2025, the Authority and employee GSEPS contributions were \$700,044.43 and \$772,170.34, respectively. The Authority and employee Roth GSEPS contributions were \$16,511.98 and \$85,129.18, respectively.

Georgia Defined Contribution Plan

Certain employees of the Authority participate in the Georgia Defined Contribution Plan (GDCP), which is a multiple employer defined contribution plan established by the General Assembly of Georgia for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public employees who are not members of a public retirement or pension system. GDCP is administered by the ERS Board of Trustees.

A member may retire and elect to receive periodic payments after attainment of age 65. The payment will be based upon mortality tables and interest assumptions to be adopted by the Board. If a member has less than \$3,500 credit to his/her account, the Board has the option of requiring a lump sum distribution to the member in lieu of making periodic payments. Upon the death of a member, a lump sum distribution equaling the amount credited to his/her account will be paid to the member's designated beneficiary. Benefit provisions of GDCP are established and may be amended by the State statute.

Member contributions are 7.5% of gross salary. There are no employer contributions. Contribution rates are established and may be amended by State statute. Earnings are credited to each member's account in a manner established by the Board. Upon termination of employment, the amount of the member's account is refundable upon request by the member. Total contributions by employees during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, were \$117,486.47, which represents 7.5% of covered payroll. These contributions met the requirements of the plan.

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NOTE 13: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Authority participates in the following other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans:

Administered by the Authority:

Georgia World Congress Center Authority Post-Employment Health Benefit Plan (GWCC OPEB Plan) – Beginning January 1, 2013

Administered by the ERS System:

State Employees' Assurance Department (SEAD)
– For retired and vested inactive (SEAD-OPEB)

The net OPEB asset, net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB Expense for the plans are summarized below.

	<u>GWCC OPEB Plan</u>	<u>SEAD-OPEB Plan</u>	<u>Total</u>
Net OPEB Asset	\$ -	\$ 2,004,850	\$ 2,004,850
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 10,597,624	\$ -	\$ 10,597,624
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Related to OPEB	\$ 1,916,436	\$ 18,404	\$ 1,934,840
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Related to OPEB	\$ 10,160,779	\$ 178,773	\$ 10,339,552
OPEB Expense/(Income):	\$ (1,692,110)	\$ (144,154)	\$ (1,836,264)

Georgia World Congress Center Authority Post-Employment Health Benefit Plan (GWCC OPEB Plan)

On January 1, 2013, the Authority began administering its own retiree health insurance plan. The GWCC OPEB Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit post-retirement health care plan, or other post-employment benefit (OPEB plan). The Plan is administered by a Board of Trustees initially made up of the Finance Committee of the Board of Governors of the Authority. An individual Trustee may remain on the Board as long as he or she is a member of the Finance Committee.

Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia. Coverage starts immediately at retirement, provided the retiree makes proper premium payments. In addition, spousal coverage is provided for the lifetime of the participant and dependents may participate for the lifetime of the retiree as long as the retiree pays the required monthly contribution for dependent coverage. The Authority has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions.

Each year, the GWCC Board of Trustees approves the employer contribution amount based on available funds. This amount is deposited into the trust fund and set aside to pay the premiums due for retirees. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Authority. Contributions of plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits vary based on plan election,

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dependent coverage, and Medicare eligibility and election. Retirees are required to pay a percentage of the premium depending on hire date and years of service; however, Medicare becomes the primary coverage at the eligible age of coverage, through their required contribution.

The following schedule, based on the June 30, 2025 actuarial valuation report, reflects membership for the OPEB Plan as of June 30, 2024:

Inactive Members or Beneficiaries	
Receiving benefits	48
Inactive Members or Beneficiaries	
Entitled to but not receiving benefits	-
Active Members	<u>205</u>
Total Membership	<u><u>253</u></u>

Investments

The Plan maintains an investment policy that may be amended by its Board both upon its own initiative and upon consideration of the advice and recommendations of its investment managers. The strategy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Plan's Board. The policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established on a cost basis in compliance with Georgia Statute. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the plans.

Money-Weighted Rate of Return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on the OPEB Trust investments in fiscal year 2025 was 8.6%, net of the Trust's investment expenses.

Net OPEB Liability of the Authority

Effective July 1, 2017, the GWCC OPEB Plan implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, which significantly changes the Authority's accounting for OPEB amounts. The information disclosed below is presented in accordance with the standard. The GWCC OPEB Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

The Authority's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2025, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024 with the actuary using standard techniques to roll forward the liability to the measurement date.

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 17,065,865.00
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>(6,468,241.00)</u>
Net OPEB Liability	<u><u>\$ 10,597,624.00</u></u>

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	37.90%
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Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2025 is based upon the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation. Significant assumptions utilized by the actuary include:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General Employees	3.00% - 6.75%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	6.25%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.93%
Measurement Date	5.20%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Prior Measurement Date	N/A
Measurement Date	2041
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	6.25%
Measurement Date	5.50%
Health Care Cost Trends	
Pre-Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug	6.75% for 2024 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2033
Medicare Medical and Prescription Drug	5.00% for 2024 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2026

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was based upon the Single Equivalent Interest Rate.

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub- 2010 family of mortality tables, with adjustments to better fit actual experience, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019, adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia on December 17, 2020.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2024 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using the historical average yield for the 10-year U.S. Treasury Note from July 2004 through June 2025.

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As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term rate of return by the Plan, the target asset allocations for each major asset class, as provided by the Plan, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Expected Return	Expected Inflation	Expected Return
Fixed Income	25.00%	0.16%	2.50%	2.66%
Equity Index Fund	60.00%	6.48%	2.50%	8.98%
Alternative Strategies	<u>15.00%</u>	3.46%	2.50%	5.96%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>			
Weighted Average		4.45%		6.95%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of the Measurement Date was 5.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2024. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the Plan.
- In all years before the assets are depleted, the benefits are paid from the trust as the benefits come due.
- Projected assets do not include employer contributions that fund the estimated service costs of future employees.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- The Authority will contribute \$250,000 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026 and will pay the projected benefit payments for that year using the Trust. Subsequent annual contributions are assumed to be \$480,000, which is equal to the five-year average of the Authority's annual contributions from the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021 through the known fiscal year ending June 30, 2026.

Based on these assumptions, the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) was projected to be depleted in 2041 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the SEIR. Here, the long-term expected rate of return of 6.25% on Plan investments was applied to periods through 2041, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Measurement Date (5.20%) was applied to periods on and after 2041, resulting in a SEIR at the Measurement Date (5.50%). There was a change in the discount rate from 6.25% at the Prior Measurement Date to 5.50% at the Measurement Date.

The FNP projections are based upon the Plan's financial status on the Measurement Date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB No. 74. As such, the FNP projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing plan basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of this test do not necessarily indicate whether or not the fund will actually run out of money, the financial condition of the Plan, or the Plan's ability to make benefit payments in future years.

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EXHIBIT "F"

Sensitivity of the Authority's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the Plan, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (4.50%)	Current Discount Rate (5.50%)	1% Increase (6.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 13,081,022	\$ 10,597,624	\$ 8,578,376

Sensitivity of the Authority's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the Plan, as well as what the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 8,361,004	\$ 10,597,624	\$ 13,358,525

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability of the Authority

The changes in the components of the net OPEB liability of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2025, were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balance as of 6/30/2024	\$ 13,761,215	\$ 5,759,548	\$ 8,001,667
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost at the end of the year*	223,254	-	223,254
Interest on TOL and Cash Flows	843,420	-	843,420
Change in benefit terms	1,381,917	-	1,381,917
Difference between expected and actual experience	(154,405)	-	(154,405)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,551,669	-	1,551,669
Contributions - employer	-	750,000	(750,000)
Contributions - non-employer	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	536,268	(536,268)
Benefit payments	(541,205)	(541,205)	-
Plan administrative expenses	-	(36,370)	36,370
Other	-	-	-
Net changes	\$ 3,304,650	\$ 708,693	\$ 2,595,957
Balance as of 6/30/2025	\$ 17,065,865	\$ 6,468,241	\$ 10,597,624

*The service cost includes interest for the year.

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EXHIBIT "F"

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB under GASB No. 75

The Authority's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2025. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Authority recognized OPEB income of \$1,692,110. At June 30, 2025, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 4,292,399.00
Changes of Assumptions or other inputs	1,916,436.00	5,739,687.00
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	- <hr/>	128,693.00 <hr/>
Total	<hr/> \$ 1,916,436.00	<hr/> \$ 10,160,779.00

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2026	(4,630,454)
2027	(1,976,689)
2028	(1,663,637)
2029	(3,642)
2030	30,079
Thereafter	-

State Employees' Assurance Department (SEAD)

SEAD-OPEB was created in 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to amend Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., relating to retirement, so as to establish a fund for the provision of term life insurance to retired and vested inactive members of Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), and the Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS). The plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefit Plans other than OPEB Plans*. The SEAD-OPEB trust fund accumulates the premiums received from the aforementioned retirement plans, including interest earned on deposits and investments of such payments. The SEAD-OPEB trust fund is included in ERS financial statements which are publicly available and can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

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Members in the ERS prior to January 1, 2009 and members in LRS or GJRS prior to July 1, 2009 are eligible for participation in the SEAD-OPEB plan. Effective July 1, 2009, no newly hired members of any Georgia public retirement system are eligible for term life insurance under the SEAD-OPEB. The amount of insurance for a retiree with creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is the full amount of insurance in effect on the date of retirement. The amount of insurance for a service retiree with no creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is 70% of the amount of insurance in effect at age 60 or at termination, if earlier. Life insurance proceeds are paid in a lump sum to the beneficiary upon death of the retiree.

Georgia law provides that employee contributions to the plan shall be in an amount established by the Board of Trustees not to exceed on-half of 1% of the member's earnable compensation. Georgia law also establishes that the Board of Trustees determines the amount of any required contributions from the employer. There were no employer contributions required or made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2025, the Authority reported an asset of \$2,004,850 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB asset was actuarially determined based on member salaries reported to the SEAD-OPEB during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. At June 30 2024, the Authority's proportion was 0.357204%, which was a decrease of (0.006639)% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

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EXHIBIT "F"

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Authority recognized SEAD-OPEB expense of (\$144,154). At June 30, 2025, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SEAD-OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$ 8,055	\$ -
Changes of Assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	178,773
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	10,349	-
Employer Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	-
Total	\$ 18,404	\$ 178,773

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SEAD - OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30</u>	
2026	(79,720)
2027	96,799
2028	(108,365)
2029	(69,083)
2030	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total SEAD-OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2024, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% - 6.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, Net of investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	N/A

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EXHIBIT "F"

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions as follows:

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/Setback (-)	Adjustment to Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Annuitant	Male: +1; Female: +1	Male: 105%; Female: 108%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 106%; Female: 105%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed Income	30.00%	1.50%
US Large Stocks	46.40%	9.10%
US Small Stocks	1.10%	13.00%
Int'l Developed Mkt Stocks	13.60%	9.10%
Int'l Emerging Mkt Stocks	3.90%	11.10%
Alternatives	5.00%	10.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total SEAD-OPEB liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

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EXHIBIT "F"

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ (1,535,424)	\$ (2,004,850)	\$ (2,390,548)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS annual comprehensive financial report which is publicly available at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

NOTE 14: OTHER FINANCIAL NOTES

Mercedes-Benz Stadium (MBS)

In fiscal year 2018, construction on the new stadium was substantially completed. The MBS replaced the Georgia Dome (Dome) as the home of the NFL Atlanta Falcons and other major events currently hosted at the Dome. The Authority owns MBS and licenses the right of use of the stadium to StadCo (the AFFC division responsible for the MBS), who in turn will sublicense the MBS to the Atlanta Falcons. The license term is 30 years, with the StadCo having the right to exercise three 5-year renewal terms. StadCo will pay the Authority an annual license fee payment of \$2.5 million per year with a two-percent annual escalator during the term of the license. The Atlanta Falcons also entered into a non-relocation agreement for the same period as the term of the StadCo License, including exercised renewals. In 2020, the Authority entered into a note purchase agreement with Northwestern Mutual. Under this agreement, GWCCA received \$45.9 million in cash and will pay semi-annual payments to Northwestern Mutual through 2045.

NOTE 15: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Litigation, claims, and assessments filed against the Authority, if any, are generally considered to be actions against the State of Georgia. The Authority is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine governmental operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable. However, it is not believed that the ultimate disposition of these proceedings would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Authority.

On April 14, 2021, the Authority entered into a Qualified Hotel Management Agreement with Signia Hotel Management LLC to manage and operate the 976 room headquarter hotel. This agreement provides for a base management fee that ranges from 1% of total operating revenue in year one to 3% of total operating revenue in year 5 and subsequent operating years. The agreement also provides for a subordinate management fee of 1% of total operating revenue for each operating year.

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EXHIBIT "F"

At calendar year-end, the Authority had the following outstanding contractual commitments:

Vendor	Contract	Contract Amount	Amount Outstanding
Bennett & Pless Inc	Mercedes-Benz Stadium Gate 2 Concrete Topping Replacement Design	24,900.00	24,900.00
ECS Southeast LLC	AB Connector Groundwater Investigation	59,900.00	55,395.52
Kone Incorporation	Escalator Modernization	15,219,055.00	6,609,400.90
Kone Incorporation	Elevator Modernization	662,024.00	483,277.70
Lerch Bates	Escalator Modernization Consulting Services	71,000.00	90,790.00
Lerch Bates	Escalator Modernization Consulting Services	48,000.00	75,500.00
Lerch Bates	Elevator Modernization Consulting Services	18,750.00	8,500.00
Lerch Bates	Elevator Modernization and Upgrades Consulting Services	75,500.00	54,492.85
Palmer Construction Partners LLC	Project Management Consulting Services	119,000.00	98,375.00

The outstanding balance noted above represents the difference between the contract amount and total services completed and through the end of the year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
 JUNE 30, 2025

SCHEDULE "1"

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability									
Service cost at end of year	\$ 223,254	\$ 352,425	\$ 357,559	\$ 954,941	\$ 1,388,793	\$ 827,795	\$ 1,104,930	\$ 1,162,404	\$ 1,291,382
Interest on the Total OPEB liability	843,420	878,801	845,119	806,589	897,508	1,100,176	1,145,786	1,053,450	930,675
Changes of benefit terms	1,381,917	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(154,405)	(2,528,463)	(206,791)	(7,541,261)	(7,583,570)	(242,029)	(3,287,450)	(181,509)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,551,669	(7,056,074)	(615,411)	(5,697,848)	2,694,289	10,593,745	(1,475,401)	(1,541,994)	(2,936,699)
Benefit payments	(541,205)	(488,955)	(502,480)	(530,060)	(430,483)	(313,179)	(376,164)	(394,109)	(293,923)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 3,304,650	\$ (8,842,266)	\$ (122,004)	\$ (12,007,639)	\$ (3,033,463)	\$ 11,966,508	\$ (2,888,299)	\$ 98,242	\$ (1,008,565)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$ 13,761,215	\$ 22,603,481	\$ 22,725,485	\$ 34,733,124	\$ 37,766,587	\$ 25,800,079	\$ 28,688,378	\$ 28,590,136	\$ 29,598,701
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 17,065,865	\$ 13,761,215	\$ 22,603,481	\$ 22,725,485	\$ 34,733,124	\$ 37,766,587	\$ 25,800,079	\$ 28,688,378	\$ 28,590,136
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 750,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 750,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 700,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 568,547	\$ 568,547
Net investment income	536,268	459,123	426,335	(383,856)	1,098,071	(34,087)	237,859	246,076	230,639
Benefit payments	(541,205)	(488,955)	(502,480)	(530,060)	(430,483)	(313,179)	(376,164)	(394,109)	(293,923)
Administrative expenses	(36,370)	(28,727)	(42,190)	(44,123)	(41,570)	(29,111)	(34,036)	(44,785)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	708,693	591,441	631,665	(958,039)	626,018	323,623	227,659	375,729	505,263
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,759,548	5,168,107	4,536,442	5,494,481	4,868,463	4,544,840	4,317,181	3,941,452	3,436,189
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 6,468,241	\$ 5,759,548	\$ 5,168,107	\$ 4,536,442	\$ 5,494,481	\$ 4,868,463	\$ 4,544,840	\$ 4,317,181	\$ 3,941,452
Authority's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 10,597,624	\$ 8,001,667	\$ 17,435,374	\$ 18,189,043	\$ 29,238,643	\$ 32,898,124	\$ 21,255,239	\$ 24,371,197	\$ 24,648,684
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	37.90%	41.85%	22.86%	19.96%	15.82%	12.89%	17.62%	15.05%	13.79%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 15,720,384	\$ 15,720,384	\$ 12,157,767	\$ 12,157,767	\$ 15,634,168	\$ 18,165,318	\$ 18,165,318	\$ 17,531,496	\$ 17,531,496
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	67.41%	50.90%	143.41%	149.61%	187.02%	181.10%	117.01%	139.01%	140.60%

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 GEORGIA WORLD CONGRESS CENTER AUTHORITY
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - GWCC OPEB
 JUNE 30, 2025

SCHEDULE "2"

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 794,155	\$ 794,155	\$ 975,351	\$ 975,351	\$ 1,138,476	\$ 1,138,476	\$ 1,138,476	\$ 1,700,862	\$ 1,700,862
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	750,000	650,000	750,000	-	-	700,000	400,000	568,547	568,547
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ 44,155</u>	<u>\$ 144,155</u>	<u>\$ 225,351</u>	<u>\$ 975,351</u>	<u>\$ 1,138,476</u>	<u>\$ 438,476</u>	<u>\$ 738,476</u>	<u>\$ 1,132,315</u>	<u>\$ 1,132,315</u>
Covered Employee Payroll *	\$ 15,720,384	\$ 15,720,384	\$ 12,157,767	\$ 12,157,767	\$ 15,634,168	\$ 18,165,318	\$ 18,165,318	\$ 17,531,496	\$ 17,531,496
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.77%	4.13%	6.17%	0.00%	0.00%	3.85%	2.20%	3.24%	3.24%

*For years following the valuation date (when no new valuation is performed), covered payroll has been set equal to the covered payroll from the most recent valuation.

Notes to the schedule:

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions:

The Actuarial Determined Contribution (ADC) is calculated with each biennial actuarial valuation. The following actuarial methods and assumptions from the actuarial reports as of June 30, 2024 and prior years were used to determine the contribution amount reported in the schedule:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	
General Employees	3.00% - 6.75%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	6.25%
Health Care Cost Trends	6.75% for 2024 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2033
Pre-Medicare	
Medicare	5.00% for 2024 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2026

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF OPEB TRUST INVESTMENT RETURNS
JUNE 30, 2025

SCHEDULE "3"

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the OPEB Trust	8.6%	8.0%	8.0%	(7.3)%	22.2%	(0.60)%	5.10%	4.60%	5.30%

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 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SEAD - OPEB
 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY
 JUNE 30, 2025

SCHEDULE "4"

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (%)	0.357204%	0.363843%	0.363181%	0.348702%	0.540296%	0.518443%	0.478396%	0.562031%
Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (2,004,850)	\$ (1,604,566)	\$ (1,335,006)	\$ (2,147,398)	\$ (1,534,538)	\$ (1,465,975)	\$ (1,294,760)	\$ (1,460,747)
Authority's covered employee payroll	\$ 15,277,972	\$ 13,545,228	\$ 11,526,065	\$ 11,410,271	\$ 18,877,862	\$ 18,894,821	\$ 16,710,919	\$ 18,825,601
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(13.12)%	(11.85)%	(11.58)%	(18.82)%	(8.13)%	(7.76)%	(7.75)%	(7.76)%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	155.14%	144.49%	138.03%	164.76%	129.20%	129.73%	129.46%	130.17%

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 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - SEAD OPEB
 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)
 JUNE 30, 2025

SCHEDULE "E"

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Agency's covered payroll	\$ 16,201	\$ 15,278	\$ 13,545	\$ 11,526	\$ 11,410	\$ 18,878	\$ 18,895	\$ 16,711
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A							

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 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 JUNE 30, 2025

SCHEDULE "6"

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.475139%	0.454039%	0.428772%	0.434378%	0.687035%	0.689338%	0.603639%	0.684522%	0.721915%	0.682804%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 21,390,097	\$ 27,086,105	\$ 28,635,388	\$ 10,159,684	\$ 28,958,230	\$ 28,445,746	\$ 24,815,798	\$ 27,800,732	\$ 34,149,612	\$ 27,663,108
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,277,972	\$ 13,545,228	\$ 11,526,065	\$ 11,410,271	\$ 18,877,862	\$ 18,894,821	\$ 16,710,919	\$ 18,825,601	\$ 19,056,000	\$ 18,641,075
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	140.0%	200.0%	248.4%	89.0%	153.4%	150.5%	148.5%	147.7%	179.2%	148.4%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.75%	71.20%	67.44%	87.62%	76.21%	76.74%	76.68%	76.33%	72.34%	76.20%

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 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)
 JUNE 30, 2025

SCHEDULE "7"

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,032	\$ 4,035	\$ 3,880	\$ 2,680	\$ 2,866	\$ 4,401	\$ 4,472	\$ 4,232	\$ 4,510	\$ 4,149
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ 4,032</u>	<u>\$ 4,035</u>	<u>\$ 3,880</u>	<u>\$ 2,680</u>	<u>\$ 2,866</u>	<u>\$ 4,401</u>	<u>\$ 4,472</u>	<u>\$ 4,232</u>	<u>\$ 4,510</u>	<u>\$ 4,149</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Agency's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,201	\$ 15,278	\$ 13,545	\$ 11,526	\$ 11,410	\$ 18,878	\$ 18,895	\$ 16,711	\$ 18,826	\$ 19,056
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	24.89%	26.41%	28.65%	23.25%	25.12%	23.31%	23.67%	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%

Changes of assumptions:

- * On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal, and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 2 years for both males and females).
- * A funding policy was adopted by the Board on March 15, 2018, and then amended on June 18, 2020. In accordance with this funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and further reduced from 7.40% to 7.30% for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation. On April 21, 2022, the Board adopted a new funding policy superseding and replacing this funding policy.
- * On December 17, 2020, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System based on the experience study prepared for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, withdrawal, and salary increases. This also included a change to the long-term assumed investment rate of return to 7.00%. These assumption changes were first reflected in the calculation of the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability.
- * On April 21, 2022, the Board adopted a new funding policy which, in part, provides that the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Normal Cost of the System will include a prefunded variable Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries of the System. Under the new policy, future COLAs are provided through a profit-sharing mechanism using the System's asset performance. After studying the parameters of this new policy, the assumption for future COLAs was set at 1.05%. Previously, no future COLAs were assumed. In addition, the funding policy set the assumed rate of return at 7.20% for the June 30, 2021 valuation and established a new Transitional Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of June 30, 2021 which will be amortized over a closed 20-year period.

SECTION II
INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the Board of the George L. Smith, II Georgia World Congress Center Authority
and
Mr. Kevin Duvall, Chief Executive Officer

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities, each major fund, and fiduciary activities of the George L. Smith, II Georgia World Congress Center Authority (Authority), a component unit of the State of Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2025. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Greg S. Griffin
State Auditor

December 29, 2025